Assignment 13

1) Create a union of two queries that shows the names, cities, and ratings of all customers. Those with rating of 200 or greater will also have the words "High Rating", while the others will have the words "Low Rating".

```
mysql> SELECT Cname, City, Rating, 'High Rating' AS RatingStatus
    -> FROM customers
   -> WHERE Rating >= 200
   -> UNION ALL
   -> SELECT Cname, City, Rating, 'Low Rating' AS RatingStatus
   -> FROM customers
   -> WHERE Rating < 200:
                        Rating | RatingStatus
 Cname
           | City
 Giovanni
             Rome
                           200
                                  High Rating
                                 High Rating
 Liu
                           200
             San Jose
             Berlin
                                  High Rating
 Grass
                           300
 Cisneros
             San Jose
                           300
                                 High Rating
 Hoffman
             London
                           100
                                 Low Rating
 Clemens
             London
                           100
                                 Low Rating
 Pereira
             Rome
                           100
                                 Low Rating
 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

2) Write a command that produces the name and number of each salesperson and each customer with more than one current order. Put the results in alphabetical order. 3) Form a union of three queries. Have the first select the snums of all salespeople in San Jose; the second, the cnums of all customers in San Jose; and the third the onums of all orders on October

```
mysql>
mysql>
        SELECT Sname AS Name, Snum AS Number
    -> FROM salespeople
       WHERE Snum IN (
        SELECT Snum
        FROM orders
    -> GROUP BY Snum
       HAVING COUNT(Onum) > 1
    ->
    -> UNION ALL
    -> SELECT Cname AS Name, Cnum AS Number
    -> FROM customers
    -> WHERE Cnum IN (
        SELECT Cnum
        FROM orders
    -> GROUP BY Cnum
    -> HAVING COUNT(Onum) > 1
    -> )
    -> ORDER BY Name;
  Name
            Number
  Cisneros
               2008
  Clemens
               2006
  Grass
               2004
  Peel
               1001
  Rifkin
               1007
               1002
  Serres
 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

3. Retain duplicates between the last two queries but eliminate any redundancies between either of them and the first. (Note: in the sample tables as given, there would be no such redundancy. This is besides the point.)

```
mysql> SELECT Snum
   -> FROM salespeople
   -> WHERE City = 'San Jose'
   -> UNION
   -> SELECT Cnum
   -> FROM customers
   -> WHERE City = 'San Jose'
   -> UNION ALL
   -> SELECT Onum
   -> FROM orders
   -> WHERE Odate = '1990-10-03';
| Snum |
 1002
 2003
 2008
 3001
 3003
 3002
 3005
3006
8 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```