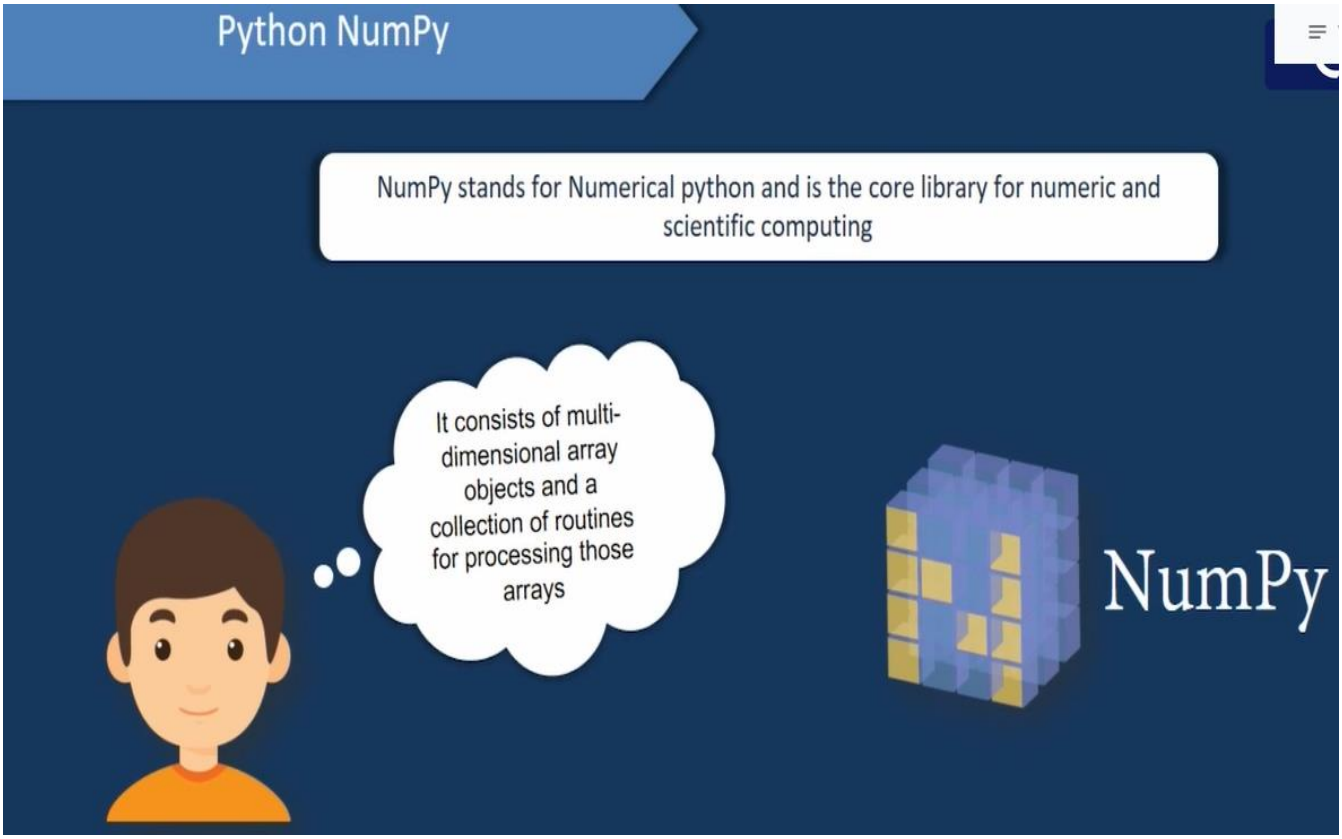
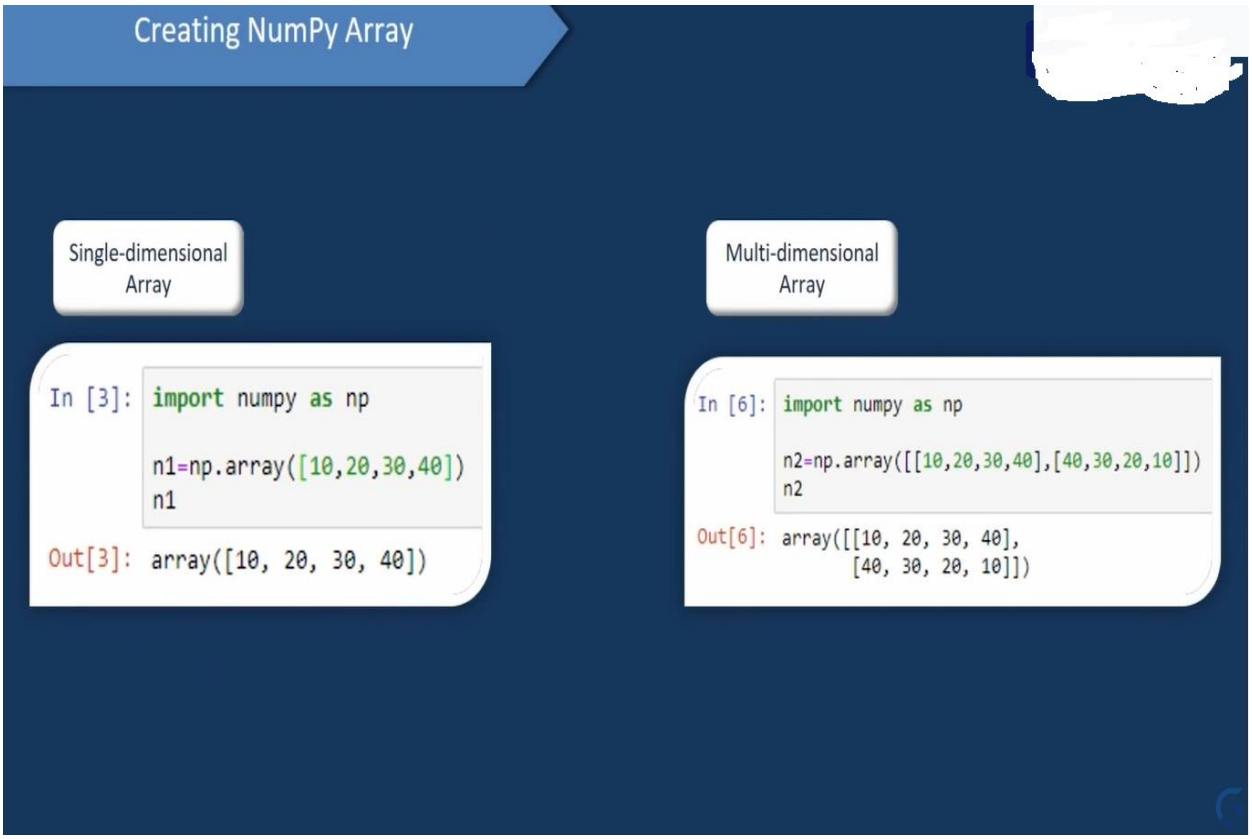
