

Dt : 6/11/2022(Sunday)

IO Streams and Files in Java:

IO Streams and Files in Java:

define Stream?

=>The contineous flow of data is known as Stream.

Types of streams in Java:

=>Streams in Java are categorized into two types:

1.Character Stream

2.Byte Stream

1.Character Stream:

=>The contineous flow of data in the form of 16-bits is known as Character Stream.

2.Byte Stream:

=>The contineous flow of data in the form of 8-bits is known as Byte Stream or Binary Stream.

define InputStream?

=>The Stream which is coming into Java application is known as InputStream

define OutputStream?

=>The Stream which is going out of Java application is known as OutputStream

Diagram:

define File Storage?

=>The smallest permanent Storage of Computer System which is controlled and managed by the OperatingSystem is known as File Storage.

Note:

=>when we want to establish communication b/w JavaProgram and File Storage, the JavaProgram must be constructed using Classes and Interfaces available from "java.io" package.

Diagram:

=====

****imp***

Classes related to Byte Stream:

(1)OutputStream:

(a)FileOutputStream

(b)ObjectOutputStream

(c)ByteArrayOutputStream

(d)PipedOutputStream

(e)FilteredOutputStream

(i)DataOutputStream

(ii)BufferedOutputStream

(iii)PrintStream

(2)InputStream:

(a)FileInputStream

(b)ObjectInputStream

(c)ByteArrayInputStream

(d)PipedInputStream

(e)FilteredInputStream

(i)DataInputStream

(ii)BufferedInputStream

(iii)PushBackInputStream

=====

Ex-program:

***wap to copy the file from one loaction(Source) to another
location(destination)?***

Source path : C:\Images\Screenshot (1).png

Destination path : D:\Images\XYZ.png

Program : DemoFile1.java

package maccess;

import java.io.*;

```
import java.util.*;

public class DemoFile1 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);

        try(s;)
        {
            try
            {
                System.out.println("Enter fpath&fname:(Source)");

                String path1 = s.nextLine();

                FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream(path1);//Con_Call

                System.out.println("Enter fPath&fName:(Destination)");

                String path2 = s.nextLine();

                FileOutputStream fos = new FileOutputStream(path2);

                int z;

                while((z=fis.read())!=-1)
                {
                    fos.write(z);
                }//end of loop

                System.out.println("File copied Successfully...");

                fos.close();

                fis.close();

            }//end of try

            catch(Exception e)
```

```
{  
    e.printStackTrace();  
}  
}  
}  
}
```

o/p:

Enter fpath&fname:(Source)

C:\Images\Screenshot (1).png

Enter fPath&fName:(Destination)

D:\Images\XYZ.png

File copied Successfully...

=====

Define FileInputStream?

=>FileInputStream class will find the file and opens the file to read

byte stream data.

syntax:

FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream(path);

Define FileOutputStream?

=>FileOutputStream class will create a new file and opens the file to

write byte stream data.

syntax:

FileOutputStream fos = new FileOutputStream(path);

=====

****imp***

Object Stream:

=>when we want to store Object onto file Storage or Database Storage or Network,the Object must be available in the form Stream.(Byte Stream)

define Serialization process?

=>The process of converting Object into Stream is known as Serialization process.

=>we use writeObject() method from "java.io.ObjectOutputStream" class to perform Serialization process.

syntax:

ObjectOutputStream oos = new ObjectOutputStream(fos);

oos.writeObject(obj_name);

define DeSerialization process?

=>The process of converting Stream into Object is known as DeSerialization process.

=>we use readObject() method from "java.io.ObjectInputStream" class to perform DeSerialization process.

syntax:

```
ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(fis);
```

```
Object o = ois.readObject();
```

Note:

=>To Perform Serialization and DeSerialization process,the class must be implemented from "java.io.Serializable" interface.

=>"java.io.Serializable" interface is empty interface and which is also known as Marker interface or Tagging interface.

Ex-program:

TransLog.java

```
package test;
```

```
import java.io.Serializable;
```

```
import java.util.Date;
```

```
//Immutable Class
```

```
@SuppressWarnings("serial")
```

```
public final class TransLog implements Serializable
```

```
{
```

```
    private final long hAccNo,bAccNo;
```

```
    private final double amt;
```

```
    private final Date dateTime;
```

```
    public TransLog(long hAccNo,long bAccNo,double amt,Date dateTime)
```

```
{  
  
    this.hAccNo=hAccNo;  
  
    this.bAccNo=bAccNo;  
  
    this.amt=amt;  
  
    this.dateTime=dateTime;  
  
}  
  
    public final long gethAccNo() {  
  
        return hAccNo;  
  
    }  
  
    public final long getbAccNo() {  
  
        return bAccNo;  
  
    }  
  
    public final double getAmt() {  
  
        return amt;  
  
    }  
  
    public final Date getDateTime() {  
  
        return dateTime;  
  
    }  
  
}
```

Serialization.java(MainClass)

package maccess;

import java.io.*;

import java.util.*;


```

import test.TransLog;

public class Serialization {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);

        try(s;)
        {
            try
            {

                System.out.println("Enter the hAccNo:(Home)");

                long hAccNo = s.nextLong();

                System.out.println("Enter the bAccNo:(benefeciery)");

                long bAccNo = s.nextLong();

                System.out.println("Enter the amt to be transferred:");

                double amt = s.nextDouble();

                TransLog ob1 = new TransLog(hAccNo,bAccNo,amt,new Date());

                //Immutable object

                String path = "D:\\Images\\Obj.txt";

                FileOutputStream fos = new FileOutputStream(path);

                ObjectOutputStream oos = new ObjectOutputStream(fos);

                oos.writeObject(ob1);//Serialization

                System.out.println("Object Stored in file Successfully...");

                oos.close();

                fos.close();

            }

        }

    }

}

```

```
        catch(Exception e)
        {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    } //end of try
}
}
```

o/p:

Enter the hAccNo:(Home)

6123456

Enter the bAccNo:(beneficiary)

313131

Enter the amt to be transferred:

6000

Object Stored in file Successfully...

DeSerialization.java(MainClass)

package maccess;

import java.io.*;

import test.TransLog;

public class DeSerialization {

public static void main(String[] args) {

try

{

```

String path = "D:\\Images\\Obj.txt";

FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream(path);

ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(fis);

TransLog ob2 = (TransLog)ois.readObject();//DeSerialization process

System.out.println("====Transaction details====");

System.out.println("HAccNo:"+ob2.getHAccNo());

System.out.println("BAccNo:"+ob2.getBAccNo());

System.out.println("Amt:"+ob2.getAmt());

System.out.println("DateTime:"+ob2.getDateTime());

ois.close();

fis.close();

} //end of try

catch(Exception e)

{

    e.printStackTrace();

}

}

```

o/p:

====Transaction details====

HAccNo:6123456

BAccNo:313131

Amt:6000.0

DateTime:Sun Nov 06 11:41:01 PST 2022

=====

Venkatesh Maipathii