

**Dt : 7/11/2022**

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**PolyMorphism in Java:**

**=>The process in which programming component having more than one form is known as PolyMorphism.**

**Poly - Many**

**Morphism - Forms**

**=>PolyMorphism is categorized into two types:**

**1.Dynamic PolyMorphism**

**2.Static PolyMorphism**

**1.Dynamic PolyMorphism:**

**=>The polyMorphism at execution stage is known as Dynamic PolyMorphism or Runtime PolyMorphism.**

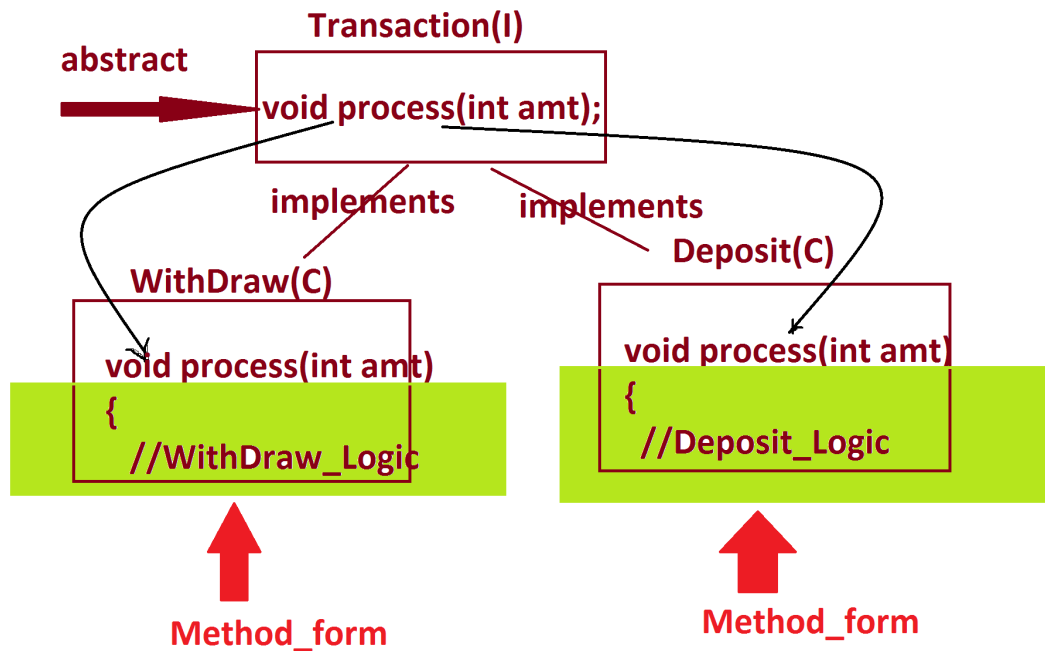
**Ex:**

**Method Overriding process**

**Note:**

**=>Through Method Overriding process we can have more than one form to a method at execution stage,because of this reason Method Overriding process comes under Dynamic PolyMorphism or Runtime PolyMorphism.**

**Diagram:**



## 2.Static PolyMorphism:

=>The PolyMorphism at compilation stage is known as static PolyMorphism or Compiletime PolyMorphism

Ex:

Method Overloading process

Note:

=>Through Method Overloading process we can construct same method with different forms by changing para\_list or para\_type, and these forms are identified by the compiler at compilation stage, because of this reason Method Overloading process comes under Static PolyMorphism or Compiletime PolyMorphism.

Ex:

**public class Addition**

**{**

**public void add(int x,int y) {}**

**public void add(int x,int y,int z) {}**

**public void add(int x,float y) {}**

**}**

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**=>Compiler at compilation stage will control the following keywords:**

**1.static**

**2.private**

**3.final**

**1.static:**

**=>The following are the static programming components:**

**(a)static Variables**

**(b)static Methods**

**(c)Static Blocks**

**(d)Static classes**

**(e)Static Interfaces**

**(f)Static Abstract Classes**

**=>There is no concept of static constructors in Java.**

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## ***2.private:***

***=>The following are the private programming components:***

***(a)private variables***

***(b)private methods***

***(c)private constructors***

***(d)private Classes***

***=>There is no concept of private blocks,private Interfaces and private abstract classes.***

### ***(a)private variables:***

***=>The variables which are declared with "private" keyword are known as private variables.***

### ***Coding rule:***

***=>private variables are accessed by the NonPrivate methods of same class,which means private variables are available to the methods declared inside the same class.***

### ***Note:***

***=>In realtime private variables are used in Bean classes and POJO classes.(POJO - Plain Old Java Object)***

### ***(b)private methods:***

=>The methods which are declared with private keyword are known as private methods.

**Coding rule:**

=>These private methods are executed using NonPrivate methods of same class.

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**(c)private constructors:**

=>The constructor which is declared with "private" keyword is known as private constructor.

**Coding Rule:**

=>Private constructor is executed when the object is created inside the same class where private Constructor is available, which means private constructor will restrict the object creation from externally.

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**Note:**

=>Using private constructors we can construct "Singleton classes".

**faq:**

**define Singleton classes?**

=>The classes which generate only one object are known as "Singleton classes"

***faq:***

***define "Singleton class design pattern"?***

***=>The process of constructing Singleton classes using the following components is known as "Singleton class design Pattern".***

***(i)private static reference variable***

***(ii)private Constructor***

***(iii)static method***

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