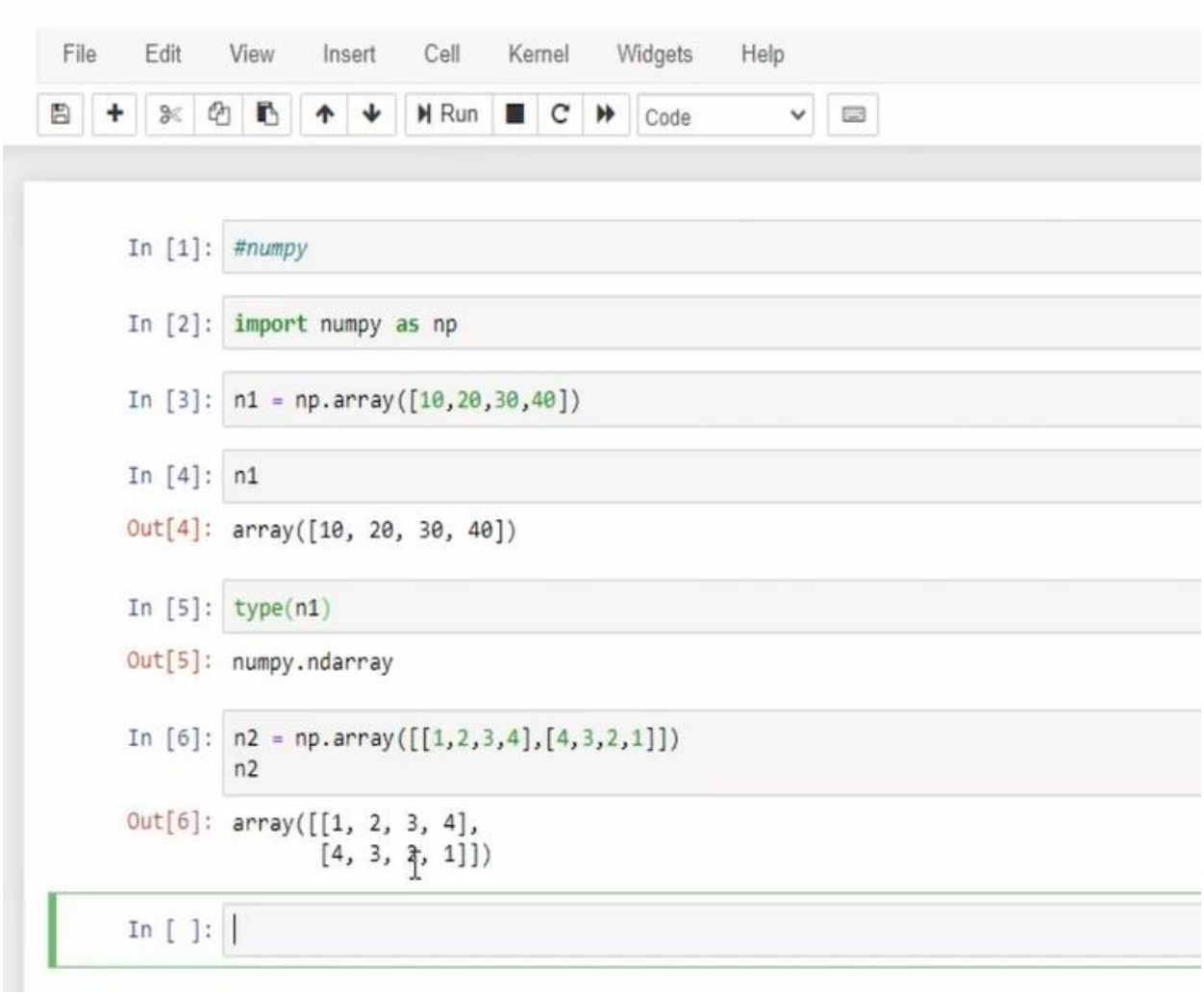
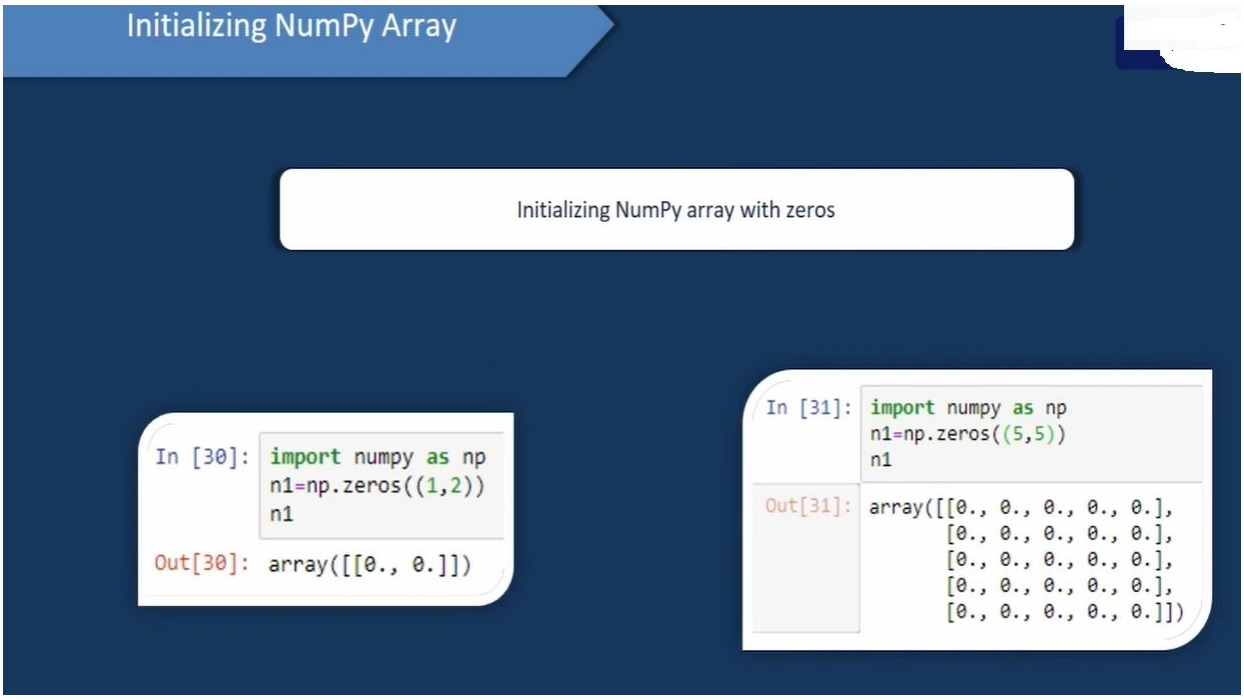

