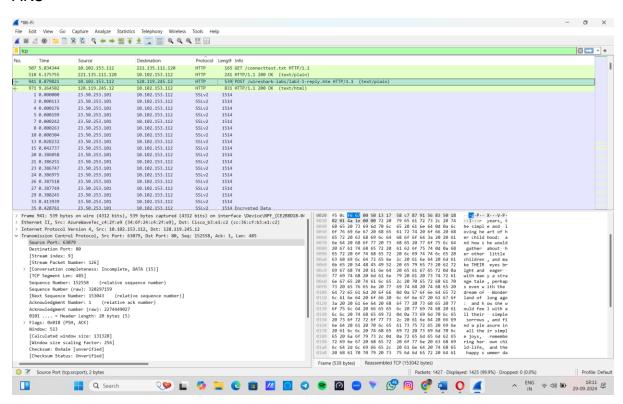
Computer Network: Wireshark TCP Assignment 3

1. What is the IP address and TCP port number used by the client computer (source)

that is transferring the file to gaia.cs.umass.edu?

ANS-



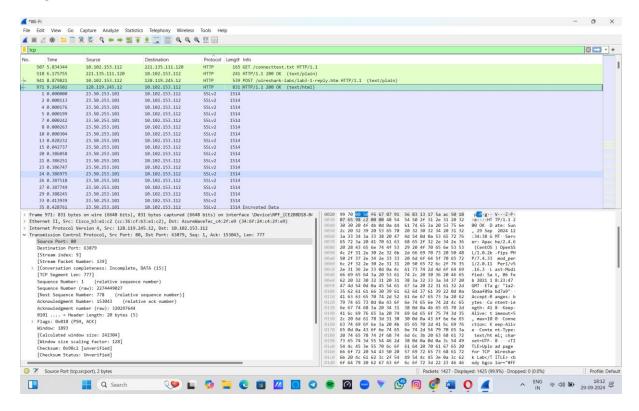
IP address - 10.102.153.112

TCP port number used by the client computer (source) - 63079

2. What is the IP address of gaia.cs.umass.edu? On what port number is it sending

and receiving TCP segments for this connection?

ANS-



IP address of gaia.cs.umass.edu – 128.119.245.12

Source Port – 80

Destination Port - 63079

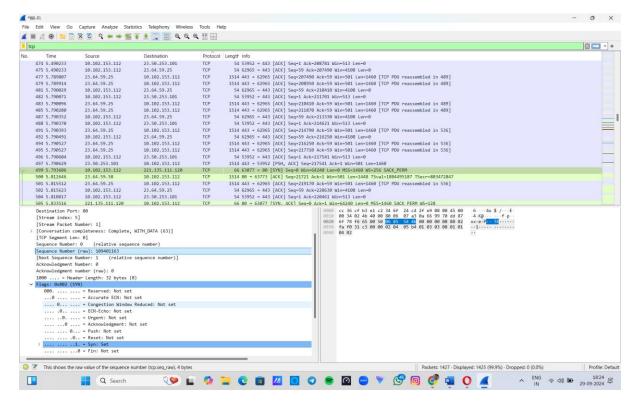
3. What is the IP address and TCP port number used by your client computer (source) to transfer the file to gaia.cs.umass.edu?

Ans we had not created our own trace

4. What is the sequence number of the TCP SYN segment that is used to initiate the

TCP connection between the client computer and gaia.cs.umass.edu? What is it in the segment that identifies the segment as a SYN segment?

ANS-



sequence number of the TCP SYN segment – 109401163

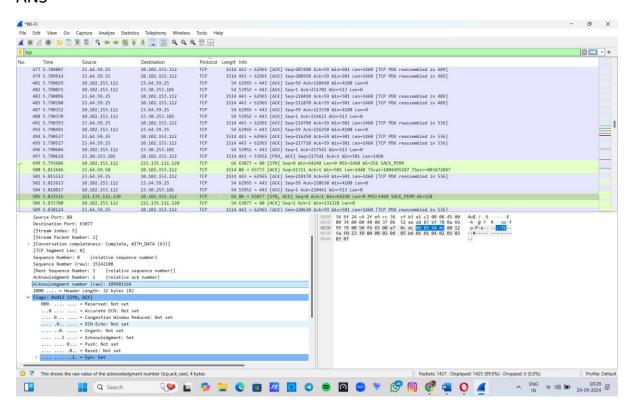
.... ...1. = Syn: Set is the segment that identifies the segment as a SYN segment

5. What is the sequence number of the SYNACK segment sent by gaia.cs.umass.edu

to the client computer in reply to the SYN? What is the value of the Acknowledgement field in the SYNACK segment? How did gaia.cs.umass.edu determine that value? What is it in the segment that identifies the segment as a

SYNACK segment?

