



# Lecture 3

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## Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS)



# \* as a Service



- Expose a level of capability as a “service”



IaaS

Infrastructure-as-a-Service

host



PaaS

Platform-as-a-Service

build



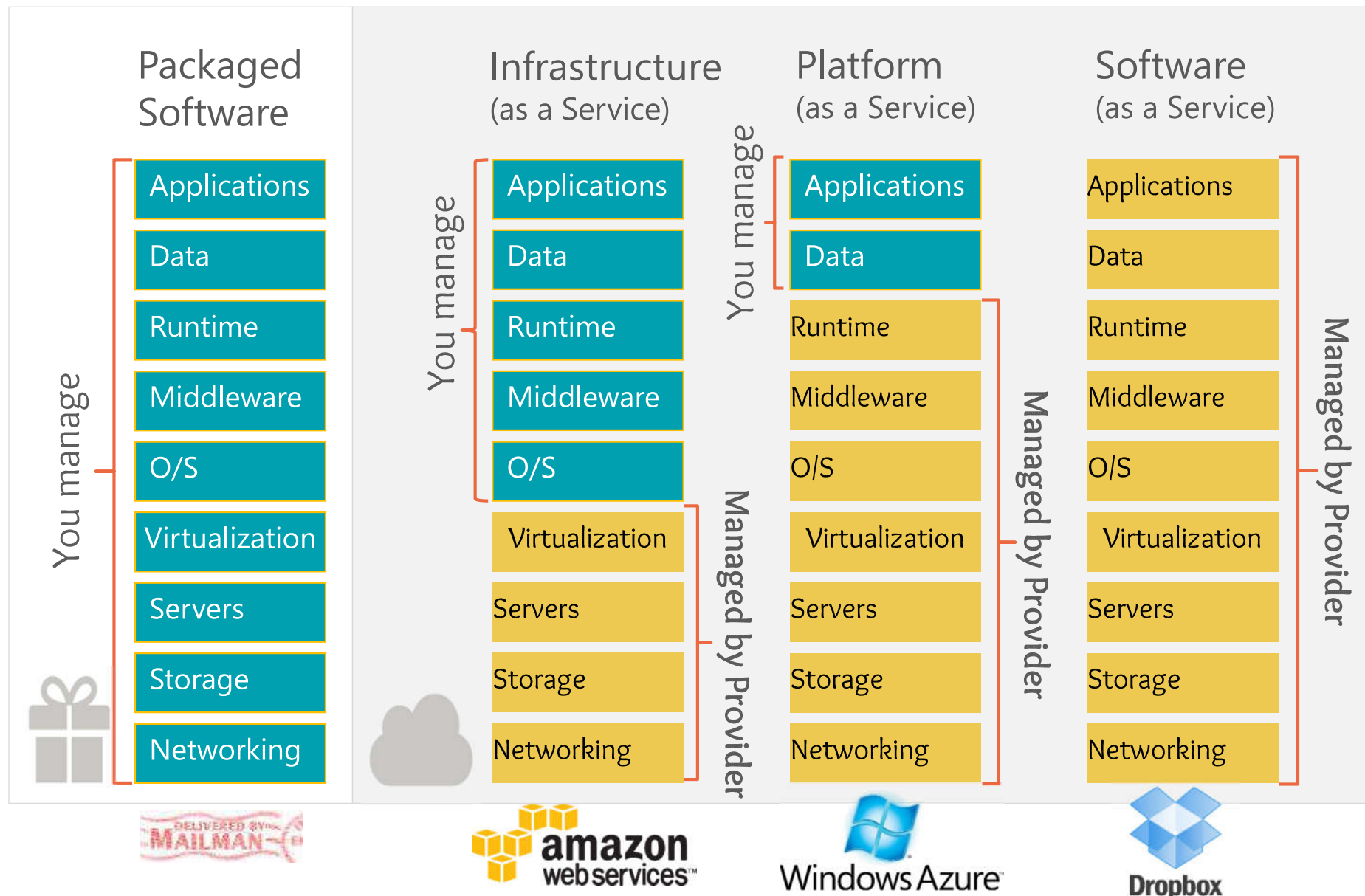
SaaS

Software-as-a-Service

consume



