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## (1) Compute total records in the dataset

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```
In [50]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

```
In [51]: #loading dataset
df = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/DataVisualization_4th_sem/LabPractica
df.head(3)
```

```
Out[51]:
```

	symboling	normalized- losses	make	fuel- type	aspiration	num- of- doors	body- style	drive- wheels
0	3	?	alfa- romero	gas	std	two	convertible	rwd
1	3	?	alfa- romero	gas	std	two	convertible	rwd
2	1	?	alfa- romero	gas	std	two	hatchback	rwd

3 rows × 26 columns

```
In [52]: print("Total records in the dataset : ",len(df))
```

Total records in the dataset : 205

---

## (2) Compute number of attributes and its naming list in the dataset

---

```
In [53]: print("Number of attributes in the dataset : ",len(df.columns))
```

Number of attributes in the dataset : 26

```
In [54]: print("attributes naming list in the dataset ",df.columns)
```

```
attributes naming list in the dataset Index(['symboling', 'normalized-losses',
'make', 'fuel-type', 'aspiration',
      'num-of-doors', 'body-style', 'drive-wheels', 'engine-location',
      'wheel-base', 'length', 'width', 'height', 'curb-weight', 'engine-type',
      'num-of-cylinders', 'engine-size', 'fuel-system', 'bore', 'stroke',
      'compression-ratio', 'horsepower', 'peak-rpm', 'city-mpg',
      'highway-mpg', 'price'],
      dtype='object')
```

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### **(3)Display top 25 and last 25 records in the dataset.**

---

```
In [55]: print("Top 25 records in the dataset.")  
df.head(25)
```

Top 25 records in the dataset.

Out[55]:

	symboling	normalized-losses	make	fuel-type	aspiration	num-of-doors	body-style	drive-wheels
0	3	?	alfa-romero	gas	std	two	convertible	rw
1	3	?	alfa-romero	gas	std	two	convertible	rw
2	1	?	alfa-romero	gas	std	two	hatchback	rw
3	2	164	audi	gas	std	four	sedan	fw
4	2	164	audi	gas	std	four	sedan	4w
5	2	?	audi	gas	std	two	sedan	fw
6	1	158	audi	gas	std	four	sedan	fw
7	1	?	audi	gas	std	four	wagon	fw
8	1	158	audi	gas	turbo	four	sedan	fw
9	0	?	audi	gas	turbo	two	hatchback	4w
10	2	192	bmw	gas	std	two	sedan	rw
11	0	192	bmw	gas	std	four	sedan	rw
12	0	188	bmw	gas	std	two	sedan	rw
13	0	188	bmw	gas	std	four	sedan	rw
14	1	?	bmw	gas	std	four	sedan	rw
15	0	?	bmw	gas	std	four	sedan	rw
16	0	?	bmw	gas	std	two	sedan	rw
17	0	?	bmw	gas	std	four	sedan	rw
18	2	121	chevrolet	gas	std	two	hatchback	fw
19	1	98	chevrolet	gas	std	two	hatchback	fw
20	0	81	chevrolet	gas	std	four	sedan	fw
21	1	118	dodge	gas	std	two	hatchback	fw
22	1	118	dodge	gas	std	two	hatchback	fw
23	1	118	dodge	gas	turbo	two	hatchback	fw
24	1	148	dodge	gas	std	four	hatchback	fw

25 rows × 26 columns

```
In [56]: print("Last 25 records in the dataset.")
df.tail(25)
```

Last 25 records in the dataset.

Out[56]:

	symboling	normalized- losses	make	fuel- type	aspiration	num- of- doors	body- style	price
180	-1	90	toyota	gas	std	four	sedan	13120
181	-1	?	toyota	gas	std	four	wagon	12130
182	2	122	volkswagen	diesel	std	two	sedan	12990
183	2	122	volkswagen	gas	std	two	sedan	12990
184	2	94	volkswagen	diesel	std	four	sedan	12990
185	2	94	volkswagen	gas	std	four	sedan	12990
186	2	94	volkswagen	gas	std	four	sedan	12990
187	2	94	volkswagen	diesel	turbo	four	sedan	13690
188	2	94	volkswagen	gas	std	four	sedan	12990
189	3	?	volkswagen	gas	std	two	convertible	16990
190	3	256	volkswagen	gas	std	two	hatchback	12990
191	0	?	volkswagen	gas	std	four	sedan	12990
192	0	?	volkswagen	diesel	turbo	four	sedan	13690
193	0	?	volkswagen	gas	std	four	wagon	12990
194	-2	103	volvo	gas	std	four	sedan	12990
195	-1	74	volvo	gas	std	four	wagon	12990
196	-2	103	volvo	gas	std	four	sedan	12990
197	-1	74	volvo	gas	std	four	wagon	12990
198	-2	103	volvo	gas	turbo	four	sedan	13690
199	-1	74	volvo	gas	turbo	four	wagon	13690
200	-1	95	volvo	gas	std	four	sedan	12990
201	-1	95	volvo	gas	turbo	four	sedan	13690
202	-1	95	volvo	gas	std	four	sedan	12990
203	-1	95	volvo	diesel	turbo	four	sedan	13690
204	-1	95	volvo	gas	turbo	four	sedan	13690

