In [1]: %matplotlib inline import sqlite3 import pandas as pd import numpy as np import nltk import string import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns from sklearn.feature\_extraction.text import TfidfTransformer from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer from sklearn.feature\_extraction.text import CountVectorizer from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix from sklearn import metrics from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer con = sqlite3.connect('C:/Users/DELL/Desktop/appliedAi/Data set/Amazon/database.sqlite') filteredData = pd.read sql query(""" SELECT \* FROM Reviews WHERE Score != 3 """, con) #filteredData=filteredData.iloc[0:3000,:] #filteredData.shape dfScore=filteredData['Score'] def convertPositiveNegative(x): **if** x < 3: return 'negative' return 'positive' dfPositiveNegative=dfScore.map(convertPositiveNegative) filteredData['Score'] = dfPositiveNegative In [2]: sorted data=filteredData.sort values('ProductId', axis=0, ascending=True, inplace=False, kind='quick' sort', na\_position='last') In [3]: | final=sorted data.drop duplicates(subset={"UserId","ProfileName","Time","Text"}, keep='first', inpla ce=**False**) final.shape Out[3]: (364173, 10) In [4]: (final['Id'].size\*1.0)/(filteredData['Id'].size\*1.0)\*100 Out[4]: 69.25890143662969 In [5]: final=final[final.HelpfulnessNumerator<=final.HelpfulnessDenominator]</pre> In [6]: import re # Tutorial about Python regular expressions: https://pymotw.com/2/re/ import nltk nltk.download('stopwords') import string from nltk.corpus import stopwords from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer from nltk.stem.wordnet import WordNetLemmatizer stop = set(stopwords.words('english')) #set of stopwords sno = nltk.stem.SnowballStemmer('english') #initialising the snowball stemmer def cleanhtml(sentence): #function to clean the word of any html-tags cleanr = re.compile('<.\*?>') cleantext = re.sub(cleanr, ' ', sentence) return cleantext def cleanpunc (sentence): #function to clean the word of any punctuation or special characters cleaned = re.sub(r'[?|!|\'|"|#]',r'',sentence) cleaned = re.sub(r'[.|,|)|(|\|/]',r' ',cleaned) return cleaned [nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to C:\Users\DELL\AppData\Roaming\nltk\_data... [nltk\_data] [nltk\_data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date! In [7]: i=0 str1=' ' final\_string=[] all\_positive\_words=[] # store words from +ve reviews here all\_negative\_words=[] # store words from -ve reviews here. for sent in final['Text'].values: filtered sentence=[] sent=cleanhtml(sent) # remove HTMl tags for w in sent.split(): for cleaned\_words in cleanpunc(w).split(): if((cleaned\_words.isalpha()) & (len(cleaned\_words)>2)): if(cleaned words.lower() not in stop): s=(sno.stem(cleaned words.lower())).encode('utf8') filtered sentence.append(s) if (final['Score'].values)[i] == 'positive': all\_positive\_words.append(s) #list of all words used to describe positive re views if(final['Score'].values)[i] == 'negative': all\_negative\_words.append(s) #list of all words used to describe negative re views reviews else: continue else: continue str1 = b" ".join(filtered sentence) #final string of cleaned words final\_string.append(str1) i+=1 In [8]: final['CleanedText']=final\_string In [9]: final.head(3) #below the processed review can be seen in the CleanedText Column # store final table into an SQlLite table for future. conn = sqlite3.connect('final.sqlite') c=conn.cursor() conn.text\_factory = str final.to\_sql('Reviews', conn, flavor=None, schema=None, if\_exists='replace', index=True, index\_label =None, chunksize=None, dtype=None) In [10]: final=final.sort\_values(by='Time') In [11]: final['Score\_num']=final.Score.map({'positive':1, 'negative':0}) Y=final['Score\_num'] **BOW** In [12]: final bow=final.iloc[0:1000,:] In [13]: y\_bow=final\_bow['Score\_num'] In [14]: count vect bow=CountVectorizer() df\_vect\_bow = count\_vect\_bow.fit\_transform(final\_bow['CleanedText'].values) In [15]: df\_vect\_bow\_to\_dense=df\_vect\_bow.todense() In [16]: from sklearn.manifold import TSNE model = TSNE(n\_components=2, random\_state=0) tsne data = model.fit transform(df vect bow to dense) tsne\_data = np.vstack((tsne\_data.T,y\_bow)).T tsne\_df = pd.DataFrame(data=tsne\_data, columns=("Dim\_1", "Dim\_2", "label")) import seaborn as sn sn.FacetGrid(tsne df, hue="label", size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim 1', 'Dim 2').add legend() label • 0.0 • 1.0 -10-15-20 -25 Dim\_1 In [17]: from sklearn.manifold import TSNE model = TSNE(n components=2, random state=0,perplexity=100,n iter=2000) tsne\_data = model.fit\_transform(df\_vect\_bow\_to\_dense) tsne\_data = np.vstack((tsne\_data.T,y\_bow)).T tsne\_df = pd.DataFrame(data=tsne\_data, columns=("Dim\_1", "Dim\_2", "label")) import seaborn as sn sn.FacetGrid(tsne\_df, hue="label", size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim\_1', 'Dim\_2').add\_legend() plt.show() label • 0.0 1.0 30 20 Dim\_1 tfidf In [18]: final tfidf=final.iloc[0:1000,:] In [19]: y\_tsne=final\_tfidf['Score\_num'] In [20]: count vect = TfidfVectorizer() #in scikit-learn df\_vect = count\_vect.fit\_transform(final\_tfidf['CleanedText'].values) In [22]: df\_vect\_to\_dense=df\_vect.todense() In [23]: from sklearn.manifold import TSNE model = TSNE(n\_components=2, random\_state=0) tsne data = model.fit transform(df vect to dense) In [24]: | tsne\_data = np.vstack((tsne\_data.T,y\_tsne)).T tsne\_df = pd.DataFrame(data=tsne\_data, columns=("Dim\_1", "Dim\_2", "label")) In [25]: import seaborn as sn sn.FacetGrid(tsne\_df, hue="label", size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim\_1', 'Dim\_2').add\_legend() plt.show() 20 Z −20 label • 0.0 1.0 -40 -60-20 In [26]: model = TSNE(n components=2, random state=0, perplexity=100, n iter=2000) tsne\_data = model.fit\_transform(df\_vect\_to\_dense) # creating a new data fram which help us in ploting the result data tsne data = np.vstack((tsne data.T, y tsne)).T tsne\_df = pd.DataFrame(data=tsne\_data, columns=("Dim\_1", "Dim\_2", "label")) # Ploting the result of tsne sn.FacetGrid(tsne\_df, hue="label", size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim\_1', 'Dim\_2').add\_legend() plt.title('With perplexity = 50') plt.show() With perplexity = 50 20 10 label 0.0 1.0 -10 -2010 -20 -io ò 20 Dim\_1 In [27]: model = TSNE(n components=2, random state=0, perplexity=200, n iter=300) tsne data = model.fit transform(df vect to dense) # creating a new data fram which help us in ploting the result data tsne data = np.vstack((tsne data.T, y tsne)).T tsne\_df = pd.DataFrame(data=tsne\_data, columns=("Dim\_1", "Dim\_2", "label")) # Ploting the result of tsne sn.FacetGrid(tsne df, hue="label", size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim 1', 'Dim 2').add legend() plt.title('With perplexity = 50, n iter=5000') plt.show() With perplexity = 50, n\_iter=5000 2 label • 0.0 1.0 -6 -8 Dim\_1 **WORD2VEC** In [28]: from gensim.models import Word2Vec from gensim.models import KeyedVectors import pickle C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\gensim\utils.py:1212: UserWarning: detected Windows; aliasing chunkize to chunkize serial warnings.warn("detected Windows; aliasing chunkize to chunkize\_serial") In [29]: final word2vec=final.iloc[0:1000] In [30]: y\_final\_word2vec=final['Score\_num'].iloc[0:1000] In [31]: y tsne\_word2vec=final\_word2vec['Score\_num'] In [32]: final\_word2vec['CleanedText']=final\_word2vec['CleanedText'].str.decode("utf-8") C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel\_launcher.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame. Try using .loc[row\_indexer,col\_indexer] = value instead See the caveats in the documentation: http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/indexing.html# indexing-view-versus-copy """Entry point for launching an IPython kernel. In [34]: list of train\_word2vec=[] sent=[] In [35]: for senten in final\_word2vec['CleanedText'].values: list\_of\_train\_word2vec.append(senten.split()) In [36]: w2v\_model=Word2Vec(list\_of\_train\_word2vec,min\_count=5,size=50, workers=4) In [37]: words = list(w2v\_model.wv.vocab) In [38]: sent\_vectors = []; # the avg-w2v for each sentence/review is stored in this list for sent in list\_of\_train\_word2vec: # for each review/sentence sent\_vec = np.zeros(50) # as word vectors are of zero length cnt\_words =0; # num of words with a valid vector in the sentence/review for word in sent: # for each word in a review/sentence vec = w2v\_model.wv[word] sent vec += vec cnt\_words += 1 except: pass sent\_vec /= cnt\_words sent vectors.append(sent vec) In [39]: model = TSNE(n\_components=2, random\_state=0, perplexity=40,n\_iter=2000) tsne\_data = model.fit\_transform(sent\_vectors) # creating a new data fram which help us in ploting the result data tsne\_data = np.vstack((tsne\_data.T, y\_tsne\_word2vec)).T tsne\_df = pd.DataFrame(data=tsne\_data, columns=("Dim\_1", "Dim\_2", "label")) # Ploting the result of tsne sn.FacetGrid(tsne\_df, hue="label", size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim 1', 'Dim 2').add\_legend() plt.title('With perplexity = 50') plt.show() With perplexity = 50 30 -20 10 0 ~ E −10 label • 0.0 • 1.0 -20-30 -40 -20 -10 10 30 Dim 1 In [40]: model = TSNE(n\_components=2, random\_state=0, perplexity=50, n\_iter=500) tsne data = model.fit transform(sent vectors) # creating a new data fram which help us in ploting the result data tsne\_data = np.vstack((tsne\_data.T, y\_tsne\_word2vec)).T tsne df = pd.DataFrame(data=tsne data, columns=("Dim 1", "Dim 2", "label")) # Ploting the result of tsne sn.FacetGrid(tsne\_df, hue="label", size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim\_1', 'Dim\_2').add\_legend() plt.title('With perplexity = 50') plt.show() With perplexity = 50 20 10 Dim\_2 label • 0.0 1.0 -10-20 Dim\_1 In [41]: model = TSNE(n components=2, random state=0, perplexity=100,n iter=300) tsne\_data = model.fit\_transform(sent\_vectors) # creating a new data fram which help us in ploting the result data tsne data = np.vstack((tsne data.T, y tsne word2vec)).T tsne df = pd.DataFrame(data=tsne data, columns=("Dim 1", "Dim 2", "label")) # Ploting the result of tsne sn.FacetGrid(tsne df, hue="label", size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim 1', 'Dim 2').add legend() plt.title('With perplexity = 50') plt.show() With perplexity = 50 20 10 Dim\_2 label 0.0 1.0 -10ż Dim\_1