# \* as a Service



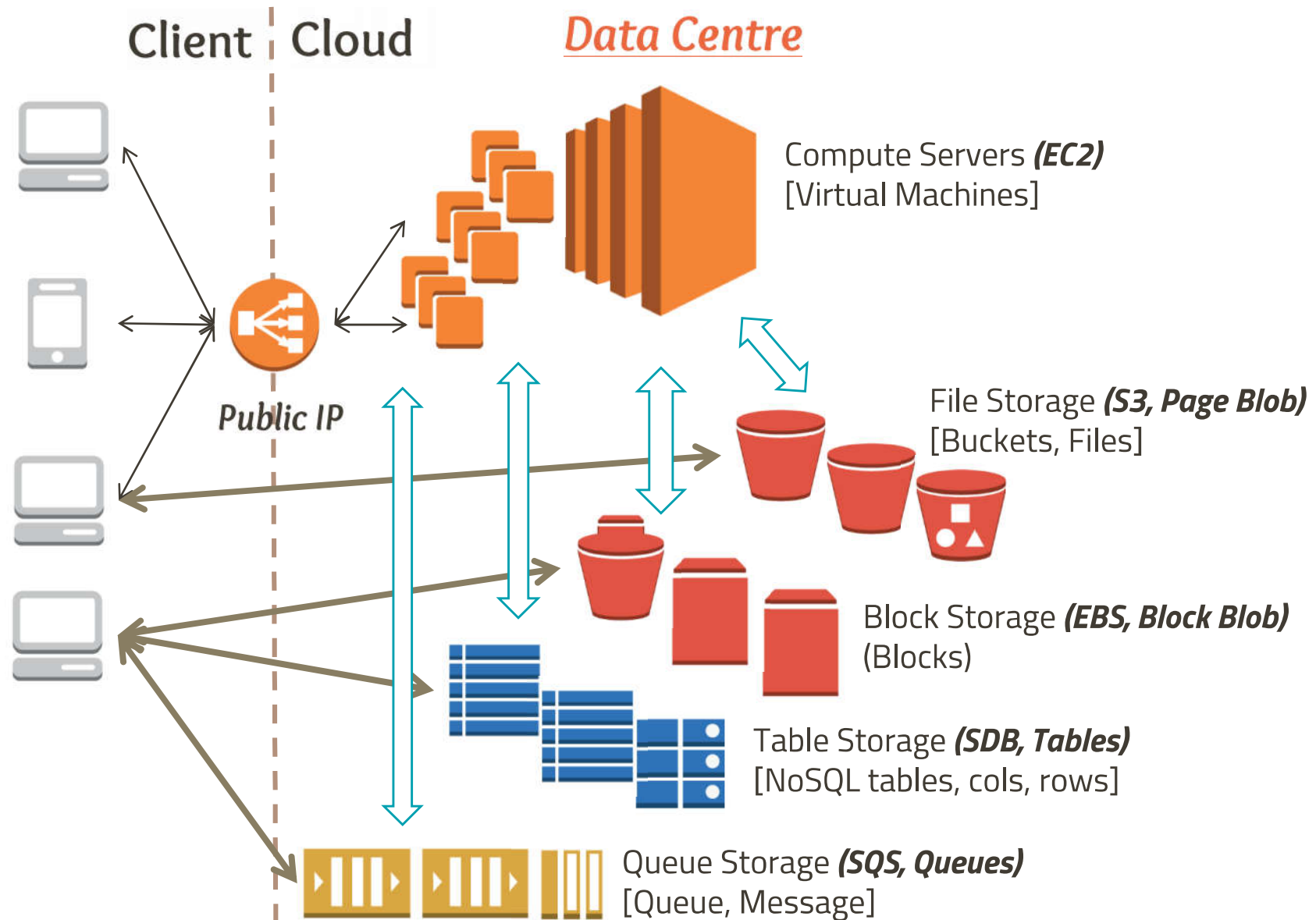


# Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS)

- *What services are provided?*
- Offers service-driven access to compute & storage
- Hides (abstracts) the actual hardware
  - Virtualization
  - Web service (rather than POSIX/file sys) API
- Incremental units of compute/storage
  - Pay for atomic units of use

