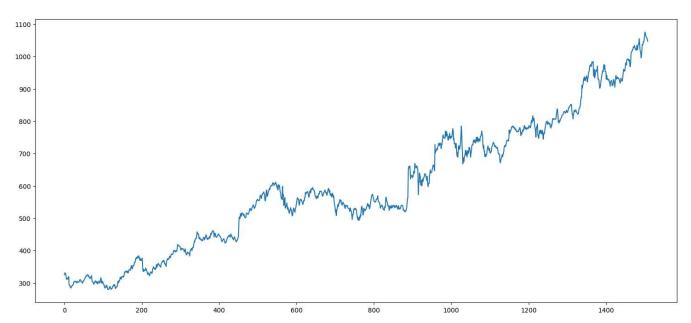
```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tensorflow.keras import layers, models
data=pd.read_csv('Google_Stock_Price_Train.csv')
data.head()
                                                               Ħ
              Date
                     Open
                             High
                                           Close
                                                     Volume
                                      Low
      0 01/03/2012 325.25 332.83 324.97
                                          663.59
                                                   7,380,500
                                                               ıl.
      1 01/04/2012 331.27 333.87
                                   329.08 666.45
                                                   5,749,400
      2 01/05/2012 329.83 330.75
                                   326.89
                                          657.21
                                                   6,590,300
      3 01/06/2012 328.34 328.77
                                   323.68
                                          648.24
                                                   5,405,900
      4 01/09/2012 322.04 322.29 309.46 620.76
                                                  11,688,800
 Next steps:
              Generate code with data
                                        View recommended plots
train data=data.iloc[:,1:2].values
train_data.shape
     (1509, 1)
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
sc=MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0,1))
train_scaled=sc.fit_transform(train_data)
Start coding or generate with AI.
x_train=[]
y_train=[]
for i in range(60,len(train_scaled)):
  x train.append(train scaled[i-60:i,0])
  y_train.append(train_scaled[i, 0])
x_train,y_train=np.array(x_train),np.array(y_train)
x train=np.reshape(x train,newshape=(x train.shape[0],x train.shape[1],1))
```



```
model=models.Sequential()

model.add(layers.LSTM(units=50,return_sequences=True,input_shape=(x_train.shape[1],1)))
model.add(layers.Dropout(rate=0.2))
model.add(layers.LSTM(units=50,return_sequences=True))
model.add(layers.Dropout(rate=0.2))
model.add(layers.LSTM(units=50,return_sequences=True))
model.add(layers.Dropout(rate=0.2))
model.add(layers.LSTM(units=50,return_sequences=False))
model.add(layers.Dropout(rate=0.2))
model.add(layers.Dropout(rate=0.2))
model.add(layers.Dense(units=1))

model.summary()

Model: "sequential_2"

Layer (type) Output Shape Param #
```

lstm_6 (LSTM)	(None, 60, 50)	10400
dropout_6 (Dropout)	(None, 60, 50)	0
lstm_7 (LSTM)	(None, 60, 50)	20200
dropout_7 (Dropout)	(None, 60, 50)	0
lstm_8 (LSTM)	(None, 60, 50)	20200
dropout_8 (Dropout)	(None, 60, 50)	0
lstm_9 (LSTM)	(None, 50)	20200
dropout_9 (Dropout)	(None, 50)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 1)	51

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Total params: 71051 (277.54 KB)
Trainable params: 71051 (277.54 KB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='mean\_squared\_error')

model.fit(x=x\_train,y=y\_train,epochs=100,batch\_size=32)

```
Fbocu 82/100
46/46 [=============== ] - 6s 130ms/step - loss: 8.8448e-04
Epoch 86/100
Epoch 87/100
46/46 [============== ] - 5s 118ms/step - loss: 8.9809e-04
Epoch 88/100
46/46 [============ ] - 5s 114ms/step - loss: 8.8070e-04
Epoch 89/100
46/46 [============== ] - 5s 104ms/step - loss: 9.9366e-04
Epoch 90/100
46/46 [============== ] - 6s 127ms/step - loss: 8.8476e-04
Epoch 91/100
46/46 [=========== ] - 5s 103ms/step - loss: 8.6136e-04
Epoch 92/100
46/46 [=========== ] - 6s 127ms/step - loss: 9.4270e-04
Epoch 93/100
46/46 [============= ] - 5s 105ms/step - loss: 9.8730e-04
Epoch 94/100
Epoch 95/100
46/46 [============= ] - 6s 132ms/step - loss: 0.0011
Epoch 96/100
46/46 [============= ] - 5s 104ms/step - loss: 9.4515e-04
Epoch 97/100
46/46 [============= ] - 6s 126ms/step - loss: 9.2408e-04
Epoch 98/100
46/46 [============ ] - 5s 104ms/step - loss: 8.0223e-04
Epoch 99/100
46/46 [============ ] - 5s 107ms/step - loss: 9.0434e-04
Epoch 100/100
46/46 [============== ] - 6s 125ms/step - loss: 9.8358e-04
<keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x7affed7ba9b0>
```

test\_data=pd.read\_csv('Google\_Stock\_Price\_Test.csv')

test\_data.head()

Next steps:

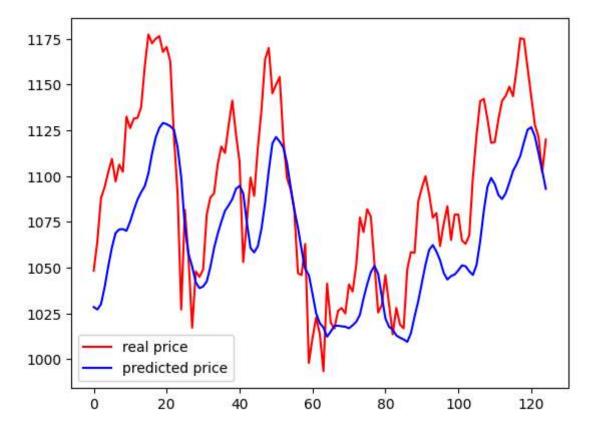
	Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume	
0	02/01/2018	1048.339966	1066.939941	1045.229980	1065.000000	1237600	ıl.
1	03/01/2018	1064.310059	1086.290039	1063.209961	1082.479980	1430200	
2	04/01/2018	1088.000000	1093.569946	1084.001953	1086.400024	1004600	
3	05/01/2018	1094.000000	1104.250000	1092.000000	1102.229980	1279100	
4	08/01/2018	1102.229980	1111.270020	1101.619995	1106.939941	1047600	

View recommended plots

real prices=test data.iloc[:,1:2].values

Generate code with test data

```
real_prices.shape
     (125, 1)
total_data=pd.concat((data['Open'],test_data['Open']),axis=0)
inputs=total_data[len(total_data) - len(test_data) - 60:].values
inputs=inputs.reshape(-1, 1)
inputs=sc.transform(inputs)
x_test=[]
for i in range(60,len(inputs)):
 x_test.append(inputs[i-60:i,0])
x test=np.array(x test)
x_test=np.reshape(x_test,newshape=(x_test.shape[0],x_test.shape[1],1))
predicted_price=model.predict(x_test)
     4/4 [========= ] - 2s 30ms/step
predicted_price=sc.inverse_transform(predicted_price)
plt.plot(real_prices, color='red', label='real price')
plt.plot(predicted_price, color='blue', label='predicted price')
# Change the variable name here
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



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