- 1 About:
- One of the largest and fastest-growing fully integrated logistic player in India by revenue in Fiscal 2021. They aim to build the operating system for commerce, through a combination of world-class infrastructure, logistics operations of the highest quality, and cutting-edge engineering and technology capabilities.
- 4 The Data team builds intelligence and capabilities using this data that helps them to widen the gap between the quality, efficiency, and profitability of their business versus their competitors.
- 6 #Problem Statement:
- 7 The company wants to understand and process the data coming out of data engineering pipelines:
- 8 Clean, sanitize and manipulate data to get useful features out of raw fields
- 9 Make sense out of the raw data and help the data science team to build forecasting models on it

In [2]:

- 1 import numpy as np
- 2 import pandas as pd
- 3 import matplotlib as mpl
- 4 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
- 5 **import** seaborn **as** sns
- 6 import scipy.stats as sci

Out[3]:

	data	trip_creation_time	route_schedule_uuid	route_type	trip_uuid	source_center	source_name	destination_center	
0	training	2018-09-20 02:35:36.476840	thanos::sroute:eb7bfc78- b351-4c0e-a951- fa3d5c3	Carting	trip- 153741093647649320	IND388121AAA	Anand_VUNagar_DC (Gujarat)	IND388620AAB	Khar
1	training	2018-09-20 02:35:36.476840	thanos::sroute:eb7bfc78- b351-4c0e-a951- fa3d5c3	Carting	trip- 153741093647649320	IND388121AAA	Anand_VUNagar_DC (Gujarat)	IND388620AAB	Khar
2	training	2018-09-20 02:35:36.476840	thanos::sroute:eb7bfc78- b351-4c0e-a951- fa3d5c3	Carting	trip- 153741093647649320	IND388121AAA	Anand_VUNagar_DC (Gujarat)	IND388620AAB	Khar
3	training	2018-09-20 02:35:36.476840	thanos::sroute:eb7bfc78- b351-4c0e-a951- fa3d5c3	Carting	trip- 153741093647649320	IND388121AAA	Anand_VUNagar_DC (Gujarat)	IND388620AAB	Khar
4	training	2018-09-20 02:35:36.476840	thanos::sroute:eb7bfc78- b351-4c0e-a951- fa3d5c3	Carting	trip- 153741093647649320	IND388121AAA	Anand_VUNagar_DC (Gujarat)	IND388620AAB	Khar

5 rows × 24 columns

In [4]: 1 #Shape of the dataset

2 df.shape

Out[4]: (144867, 24)

```
10 od_end_time
                                   144867 non-null object
 11 start_scan_to_end_scan
                                   144867 non-null float64
 12 is cutoff
                                   144867 non-null bool
 13 cutoff factor
                                   144867 non-null int64
 14 cutoff timestamp
                                   144867 non-null object
 15 actual distance to destination 144867 non-null float64
 16 actual time
                                   144867 non-null float64
 17 osrm time
                                   144867 non-null float64
 18 osrm distance
                                   144867 non-null float64
 19 factor
                                   144867 non-null float64
 20 segment_actual_time
                                   144867 non-null float64
 21 segment_osrm_time
                                   144867 non-null float64
 22 segment osrm distance
                                   144867 non-null float64
 23 segment_factor
                                   144867 non-null float64
dtypes: bool(1), float64(10), int64(1), object(12)
memory usage: 25.6+ MB
```

In [6]:

1 #Brief statistical summary of numerical columns
2 df.describe()

Out[6]:

	start_scan_to_end_scan	cutoff_factor	actual_distance_to_destination	actual_time	osrm_time	osrm_distance	factor	segme
count	144867.000000	144867.000000	144867.000000	144867.000000	144867.000000	144867.000000	144867.000000	
mean	961.262986	232.926567	234.073372	416.927527	213.868272	284.771297	2.120107	
std	1037.012769	344.755577	344.990009	598.103621	308.011085	421.119294	1.715421	
min	20.000000	9.000000	9.000045	9.000000	6.000000	9.008200	0.144000	
25%	161.000000	22.000000	23.355874	51.000000	27.000000	29.914700	1.604264	
50%	449.000000	66.000000	66.126571	132.000000	64.000000	78.525800	1.857143	
75%	1634.000000	286.000000	286.708875	513.000000	257.000000	343.193250	2.213483	
max	7898.000000	1927.000000	1927.447705	4532.000000	1686.000000	2326.199100	77.387097	
4								

```
In [7]:
         1 #Check for null columns
         2 df.isna().sum()
Out[7]: data
                                            0
        trip_creation_time
                                            0
        route_schedule_uuid
                                            0
        route_type
                                            0
        trip_uuid
                                            0
        source_center
        source_name
                                          293
        destination_center
                                            0
        destination_name
                                          261
        od_start_time
                                            0
        od_end_time
                                            0
        start_scan_to_end_scan
                                            0
        is_cutoff
        cutoff_factor
                                            0
        cutoff_timestamp
        actual_distance_to_destination
                                            0
        actual_time
                                            0
        osrm_time
                                            0
        osrm_distance
                                            0
        factor
        segment_actual_time
        segment_osrm_time
                                            0
        segment_osrm_distance
```

segment_factor
dtype: int64

```
In [8]: 1 #Null Values in percentage terms
2 (df.isna().sum()/df.shape[0]) *100
```

Out[8]	: data	0.000000
	<pre>trip_creation_time</pre>	0.000000
	route_schedule_uuid	0.000000
	route_type	0.000000
	trip_uuid	0.000000
	source_center	0.000000
	source_name	0.202254
	destination_center	0.000000
	destination_name	0.180165
	od_start_time	0.000000
	od_end_time	0.000000
	start_scan_to_end_scan	0.000000
	is_cutoff	0.000000
	cutoff_factor	0.000000
	cutoff_timestamp	0.000000
	<pre>actual_distance_to_destination</pre>	0.000000
	actual_time	0.000000
	osrm_time	0.000000
	osrm_distance	0.000000
	factor	0.000000
	segment_actual_time	0.000000
	segment_osrm_time	0.000000
	segment_osrm_distance	0.000000
	segment_factor	0.000000
	dtype: float64	

```
1 #unique values in each column
In [9]:
          2 df.nunique()
        Jour Ce Cerricer
                                             T700
                                             1498
        source name
        destination center
                                             1481
        destination name
                                             1468
        od_start_time
                                            26369
        od_end_time
                                            26369
        start scan to end scan
                                             1915
        is_cutoff
                                                2
        cutoff_factor
                                              501
        cutoff timestamp
                                            93180
        actual distance to destination
                                           144515
        actual time
                                             3182
        osrm time
                                             1531
        osrm_distance
                                           138046
        factor
                                            45641
        segment_actual_time
                                              747
        segment osrm time
                                              214
        segment_osrm_distance
                                           113799
        segment_factor
                                             5675
        dtype: int64
```

convert the datatype of the columns to category where number of unique data is 2

Updating the datatype of the datetime columns

```
In [13]:
          1 #check for overall structure after the changes
           2 df.info()
              cr ip_cr cacion_cime
            route schedule uuid
                                             144867 non-null object
            route type
                                             144867 non-null category
          4 trip uuid
                                             144867 non-null object
                                             144867 non-null object
              source center
          6 source name
                                             144574 non-null object
              destination center
                                             144867 non-null object
             destination name
                                             144606 non-null object
             od start time
                                             144867 non-null datetime64[ns]
          10 od end time
                                             144867 non-null datetime64[ns]
          11 start scan to end scan
                                             144867 non-null float64
          12 is cutoff
                                             144867 non-null bool
          13 cutoff factor
                                             144867 non-null int64
          14 cutoff timestamp
                                             144867 non-null object
          15 actual distance to destination 144867 non-null float64
          16 actual time
                                             144867 non-null float64
          17 osrm time
                                             144867 non-null float64
          18 osrm distance
                                             144867 non-null float64
          19 factor
                                             144867 non-null float64
          20 segment_actual_time
                                             144867 non-null float64
              In [14]:
          1 #checks for source name, if null returns the source center
          2 missing source name = df.loc[df['source name'].isnull(), 'source center'].unique()
           3 missing source name
Out[14]: array(['IND342902A1B', 'IND577116AAA', 'IND282002AAD', 'IND465333A1B',
                'IND841301AAC', 'IND509103AAC', 'IND126116AAA', 'IND331022A1B',
                'IND505326AAB', 'IND852118A1B'], dtype=object)
In [15]:
          1 #checks for destination name, if null returns the destination center
           2 missing destination name = df.loc[df['destination name'].isnull(), 'destination center'].unique()
          3 missing destination name
Out[15]: array(['IND342902A1B', 'IND577116AAA', 'IND282002AAD', 'IND465333A1B',
                'IND841301AAC', 'IND505326AAB', 'IND852118A1B', 'IND126116AAA',
                'IND509103AAC', 'IND221005A1A', 'IND250002AAC', 'IND331001A1C',
                'IND122015AAC'], dtype=object)
```

Handling missing destination names and source names

```
In [17]:
           1 #This dictionary will be used to store unique 'destination name' values for each 'destination center' in missing s
           2 d = {}
           3
           4 #Stores d with unique 'destination name' values for each 'destination center' in missing source name
           5 for i in missing source name:
                 d[i] = df.loc[df['destination center'] == i, 'destination name'].unique()
           7
           8 # Check if the list of unique values is empty for a 'destination center'
           9 for key, val in d.items():
                 if len(val) == 0:
          10
                     d[key] = [f'location_{count}']
          11
          12
                     count += 1
          13
          14 # Initialize a new dictionary d2 and map 'destination center' to a single value
          15 d2 = {}
          16 for key, val in d.items():
                 d2[key] = val[0]
          17
          18
          19 # print the 'destination center' and its corresponding key value.
          20 for i, v in d2.items():
          21
                 print(i, v)
          22
          23
```

```
IND342902A1B location_1
IND577116AAA location_2
IND282002AAD location_3
IND465333A1B location_4
IND841301AAC location_5
IND509103AAC location_9
IND126116AAA location_8
IND331022A1B location_14
IND505326AAB location_6
IND852118A1B location_7
```

```
In [18]:
          1 # This replaces missing values (np.nan) in the selected 'source_name' column with the
          2 # corresponding value from the d2 dictionary for the current 'source center' value i.
           3
           4 for i in missing_source_name:
                 df.loc[df['source center'] == i, 'source name'] = df.loc[df['source center'] == i, 'source name'].replace(np.r
          1 #check for null values again after changes
In [19]:
          2 df.isna().sum()
Out[19]: data
                                           0
         trip_creation_time
         route schedule uuid
         route type
         trip_uuid
         source_center
         source name
         destination_center
         destination_name
         od start time
         od end time
         start_scan_to_end_scan
         is_cutoff
         cutoff factor
         cutoff timestamp
         actual distance to destination
         actual time
         osrm_time
         osrm_distance
         factor
         segment_actual_time
         segment_osrm_time
         segment osrm distance
         segment factor
         is_cutoff
         dtype: int64
```

In [20]:

1 df.describe()