Python NumPy
NumPy stands for Numerical python and is the core library for numeric and scientific computing
It consists of multi-dimensional array objects and a collection of routines for processing those arrays
NumPy



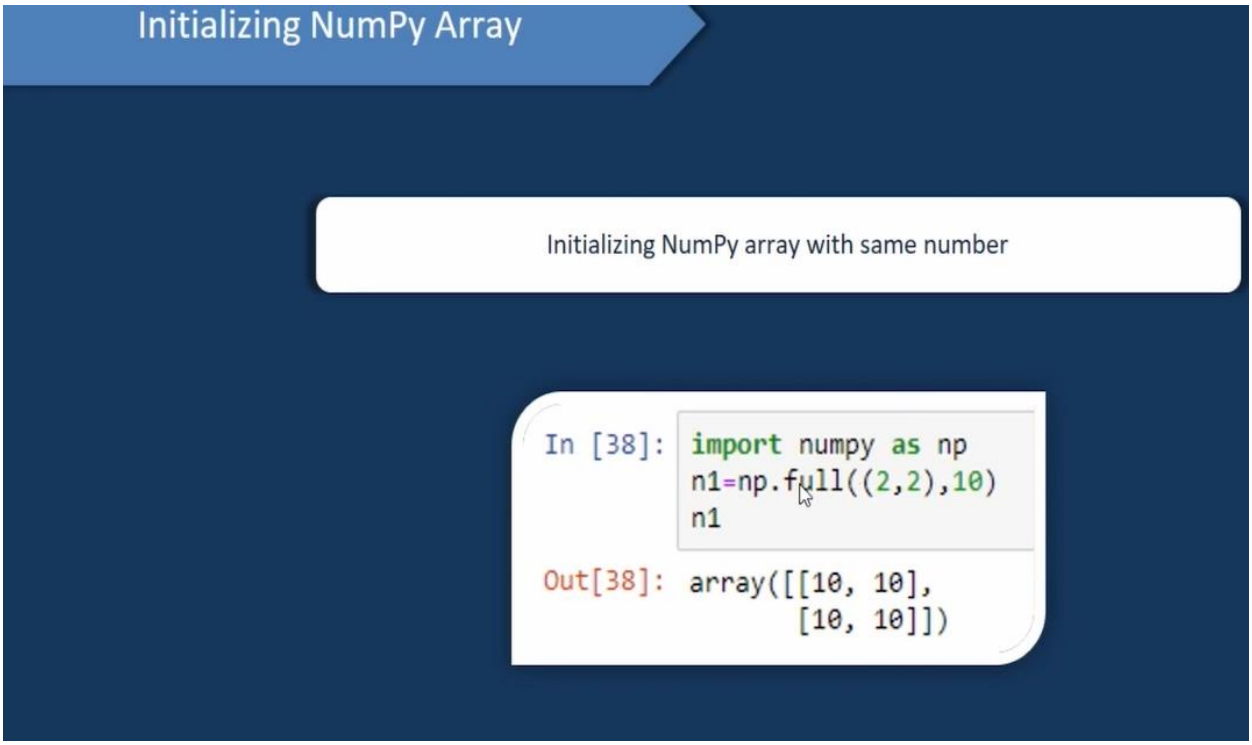
(Passing single list)↑

(Passing multiple lists)↑

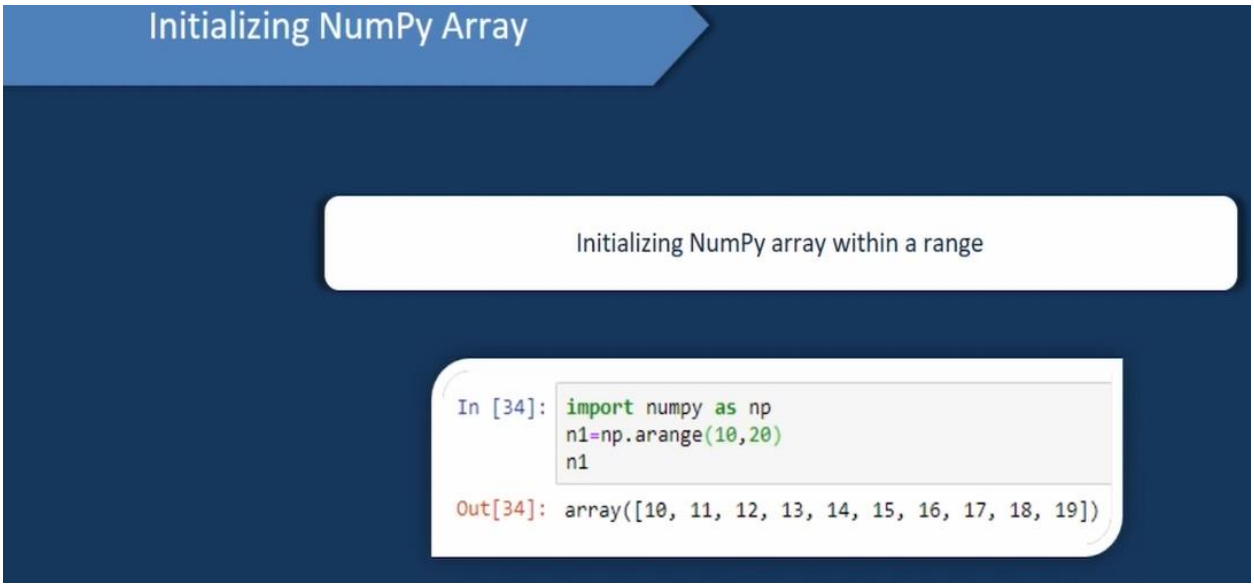

File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help
Run
Code
In [1]: #numpy
In [2]: import numpy as np
In [3]: n1 = np.array([10,20,30,40])
In [4]: n1
Out[4]: array([10, 20, 30, 40])
In [5]: type(n1)
Out[5]: numpy.ndarray
In [6]: n2 = np.array([[1,2,3,4],[4,3,2,1]])
n2
Out[6]: array([[1, 2, 3, 4],
[4, 3, 2, 1]])
In [ ]:




```
In [7]: #np.zeros

In [8]: n1 = np.zeros((1,2))
        n1
Out[8]: array([[0., 0.]])

In [9]: n2=np.zeros((3,3))

In [10]: n2
Out[10]: array([[0., 0., 0.],
                [0., 0., 0.],
                [0., 0., 0.]])

In [ ]:
```

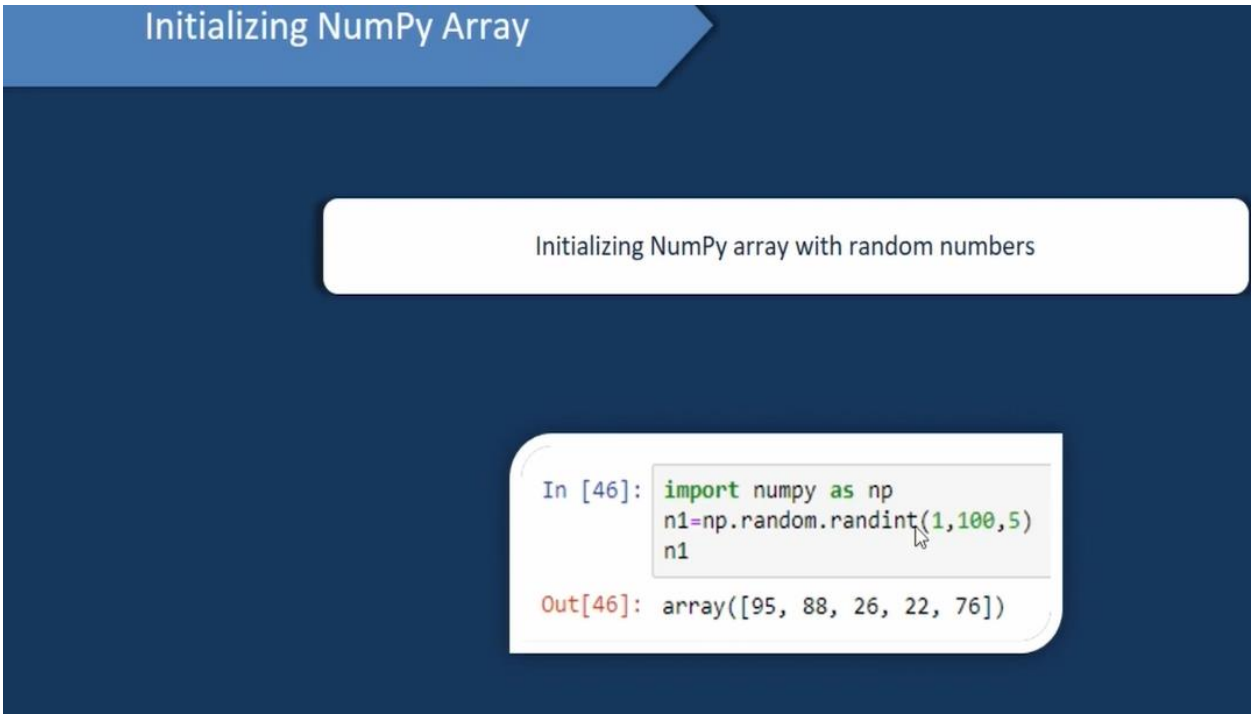



```
In [12]: n3=np.full((4,8),5)
         n3

Out[12]: array([[5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5],
                [5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5],
                [5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5],
                [5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5]])

In [ ]:
```




```
In [13]: #np.arange

In [15]: n4 = np.arange(100,201)
         n4

Out[15]: array([100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112,
                113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125,
                126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138,
                139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151,
                152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164,
                165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177,
                178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190,
                191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200])

In [ ]:
```

