5th-Nov

- conditional statements refers to execute the code based on the some conditions
- We have mainly three types
 - if
 - if else
 - if elif else

```
In [1]: print('hello good morning')
```

hello good morning

```
In [2]: # I want to say good morning
# if your name is pyhton
```

Syntax

• The space we need to maintain it is called as indentaion

```
In [2]: name = 'python' # here = means assigning inside the variable
name == 'python' # here == means condition checking
```

Out[2]: True

Note

Hello

- (=) single equal to means assigning inside the variable
- (==) double equal to means condition checking
 - when we check condition the output comes in the boolean
 - o ex:- True or False

```
In [3]: name != 'python'
Out[3]: False
```

```
In [4]: name = 'python'
        if name == 'python':
            print('Hello')
            a = 10
            b = 20
            print(a+b)
        # step-1: nmae = 'python'
        # step-2: if name == 'python' if 'python' == 'python' if true then run
        # step-3: print(hello)
        # step-4: a=10
        # step-5: b = 20
        # ste-6: a+b = 10+20 = 30
       Hello
       30
In [5]: if 100>10:
            print('Correct')
        print("Bye|")
       Correct
       Bye
```

if-else

- Whenever if condition falis automatically it goes to else part
- so else does not require any condition
- always maintain indentation for both if part and else part

```
In [6]: if 100>10:
             print("Correct condition")
         else:
             print("Wrong condition")
        Correct condition
 In [7]: if 100<10:
             print("Correct condition")
         else:
             print("Wrong condition")
        Wrong condition
In [10]: print(10)
         if 100<10:
             print("Correct condition")
             print("Wrong condition")
         print(20)
        10
```

```
file:///C:/Users/prash/Downloads/Python_no.08_Conditional_statements.html
```

print("Correct condition")

Wrong condition

if 100<10:

20

In [11]: print(10)

```
print("Okay")
print("Why?")
else:
    print("Wrong condition")
print(20)

Cell In[11], line 6
    else:
    ^
SyntaxError: invalid syntax
```

- dont write any thing inside the if and else part
- if and else always together

QUE:

```
In [12]: num1 = eval(input("Enter a num:"))
    num2 = eval(input("Enter a num:"))
    if num1 == num2:
        print("We are Won")
    else:
        print("We are lost")
```

We are lost

```
In [14]: import random
  num1 = random.randint(1,10)
  num2 = eval(input("Enter a num2:"))
  if num1 == num2:
      print("We are Won")
  else:
      print("We are lost")
```

We are lost

```
In [15]: import random
  num1 = random.randint(1,10)
  print(num1)
  num2 = eval(input("Enter a num2:"))
  if num1 == num2:
      print("We are Won")
  else:
      print("We are lost")
```

10 We are Won

QUE

```
In [19]: 5/2 # division
Out[19]: 2.5
In [20]: 5//2 # floor division
Out[20]: 2
```

```
In [21]: 5%2 # modulus operator

Out[21]: 1

In [23]: num = eval(input("Enter a number"))
    if num % 2==0:
        print(f"The given {num} is even")
    else:
        print(f"The given {num} is odd")
```

The given 5 is odd

QUE

```
In [26]:
    distance = eval(input('Enter a distance:'))
    if distance >= 25:
        print('what is the charges')
        d1 = distance-25
        charge = d1*15
        print(f'The charge you will pay is {charge}')
    else:
        print("Free ride")
```

what is the charges The charge you will pay is 15

• Que

```
In [27]: n1 = eval(input("Enter a num1: "))
    n2 = eval(input("Enter a num2: "))

if n1 > n2:
    print(f"The {n1} is greater number")
else:
    print(f"The {n2} is greater number")
```

The 45 is greater number

```
In [30]: import random
    n1 = random.randint(1,100)
    n2 = random.randint(1,100)
    if n1 > n2:
        print(f"The {n1} is greater number")
    else:
        print(f"The {n2} is greater number")
```

The 61 is greater number

• Que

```
In [32]: course_name = input("Enter a course name:")
   in_name = input("Enter a institute name:")
   if course_name == 'data science' and in_name == 'naresh it':
        print("We are good")
   else:
        print('Not good')
```

Not good

6th-nov

if-elif-else

- when we have two solutions based on one condition
- then we can go for if-else
- when we have 3 solutions based on two conditions
- then we go for if-elif-else
- if needs condition
- elif needs condition
- if and elif both are wrong then will get else output

```
In [ ]: two condition: if elif else
    three condition: if elif else
    four condition: if elif elif elif else
```

Que

```
In [35]: num = eval(input("enter a number"))
    if num == 1:
        print("one")
    elif num ==2:
        print("two")
    elif num ==3:
        print("three")
    else:
        print("enter a vaild number")
```

enter a vaild number

• Que

```
In [40]: percentage = eval(input("enter your percentage of marks"))
    if percentage >=75:
        print("A grade")
    elif percentage >=60:
        print("B grade")
    elif percentage >=45:
        print("C grade")
    elif percentage >=35:
        print("D grade")
    else:
        print("Fail")
```