Out[20]:

	trip_creation_time	od_start_time	od_end_time	start_scan_to_end_scan	cutoff_factor	actual_distance_to_destination	actual _.
count	144867	144867	144867	144867.000000	144867.000000	144867.000000	144867.00
mean	2018-09-22 13:34:23.659819264	2018-09-22 18:02:45.855230720	2018-09-23 10:04:31.395393024	961.262986	232.926567	234.073372	416.92
min	2018-09-12 00:00:16.535741	2018-09-12 00:00:16.535741	2018-09-12 00:50:10.814399	20.000000	9.000000	9.000045	9.00
25%	2018-09-17 03:20:51.775845888	2018-09-17 08:05:40.886155008	2018-09-18 01:48:06.410121984	161.000000	22.000000	23.355874	51.00
50%	2018-09-22 04:24:27.932764928	2018-09-22 08:53:00.116656128	2018-09-23 03:13:03.520212992	449.000000	66.000000	66.126571	132.00
75%	2018-09-27 17:57:56.350054912	2018-09-27 22:41:50.285857024	2018-09-28 12:49:06.054018048	1634.000000	286.000000	286.708875	513.00
max	2018-10-03 23:59:42.701692	2018-10-06 04:27:23.392375	2018-10-08 03:00:24.353479	7898.000000	1927.000000	1927.447705	4532.00
std	NaN	NaN	NaN	1037.012769	344.755577	344.990009	598.10
4							•

In [21]:

1 df.describe(include = 'object')

Out[21]:

	route_schedule_uuid	trip_uuid	source_center	source_name	destination_center	destination_name	cutoff_timestam
count	144867	144867	144867	144867	144867	144867	14486
unique	1504	14817	1508	1508	1481	1481	9318
top	thanos::sroute:4029a8a2- 6c74-4b7e-a6d8- f9e069f	trip- 153811219535896559	IND000000ACB	Gurgaon_Bilaspur_HB (Haryana)	IND000000ACB	Gurgaon_Bilaspur_HB (Haryana)	2018-09-2 05:19:2
freq	1812	101	23347	23347	15192	15192	4

Merging rows

```
In [22]:
           1 grouping 1 = ['trip uuid', 'source center', 'destination center']
           2 df1 = df.groupby(by = grouping_1, as_index = False).agg({'data' : 'first',
           3
                                                                        'route_type' : 'first',
                                                                      'trip_creation_time' : 'first',
           4
                                                                      'source name' : 'first',
           5
           6
                                                                      'destination_name' : 'last',
           7
                                                                      'od_start_time' : 'first',
           8
                                                                      'od end time' : 'first',
           9
                                                                      'start_scan_to_end_scan' : 'first',
                                                                      'actual_distance_to_destination' : 'last',
          10
          11
                                                                      'actual_time' : 'last',
          12
                                                                      'osrm time' : 'last',
          13
                                                                      'osrm_distance' : 'last',
          14
                                                                      'segment_actual_time' : 'sum',
          15
                                                                      'segment osrm time' : 'sum',
          16
                                                                      'segment_osrm_distance' : 'sum'})
          17 df1
```

Out[22]:

	trip_uuid	source_center	destination_center	data	route_type	trip_creation_time	source_name	destination_ı		
0	trip- 153671041653548748	IND209304AAA	IND00000ACB	training	FTL	2018-09-12 00:00:16.535741	Kanpur_Central_H_6 (Uttar Pradesh)	Gurgaon_Bilaspu (Har		
1	trip- 153671041653548748	IND462022AAA	IND209304AAA	training	FTL	2018-09-12 00:00:16.535741	Bhopal_Trnsport_H (Madhya Pradesh)	Kanpur_Central_H_6 Pra		
2	trip- 153671042288605164	IND561203AAB	IND562101AAA	training	Carting	2018-09-12 00:00:22.886430	Doddablpur_ChikaDPP_D (Karnataka)	Chikblapur_ShntiS (Karna		
3	trip- 153671042288605164	IND572101AAA	IND561203AAB	training	Carting	2018-09-12 00:00:22.886430	Tumkur_Veersagr_I (Karnataka)	Doddablpur_ChikaDl (Karna		
4	trip- 153671043369099517	IND000000ACB	IND160002AAC	training	FTL	2018-09-12 00:00:33.691250	Gurgaon_Bilaspur_HB (Haryana)	Chandigarh_Mehmdր (Pւ		
26363	trip- 153861115439069069	IND628204AAA	IND627657AAA	test	Carting	2018-10-03 23:59:14.390954	Tirchchndr_Shnmgprm_D (Tamil Nadu)	Thisayanvilai_Udnkdif (Tamil N		
26364	trip- 153861115439069069	IND628613AAA	IND627005AAA	test	Carting	2018-10-03 23:59:14.390954	Peikulam_SriVnktpm_D (Tamil Nadu)	Tirunelveli_Vdkkı (Tamil ۱		
26365	trip- 153861115439069069	IND628801AAA	IND628204AAA	test	Carting	2018-10-03 23:59:14.390954	Eral_Busstand_D (Tamil Nadu)	Tirchchndr_Shnmgp (Tamil N		
26366	trip- 153861118270144424	IND583119AAA	IND583101AAA	test	FTL	2018-10-03 23:59:42.701692	Sandur_WrdN1DPP_D (Karnataka)	Bellary_Dc (Karna		
26367	trip- 153861118270144424	IND583201AAA	IND583119AAA	test	FTL	2018-10-03 23:59:42.701692	Hospet (Karnataka)	Sandur_WrdN1DI (Karna		
26368 r	26368 rows × 18 columns									

Name: od_total_time, dtype: float64

```
1 # merging and aggregration on df1 using groupby
In [24]:
           2 df2 = df1.groupby(by = 'trip_uuid', as_index = False).agg({'source_center' : 'first',
           3
                                                                          'destination center' : 'last',
           4
                                                                         'data' : 'first',
                                                                         'route type' : 'first',
           5
                                                                         'trip creation time' : 'first',
           6
           7
                                                                         'source_name' : 'first',
                                                                         'destination_name' : 'last',
           8
           9
                                                                         'od_total_time' : 'sum',
          10
                                                                         'start_scan_to_end_scan' : 'sum',
                                                                         'actual_distance_to_destination' : 'sum',
          11
          12
                                                                         'actual_time' : 'sum',
          13
                                                                         'osrm_time' : 'sum',
          14
                                                                         'osrm_distance' : 'sum',
          15
                                                                         'segment_actual_time' : 'sum',
          16
                                                                         'segment osrm time' : 'sum',
          17
                                                                         'segment_osrm_distance' : 'sum'})
          18 df2
```

Out[24]:

	trip_uuid	source_center	destination_center	data	route_type	trip_creation_time	source_name	destination_n
0	trip- 153671041653548748	IND209304AAA	IND209304AAA	training	FTL	2018-09-12 00:00:16.535741	Kanpur_Central_H_6 (Uttar Pradesh)	Kanpur_Central (Uttar Prac
1	trip- 153671042288605164	IND561203AAB	IND561203AAB	training	Carting	2018-09-12 00:00:22.886430	Doddablpur_ChikaDPP_D (Karnataka)	Doddablpur_ChikaDF (Karna
2	trip- 153671043369099517	IND000000ACB	IND00000ACB	training	FTL	2018-09-12 00:00:33.691250	Gurgaon_Bilaspur_HB (Haryana)	Gurgaon_Bilaspu (Hary
3	trip- 153671046011330457	IND400072AAB	IND401104AAA	training	Carting	2018-09-12 00:01:00.113710	Mumbai Hub (Maharashtra)	Mumbai_MiraR (Maharas
4	trip- 153671052974046625	IND583101AAA	IND583119AAA	training	FTL	2018-09-12 00:02:09.740725	Bellary_Dc (Karnataka)	Sandur_WrdN1DF (Karna
14812	trip- 153861095625827784	IND160002AAC	IND160002AAC	test	Carting	2018-10-03 23:55:56.258533	Chandigarh_Mehmdpur_H (Punjab)	Chandigarh_Mehmdp (Pu
14813	trip- 153861104386292051	IND121004AAB	IND121004AAA	test	Carting	2018-10-03 23:57:23.863155	FBD_Balabhgarh_DPC (Haryana)	Faridabad_Blbgarh (Hary
14814	trip- 153861106442901555	IND208006AAA	IND208006AAA	test	Carting	2018-10-03 23:57:44.429324	Kanpur_GovndNgr_DC (Uttar Pradesh)	Kanpur_GovndNgı (Uttar Prac
14815	trip- 153861115439069069	IND627005AAA	IND628204AAA	test	Carting	2018-10-03 23:59:14.390954	Tirunelveli_VdkkuSrt_I (Tamil Nadu)	Tirchchndr_Shnmgpr (Tamil N
14816	trip- 153861118270144424	IND583119AAA	IND583119AAA	test	FTL	2018-10-03 23:59:42.701692	Sandur_WrdN1DPP_D (Karnataka)	Sandur_WrdN1DF (Karna
14817 r	rows × 17 columns							

```
In [26]:
           1 def extract_city(city):
                  if 'location' in city:
           2
           3
                      return 'unknown city'
           4
                  else:
                      e = city.split()[0].split('_')
           5
                      if 'CCU' in city:
           6
           7
                          return 'Kolkata'
           8
                      elif 'MAA' in city.upper():
           9
                          return 'Chennai'
          10
                      elif ('HBR' in city.upper()) or ('BLR' in city.upper()):
                          return 'Bengaluru'
          11
          12
                      elif 'FBD' in city.upper():
                          return 'Faridabad'
          13
          14
                      elif 'BOM' in city.upper():
                          return 'Mumbai'
          15
                      elif 'DEL' in city.upper():
          16
                          return 'Delhi'
          17
          18
                      elif 'OK' in city.upper():
          19
                          return 'Delhi'
          20
                      elif 'GZB' in city.upper():
          21
                           return 'Ghaziabad'
          22
                      elif 'GGN' in city.upper():
          23
                          return 'Gurgaon'
          24
                      elif 'AMD' in city.upper():
                          return 'Ahmedabad'
          25
          26
                      elif 'CJB' in city.upper():
          27
                          return 'Coimbatore'
                      elif 'HYD' in city.upper():
          28
          29
                          return 'Hyderabad'
                      return e[0]
          30
```

```
In [27]:
           1 def extract place(place):
                  if 'location' in place:
           2
                      return place
           3
                  elif 'HBR' in place:
           4
                      return 'HBR Lavout PC'
           5
           6
                  else:
           7
                      e = place.split()[0].split('_', 1)
                      if len(e) == 1:
           8
           9
                          return 'unknown place'
          10
                      else:
                          return e[1]
          11
In [28]:
           1 df2['source state'] = df2['source name'].apply(extract state)
           2 df2['source state'].unique()
Out[28]: array(['Uttar Pradesh', 'Karnataka', 'Haryana', 'Maharashtra',
                 'Tamil Nadu', 'Gujarat', 'Delhi', 'Telangana', 'Rajasthan',
                 'Assam', 'Madhya Pradesh', 'West Bengal', 'Andhra Pradesh',
                 'Punjab', 'Chandigarh', 'Goa', 'Jharkhand', 'Pondicherry',
                 'Orissa', 'Uttarakhand', 'Himachal Pradesh', 'Kerala',
                 'Arunachal Pradesh', 'Bihar', 'Chhattisgarh',
                 'Dadra and Nagar Haveli', 'Jammu & Kashmir', 'Mizoram', 'Nagaland',
                 'location 9', 'location 3', 'location 2', 'location 14',
                 'location 7'], dtype=object)
           1 df2['source city'] = df2['source name'].apply(extract city)
In [29]:
           2 df2['source_city'].unique()[:20]
Out[29]: array(['Kanpur', 'Doddablpur', 'Gurgaon', 'Mumbai', 'Bellary', 'Chennai',
                 'Bengaluru', 'Surat', 'Delhi', 'Pune', 'Faridabad', 'Shirala',
                 'Hyderabad', 'Thirumalagiri', 'Gulbarga', 'Jaipur', 'Allahabad',
                 'Guwahati', 'Narsinghpur', 'Shrirampur'], dtype=object)
```

```
1 df2['source_place'] = df2['source_name'].apply(extract_place)
In [30]:
           2 df2['source place'].unique()[:20]
Out[30]: array(['Central_H_6', 'ChikaDPP_D', 'Bilaspur_HB', 'unknown_place', 'Dc',
                'Poonamallee', 'Chrompet_DPC', 'HBR Layout PC', 'Central_D_12',
                'Lajpat_IP', 'North_D_3', 'Balabhgarh_DPC', 'Central_DPP_3',
                'Shamshbd_H', 'Xroad_D', 'Nehrugnj_I', 'Central_I_7',
                'Central H 1', 'Nangli IP', 'North'], dtype=object)
In [31]:
           1 ##Destination Name: Split and extract features out of destination. City-place-code (State)
           3 df2['destination state'] = df2['destination name'].apply(extract state)
           4 df2['destination state'].head()
Out[31]: 0
              Uttar Pradesh
         1
                  Karnataka
         2
                    Haryana
         3
                Maharashtra
                  Karnataka
         Name: destination_state, dtype: object
           1 df2['destination city'] = df2['destination name'].apply(extract city)
In [32]:
           2 df2['destination city'].head()
Out[32]: 0
                  Kanpur
              Doddablpur
         1
         2
                 Gurgaon
         3
                  Mumbai
                  Sandur
         Name: destination city, dtype: object
```

```
In [33]:
          1 df2['destination_place'] = df2['destination_name'].apply(extract_place)
          2 df2['destination place'].head()
Out[33]: 0
              Central H 6
              ChikaDPP D
              Bilaspur HB
               MiraRd IP
              WrdN1DPP D
         Name: destination place, dtype: object
In [34]:
          1 ##Extract month, year, day, week, hour from Trip_creation_time
          3 df2['trip creation date'] = pd.to datetime(df2['trip creation time'].dt.date)
          4 df2['trip_creation_date'].head()
Out[34]: 0
             2018-09-12
            2018-09-12
         1
            2018-09-12
            2018-09-12
         4 2018-09-12
         Name: trip_creation_date, dtype: datetime64[ns]
In [35]:
          1 df2['trip_creation_day'] = df2['trip_creation_time'].dt.day
          2 df2['trip_creation_day'] = df2['trip_creation_day'].astype('int8')
          3 df2['trip creation day'].head()
Out[35]: 0
              12
         1
              12
         2
              12
              12
         3
              12
         Name: trip_creation_day, dtype: int8
```

```
In [36]:
          1 df2['trip creation month'] = df2['trip creation time'].dt.month
          2 df2['trip_creation_month'] = df2['trip_creation_month'].astype('int8')
          3 df2['trip creation month'].head()
Out[36]: 0
              9
         2
              9
         Name: trip_creation_month, dtype: int8
In [37]:
          1 df2['trip creation year'] = df2['trip creation time'].dt.year
          2 df2['trip creation year'] = df2['trip creation year'].astype('int16')
          3 df2['trip_creation_year'].head()
Out[37]: 0
              2018
              2018
         1
         2
              2018
              2018
         3
              2018
         Name: trip_creation_year, dtype: int16
In [38]:
          1 df2['trip_creation_week'] = df2['trip_creation_time'].dt.isocalendar().week
          2 df2['trip_creation_week'] = df2['trip_creation_week'].astype('int8')
          3 df2['trip creation week'].head()
Out[38]: 0
              37
         1
              37
         2
              37
              37
         3
              37
         Name: trip_creation_week, dtype: int8
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 14817 entries, 0 to 14816
Data columns (total 29 columns):