tfidfw2vec

In [42]: tfidf\_feat = count\_vect.get\_feature\_names() # tfidf words/col-names

for sent in list\_of\_train\_word2vec: # for each review/sentence

for word in sent: # for each word in a review/sentence

In [43]: model = TSNE(n\_components=2, random\_state=0, perplexity=100,n\_iter=300)

# creating a new data fram which help us in ploting the result data

tsne df = pd.DataFrame(data=tsne data, columns=("Dim 1", "Dim 2", "label"))

vec = w2v\_model.wv[word]

sent vec += (vec \* tf idf)

tsne\_data = model.fit\_transform(df\_vect\_to\_dense)

tsne data = np.vstack((tsne data.T, y tsne word2vec)).T

weight\_sum += tf\_idf

tfidf\_sent\_vectors.append(sent\_vec)

except:

row += 1

plt.show()

pass
sent vec /= weight\_sum

ue encountered in true divide

# Ploting the result of tsne

plt.title('With perplexity = 50')

sent vec = np.zeros(50) # as word vectors are of zero length

tfidf = df vect[row, tfidf feat.index(word)]

# final\_tf\_idf is the sparse matrix with row= sentence, col=word and cell\_val = tfidf

weight sum =0; # num of words with a valid vector in the sentence/review

# obtain the tf\_idfidf of a word in a sentence/review

tfidf sent vectors = []; # the tfidf-w2v for each sentence/review is stored in this list

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel\_launcher.py:18: RuntimeWarning: invalid val

sn.FacetGrid(tsne df, hue="label", size=6).map(plt.scatter, 'Dim 1', 'Dim 2').add legend()