Dt: 21/9/2022

Case-4: Creating object using 'java.lang.StringBuffer(CharSequence)'

syntax:

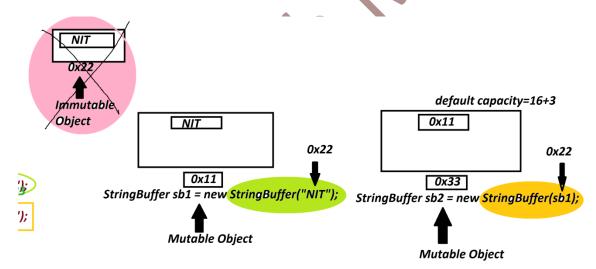
StringBuffer sb1 = new StringBuffer("NIT");

StringBuffer sb2 = new StringBuffer(sb1);

=>This syntax is used to interlink two StringBuffer objects, which means Object-sb2 is holding the reference of Object-sb1.

=>The default capacity of sb2 is equal to sum of "16 + length of String available in sb1".

Diagram:



Ex: DemoBuffer4.java

```
package maccess;
public class DemoBuffer4 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        StringBuffer sb1 = new StringBuffer("NIT");
        StringBuffer sb2 = new StringBuffer(sb1);
```

```
System.out.println("====Details of Buffer(sb2)====");
       System.out.println("data : "+sb2.toString());
       System.out.println("default capacity : "+sb2.capacity());
       System.out.println("length : "+sb2.length());
     }
}
o/p:
====Details of Buffer(sb2)====
data: NIT
default capacity: 19
length: 3
______
Assigment-1:(Solution)
wap to check the given String is palindrome String or not, using
pre-defined method?
DemoString11.java
package maccess;
import java.util.*;
public class DemoString11 {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
       Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.println("Enter the String:");
       String str1 = s.nextLine();
       StringBuffer sb = new StringBuffer(str1);
       sb.reverse();
       String str2 = new String(sb);
       if(str1.equals(str2)) {
        System.out.println("Palindrome String...");
       }else {
        System.out.println("Not-Palindrome String...");
       s.close();
     }
```

```
}
o/p:
Enter the String:
program
Not-Palindrome String...
______
Assignment-2:
wap to read a String and separate as follows:
buffer1 : vowels
buffer2: Consonents
buffer3: Numbers
buffer4: others
DemoString12.java
package maccess;
import java.util.*;
public class DemoString12 {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
        StringBuffer sb1 = new StringBuffer();
        StringBuffer sb2 = new StringBuffer();
        StringBuffer sb3 = new StringBuffer();
        StringBuffer sb4 = new StringBuffer();
        System.out.println("Enter the String:");
        String str = s.nextLine();
        int len = str.length();
        for(int i=0;i<=len-1;i++)</pre>
        {
          char ch = str.charAt(i);
```

```
int k = (int)ch;
          if((k>=65 && k<=90) || (k>=97 && k<=122))
                switch(ch)
                {
                case 'a':
                case 'A':
                case 'e':
                case 'E':
                case 'i':
                case 'I':
                case 'o':
                case '0':
                case 'u':
                case 'U': sb1.append(ch+" ");
                break;
                default : sb2.append(ch+"
                }//end of switch
          else if (k>=48 && k<=57)
           {
                sb3.append(ch+"
           }
          else
           {
                sb4.append(ch
        }//end of loop
        System.out.println("===details=====");
        System.out.println("Vowels
                                       : "+sb1.toString());
        System.out.println("Consonets : "+sb2.toString());
        System.out.println("Number
                                       : "+sb3.toString());
        System.out.println("Others
                                       : "+sb4.toString());
        s.close();
o/p:
Enter the String:
java18 by 2022 99% LTS product
====details=====
```

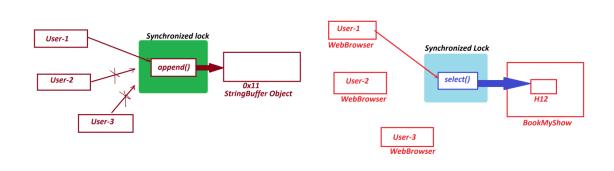
Consonets: j v b y L T S p r d c t Number : 18202299 Others : % Note: =>StringBuffer class is 'synchronized class' faq: define synchronized class? =>The class which is holding synchronized methods is known as Synchronized class. faq: define synchronized methods? =>The methods which are declared with 'synchronized' keyword are known as synchronized methods. faq: wt is the advantage of synchronized methods? =>These synchronized methods will be under the lock and the methods are used by one user at-a-time.

Vowels: a a o u

Note:

=>StringBuffer is a thread-safe class and used in Server application development.

Diagram:



3. java. lang. String Builder class::

=>The Objects generated from 'StringBuilder' class are also Mutable objects.

=>The following are the constructors from StringBuilder:

public java.lang.StringBuilder();

public java.lang.StringBuilder(int);

public java.lang.StringBuilder(java.lang.String);

public java.lang.StringBuilder(java.lang.CharSequence);

- =>StringBuilder having the same behaviour like StringBuffer.
- =>StringBuilder is Non-synchronized class.

faq: define Non-synchronized class? =>The class which is holding Non-Synchronized methods is known as Non-Synchronized class. =>This StringBuilder class is used for StandAlone applications.