```
Column
                                    Non-Null Count Dtype
    -----
 0
    trip uuid
                                    14817 non-null object
     source center
                                    14817 non-null object
     destination center
                                    14817 non-null object
     data
                                    14817 non-null category
                                    14817 non-null category
     route type
    trip creation time
                                    14817 non-null datetime64[ns]
     source name
                                    14817 non-null object
     destination name
                                    14817 non-null object
    od total time
                                    14817 non-null float64
     start scan to end scan
                                    14817 non-null float64
    actual distance to destination 14817 non-null float64
    actual time
                                    14817 non-null float64
 12 osrm time
                                    14817 non-null float64
 13 osrm distance
                                    14817 non-null float64
 14 segment actual time
                                    14817 non-null float64
 15 segment osrm time
                                    14817 non-null float64
 16 segment osrm distance
                                    14817 non-null float64
 17 source state
                                    14817 non-null object
 18 source city
                                    14817 non-null object
 19 source place
                                    14817 non-null object
 20 destination state
                                    14817 non-null object
 21 destination city
                                    14817 non-null object
 22 destination place
                                    14817 non-null object
 23 trip creation date
                                    14817 non-null datetime64[ns]
 24 trip creation day
                                    14817 non-null int8
 25 trip creation month
                                    14817 non-null int8
 26 trip creation year
                                    14817 non-null int16
 27 trip creation week
                                    14817 non-null int8
 28 trip creation hour
                                    14817 non-null int8
dtypes: category(2), datetime64[ns](2), float64(9), int16(1), int8(4), object(11)
memory usage: 2.6+ MB
```

In [42]:

1 df2.head()

Out[42]:

	trip_uuid	source_center	destination_center	data	route_type	trip_creation_time	source_name	destination_name
0	trip- 153671041653548748	IND209304AAA	IND209304AAA	training	FTL	2018-09-12 00:00:16.535741	Kanpur_Central_H_6 (Uttar Pradesh)	Kanpur_Central_H_6 (Uttar Pradesh)
1	trip- 153671042288605164	IND561203AAB	IND561203AAB	training	Carting	2018-09-12 00:00:22.886430	Doddablpur_ChikaDPP_D (Karnataka)	Doddablpur_ChikaDPP_D (Karnataka)
2	trip- 153671043369099517	IND000000ACB	IND00000ACB	training	FTL	2018-09-12 00:00:33.691250	Gurgaon_Bilaspur_HB (Haryana)	Gurgaon_Bilaspur_HB (Haryana)
3	trip- 153671046011330457	IND400072AAB	IND401104AAA	training	Carting	2018-09-12 00:01:00.113710	Mumbai Hub (Maharashtra)	Mumbai_MiraRd_IP (Maharashtra)
4	trip- 153671052974046625	IND583101AAA	IND583119AAA	training	FTL	2018-09-12 00:02:09.740725	Bellary_Dc (Karnataka)	Sandur_WrdN1DPP_D (Karnataka)

5 rows × 29 columns

In [43]:

1 df2.describe()

Out[43]:

	trip_creation_time	od_total_time	start_scan_to_end_scan	actual_distance_to_destination	actual_time	osrm_time	osrm_distance	segm
count	14817	14817.000000	14817.000000	14817.000000	14817.000000	14817.000000	14817.000000	
mean	2018-09-22 12:44:19.555167744	531.697630	530.810016	164.477838	357.143754	161.384018	204.344689	
min	2018-09-12 00:00:16.535741	23.460000	23.000000	9.002461	9.000000	6.000000	9.072900	
25%	2018-09-17 02:51:25.129125888	149.930000	149.000000	22.837239	67.000000	29.000000	30.819200	
50%	2018-09-22 04:02:35.066945024	280.770000	280.000000	48.474072	149.000000	60.000000	65.618800	
75%	2018-09-27 19:37:41.898427904	638.200000	637.000000	164.583208	370.000000	168.000000	208.475000	
max	2018-10-03 23:59:42.701692	7898.550000	7898.000000	2186.531787	6265.000000	2032.000000	2840.081000	
std	NaN	658.868223	658.705957	305.388147	561.396157	271.360995	370.395573	
4								

In [119]:

1 # statistical summary of all object dtype

3 df2.describe(include = object).T

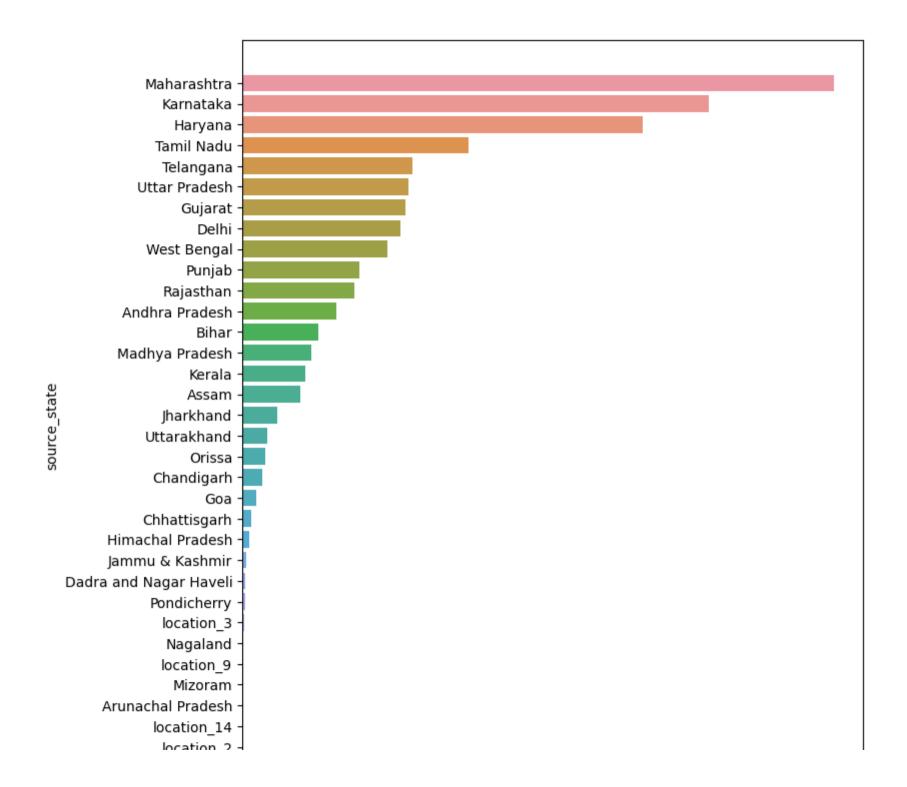
Out[119]:

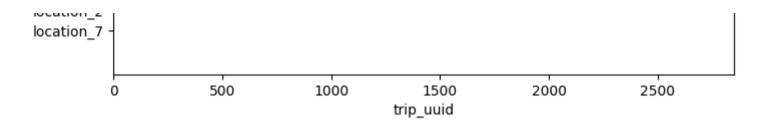
	count	unique	top	freq
trip_uuid	14817	14817	trip-153671041653548748	1
source_center	14817	938	IND000000ACB	1063
destination_center	14817	1042	IND000000ACB	821
source_name	14817	938	Gurgaon_Bilaspur_HB (Haryana)	1063
destination_name	14817	1042	Gurgaon_Bilaspur_HB (Haryana)	821
source_state	14817	34	Maharashtra	2714
source_city	14817	690	Mumbai	1442
source_place	14817	761	Bilaspur_HB	1063
destination_state	14817	39	Maharashtra	2561
destination_city	14817	806	Mumbai	1548
destination_place	14817	850	Bilaspur_HB	821

Out[44]:

	source_state	trip_uuid	perc
17	Maharashtra	2714	18.32
14	Karnataka	2143	14.46
10	Haryana	1838	12.40
24	Tamil Nadu	1039	7.01
25	Telangana	781	5.27

Out[45]: []





Out[46]:

destination_city		trip_uuid	perc
515	Mumbai	1548	10.45
96	Bengaluru	975	6.58
282	Gurgaon	936	6.32
200	Delhi	778	5.25
163	Chennai	595	4.02
72	Bangalore	551	3.72
308	Hyderabad	503	3.39
115	Bhiwandi	434	2.93
418	Kolkata	384	2.59
158	Chandigarh	339	2.29
724	Sonipat	322	2.17
612	Pune	317	2.14
4	Ahmedabad	265	1.79
242	Faridabad	244	1.65
318	Jaipur	205	1.38
371	Kanpur	148	1.00
117	Bhopal	139	0.94
559	PNQ	122	0.82
739	Surat	117	0.79
552	Noida	106	0.72
521	Muzaffrpur	102	0.69
284	Guwahati	98	0.66
448	Ludhiana	70	0.47
797	Visakhapatnam	64	0.43
259	Ghaziabad	56	0.38

	destination_city	trip_uuid	perc
208	Dhanbad	50	0.34
639	Ranchi	49	0.33
110	Bhatinda	48	0.32
183	Coimbatore	47	0.32
9	Akola	45	0.30

Compare the difference between od_total_time and start_scan_to_end_scan. Do hypothesis testing/ Visual analysis to check.

