Day 14

* The command line

Interact - Exchange information or send and receive
information

The command line is very powerful because it
allows developers to perform tasks quicker and with
enough experience, less exp~ potential for errors.

By learning a few commands we can perform
various tasks such as
- Creating directories
- Creating files
- Combining directories
- Copying and moving files
- Performing advanced searches.

Some basic commands :-
1) cd (change directory)
2) touch (makes new file)
3) mkdir (make new folder)

* Unix command

Helper command man - Man is short for manual
and when called a command it will display a detailed
manual of instruction for that command.

Flags - Flags are used to modify the behavior
of a command.

cd (change directory) - Used to move from different directories of the file system.

ls is used to show the contents of the current working directory.

pwd (print working directory) - Shows the full path of the current working directory.

cp (copy) - Copies files or folders from one destinat^n to another.

mv (move) - Moves files from one directory to another