### REQUIREMENT

 Deploy the application in a fully secure, scalable, and highly available microservice architecture.

### **SOLUTION OVERVIEW**

The solution we have configured Microservices architecture using AWS EKS with AWS managed node and ECR for the Image registry and other services like S3 for the image storage and CloudFront for caching the data, also used ElastiCache Redis for the in-memory store and Created Custom VPC and deployed EKS Managed nodes in Private Subnets, WAF for the Security and rate-limiting of API's

### **REGION**

Every data center in AWS sits in its own region. The region your setup is configured for is AP-SOUTH-1 Mumbai. This means that requests from INDIA will be very fast.

### **VPC**

So for the VPC, we have created Custom VPC with Public and private subnets **VPC name - fantasy** 

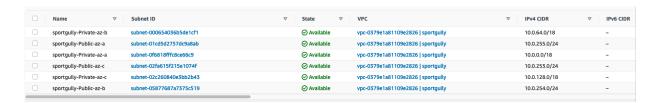
Note: Image used in this doc are for reference only



### CIDR - 10.0.0.0/16

We have also created Public-Private sunsets for each availability zone as shown below.

#### Subnets



fantasy-Public-az-a - 10.0.0.0/24

fantasy-Private-az-a - 10.0.1.0/24

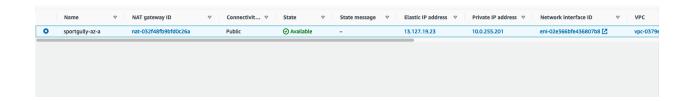
fantasy-Public-az-b - 10.0.3.0/24

fantasy-Private-az-b - 10.0.2.0/24

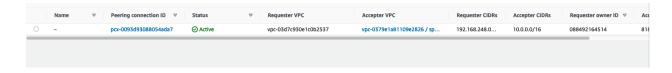
- We have created four route tables one for the public subnets and the other three for the private subnets per AZ ( availability zone )



 To access the internet from the private subnets we have created one NAT gateway and updated the Private route tables So instances can have internet access through Nat Gateway.



For the **access to MongoDB Atlas**, we have created **VPC Peering** so it will have access to the **MongoDB Atlas privately**.



### **RDS**



We are using RDS for the MySQL use case as of now we are using t2.micro and later on, while moving towards production we can upgrade to a higher version.

# RDS configurations (provisioned with terraform)

VPC	fantasy (vpc-0379e1a81109e2826)		
Subnet group	fantasy_rds_subnet_group		
Subnets	subnet-0f6818fffc8ce66c9		
	subnet-000654036b5de1cf1		
	subnet-02c260840e3bb2b43		
VPC security groups	fantasy_security_group (sg-067101cd463ab8937)		
Publicly accessible	No		
Option groups	default:mysql-8-0		
Engine version	8.0.28		
Parameter group	fantasy-rds-parameter-group		
Deletion protection	Enabled		
Multi-AZ	No		
Storage type	General Purpose SSD (gp2)		
Storage	20 GiB		
Storage autoscaling	Enabled		
Maximum storage threshold	1024 GiB		
Performance Insights enabled	No		
Backup retention period	7 days		
Backup window	19:31 UTC ( 1:01 AM )		
Monitoring	Enhanced monitoring enabled Granularity 5 seconds Monitoring role - rds-monitoring-role		
Log Exports	Audit log Error log General log Slow query log		

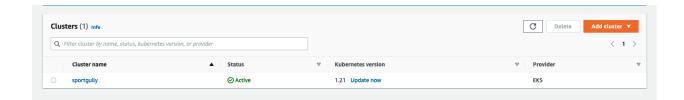
Maintenance	Disabled auto minor version upgrade		
DB instance maintenance window	Monday - 10:30 am		
Copy tags to snapshots	Enabled		
Backup window	12:30 AM - 13:31 PM		

## **Kubernetes**

- We have user **EKS** as a Kubernetes service to deploy our entire workload.
- EKS cluster version 1.21
- Latest available 1.22