```
Set up Null Hypothesis

Null Hypothesis (H0) - od_total_time and start_scan_to_end_scan are same.

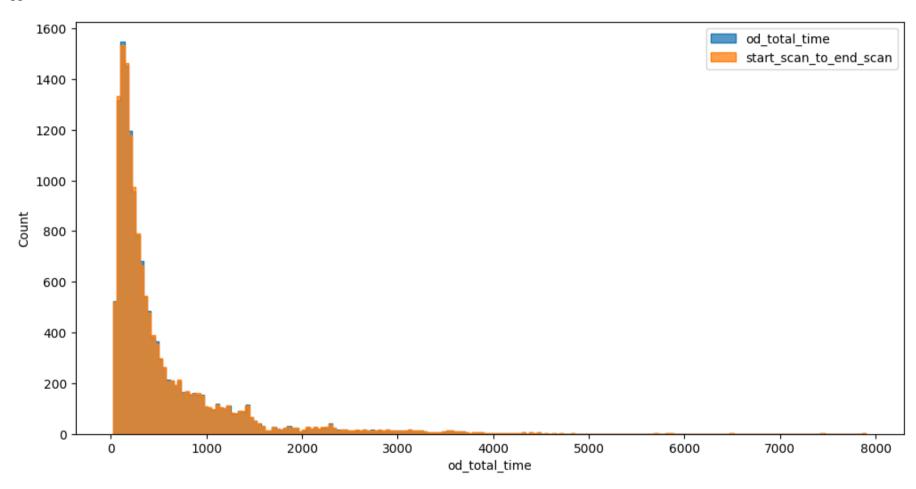
Alternate Hypothesis (HA) - od_total_time and start_scan_to_end_scan are different.
```

```
In [48]: 1 df2[['od_total_time', 'start_scan_to_end_scan']].describe()
```

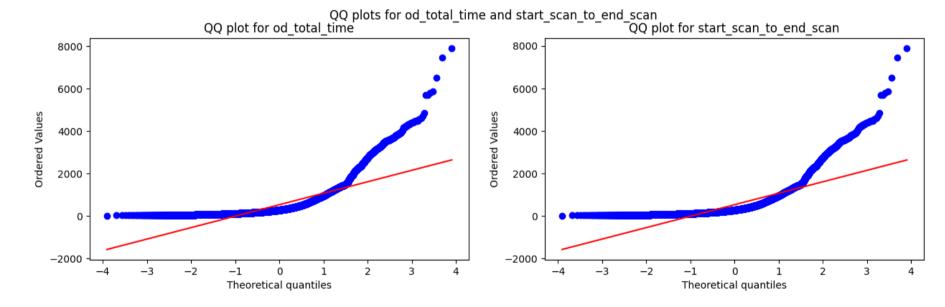
Out[48]:

	od_total_time	start_scan_to_end_scan
count	14817.000000	14817.000000
mean	531.697630	530.810016
std	658.868223	658.705957
min	23.460000	23.000000
25%	149.930000	149.000000
50%	280.770000	280.000000
75%	638.200000	637.000000
max	7898.550000	7898.000000

Out[49]: []



Out[50]: []



```
In [53]:
          1 # It can be seen from the above plots that the samples follow normal distribution.
          2 # since the plot is not normally distributed ANOVA cannot be performed hence applying Shapiro-Wilk test for normal
          3 # Ho : The sample follows normal distribution
          4 # Ha : The sample does not follow normal distribution
            # alpha = 0.05
          7 test_stat, p_value = sci.shapiro(df2['od_total_time'].sample(5000))
          8 print('p-value', p value)
          9 if p_value < 0.05:
                 print('Reject Null Hypothesis')
          10
          11 else:
         12
                 print('Fail to reject null hypothesis')
          13
         p-value 0.0
         Reject Null Hypothesis
In [54]:
          1 test_stat, p_value = sci.shapiro(df2['start_scan_to_end_scan'].sample(5000))
          2 print('p-value', p value)
          3 if p value < 0.05:
                 print('Reject Null Hypothesis')
            else:
```

p-value 0.0
Reject Null Hypothesis

print('Fail to reject null hypothesis')

```
In [55]:
           1 # Null Hypothesis(H0) - Variances are equal
           2 | # Alternate Hypothesis(HA) - Variances are not equal
           3 \# alpha = 0.05
            test stat, p value = sci.levene(df2['od total time'], df2['start scan to end scan'])
           6 print('p-value', p value)
           7 if p value < 0.05:
                 print('Reject Null Hypothesis. Variances are not equal')
             else:
                 print('Fail to reject null hypothesis. Variances are equal')
          10
         p-value 0.9668007217581142
         Fail to reject null hypothesis. Variances are equal
In [56]:
           1 # Since the samples do not follow any of the assumptions, T-Test cannot be applied here.
           2 # We can perform its non parametric equivalent test i.e., Mann-Whitney U rank test for two independent samples.
           4 test stat, p value = sci.mannwhitneyu(df2['od total time'], df2['start scan to end scan'])
             print('P-value :',p value)
           6
```

P-value: 0.7815123224221716

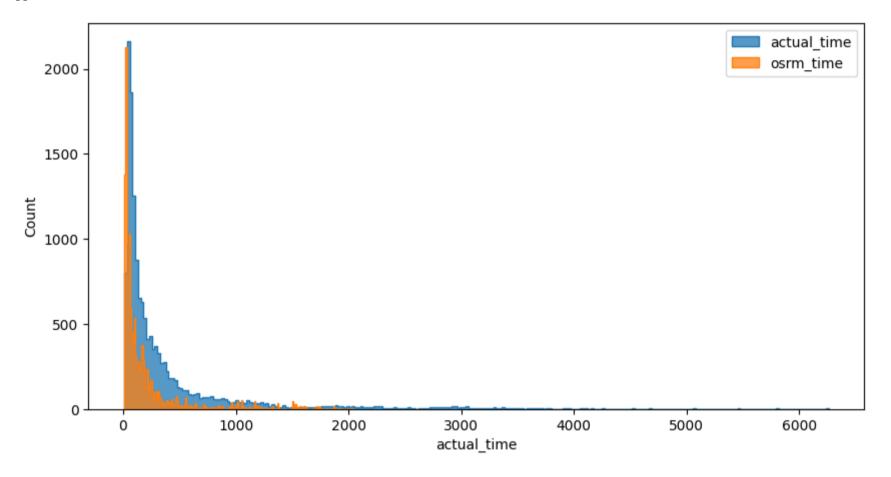
Do hypothesis testing/ visual analysis between actual_time aggregated value and OSRM time aggregated value (aggregated values are the values you'll get after merging the rows on the basis of trip_uuid)

```
In [57]: 1 df2[['actual_time', 'osrm_time']].describe()
```

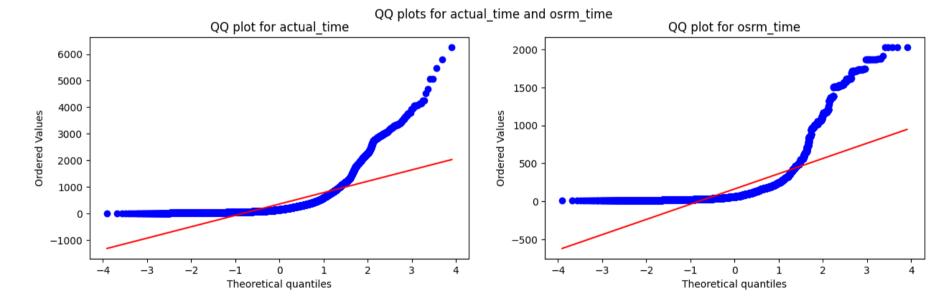
Out[57]:

	actual_time	osrm_time
count	14817.000000	14817.000000
mean	357.143754	161.384018
std	561.396157	271.360995
min	9.000000	6.000000
25%	67.000000	29.000000
50%	149.000000	60.000000
75%	370.000000	168.000000
max	6265.000000	2032.000000

Out[58]: []



Out[59]: []



```
1 # It can be seen from the above plots that the samples follow normal distribution.
In [60]:
           2 # Applying Shapiro-Wilk test for normality
           3 # Ho : The sample follows normal distribution
           4 # Ha : The sample does not follow normal distribution
            # alpha = 0.05
           7 test_stat, p_value = sci.shapiro(df2['actual_time'].sample(5000))
           8 print('p-value', p_value)
           9 if p value < 0.05:
                 print('Reject Null Hypothesis')
          10
          11 else:
          12
                 print('Fail to reject null hypothesis')
          13
          14
         p-value 0.0
         Reject Null Hypothesis
In [61]:
           1 test_stat, p_value = sci.shapiro(df2['osrm_time'].sample(5000))
           2 print('p-value', p value)
           3 if p_value < 0.05:</pre>
                 print('Reject Null Hypothesis')
            else:
                 print('Fail to reject null hypothesis')
           6
           7
```

p-value 0.0
Reject Null Hypothesis