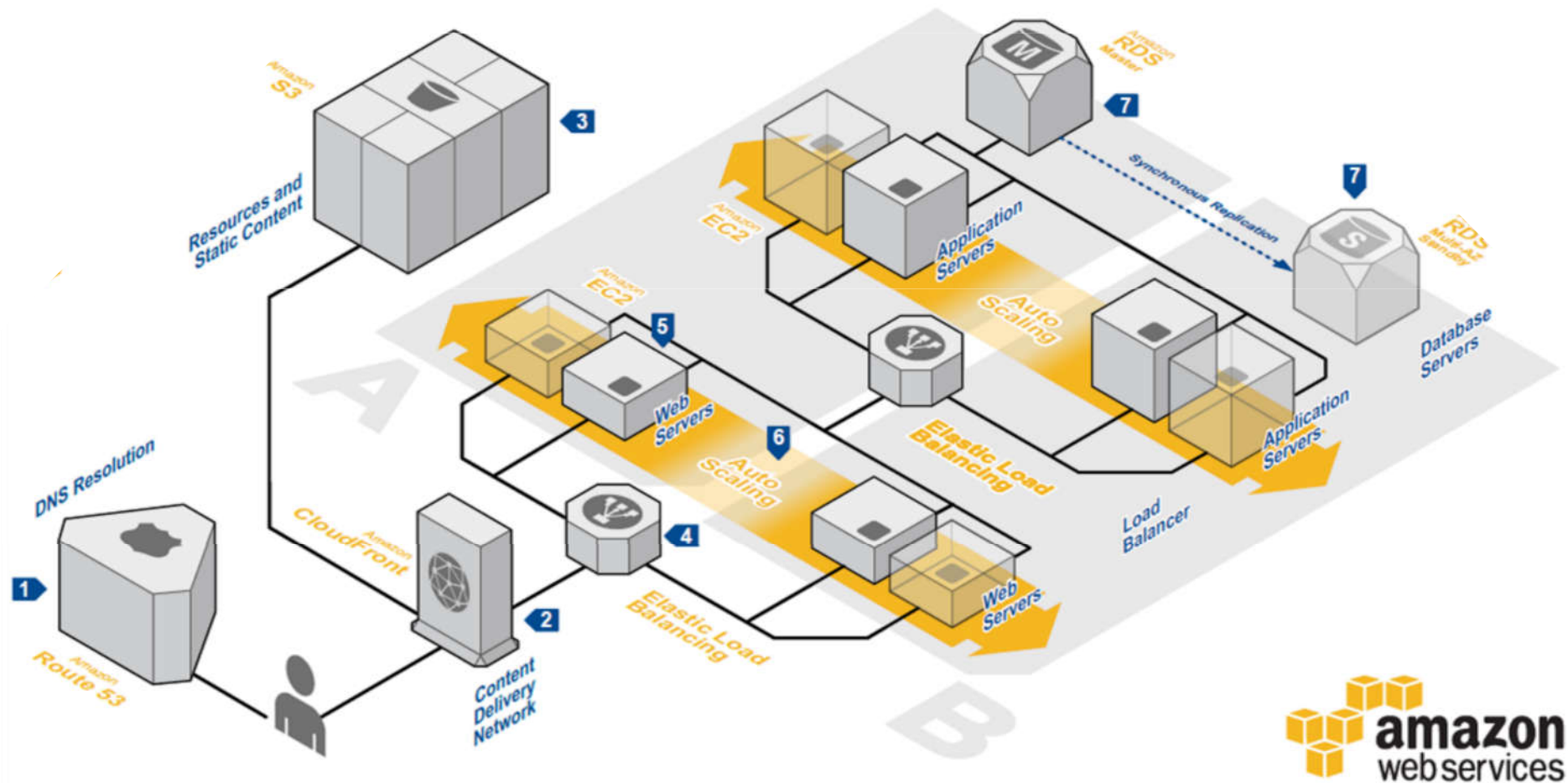


# IaaS Typical Architecture





# IaaS In Action



AWS Reference Architectures: Web Application Hosting  
<http://aws.amazon.com/architecture/>



# IaaS Roots

- Data centres
  - Economies of Scale, Commodity Hardware
  - Consolidate Power, Network, Cooling
- Enabling technologies
  - Internet Everywhere!
  - Virtualization
  - Service oriented architecture
- *Working Business Model!*





# Say you have a house to rent...



- What does the tenant want?
  - An independent house 😊
- What can you give?





# What does a tenant look for?

- Is it affordable?



- Is there enough space?



- Is it safe from outsiders?
  - Is it safe from other tenants? Locks, shades, ..



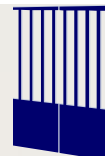
- Will I not be disturbed by tenants?



- Is power billed separately?



- Can I get a separate main entrance?
  - Or at least make sure I don't have to fight crowds?



- Do I have to share the verandah!!?





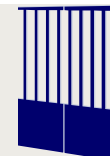
# Say you have a computer to rent...

