For Part1: EER for Given Database

No. of Entities:

- · USER ACCOUNTS
- · USER\_ROLES
- PRIVILEGES
- · ACCOUNT\_PRIVELEGES
- · RELATION\_PRIVELEGES
- . TABLES

There was no key assumption made by us. Except for the attributes of the entities privileges, account\_privileges and relation\_privileges.

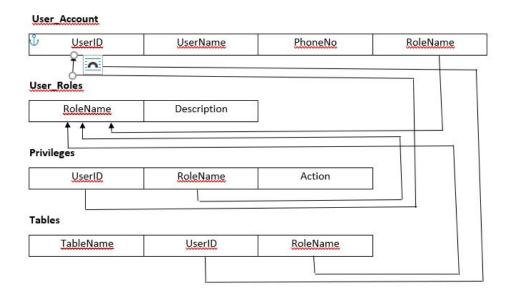
Since account\_privileges and relation\_privileges are sub entities of privileges and as mentioned in the assumption points- each privilege belongs to only one of the two types – we draw double lines for total participation and 'd' to represent disjoint considering all the members in privileges participate in any one of the sub entities(only one).

We have also shown binary and ternary relationships mentioned in the assumptions.

Multiplicity is also drawn in the above diagram, below is the explanation of each:

- 1:M between User Account entity and Privileges entity
- M:1 between User\_Account entity and User\_Roles entity.
- 1:M between User Account entity and Tables entity
- M:1 between Account\_Privileges entity and User\_Roles entity.
- 1:M between User\_Roles entity, Tables entity and Relation\_Privileges entity

## Part 2: Relational Schema



We have added an Action attribute to Privileges, which will include SelectPrivileges, UpdatePrivileges, deletePrivileges, CreatePrivileges, etc.

## **CREATE** statements:

```
CREATE TABLE USER ACCOUNTS (
     UserID int NOT NULL UNIQUE,
     UserName varchar(255) NOT NULL,
     PhoneNo int NOT NULL UNIQUE,
     RoleName varchar(255) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
     PRIMARY KEY(User ID)
     FOREIGN KEY (RoleName) REFERENCES USER ROLES(RoleName));
CREATE TABLE USER ROLES (
     RoleName varchar(255) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
     Description varchar(255) NOT NULL,
     PRIMARY KEY(Role Name));
CREATE TABLE PRIVILIGES(
     UserID int NOT NULL UNIQUE,
     Select priviliges varchar(10),
     update_previliges varchar(10),
     delete previliges varchar(10),
     create previliges varchar(10),
     RoleName varchar(255) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
     FOREIGN KEY (UserID) REFERENCES USER ACCOUNTS(UserID),
     FOREIGN KEY (RoleName) REFERENCES USER ROLES(RoleName));
```

## CREATE TABLE Tables (

TableName varchar(255)NOT NULL UNIQUE,

RoleName varchar(255) NOT NULL UNIQUE,

UserID int NOT NULL UNIQUE,

FOREIGN KEY (UserID) REFERENCES USER\_ACCOUNTS(UserID),

FOREIGN KEY (RoleName) REFERENCES USER\_ROLES(RoleName));