```
In [62]:
           1 # Null Hypothesis(H0) - Variances are equal
           2 | # Alternate Hypothesis(HA) - Variances are not equal
           3 \# alpha = 0.05
            test stat, p value = sci.levene(df2['actual time'], df2['osrm time'])
           6 print('p-value', p value)
           7 if p value < 0.05:
                 print('Reject Null Hypothesis. Variances are not equal')
           9
             else:
                 print('Fail to reject null hypothesis. Variances are equal')
          10
          11
         p-value 1.871297993683208e-220
         Reject Null Hypothesis. Variances are not equal
           1 # Since the samples do not follow any of the assumptions, T-Test cannot be applied here.
In [63]:
           2 # We can perform its non parametric equivalent test i.e., Mann-Whitney U rank test for two independent samples.
           4 test stat, p value = sci.mannwhitneyu(df2['actual time'], df2['osrm time'])
            print('p-value', p value)
           6
```

p-value 0.0

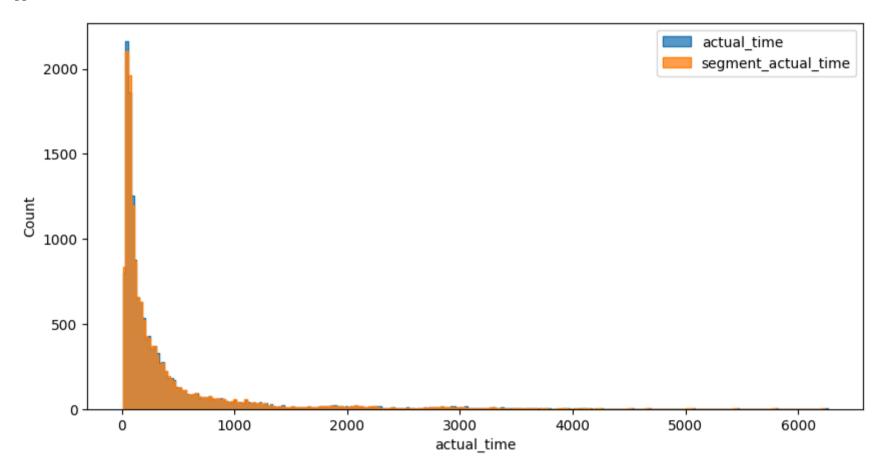
Do hypothesis testing/ visual analysis between actual_time aggregated value and segment actual time aggregated value (aggregated values are the values you'll get after merging the rows on the basis of trip_uuid)

In [64]: 1 df2[['actual_time', 'segment_actual_time']].describe()

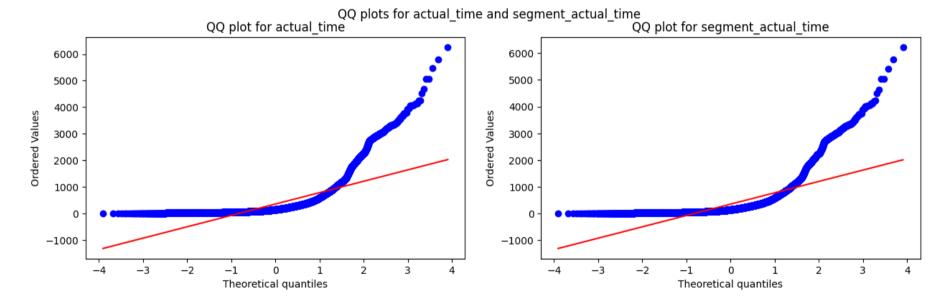
Out[64]:

	actual_time	segment_actual_time
count	14817.000000	14817.000000
mean	357.143754	353.892286
std	561.396157	556.247965
min	9.000000	9.000000
25%	67.000000	66.000000
50%	149.000000	147.000000
75%	370.000000	367.000000
max	6265.000000	6230.000000

Out[65]: []



Out[66]: []



```
1 # It can be seen from the above plots that the samples follow normal distribution.
In [67]:
          2 # Applying Shapiro-Wilk test for normality
          3 # Ho : The sample follows normal distribution
          4 # Ha : The sample does not follow normal distribution
            # alpha = 0.05
          7 test_stat, p_value = sci.shapiro(df2['actual_time'].sample(5000))
          8 print('p-value', p_value)
          9 if p value < 0.05:
                 print('Reject Null Hypothesis')
          10
          11 else:
         12
                 print('Fail to reject null hypothesis')
          13
         p-value 0.0
         Reject Null Hypothesis
```

p-value 0.0
Reject Null Hypothesis

```
In [69]:
           1 # Null Hypothesis(H0) - Variances are equal
           2 | # Alternate Hypothesis(HA) - Variances are not equal
           3 \# alpha = 0.05
            test stat, p value = sci.levene(df2['actual time'], df2['segment actual time'])
           6 print('p-value', p value)
           7 if p value < 0.05:
                 print('Reject Null Hypothesis. Variances are not equal')
           9
             else:
                 print('Fail to reject null hypothesis. Variances are equal')
          10
          11
         p-value 0.6955022668700895
         Fail to reject null hypothesis. Variances are equal
           1 # Since the samples do not follow any of the assumptions, T-Test cannot be applied here.
In [70]:
           2 # We can perform its non parametric equivalent test i.e., Mann-Whitney U rank test for two independent samples.
           4 test stat, p value = sci.mannwhitneyu(df2['actual time'], df2['segment actual time'])
           5 print('p-value', p value)
```

p-value 0.4164235159622476

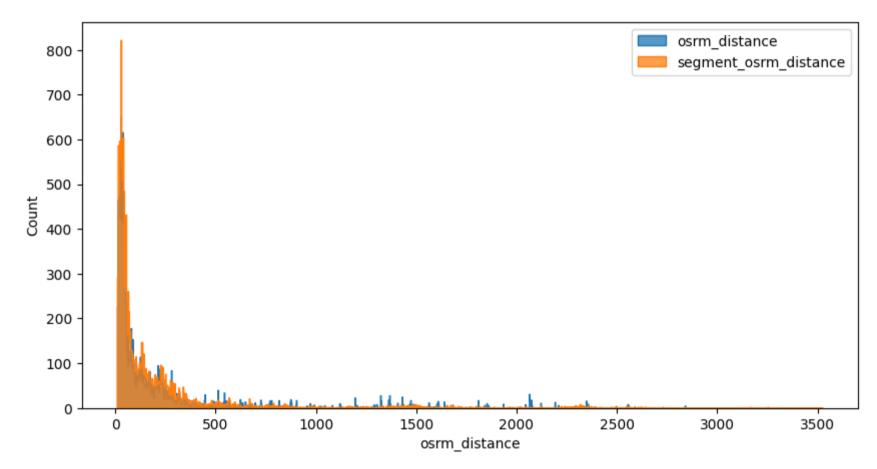
Do hypothesis testing/ visual analysis between osrm distance aggregated value and segment osrm distance aggregated value (aggregated values are the values you'll get after merging the rows on the basis of trip_uuid)

In [71]: 1 df2[['osrm_distance', 'segment_osrm_distance']].describe()

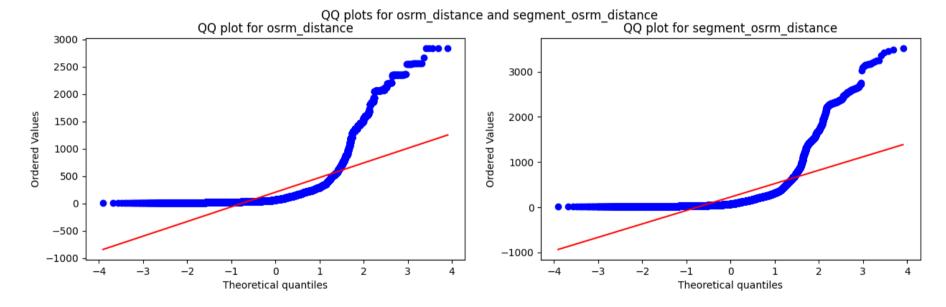
Out[71]:

	osrm_distance	segment_osrm_distance
count	14817.000000	14817.000000
mean	204.344689	223.201161
std	370.395573	416.628374
min	9.072900	9.072900
25%	30.819200	32.654500
50%	65.618800	70.154400
75%	208.475000	218.802400
max	2840.081000	3523.632400

Out[72]: []



Out[73]: []



```
1 # It can be seen from the above plots that the samples follow normal distribution.
In [74]:
          2 # Applying Shapiro-Wilk test for normality
           3 # Ho : The sample follows normal distribution
           4 # Ha : The sample does not follow normal distribution
            # alpha = 0.05
           7 test_stat, p_value = sci.shapiro(df2['osrm_distance'].sample(5000))
           8 print('p-value', p_value)
           9 if p value < 0.05:
                 print('Reject Null Hypothesis')
          10
          11 else:
          12
                 print('Fail to reject null hypothesis')
          13
         p-value 0.0
         Reject Null Hypothesis
In [75]:
          1 test_stat, p_value = sci.shapiro(df2['segment_osrm_distance'].sample(5000))
           2 print('p-value', p value)
           3 if p_value < 0.05:</pre>
```

p-value 0.0
Reject Null Hypothesis

else:

print('Reject Null Hypothesis')

print('Fail to reject null hypothesis')