# Configuration

VPC	fantasy (vpc-0379e1a81109e2826)
Subnets	subnet-05877687a7375c519 subnet-02fa615f215e1074f subnet-000654036b5de1cf1 subnet-0f6818fffc8ce66c9 subnet-01cd5d2757dc9a8ab subnet-02c260840e3bb2b43
Cluster security group	eks-cluster-sg-fantasy-1333161( sg-06894552ad3d3743f)
API server endpoint access	Public and private
Add-ons	coredns, kube-proxy, vpc-cni



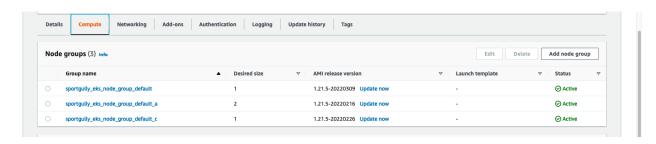
We have added worker nodes as EC2 in private subnets.



## **Node Groups**

- We have created the Node groups as per the AZ ( availability zones ) for different purposes like some of the Pods are deployed into the Node which lies in AZ-B so we have to create the Node Group accordingly to the particular subnets.
- Also, we have created one default node group which targets all the AZ ( availability zones ).

Node IAM role ARN	arn:aws:iam::818619633648:role/fantasy_ eks_node_group_role
Subnets	subnet-000654036b5de1cf1 subnet-0f6818fffc8ce66c9 subnet-02c260840e3bb2b43
Configure SSH access to nodes	Disabled
Disk size	50GB



### **Give Cluster Access to other Users**

Now, to use the clusters and give other users access to the cluster follow the below details.

- Follow this document to install kubectl in your system to interact with the EKS cluster and also install aws cli and configure first
- https://docs.aws.amazon.com/eks/latest/userguide/install-kubectl.html
- Note: install the kubectl version as per the version of your cluster
- After installation of the kubectl uses the below command to update the kube config in your system.
- aws eks update-kubeconfig --name fantasy --region ap-south-1
- Follow this document to add your IAM user to get access to the cluster
- <a href="https://aws.amazon.com/premiumsupport/knowledge-center/amazon-eks-cluster-access/">https://aws.amazon.com/premiumsupport/knowledge-center/amazon-eks-cluster-access/</a>

Note: you need to update aws-auth from the other user account because you don't have access to update the aws-auth config map now

- Now try kubectl get pod you will get below result

- Please note that we have configured three environments production, staging, dev, GitLab(for CI/CD in GitLab runner), and in the default namespace.

