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JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, HYDERABAD B. Tech III Year II Semester Examinations, May – 2013 Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis

Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis (Common to ECE, CSE, ETM, MMT)

Time: 3 hours Max. Marks: 75

Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

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- 1. "Through the Managerial Economics is the science of application of the economic principles to the management of a firm, these principles cannot be used in their original form in practice" Explain this statement with illustrations. [15]
- 2.a) Define elasticity of demand and state its effects. How are the price elasticity, cross elasticity and advertising elasticity measured?
 - b) Define production function. Explain the nature and managerial uses of production function. [15]
- 3. Explain the statistical estimation of cost functions. Why is the statistical estimation more popular than engineering estimation of costs? [15]
- 4.a) Explain the various types of competition.
 - b) Discuss the price-output determination in case of monopoly.

[15]

- 5.a) Define partnership and explain its advantages and disadvantages.
 - b) Compare and contrast three forms of public enterprises.

[15]

6. Compute X company Pvt Limited is considering to purchase a machine. Three machines A, B and C are available, each costing Rs 500000. In comparing the profitability of the machines, a discounted rate of 10% is to be used. Earnings after taxation are expected to be as under. There is no scrap value. [15]

Year	Machine	Machine	Machine C
	A (Rs)	B (Rs)	(Rs)
1st	200000	75000	100000
2nd	250000	150000	200000
3rd	150000	300000	200000
4th	100000	200000	100000
5th	75000	100000	75000

Select the most profitable machine using the following methods.

- a) Pay-back period
- b) Accounting Rate of return and
- c) Net present value.

- 7. With the following ratios and further information given below, prepare Trading A/c, Profit and Loan A/C and Balance Sheet of Mr. Narayan.
 - 1) Gross profit Ratio 25%
 - 3) Stock turnover ratio 10
 - 5) Capital to total liabilities 1/2
 - 7) Fixed assets/Total current assets 5/7
- 2) Net profit/sales 20%
- 4) Net profit/capital 1/5
- 6) Fixed assets/capital 5/4
- 8) Fixed Assets Rs 10,00,000
 - 9) Closing stock Rs 100000 (Working Notes are compulsory). [15]
- 8.a) From the following ledger accounts, prepare a Trial Balance as on 31.12.10
 - 1) Opening stock 7800
 - 3) Plant and machinery 4500
 - 5) Sundry debtors 6000
 - 7) Factory expenses 800
 - 9) Purchase of Raw-materials 7500
 - 11) Factory rent 700
 - 13) Discount allowed 400
 - 15) Sundry creditors 2000
 - 17) Bad debts reserve 150
 - 19) Commission paid 500
 - 21) Office expenses 750
 - 23) Travelling expenses 100
 - 25) Cash in hand and at Bank
 - 27) Office rent 4000

- 2) Freehold premises 15000
- 4) Wages 1000
- 6) Carriage onwards 90
- 8) Royalty 100
- 10) carriage outward 100
- 12) Capital 8000
- 14) Discount received 360
- 16) Insurance 200
- 18) Commissions received 1500
- 20) Bad debts 150
- 22) Salaries 1000
- 24) Legal expense 100
- 26) Loan taken 3000
- 28) Net sales 33000.
- Explain in detail, the method of preparing final accounts. Also discuss assets and liabilities side of the balance sheet. [15]