ANS-



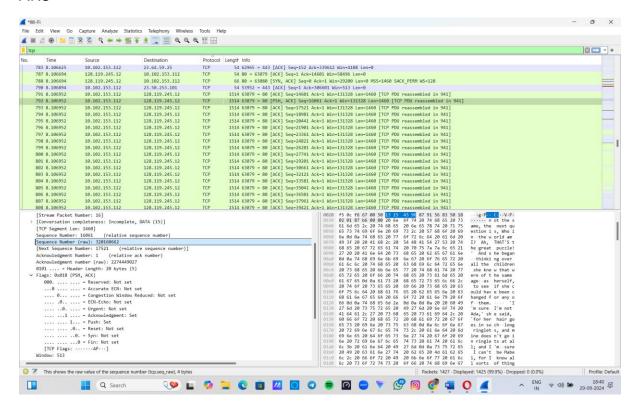
Sequence number of the SYNACK segment – 15142108

Value of the Acknowledgement field in the SYNACK segment – 109401164

The acknowledgement and Syn is set as 1 that identifies the segment as a SYNACK segment

6. What is the sequence number of the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST command?

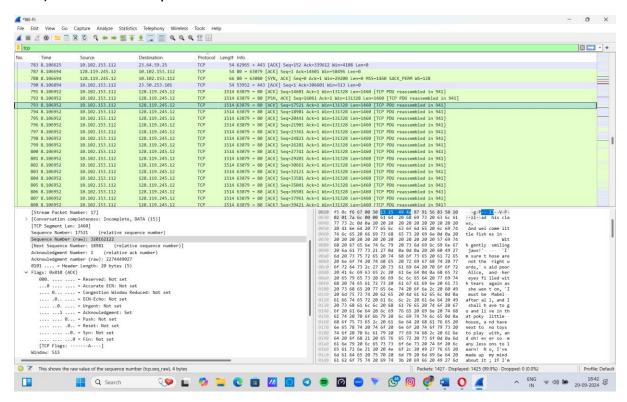
ANS-



sequence number of the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST command-320160662

7. Consider the TCP segment containing the HTTP POST as the first segment in the TCP connection. What are the sequence numbers of the first six segments in the TCP connection (including the segment containing the HTTP POST)?

At what time was each segment sent? When was the ACK for each segment received? Given the difference between when each TCP segment was sent, and when its acknowledgement was received, what is the RTT value for each of the six segments? What is the EstimatedRTT value (see Section 3.5.3, page 242 in text) after the receipt of each ACK?ANS-



Sequence numbers of the 1st segments – 320160662

Sequence numbers of the 2nd segments – 320162122 ack=.053937,seq=.041717,RTT=0.0122secs

Sequence numbers of the 3rd segments - 320163582

ack=.077294,seq=.054026,RTT=0.023268secs

Sequence numbers of the 4th segments - 32016504

ack=.124085,seq=.054690,RTT=0.069395secs

Sequence numbers of the 5th segments - 320166502

ack=.169118,seq=.077405,RTT=0.091713secs

Sequence numbers of the 6th segments - 320167962 ack=.217299,seq=.078157,RTT=0.139142secs

8. What is the length of each of the first six TCP segments?

ANS-

Length of the 1st segments – 1460 bytes

Length of the 2nd segments - 1460 bytes

Length of the 3rd segments - 1460 bytes

Length of the 4th segments -1460 bytes

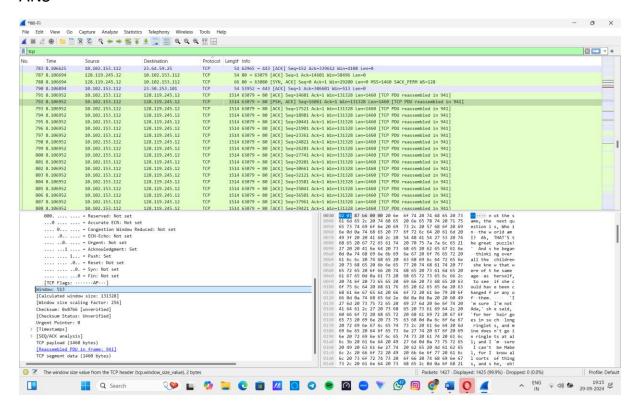
Length of the 5th segments - 1460 bytes

Length of the 6th segments - 1460 bytes

9. What is the minimum amount of available buffer space advertised at the received

for the entire trace? Does the lack of receiver buffer space ever throttle the sender?

ANS-



Minimum amount of available buffer space IS 131328 bytes

NO the lack of receiver buffer space ever throttle the sender

10. Are there any retransmitted segments in the trace file? What did you check for (in

the trace) in order to answer this question?

ANS – NO there are not , and we have examined the TTT graph

11. How much data does the receiver typically acknowledge in an ACK? Can you identify cases where the receiver is ACKing every other received segment (see

Table 3.2 on page 250 in the text).

ANS – 1460 bytes , NO we can't identify cases where the receiver is ACKing every other received segment

12. What is the throughput (bytes transferred per unit time) for the TCP connection?

Explain how you calculated this value.

ANS-

Here the first TCP Segment is 1 bytes

And the last segment is 164091 bytes

So the total data is 164091 - 1 = 164090 bytes

Transmission time for the 1st segment is 0.026477 secs

Transmission time for the last segment is 5.455830 secs

Difference = 5.455830-0.026477=5.4294 secs

Now the Throughput is = 164090/5.4294 = 30,222.49235642981 bytes/sec