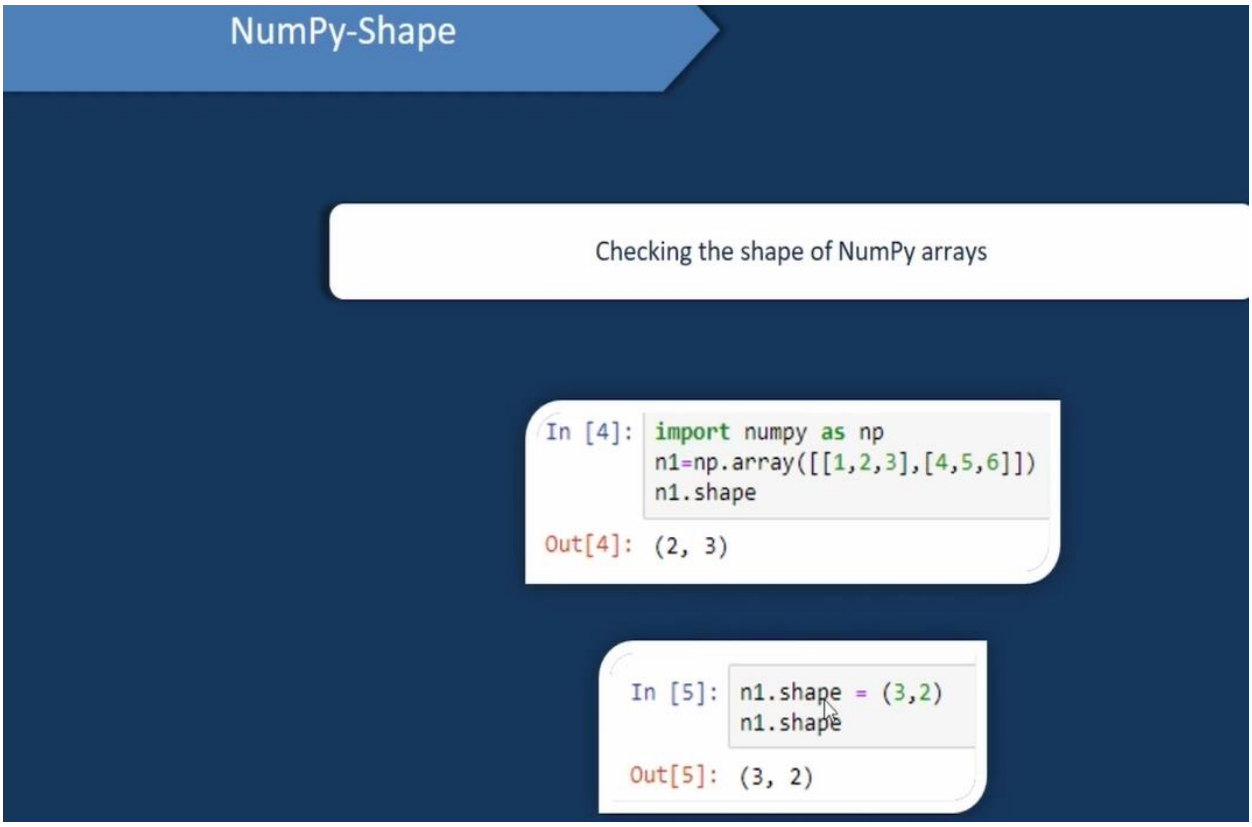
```
In [13]: #np.arange

In [17]: n4 = np.arange(100,200,10)
         n4

Out[17]: array([100, 110, 120, 130, 140, 150, 160, 170, 180, 190])

In [ ]:
```