Visibility settings	Private
Tag immutability	Disabled
Scan on push	Enabled

Repository name	URI	Created at   ▽	Tag immutability	Scan frequency	Encryption type	Pull through cache
mongo-backup	同 818619633648.dkr.ecr.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/mongo- backup	March 25, 2022, 10:47:15 (UTC+05.5)	Disabled	Scan on push	AES-256	Inactive
mongo-backup-staging	<ul> <li>818619633648.dkr.ecr.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/mongo- backup-staging</li> </ul>	March 25, 2022, 10:47:15 (UTC+05.5)	Disabled	Scan on push	AES-256	Inactive
mysql-backup	☐ 818619633648.dkr.ecr.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/mysql-backup	March 25, 2022, 10:47:15 (UTC+05.5)	Disabled	Scan on push	AES-256	Inactive
mysql-backup-staging	<ul> <li>818619633648.dkr.ecr.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/mysql-backup-staging</li> </ul>	March 25, 2022, 10:47:15 (UTC+05.5)	Disabled	Scan on push	AES-256	Inactive
sportgully-admin-panel	<ul> <li>818619633648.dkr.ecr.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/sportgully- admin-panel</li> </ul>	February 25, 2022, 10:33:24 (UTC+05.5)	Disabled	Scan on push	AES-256	Inactive
sportgully-admin-panel- stag	<ul> <li>818619633648.dkr.ecr.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/sportgully- admin-panel-stag</li> </ul>	February 25, 2022, 10:33:22 (UTC+05.5)	Disabled	Scan on push	AES-256	Inactive
sportgully-app	818619633648.dkr.ecr.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/sportgully-app	February 25, 2022, 10:33:22 (UTC+05.5)	Disabled	Scan on push	AES-256	Inactive
sportgully-app-stag	<ul> <li>818619633648.dkr.ecr.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/sportgully- app-stag</li> </ul>	February 25, 2022, 10:33:25 (UTC+05.5)	Disabled	Scan on push	AES-256	Inactive
sportgully-node	☐ 818619633648.dkr.ecr.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/sportgully- node	February 25, 2022, 10:33:26 (UTC+05.5)	Disabled	Scan on push	AES-256	Inactive
sportgully-node-backend	<ul> <li>818619633648.dkr.ecr.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/sportgully- node-backend</li> </ul>	February 25, 2022, 10:33:26 (UTC+05.5)	Disabled	Scan on push	AES-256	Inactive
sportgully-node-backend- stag	<ul> <li>818619633648.dkr.ecr.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/sportgully- node-backend-stag</li> </ul>	February 25, 2022, 10:33:27 (UTC+05.5)	Disabled	Scan on push	AES-256	Inactive
sportgully-node-stag	同 818619633648.dkr.ecr.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/sportgully- node-stag	February 25, 2022, 10:33:22 (UTC+05.5)	Disabled	Scan on push	AES-256	Inactive
sportgully-prize- distribution	<ul> <li>818619633648.dkr.ecr.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/sportgully- prize-distribution</li> </ul>	May 05, 2022, 14:48:59 (UTC+05.5)	Disabled	Scan on push	AES-256	Inactive
sportgully-prize- distribution-stag	同 818619633648.dkr.ecr.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com/sportgully- prize-distribution-stag	May 05, 2022, 15:36:29 (UTC+05.5)	Disabled	Scan on push	AES-256	Inactive

## S3- Images - KYC bucket with restriction

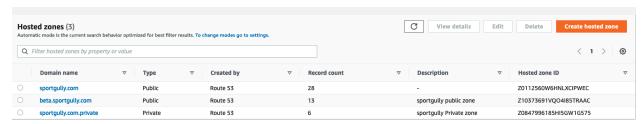
**Aim**: To ensure the user's data security we have to restrict the access of the S3 bucket to the only Root user, dedicated s3 user(kyc\_user), and The credentials used to provision the infrastructure form terraform.

**Our Solution:** Bucket policy for KYC restrictions - this attached document contains the details regarding the IAM user policy and s3 bucket policy.

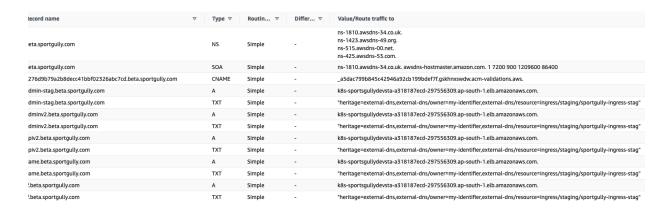
### Route 53

- We have created one Route53 hosted zone.
- On is pubic in this we have added our all the record for the application.
- For the internal private hosted zone internal routes like RDS, Elasticache, and RDS Replicas.

Note: as we have not moved towards final production so we have created beta.
 subdomain.



### Public Hosted zone records



### Private hosted zone records



### **ALB**

- Note: We are provisioning ALB (Application Load Balancer) with ALB controller ingress deployed in Cluster.
- Here's the link to deploy/set up the ALB controller in the cluster.
- Installing the AWS Load Balancer Controller add-on Amazon EKS
- Currently, we have created only 2 Load balancers for this deployment using Kubernetes ingress.

Its currently used for Production deployment and staging deployment

- Also when we move towards the final production deployment we'll create the 2 load balancers as per the deployment environments (Production, Staging).
- We have attached the WAF with ALB by using Ingress annotations.

