Understanding the Parts of a Sentence

English Parts of a Sentence

Subject | Predicate | Direct Object | Indirect Object Object of the Preposition | Transitive Verbs and Intransitive Verbs

Linking Verbs | Complements | Exercises

Transitive Verbs and Intransitive Verbs

Not every verb takes a direct object.

The direct object completes the meaning of the verb, but not every verb needs completion.

For example:

I built last year.

This sentence feels incomplete. Something is missing.

What did I build?

To complete the idea I should add a direct object: "I built a house last year."

Now the idea is complete.

An opposite example:

I ran yesterday.

This sentence is completely fine just like that, right? The idea is complete, and the verb doesn't require a direct object.

Definitions:

Verbs that <u>take direct objects</u> are called **transitive verbs**.

The meaning of a transitive verb is **incomplete** without a direct object.

"She is drinking a glass of water."

Verbs that <u>don't take direct objects</u> are called **intransitive verbs**.

The meaning of an intransitive verb is **complete** by its own.

"She is standing."

The word **transitive** comes from the Latin "to go across."

Intransitive means not transitive.

Examples of transitive verbs (the transitive verb is green and bold, the direct object is red):

Could you bring an umbrella?

They **bought** a yacht.

I **read** all his books.

He teaches driving.

You **promised** to take us home.

She plays the drums.

Examples of intransitive verbs (the intransitive verb is green and bold):

Let's go.

The kids are jumping.

Sam is sleeping.

We will talk tomorrow.

He sits here.

Her stomach aches sometimes after lunch.

Many English verbs can be used BOTH as <u>transitive</u> and <u>intransitive</u> verbs.

Now, what does that mean?

It means that you can use them with a direct object, or without, depending on the sentence.

For example:

We won!

We won the game!

Both of these sentences are correct. The verb "won" is <u>intransitive</u> in the first sentence, and <u>transitive</u> in the second one.

Some more examples (transitive verbs are green, intransitive verbs are red):

Nicole opened the door. Suddenly, the doors opened. Will you help us? She never helps around the house. Jimmy runs a successful company. Jimmy runs very fast.

Linking Verbs

A **linking verb** is a verb that CONNECTS the subject with an adjective or a noun that identifies or describes it.

"She seems very pleased."



Examples of linking verbs:

Be

Become

Turn

Example sentences:

I <u>am</u> a singer.

(**Am** connects the subject *I* with the noun *singer*. The noun *singer* tells the <u>identity</u> of the subject *I*.)

He is Jack.

(*Is* connects the subject *he* with the noun *Jack*. The noun *Jack* tells the <u>identity</u> of the subject *he*.)

She <u>became</u> angry.

(**Became** connects the subject *she* with the adjective *angry*.

The adjective angry describes the subject she.)

Amy <u>turned</u> red.

(*Turned* connects the subject *Amy* with the adjective *red*.

The adjective *red* describes the subject *Amy*.)

Some more examples (the linking verb is in bold):

I am Beth.

You are a teacher.

He **is** a good cook.

He became a successful businessman.

Lisa seems more tired than usual.

You don't **look** so surprised.

Dinner smells wonderful!

Important:

Many linking verbs can also be used as action verbs.

Examples:

```
You <u>look</u> terrible. (Look = linking verb)

<u>Look</u> at me. (Look = action verb)

<u>These cookies taste</u> strange. (Taste = linking verb)

He will not <u>taste</u> the cake. (Taste = action verb)
```

Now that you know about transitive, intransitive, and linking verbs, it is time to practice! Follow the links below and take the quizzes. Send screenshots of your successful score of at least 70% to your respective TL's email.

Linking verbs:

http://www.proprofs.com/quiz-school/story.php?title=linkingverbs 2

http://www.myenglishpages.com/site_php_files/grammarexercise-linking-verbs.php#.VJEi1clGRqE

Transitive / Intransitive verbs:

http://www.learnenglishfeelgood.com/transitive-intransitive-verbs1.html

http://www.learnenglishfeelgood.com/transitive-intransitive-verbs2.html

http://www.quia.com/quiz/653869.html

THE END!



Resource used for this material: Really-Learn-English.com. 2010-2014