

Forms and validation-

Form validation - Ensures the data is valid and conforms to defined rules

Two methods of form validation

1) Client-side validation

2) Server side validation

1) Client-side validation - Starts by checking if a form has been filled out correctly.

If there are no errors, the form will be submitted to the server for processing.

- However if there are errors, an error message will alert the user of the invalid data and how to change it for successful submission.

2) Server side validation - Checks for errors after the data has been submitted to the web server.

- Server side validation is more secure because it prevents malicious users from tampering with our website's code and submitting invalid data to our server.

- When the form data is received by the web server the backend will validate the data before processing it

- Input type :-
- ① Button
 - ② Checkbox
 - ③ Radio
 - ④ Submit
 - ⑤ Text
 - ⑥ Password
 - ⑦ Date
 - ⑧ Datetime-local
 - ⑨ Email
 - ⑩ File
 - ⑪ Hidden
 - ⑫ Image
 - ⑬ Number
 - ⑭ Range
 - ⑮ Reset
 - ⑯ Search
 - ⑰ Time
 - ⑱ Tel
 - ⑲ Url
 - ⑳ Week
 - ㉑ Month

Interactive form elements -

- ① Required
- ② Maxlength
- ③ Minlength
- ④ min and max attribute
- ⑤ Multiple
- ⑥ Pattern

Submit -

Action and method - Form submission are essential part of the www. Nearly every website uses forms from buying item online to ordering food for delivery. When we click the login button on a website, it sends our username and password to a web server to log you into an account.

`<form>` `</form>`

The method attribute specifies which HTTP method is used to submit the form

GET or POST

`<form method = "get" >` `</form>`

`<form method = "post" >` `</form>`