```
In [76]:
           1 # Null Hypothesis(H0) - Variances are equal
           2 | # Alternate Hypothesis(HA) - Variances are not equal
           3 \# alpha = 0.05
            test stat, p value = sci.levene(df2['osrm distance'], df2['segment osrm distance'])
           6 print('p-value', p value)
           7 if p value < 0.05:
                 print('Reject Null Hypothesis. Variances are not equal')
           9
             else:
                 print('Fail to reject null hypothesis. Variances are equal')
          10
          11
         p-value 0.00020976354422600578
         Reject Null Hypothesis. Variances are not equal
           1 # Since the samples do not follow any of the assumptions, T-Test cannot be applied here.
In [77]:
           2 # We can perform its non parametric equivalent test i.e., Mann-Whitney U rank test for two independent samples.
           4 test stat, p value = sci.mannwhitneyu(df2['osrm distance'], df2['segment osrm distance'])
             print('p-value', p value)
           6
```

p-value 9.511383588276373e-07

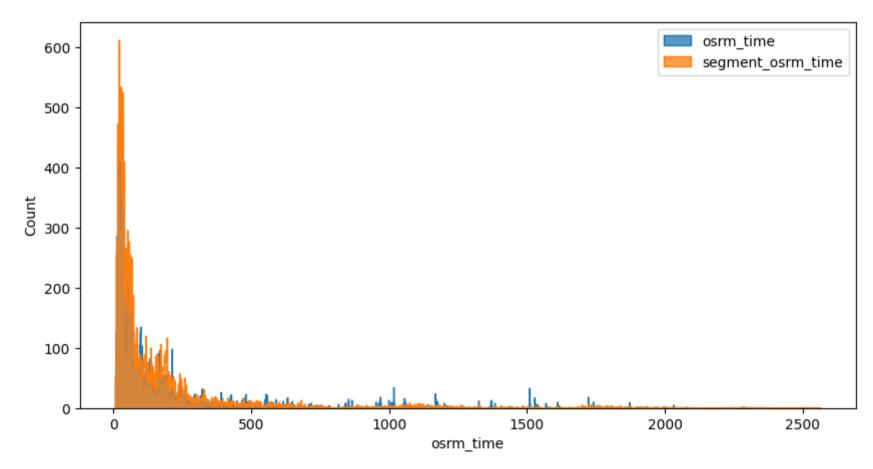
Do hypothesis testing/ visual analysis between osrm time aggregated value and segment osrm time aggregated value (aggregated values are the values you'll get after merging the rows on the basis of trip_uuid)

In [78]: 1 df2[['osrm_time', 'segment_osrm_time']].describe()

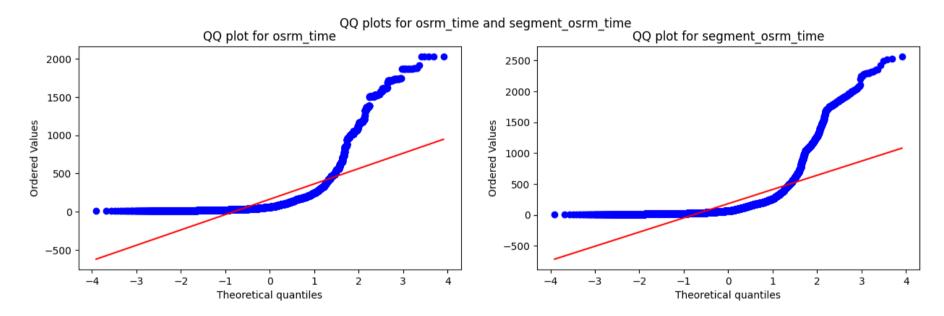
Out[78]:

	osrm_time	segment_osrm_time
count	14817.000000	14817.000000
mean	161.384018	180.949787
std	271.360995	314.542047
min	6.000000	6.000000
25%	29.000000	31.000000
50%	60.000000	65.000000
75%	168.000000	185.000000
max	2032.000000	2564.000000

Out[79]: []



Out[80]: []



```
In [81]:
           1 # It can be seen from the above plots that the samples follow normal distribution.
           2 # Applying Shapiro-Wilk test for normality
           3 # Ho : The sample follows normal distribution
           4 # Ha : The sample does not follow normal distribution
            # alpha = 0.05
           7 test_stat, p_value = sci.shapiro(df2['osrm_time'].sample(5000))
           8 print('p-value', p value)
           9 if p value < 0.05:
                 print('Reject Null Hypothesis')
          10
          11 else:
          12
                 print('Fail to reject null hypothesis')
         p-value 0.0
         Reject Null Hypothesis
In [82]:
           1 test_stat, p_value = sci.shapiro(df2['segment_osrm_time'].sample(5000))
           2 print('p-value', p value)
           3 if p value < 0.05:
                 print('Reject Null Hypothesis')
            else:
           6
                 print('Fail to reject null hypothesis')
         p-value 0.0
         Reject Null Hypothesis
           1 # Null Hypothesis(H0) - Variances are equal
In [83]:
           2 # Alternate Hypothesis(HA) - Variances are not equal
           3 \# alpha = 0.05
           5 test_stat, p_value = sci.levene(df2['osrm_time'], df2['segment_osrm_time'])
           6 print('p-value', p value)
           7 if p value < 0.05:
                 print('Reject Null Hypothesis. Variances are not equal')
           9
             else:
                 print('Fail to reject null hypothesis. Variances are equal')
          10
```

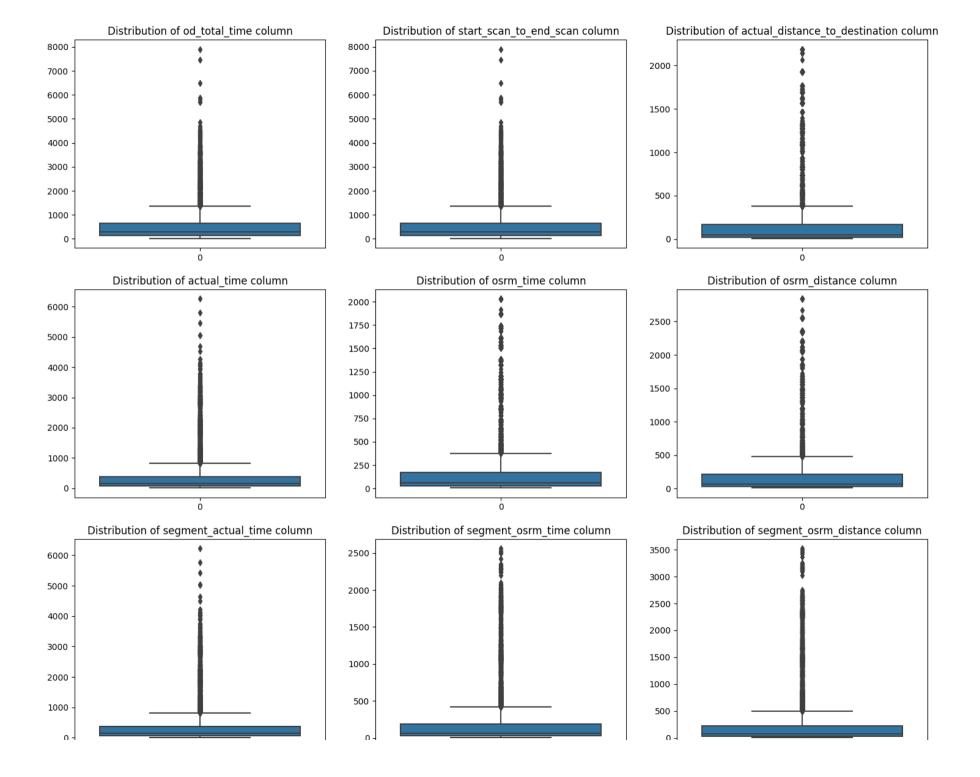
p-value 8.349482669010088e-08 Reject Null Hypothesis. Variances are not equal

p-value 2.2995370859748865e-08

Find outliers in the numerical variables

Out[85]:

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
od_total_time	14817.0	531.697630	658.868223	23.460000	149.930000	280.770000	638.200000	7898.550000
start_scan_to_end_scan	14817.0	530.810016	658.705957	23.000000	149.000000	280.000000	637.000000	7898.000000
actual_distance_to_destination	14817.0	164.477838	305.388147	9.002461	22.837239	48.474072	164.583208	2186.531787
actual_time	14817.0	357.143754	561.396157	9.000000	67.000000	149.000000	370.000000	6265.000000
osrm_time	14817.0	161.384018	271.360995	6.000000	29.000000	60.000000	168.000000	2032.000000
osrm_distance	14817.0	204.344689	370.395573	9.072900	30.819200	65.618800	208.475000	2840.081000
segment_actual_time	14817.0	353.892286	556.247965	9.000000	66.000000	147.000000	367.000000	6230.000000
segment_osrm_time	14817.0	180.949787	314.542047	6.000000	31.000000	65.000000	185.000000	2564.000000
segment_osrm_distance	14817.0	223.201161	416.628374	9.072900	32.654500	70.154400	218.802400	3523.632400



```
In [90]:
          1 # Detecting Outliers
          3 for i in numerical columns:
                 Q1 = np.quantile(df2[i], 0.25)
                 Q3 = np.quantile(df2[i], 0.75)
                 IQR = Q3 - Q1
          7
                 LB = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
                 UB = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR
          8
                 outliers = df2.loc[(df2[i] < LB) | (df2[i] > UB)]
          9
         10
                 print(i)
                 print('----')
         11
                 print(f'Q1 : {Q1}')
         12
         13
                 print(f'Q3 : {Q3}')
         14
                 print(f'IQR : {IQR}')
         15
                 print(f'LB : {LB}')
         16
                 print(f'UB : {UB}')
         17
                 print(f'Number of outliers : {outliers.shape[0]}')
         18
                 print()
```

od_total_time 01:149.93 Q3 : 638.2 IQR: 488.27000000000004 LB: -582.4750000000001 UB: 1370.605 Number of outliers: 1266 start_scan_to_end_scan 01:149.0 Q3 : 637.0 IQR : 488.0 LB: -583.0 UB : 1369.0 Number of outliers: 1267 actual_distance_to_destination 01: 22.83723905859321 03: 164.58320763841138 IQR: 141.74596857981817 LB: -189.78171381113404 UB: 377.2021605081386 Number of outliers: 1449 actual_time Q1 : 67.0 Q3 : 370.0 IQR : 303.0 LB : -387.5 UB: 824.5 Number of outliers: 1643 osrm_time Q1 : 29.0 Q3 : 168.0

IQR : 139.0

LB : -179.5 UB : 376.5

Number of outliers : 1517

osrm_distance

Q1 : 30.8192 Q3 : 208.475 IQR : 177.6558 LB : -235.6645 UB : 474.9587

Number of outliers : 1524

segment_actual_time

Q1 : 66.0 Q3 : 367.0 IQR : 301.0 LB : -385.5 UB : 818.5

Number of outliers: 1643

segment_osrm_time

Q1 : 31.0 Q3 : 185.0 IQR : 154.0 LB : -200.0 UB : 416.0

Number of outliers : 1492

segment_osrm_distance

Q1 : 32.6545 Q3 : 218.8024 IQR : 186.1479

LB : -246.56735000000003 UB : 498.02425000000005 Number of outliers : 1548

one-hot encoding of categorical variables

```
In [91]:
          1 # value counts before one-hot encoding
           3 df2['route type'].value counts()
Out[91]: route_type
         Carting
                    8908
         FTL
                    5909
         Name: count, dtype: int64
          1 # one-hot encoding on categorical column route type
In [92]:
           3 from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
          4 label encoder = LabelEncoder()
           5 df2['route type'] = label encoder.fit transform(df2['route type'])
In [93]:
          1 # value counts after one-hot encoding
          3 df2['route type'].value counts()
Out[93]: route_type
              8908
              5909
         Name: count, dtype: int64
In [94]:
          1 # value counts of categorical variable 'data' before one-hot encoding
           3 df2['data'].value counts()
Out[94]: data
         training
                     10654
                      4163
         test
         Name: count, dtype: int64
```

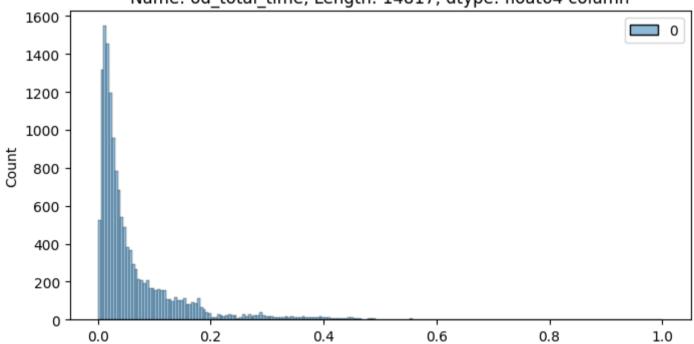
Normalize/ Standardize the numerical features using MinMaxScaler or StandardScaler