25 rows × 26 columns

---

**(4)Display total number of missing values in each attribute in the dataset. Find and display invalid(missing, zeros etc) records in the dataset.**

---

```
In [57]: print("Total number of missing values in each attribute in the dataset.")  
         df.isnull().sum()
```

Total number of missing values in each attribute in the dataset.

Out[57]:

	0
symboling	0
normalized-losses	0
make	0
fuel-type	0
aspiration	0
num-of-doors	0
body-style	0
drive-wheels	0
engine-location	0
wheel-base	0
length	0
width	0
height	0
curb-weight	0
engine-type	0
num-of-cylinders	0
engine-size	0
fuel-system	0
bore	0
stroke	0
compression-ratio	0
horsepower	0
peak-rpm	0
city-mpg	0
highway-mpg	0
price	0

**dtype:** int64

```
In [58]: print("Find and display invalid(missing, zeros etc) records in the dataset.")
df[df.isnull().any(axis=1)]
```

Find and display invalid(missing, zeros etc) records in the dataset.

Out[58]:

symboling	normalized-losses	make	fuel-type	aspiration	num-of-doors	body-style	drive-wheels	engine-location
-----------	-------------------	------	-----------	------------	--------------	------------	--------------	-----------------

0 rows × 26 columns

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## (5) Display all numeric and non-numeric attribute in the dataset. Identify the data-types of every attribute.

---

```
In [59]: print("All numeric attribute in the dataset")
df.select_dtypes(include=["int64","float64"]).columns
```

All numeric attribute in the dataset

```
Out[59]: Index(['symboling', 'wheel-base', 'length', 'width', 'height', 'curb-weight',
               'engine-size', 'compression-ratio', 'city-mpg', 'highway-mpg'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [60]: print("All non-numeric attribute in the dataset")
df.select_dtypes(exclude=["int64","float64"]).columns
```

All non-numeric attribute in the dataset

```
Out[60]: Index(['normalized-losses', 'make', 'fuel-type', 'aspiration', 'num-of-doors',
               'body-style', 'drive-wheels', 'engine-location', 'engine-type',
               'num-of-cylinders', 'fuel-system', 'bore', 'stroke', 'horsepower',
               'peak-rpm', 'price'],
              dtype='object')
```

```
In [61]: print("The data-types of every attribute.")
df.dtypes
```

The data-types of every attribute.

Out[61]:

0

<b>symboling</b>	int64
<b>normalized-losses</b>	object
<b>make</b>	object
<b>fuel-type</b>	object
<b>aspiration</b>	object
<b>num-of-doors</b>	object
<b>body-style</b>	object
<b>drive-wheels</b>	object
<b>engine-location</b>	object
<b>wheel-base</b>	float64
<b>length</b>	float64
<b>width</b>	float64
<b>height</b>	float64
<b>curb-weight</b>	int64
<b>engine-type</b>	object
<b>num-of-cylinders</b>	object
<b>engine-size</b>	int64
<b>fuel-system</b>	object
<b>bore</b>	object
<b>stroke</b>	object
<b>compression-ratio</b>	float64
<b>horsepower</b>	object
<b>peak-rpm</b>	object
<b>city-mpg</b>	int64
<b>highway-mpg</b>	int64
<b>price</b>	object

**dtype:** object

---



## (6) Create a new data frame of numeric attributes. Delete the all invalid records from the new data frame

---

```
In [62]: print("Create a new data frame of numeric attributes")
new_df=df.loc[:,df.select_dtypes(include=["int64","float64"]).columns]
new_df.head(3)
```

Create a new data frame of numeric attributes

```
Out[62]:
```

	symboling	wheel-base	length	width	height	curb-weight	engine-size	compression-ratio	city mpg
0	3	88.6	168.8	64.1	48.8	2548	130	9.0	18.0
1	3	88.6	168.8	64.1	48.8	2548	130	9.0	18.0
2	1	94.5	171.2	65.5	52.4	2823	152	9.0	16.0

---

## (7) Compute the average height width and length of all automobiles.

---

```
In [63]: print("the average height width and length of all automobiles.")
df[["height","width","length"]].mean()
```

the average height width and length of all automobiles.

```
Out[63]:
```

	0
height	53.724878
width	65.907805
length	174.049268

**dtype:** float64

---

## (8) Compute the standard deviation height width and length of all automobiles.

---

```
In [64]: print("the standatrdeviation of height width and length of all automobiles.")
```

```
df[["height","width","length"]].std()
```

the standard deviation of height width and length of all automobiles.

