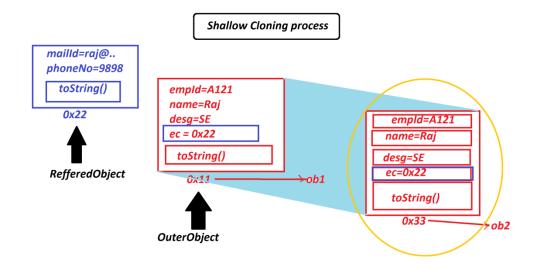
```
Dt: 24/11/2022
Ex-program: Demonstrating "Deep Cloning Process".
EmpContact.java
package test;
public class EmpContact extends Object implements Cloneable{
    public String mailId;
    public long phoneNo;
    @Override
    public String toString() {
     return "MailId:"+mailId+"\nPhoneNo:"+phoneNo;
    public Object startCloning() {
      Object o = null;
      try {
      o = super.clone();
      }catch(Exception e) {e.printStackTrace();
      return o;
    }
}
Employee.java
package test;
public class Employee extends Object implements Cloneable {
     public String empId, name, desg;
     public EmpContact ec = new EmpContact();
     @Override
     public String toString() {
      return "EmpId:"+empId+"\nEmpName:"+name+"\nEmpDesg:"+desq;
     public Object startCloning() {
      Employee e = null;
      try {
      e = (Employee) super.clone();
      e.ec = (EmpContact)e.ec.startCloning();
      }catch(Exception ex) {ex.printStackTrace();}
      return e;
```

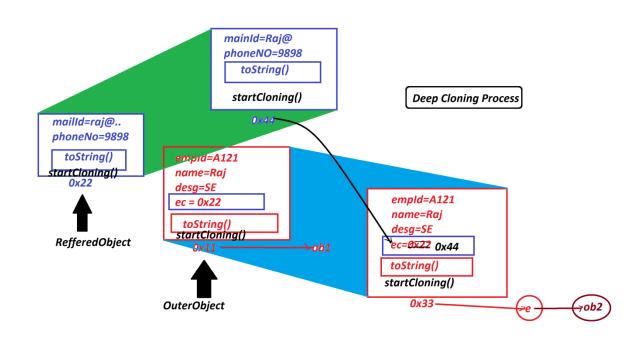
}

```
package maccess;
import test.*;
import java.util.*;
public class DemoObject2 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
             //Original Object
   Employee ob1 = new Employee();
   System.out.println("Enter the empld:");
   ob1.empId = s.nextLine();
   System.out.println("Enter the empName:");
   ob1.name=s.nextLine();
   System.out.println("Enter the empDesg:");
   ob1.desg=s.nextLine();
   System.out.println("Enter the MailId:");
   ob1.ec.mailId=s.nextLine();
   System.out.println("Enter the PhoneNo:");
   ob1.ec.phoneNo = s.nextLong();
   System.out.println("*******Original Object********");
   System.out.println("====Display data from Objects====");
   System.out.println(ob1);
   System.out.println(ob1.ec);
   System.out.println("====hashCodes===");
   System.out.println("hashCode of Employee Object: "+ob1.hashCode());
```

```
System.out.println("hashCode of EmpContact Object: "+ob1.ec.hashCode());
    //Cloned Object or Duplicate Object
   Employee ob2 = (Employee)ob1.startCloning();
   System.out.println("*******Cloned Object********");
   System.out.println("====Display data from Objects====");
   System.out.println(ob2);
   System.out.println(ob2.ec);
   System.out.println("====hashCodes===");
   System.out.println("hashCode of Employee Object: "+ob2.hashCode());
   System.out.println("hashCode of EmpContact Object: "+ob2.ec.hashCode());
   s.close();
}
o/p:
Enter the empld:
A222
Enter the empName:
Ram
Enter the empDesg:
ΤE
Enter the MailId:
ram@gmail.com
Enter the PhoneNo:
7878787812
```

```
********Original Object******
====Display data from Objects====
Empld:A222
EmpName:Ram
EmpDesg:TE
MailId:ram@gmail.com
PhoneNo:7878787812
====hashCodes===
hashCode of Employee Object: 2074407503
hashCode of EmpContact Object: 999966131
*********Cloned Object*******
====Display data from Objects====
Empld:A222
EmpName:Ram
EmpDesg:TE
MailId:ram@gmail.com
PhoneNo:7878787812
====hashCodes===
hashCode of Employee Object: 1989780873
hashCode of EmpContact Object: 1480010240
diagram:
```





Note:

=>In the process of performing Deep Cloning process the reffered classes also

must be implemented from "java.lang.Cloneable" interface and the classes must be
declared with User defined Object return_type method.
define "Cloneable"?
=>"Cloneable" is an empty interface from java.lang package and specify the
Cloning process.
=>This "Cloneable" interface also known as "Marker Interface" or Tagging
Interface.
Note:
=>Cloning process cannot be perfomed without implementing from "Cloneable"
interface.
Advantage of Cloning process:
=>Part of protection and Security,Cloning process is used to take the backup of
an objects.
Note:
=>All Collection <e> and Map<k,v> objects are Serializable and Cloneable Objects,</k,v></e>
except PriorityQueue <e>,which means PriorityQueue<e> object is Serializable but</e></e>
Cloneable.
4.equals():
=>equals() method will compare two objects and generate boolean result.

5.wait()
6.notify()
7.notifyAll():
=>These three methods are used to establish communication b/w threads.
8.getClass():
=>getClass() method is used to display the class name of an object.
9.finalize():
=>finalize() method will check the object is eligible for garbage collection
process or not
faq:
define Garbage Collection Process?
=>The process of identifying anonymous objects and destroying is known as
Garbage Collection process.
=>The objects which are created without name are known as Anonymous Objects.
=>This garbage Collection Process is performed by ExecutionEngine using
predefined method "gc()".
=>This gc() method is part of ExecutionEngine and executes contineously like
Daemon thread.
Behaviour of gc() method:

=>gc() will identify all anonymous objects and call finalize() to check the objects are eligible for Garbage Collection or not, then thay are destroyed.

```
Note:
=>This gc() method available from "Runtime" class and "System" class.
Ex:
Display.java
package test;
public class Display {
      public void m2() {
       System.out.println("==
       new Test().m1();
Test.java
package test;
public class Test {
     public void m1() {
      System.out.println("=
DemoObject3.java
package maccess;
import test.*;
public class DemoObject3 {
     public static void main(String[] args) {
         new Display().m2();
}
```