```
In [97]: 1 from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
```

Out[98]: []

Normalized 0 2260.11 181.61 1 2 3934.36 3 100.49 718.34 258.03 14812 14813 60.59 14814 422.12 14815 348.52 354.40 14816

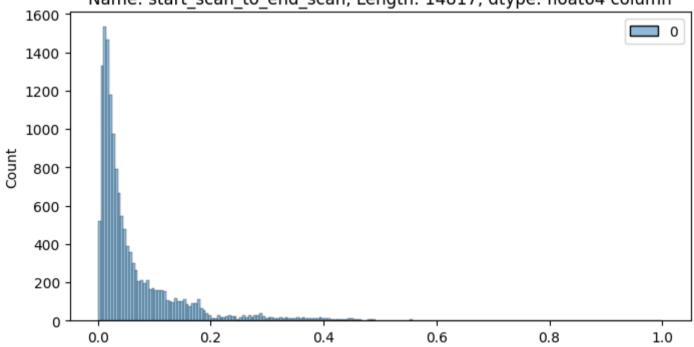
Name: od_total_time, Length: 14817, dtype: float64 column



Out[99]: []

```
Normalized 0
                2259.0
     1
           180.0
     2
           3933.0
     3
           100.0
           717.0
            ...
    14812
            257.0
    14813
             60.0
    14814
            421.0
    14815
            347.0
            353.0
    14816
```

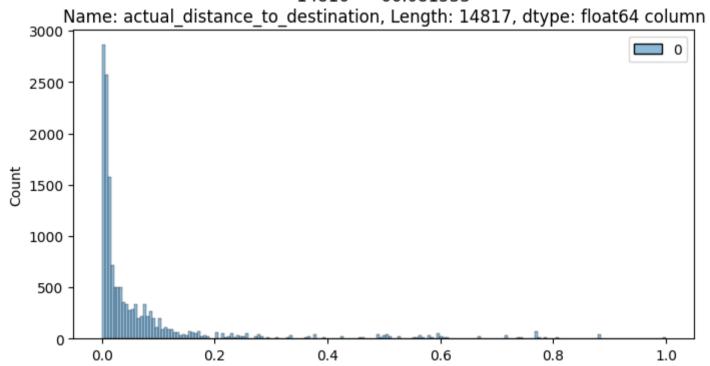




Out[100]: []

Normalized	0 824.732854
1	73.186911
2	1927.404273
3	17.175274
4	127.448500
14812	57.762332
14813	15.513784
14814	38.684839
14815	134.723836
14816	66.081533

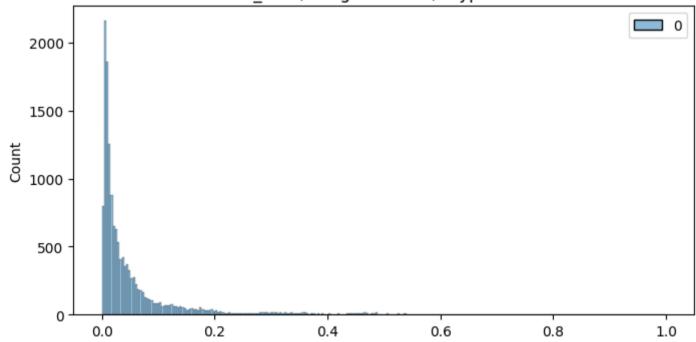




Out[101]: []

Normalized	0 1562.0
1	143.0
2	3347.0
3	59.0
4	341.0
14812	83.0
14813	21.0
14814	282.0
14815	264.0
14816	275.0

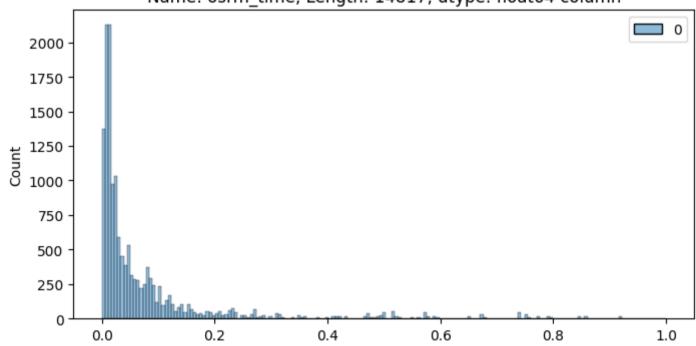
Name: actual_time, Length: 14817, dtype: float64 column



Out[102]: []

Normalized	0 717.0
1	68.0
2	1740.0
3	15.0
4	117.0
14812	62.0
14813	12.0
14814	48.0
14815	179.0
14816	68.0

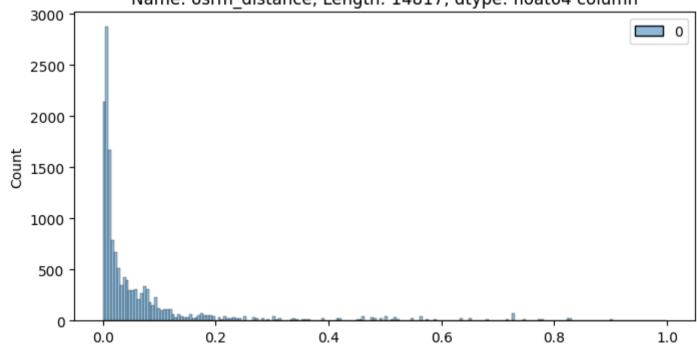
Name: osrm_time, Length: 14817, dtype: float64 column



Out[103]: []

Normalized	0 991.3523
1	85.1110
2	2354.0665
3	19.6800
4	146.7918
14812	73.4630
14813	16.0882
14814	58.9037
14815	171.1103
14816	80.5787

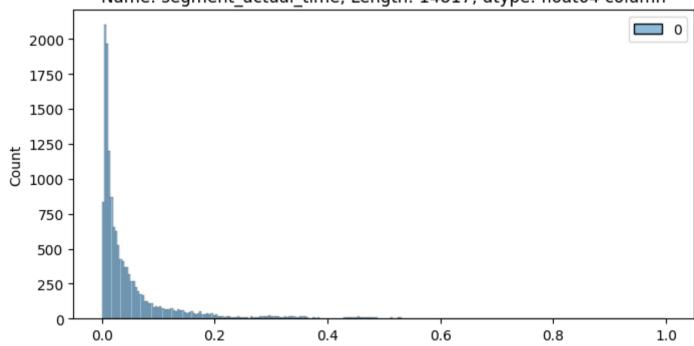
Name: osrm_distance, Length: 14817, dtype: float64 column



Out[104]: []

Normalized	0 1548.0
1	141.0
2	3308.0
3	59.0
4	340.0
14812	82.0
14813	21.0
14814	281.0
14815	258.0
14816	274.0

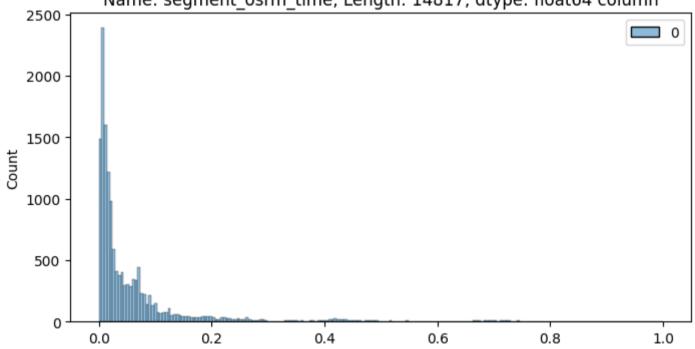
Name: segment_actual_time, Length: 14817, dtype: float64 column



Out[105]: []

Normalized	0 1008.0
1	65.0
2	1941.0
3	16.0
4	115.0
14812	62.0
14813	11.0
14814	88.0
14815	221.0
14816	67.0

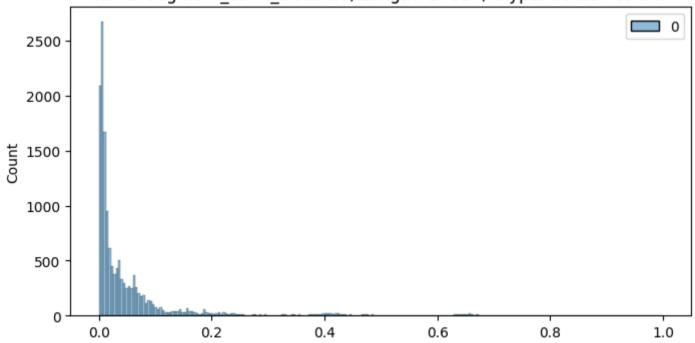




Out[106]: []

```
Normalized 0
               1320.4733
            84.1894
     1
     2
          2545.2678
            19.8766
           146.7919
             64.8551
    14812
    14813
             16.0883
    14814
            104.8866
    14815
            223.5324
    14816
             80.5787
```

Name: segment_osrm_distance, Length: 14817, dtype: float64 column



Column Standardization

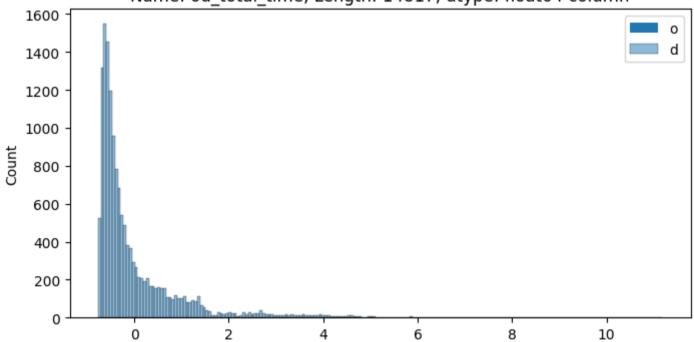
In [107]: 1 from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