C grade

```
In [43]: age = eval(input("enter age:"))
  if age >=100:
```

```
print("Unlucky guy")
elif age >=80:
    print("Super Senior citizen")
elif age >=60:
    print("Super senoir")
elif age >=40:
    print("Aged")
elif age >=25:
    print("MA")
elif age >=15:
    print("Young")
else:
    print("Kids")
```

Kids

Que

```
In [48]: dis = eval(input("ENter a distance:"))
         print('charge is 20 for morethan 100km')
         print('charge is 10 for morethan 50 to 100km')
         print('charge is 5 for morethan 25 to 50km')
         print('free ride for less than 25')
         if dis >=100:
             charge = 20
             total_c = dis*charge
             print(total_c)
         elif dis >=50:
             charge = 10
             total_c = dis*charge
             print(total_c)
         elif dis >=25:
             charge = 5
             total_c = dis*charge
             print(total_c)
         else:
             print("Free Ride")
        charge is 20 for morethan 100km
        charge is 10 for morethan 50 to 100km
        charge is 5 for morethan 25 to 50km
        free ride for less than 25
        550
In [55]: import time
         print("Enter 1 for addition")
         time.sleep(2)
```

```
In [55]: import time
    print("Enter 1 for addition")
    time.sleep(2)
    print("Enter 2 for substraction")
    time.sleep(2)
    print("Enter 3 for multipication")
    time.sleep(2)
    print("Enter 4 for division")

    operation = eval(input("enter number between 1 to 4"))
    if operation == 1:
        n1 = eval(input("enter num1"))
        n2 = eval(input("enter num2"))
        add = n1+n2
        print(f'the addition of {n1} and {n2} is {add}')
    elif operation == 2:
```

```
n1 = eval(input("enter num1"))
  n2 = eval(input("enter num2"))
  sub = n1-n2
  print(f'the substraction of {n1} and {n2} is {sub}')
elif operation == 3:
  n1 = eval(input("enter num1"))
  n2 = eval(input("enter num2"))
  mul = n1*n2
  print(f'the multiplication of {n1} and {n2} is {mul}')
elif operation == 4:
  n1 = eval(input("enter num1"))
  n2 = eval(input("enter num2"))
  div = n1/n2
  print(f'the division of {n1} and {n2} is {div}')
else:
  print("enter a vaild number")
```

Enter 1 for addition
Enter 2 for substraction
Enter 3 for multipication
Enter 4 for division
the division of 40 and 20 is 2.0

```
In [ ]: # nested if else
# try-except
# functions
# loops
```

nested if-else

• Que:- if elif else

```
In [5]: num = eval(input("Enter a number"))
    if num >0:
        print("positive number")
    elif num<0:
        print("negative number")
    else:
        print("zero")</pre>
```

zero

• Que:- nested if-else

```
In [9]: num = eval(input("enter a number"))
    if num >=0:
        if num ==0:
            print("zero")
        else:
            print("positive number")
    else:
        print("negative number")
```

negative number

• Que:-

```
In [12]: gender = input("enter a gender")
         if gender == 'male':
              age = eval(input("enter age"))
              if age >=60:
                  print("S.c.man")
              elif age >=30:
                  print("Middle aged man")
              elif age >=18:
                  print("Young Man")
              else:
                  print("Boy")
         elif gender == 'female':
              age = eval(input("enter age"))
              if age >=60:
                  print("S.c.woman")
              elif age >=30:
                  print("Middle aged woman")
              elif age >=18:
                  print("Young girl")
              else:
                  print("girl")
         else:
              print("enter a valid gender")
```

S.c.woman

```
In [13]:
    gender = input("enter a gender")
    if gender == 'male':
        age = eval(input("enter age"))
        if age >=60:print("S.c.man")
        elif age >=30:print("Middle aged man")
        elif age >=18:print("Young Man")
        else:print("Boy")
    elif gender == 'female':
        age = eval(input("enter age"))
        if age >=60:print("S.c.woman")
        elif age >=30:print("Middle aged woman")
        elif age >=18:print("Young girl")
        else:print("girl")
    else:print("enter a valid gender")
```

Young Man

• Que

```
In [14]:    num1 = eval(input("enter a number"))
    num2 = eval(input("enter a number"))
    num3 = eval(input("enter a number"))

if num1 > num2 and num1 > num3:
        print(f"the biggest number is {num1}")
    elif num2 > num3:
        print(f"the biggest number is {num2}")
    else:
        print(f"the biggest number is {num3}")
```

the biggest number is 70

```
In [22]: num1 = eval(input("enter a number"))
    num2 = eval(input("enter a number"))
    num3 = eval(input("enter a number"))

if num1 > num2:
    if num1>num3:
        print(f"the biggest number is {num1}")
    else:
        print(f"the biggest number is {num3}")

elif num2>num3:
    print(f"the biggest number is {num2}")

else:
    print(f"the biggest number is {num2}")
```

the biggest number is 1

In []:	
In []:	
In []:	