- What does the “tenant” want?
  - Their own computer 😊
- What can you give?
  - And how?



# What does a tenant look for?

- Is it affordable to rent?
- Is there enough CPU/memory?
- Is it safe from the N/W?
  - Is it safe from other users? Mem/Code Leaks.
- Will their application use affect me?
- Can I pay for what I use?
- Can I get my own N/W connection?
  - Or at least have a reserved bandwidth?
- What do you mean I share the disk!!?





# Centrality comes a full circle

- Mainframes -> Personal Computers -> Independent Servers -> Enterprise Servers -> Data Centres
- Data centres
  - Consolidate hardware, infrastructure, energy usage
  - Ease management, automation, physical security
  - Allow transparent HW improvements
- Started as enterprise-scale data centres...



# 5min Peer Discussion

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*To Cloud or not to Cloud?*



# Why IaaS Clouds?

- Elastic, On-demand
- “Infinite” resources
- Pay-as-you-go, Low TCO
- Auto upgrade infrastructure
- Ease of Management, Out sourced!
- Availability, Reliability...
- Geo-distribution, Redundancy...
  - “Location” of the house
- *Cool kid!*

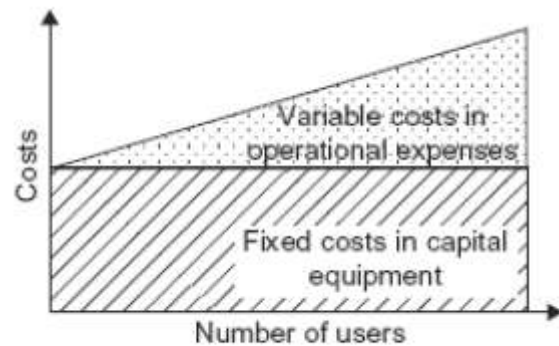




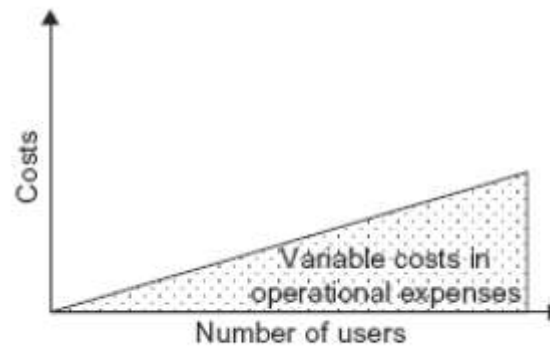
# Why IaaS Clouds?

$$UserHours_{cloud} \times (revenue - Cost_{cloud}) \geq UserHours_{DataCentre} \times \left( revenue - \frac{Cost_{DataCentre}}{Utilization} \right)$$

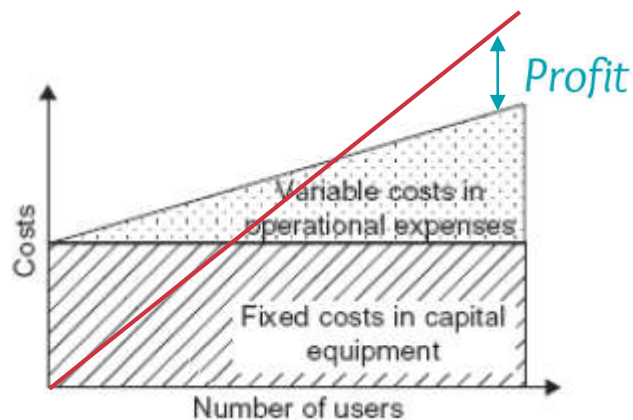
Cloud User Perspective



(a) Traditional IT cost model



(b) Cloud computing cost model



Cloud Provider Perspective

$$UserHours_{Billed} \times CostPerVM \geq \frac{Cost_{DataCentre}}{Utilization}$$

Textbook, Fig 4.3



## Why NOT IaaS? *(That's what the CTO said...)*

- Security, Intellectual Property, Lock in
- Data movement, close to few customers
  - “Location” of the house
- Full control of software stack, licencing, legacy code
- High performance, Custom hardware, Fast networks, QoS...*not part of the 99%*
- Costs: 24x7 high/constant utilization, core competence
- *Luddite!*



# How does this all relate to Cloud Computing?

- Rent out spare capacity in Enterprise Data Centres
  - Amazon AWS, etc.
- Build Data Centres where HW can be outsourced
  - Rackspace, etc.
- Grow & Shrink, on-demand



# A Colony to rent