```
In [108]: 1 plt.figure(figsize = (8, 4))
2 # define standard scaler
3 scaler = StandardScaler()
4 # transform data
5 scaled = scaler.fit_transform(df2['od_total_time'].to_numpy().reshape(-1, 1))
6 sns.histplot(scaled)
7 plt.title(f"Standardized {df2['od_total_time']} column")
8 plt.legend('od_total_time')
9 plt.plot()
```

Out[108]: []

Standardized 0 2260.11 1 181.61 2 3934.36 100.49 718.34 258.03 14812 14813 60.59 14814 422.12 14815 348.52 354.40 14816

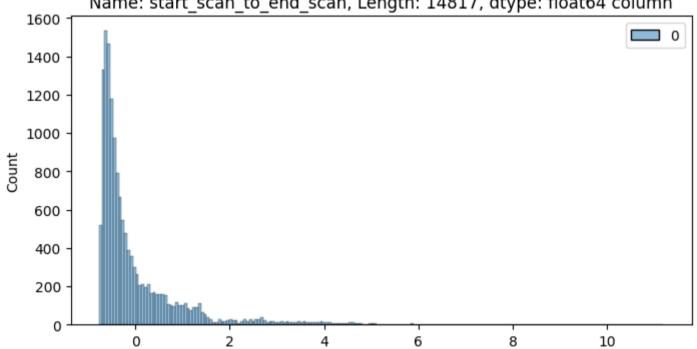
Name: od_total_time, Length: 14817, dtype: float64 column



Out[109]: []

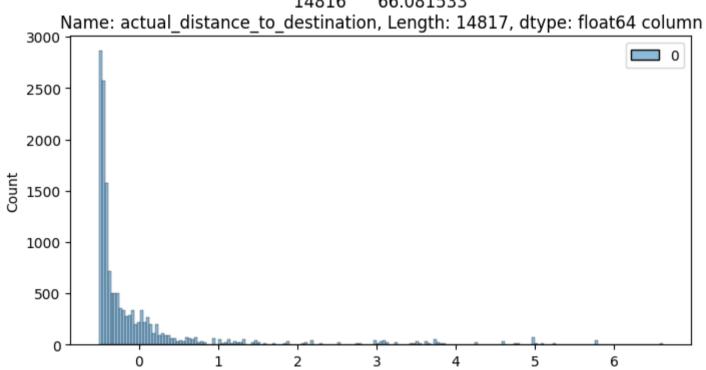
Standardized 0 2259.0 1 180.0 2 3 3933.0 100.0 717.0 ... 14812 257.0 14813 60.0 14814 421.0 14815 347.0 353.0 14816





Out[110]: []

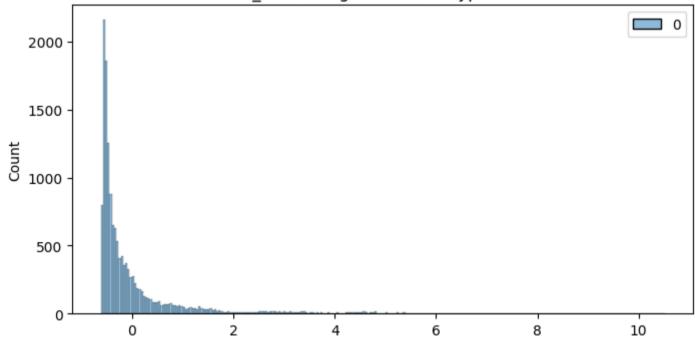
```
Standardized 0
                 824.732854
            73.186911
     2
           1927.404273
            17.175274
           127.448500
     14812
             57.762332
     14813
             15.513784
     14814
             38.684839
     14815
            134.723836
     14816
             66.081533
```



Out[111]: []

Standardized 0 1562.0 1 143.0 2 3 4 3347.0 59.0 341.0 14812 83.0 14813 21.0 14814 282.0 264.0 14815 275.0 14816

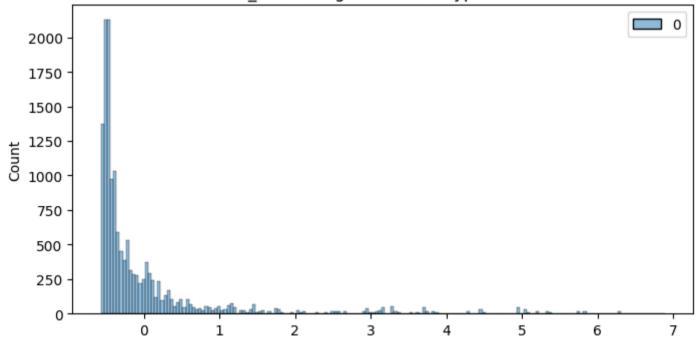
Name: actual_time, Length: 14817, dtype: float64 column



Out[112]: []

Standardized 0 717.0 1 68.0 2 3 4 1740.0 15.0 117.0 62.0 14812 14813 12.0 14814 48.0 14815 179.0 68.0 14816

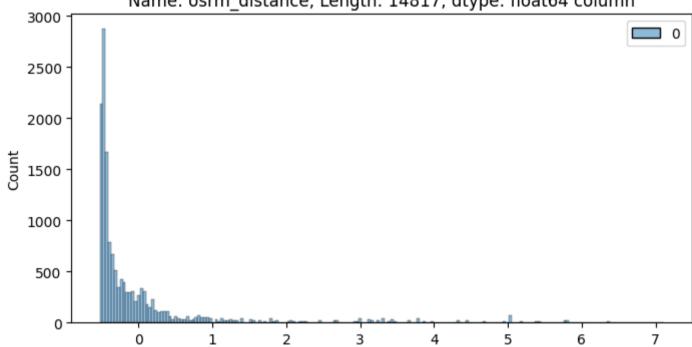
Name: osrm_time, Length: 14817, dtype: float64 column



Out[113]: []

Standardized 0 991.3523 85.1110 1 2 2354.0665 19.6800 146.7918 73.4630 14812 14813 16.0882 14814 58.9037 14815 171.1103 80.5787 14816

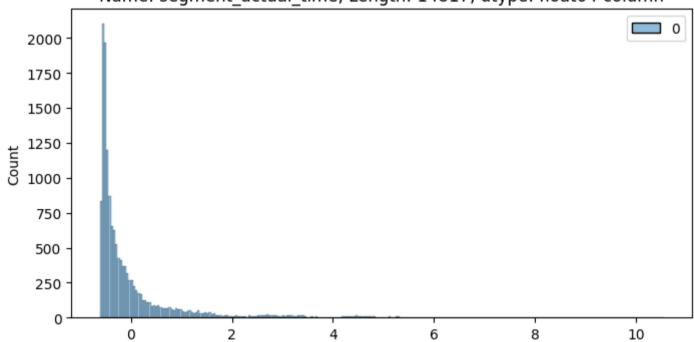
Name: osrm_distance, Length: 14817, dtype: float64 column



Out[114]: []

Standardized 0 1548.0 1 141.0 2 3308.0 59.0 340.0 82.0 14812 14813 21.0 14814 281.0 258.0 14815 274.0 14816

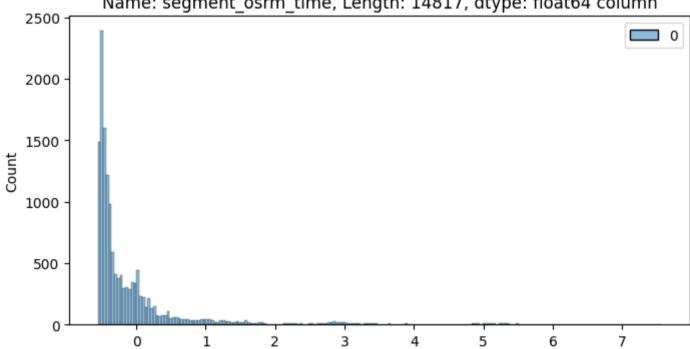
Name: segment_actual_time, Length: 14817, dtype: float64 column

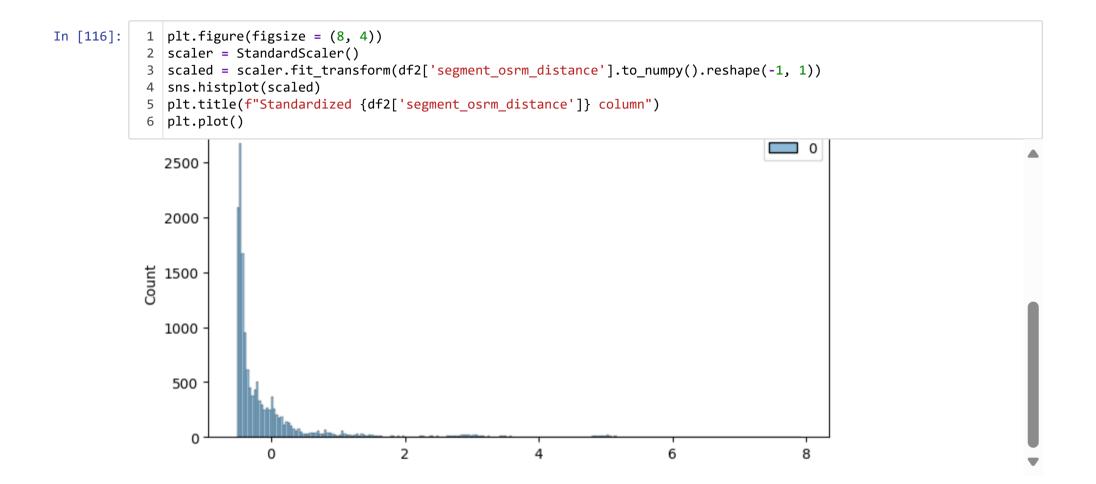


Out[115]: []

Standardized 0 1008.0 1 65.0 2 3 1941.0 16.0 115.0 62.0 14812 14813 11.0 14814 88.0 14815 221.0 67.0 14816

Name: segment_osrm_time, Length: 14817, dtype: float64 column





Business Insights based on Non-Graphical and Visual Analysis

There are 144867 records with 24 columns which after merging and splitting to reduced to 14817 unique records and 28 columns. There are 2 columns with null values which were replaced with unique random values. From the statistical and categorical summary, we can observe that

- 1. On An Average the distance between source and destination is 164km and avg time taken is 357 mins between source and destinations.
- 2. There are 938 source and 1042 destination centers serving over 850 destination places.
- 3. The top most orders are sourced from Maharashtra and then followed by karnataka.
- 4. The top most Maximum number of trips originate from Mumbai city followed by Gurgaon Delhi, Bengaluru.
- 5. The top most destination state is Maharashtra and destination city is Mumbai, while the top destination place is Bilaspur. From the hypothesis testing we observe that:

Features start_scan_to_end_scan and od_total_time(difference between od_start_time and od_end_time) are statistically similar.

Features actual_time & osrm_time are statistically different.

Features actual_time and segment_actual_time are statistically similar.

Features osrm distance and segment osrm distance are statistically different.

Features osrm_time & segment_osrm_time are statistically different.

categorical features 'route_type' and 'data' are encoded and represented in their binary form.

Recommendations:

The time estimated by OSRM (osrm_time) and the actual time taken differ. minimizing this disparity can provide customers with a more reliable expectation of when their deliveries will arrive, thereby contributing to overall convenience.

The distance calculated by the OSRM (Open Source Routing Machine) and the actual distance covered do not align. This discrepancy could stem from the delivery person deviating from the predefined route, potentially causing delays in deliveries. Alternatively, it might indicate inaccuracies in the OSRM device's predictions, which consider factors such as distance, traffic, and other variables.

A significant portion of orders originates from or is destined for states such as Maharashtra, Karnataka, Haryana, and Tamil Nadu. To strengthen market presence in these regions, optimization and expanding the current transportation routes are necessary.

Conducting customer profiling for individuals residing in states like Maharashtra, Karnataka, Haryana is essential. This will help to understand the reasons behind the huge volume of orders from these states and enhance the overall purchasing and delivery experience for customers.

From state point of view, we might have very heavy traffic in certain states and bad terrain conditions in certain states. This will be a good indicator to plan and cater to demand during peak festival seasons.

Some regions may experience high traffic, while others may face challenging terrain conditions. Utilizing this information can serve as a valuable indicator for strategically planning and addressing increased demand.