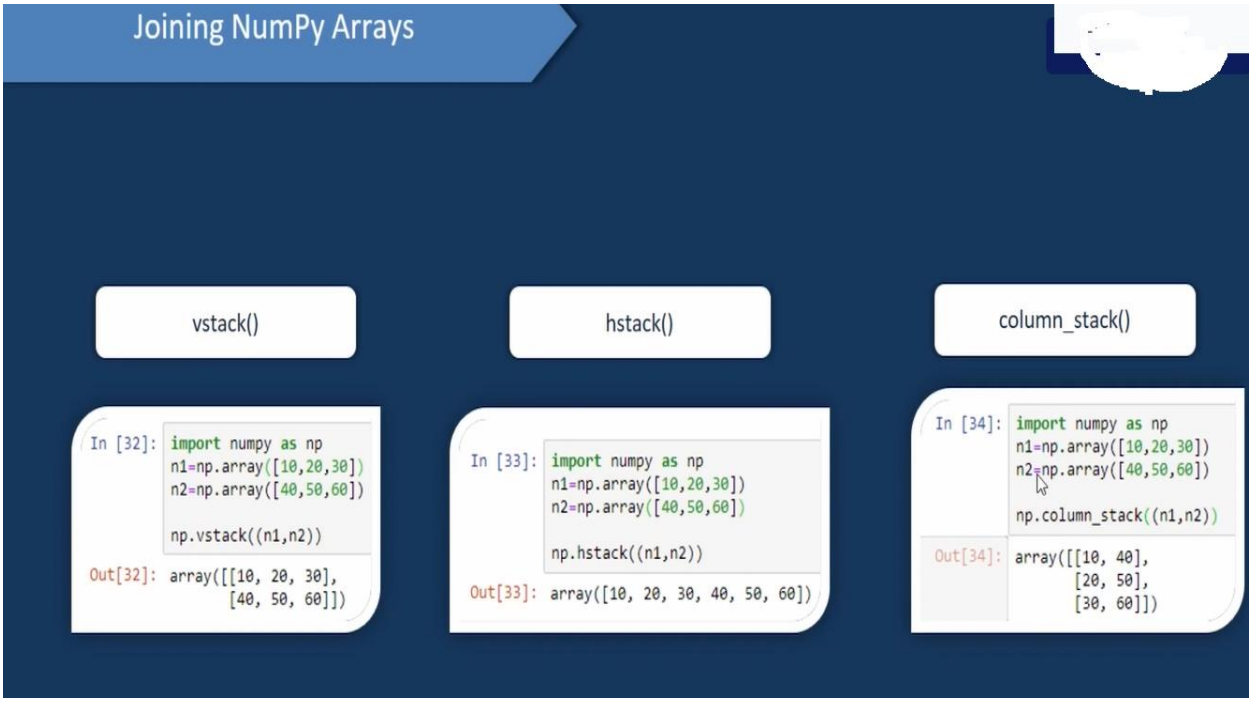

```
In [18]: #random

In [19]: n5=np.random.randint(50,100,10)
         n5

Out[19]: array([64, 85, 82, 93, 96, 69, 98, 77, 61, 90])

In [ ]:
```

If we run again, we will get different set of values.

```
In [18]: #random

In [21]: n5=np.random.randint(50,100,10)
         n5

Out[21]: array([91, 73, 95, 90, 57, 68, 78, 77, 57, 95])

In [ ]:
```



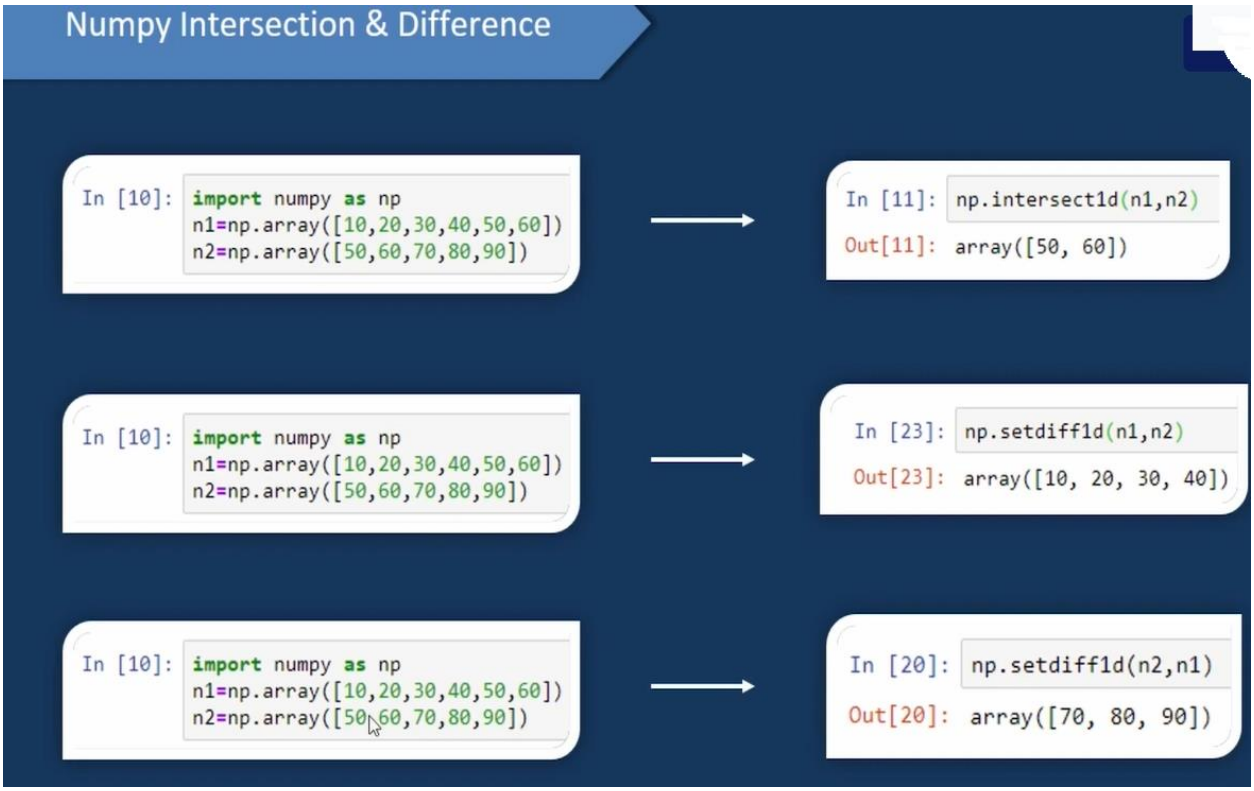
```
In [22]: n6 = np.array([[10,20,30],[40,50,60]])
         n6
Out[22]: array([[10, 20, 30],
                [40, 50, 60]])

In [23]: n6.shape
Out[23]: (2, 3)

In [24]: n6.shape = (3,2)
         n6
Out[24]: array([[10, 20],
                [30, 40],
                [50, 60]])

In [ ]:
```



```
In [25]: n1 = np.array([1,2,3])
         n2 = np.array([4,5,6])

In [27]: np.vstack((n2,n1))

Out[27]: array([[4, 5, 6],
                [1, 2, 3]])

In [28]: np.hstack((n1,n2))

Out[28]: array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6])

In [29]: np.hstack((n2,n1))

Out[29]: array([4, 5, 6, 1, 2, 3])
```

```
In [31]: np.column_stack((n2,n1))

Out[31]: array([[4, 1],
                [5, 2],
                [6, 3]])
```