### **Setting Up External DNS:**

- In Order to add the entries to the Route53 hosted zone we have set up the External DNS component to our Kubernetes Cluster.
- Setup External DNS AWS LoadBalancer Controller

### Annotations Used in ALB:

```
- alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/wafv2-acl-arn: ARN of WAF
- kubernetes.io/ingress.class: alb
- alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/group.name: for grouping the ingress for different
namespace to same alb
- alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/scheme: internet-facing
- alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/load-balancer-attributes: idle_timeout.timeout_seconds=600
- alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/backend-protocol: HTTP or HTTPS ( based on our backend )
- alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/certificate-arn: ARN of ACM certificate we have issued
- alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/subnets: Subnet ID of public subnets
- alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/listen-ports: '[{"HTTPS":443}, {"HTTP":80}]'
- alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/actions.ssl-redirect: '{"Type": "redirect",
    "RedirectConfig": { "Protocol": "HTTPS", "Port": "443", "StatusCode": "HTTP_301"}}'
- external-dns.alpha.kubernetes.io/hostname: for External DNS to enter the Records to route53 Hosted Zone
- alb.ingress.kubernetes.io/tags: give Tags to ALB.
```

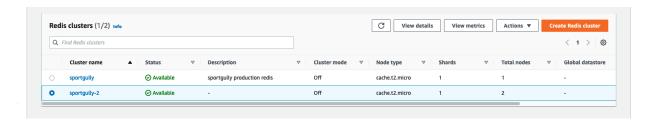
### Redis

- We have deployed the Redis in Kubernetes local environment for staging namespace
- For all the separate Namespaces the Redis deployment differs.
- For Staging, Redis deployment is deployed in Kubernetes with a 5GB EBS volume attached.
- For final production namespace deployment, we are going to deploy the elasticsearch cluster

Note: we have provisioned 2 Redis instances because 1st is for Leaderboard caching and 2nd is for General Caching.

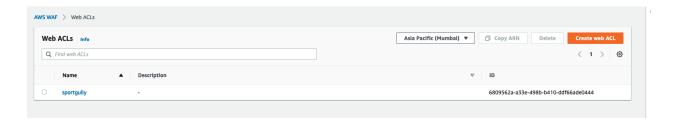
	[
Cluster name	fantasy
Engine	Redis
Engine version	6.2.5
Node type	cache.t2.micro
Cluster mode	Off
Number of nodes	1
Multi-AZ	Disabled
Auto-failover	Disabled
Parameter group	default.redis6.x
Primary endpoint	fantasy.jxi59f.ng.0001.aps1.cache.ama zonaws.com:6379
Reader endpoint	fantasy-ro.jxi59f.ng.0001.aps1.cache.a mazonaws.com:6379
Slow logs	Disabled
Engine logs	Disabled

VPC ID and name	fantasy (vpc-0379e1a81109e2826)
Security groups	sg-0f5c87886a9d77f5a
Maintenance window	Saturday 22:30 - Saturday 23:30 UTC
Auto upgrade minor versions	Enabled
Automatic backups	Disabled
Tags	Key Environment: Production Contact: Aman Makwana



## **WAF**

- For security, we have used AWS WAF for various purposes like Rate Limiting & blocking server IPs and it's attached with ALB to protect.
- We have attached a load balancer to WAF with ingress annotations.



- If you don't find Web ACLs please check you are in the Mumbai region

## **MongoDB**

- Currently, we are using the M10 cluster MongoDB
- M10 cluster features include VPC peering, enhanced monitoring, and automated backups.
- For security purposes, we have also ensured the DB backup cron in Kubernetes which dumps the DB to the S3 bucket name fantasy-mongodbdumps-1638949745, fantasy-mysgldumps-1638949745.

### Connect to EKS cluster

To connect to an EKS cluster you need to create a user access key/ secret key with permission EKS cluster access policy or EKS full access policy & configure AWS CLI Version 2 to your system. I am sharing one link you can follow that link to install and configure AWS CLI with created user keys.

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/cli/latest/userguide/install-cliv2.html

You can follow the above link for the AWS CLI configuration.

After configuration of the AWS CLI, you can verify the AWS CLI Version with

aws --version

Now connect to the cluster using the below commands Install kubectl to interact with the EKS cluster

https://docs.aws.amazon.com/eks/latest/userguide/install-kubectl.html

Follow the above steps to install kubectl

aws eks update-kubeconfig --name fantasy --region ap-south-1

Now you can contact Aman Makwana, Jay Dobariya to update your details to the AWS config file, and then you can able to access the cluster.