Out[64]:

	0
--	---

<b>height</b>	2.443522
---------------	----------

<b>width</b>	2.145204
--------------	----------

<b>length</b>	12.337289
---------------	-----------

**dtype:** float64

---

## (9)Describe each attribute in dataset by min, max, mean, median, mode and std.

---

```
In [65]: print("Min : ")
df.loc[:,df.select_dtypes(include=["int64","float64"]).columns].min()
```

Min :

Out[65]:

	0
--	---

<b>symboling</b>	-2.0
------------------	------

<b>wheel-base</b>	86.6
-------------------	------

<b>length</b>	141.1
---------------	-------

<b>width</b>	60.3
--------------	------

<b>height</b>	47.8
---------------	------

<b>curb-weight</b>	1488.0
--------------------	--------

<b>engine-size</b>	61.0
--------------------	------

<b>compression-ratio</b>	7.0
--------------------------	-----

<b>city-mpg</b>	13.0
-----------------	------

<b>highway-mpg</b>	16.0
--------------------	------

**dtype:** float64

```
In [66]: print("Max : ")
df.loc[:,df.select_dtypes(include=["int64","float64"]).columns].max()
```

Max :

Out[66]:

	0
<b>symboling</b>	3.0
<b>wheel-base</b>	120.9
<b>length</b>	208.1
<b>width</b>	72.3
<b>height</b>	59.8
<b>curb-weight</b>	4066.0
<b>engine-size</b>	326.0
<b>compression-ratio</b>	23.0
<b>city-mpg</b>	49.0
<b>highway-mpg</b>	54.0

**dtype:** float64

```
In [67]: print("Mean: ")
df.loc[:,df.select_dtypes(include=["int64","float64"]).columns].mean()
```

Mean:

Out[67]:

	0
<b>symboling</b>	0.834146
<b>wheel-base</b>	98.756585
<b>length</b>	174.049268
<b>width</b>	65.907805
<b>height</b>	53.724878
<b>curb-weight</b>	2555.565854
<b>engine-size</b>	126.907317
<b>compression-ratio</b>	10.142537
<b>city-mpg</b>	25.219512
<b>highway-mpg</b>	30.751220

**dtype:** float64

```
In [68]: print("Median : ")
df.loc[:,df.select_dtypes(include=["int64","float64"]).columns].median()
```

Median :

Out[68]:

	0
<b>symboling</b>	1.0
<b>wheel-base</b>	97.0
<b>length</b>	173.2
<b>width</b>	65.5
<b>height</b>	54.1
<b>curb-weight</b>	2414.0
<b>engine-size</b>	120.0
<b>compression-ratio</b>	9.0
<b>city-mpg</b>	24.0
<b>highway-mpg</b>	30.0

**dtype:** float64

```
In [69]: print("Mode : ")
df.loc[:,df.select_dtypes(exclude=["int64","float64"]).columns].mode()
```

Mode :

Out[69]:

	normalized- losses	make	fuel- type	aspiration	num- of- doors	body- style	drive- wheels	engine- location	engine- type
0	?	toyota	gas	std	four	sedan	fwd	front	ohc

```
In [70]: print("Standard Deviation : ")
df.loc[:,df.select_dtypes(include=["int64","float64"]).columns].std()
```

Standard Deviation :

Out[70]:

0

<b>symboling</b>	1.245307
<b>wheel-base</b>	6.021776
<b>length</b>	12.337289
<b>width</b>	2.145204
<b>height</b>	2.443522
<b>curb-weight</b>	520.680204
<b>engine-size</b>	41.642693
<b>compression-ratio</b>	3.972040
<b>city-mpg</b>	6.542142
<b>highway-mpg</b>	6.886443

**dtype:** float64

---

## Learning Outcome

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- **Dataset Understanding**

Learned how to load a dataset and perform basic exploration such as finding total records, attributes, and viewing top/bottom entries.

- **Data Cleaning**

Understood how to detect missing and invalid values, separate numeric and non-numeric attributes, and create a cleaned numeric dataframe by removing invalid records.

- **Analysis of Data**

Gained the ability to compute descriptive statistics like mean, median, mode, min, max, and standard deviation for numeric features.

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