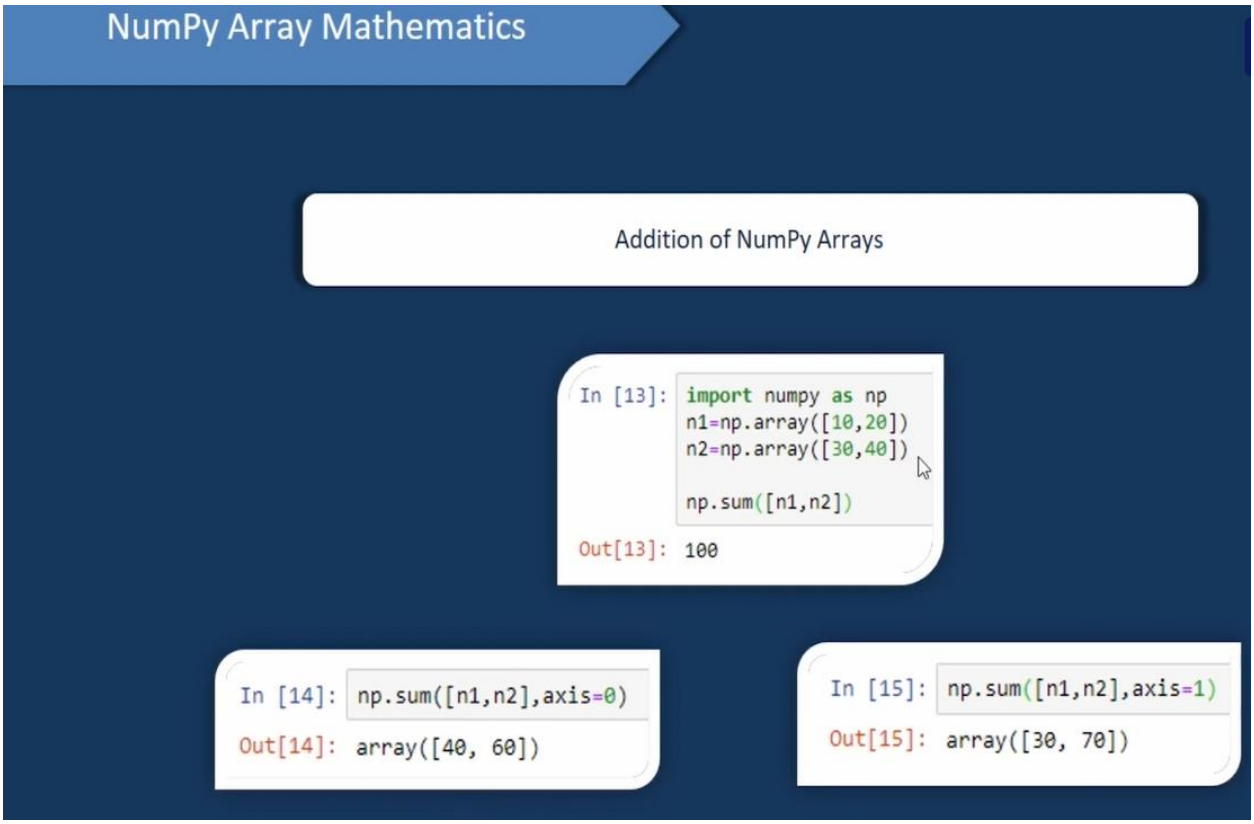
```
In [ ]:
```




```
In [32]: #intersect1d

In [33]: n1 = np.array([1,2,3,4,5,6])
         n2 = np.array([5,6,7,8,9])

In [34]: np.intersect1d(n1,n2)
Out[34]: array([5, 6])

In [35]: np.setdiff1d(n1,n2)
Out[35]: array([1, 2, 3, 4])

In [36]: np.setdiff1d(n2,n1)
Out[36]: array([7, 8, 9])

In [ ]:
```

np.setiff1d(n1,n2)-> Unique elements present in n1

np.setiff1d(n2,n1)-> Unique elements present in n2



axis=0, sum the column

axis=1, sum the rows

NumPy Array Mathematics

Basic Addition

```
In [4]: import numpy as np
        n1=np.array([10,20,30])
        n1=n1+1
        n1
Out[4]: array([11, 21, 31])
```

Basic Multiplication

```
In [6]: import numpy as np
        n1=np.array([10,20,30])
        n1=n1*2
        n1
Out[6]: array([20, 40, 60])
```

Basic Subtraction

```
In [5]: import numpy as np
        n1=np.array([10,20,30])
        n1=n1-1
        n1
Out[5]: array([ 9, 19, 29])
```

Basic Division

```
In [7]: import numpy as np
        n1=np.array([10,20,30])
        n1=n1/2
        n1
Out[7]: array([ 5., 10., 15.])
```

Mean

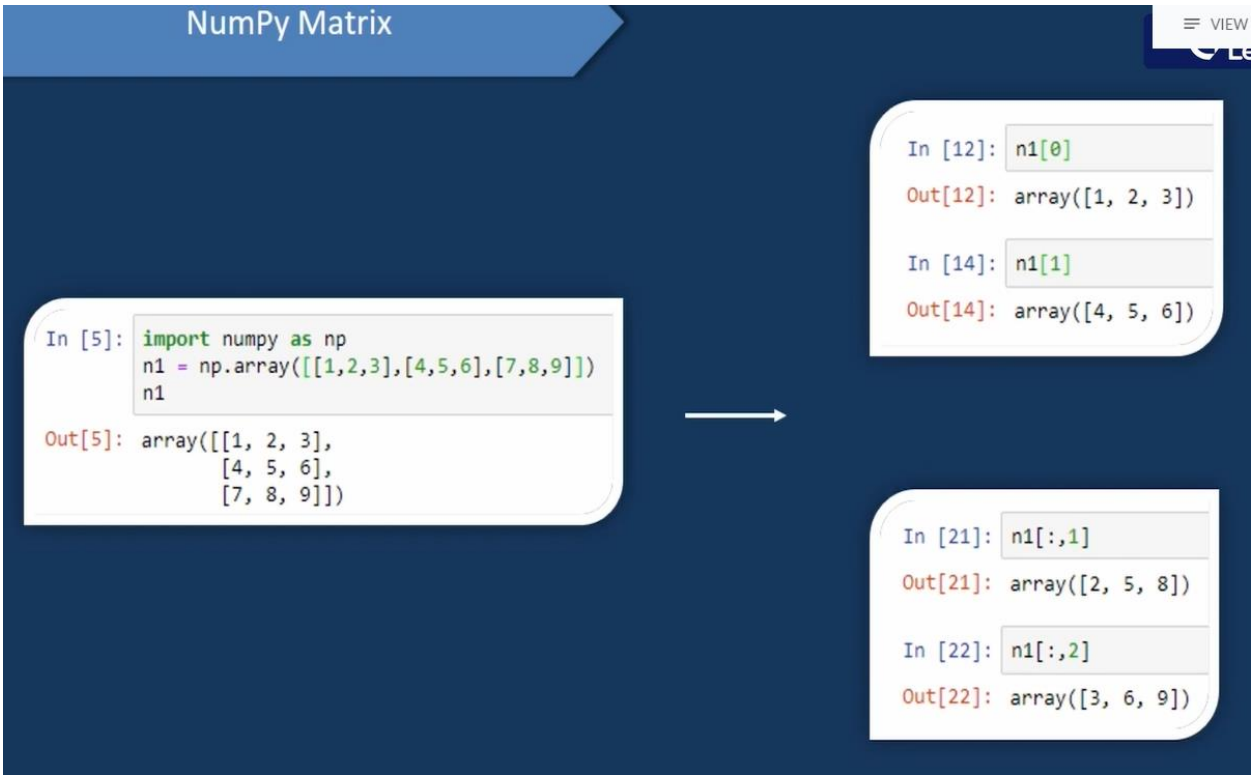
```
In [14]: import numpy as np
         n1=np.array([10,20,30,40,50,60])
         np.mean(n1)
Out[14]: 35.0
```

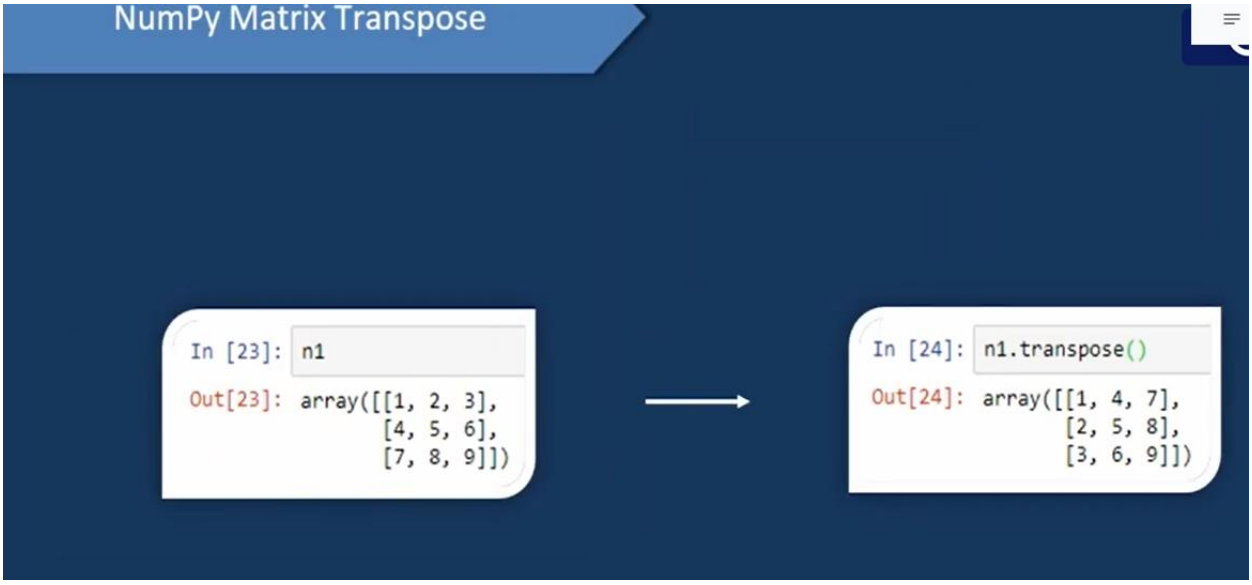
Standard Deviation

```
In [17]: import numpy as np
         n1=np.array([1,5,3,100,4,48])
         np.std(n1)
Out[17]: 36.59424666377065
```

Median

```
In [16]: import numpy as np
         n1=np.array([11,44,5,96,67,85])
         np.median(n1)
Out[16]: 55.5
```


NumPy Matrix
VIEW
In [5]:
import numpy as np
n1 = np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]])
n1
Out[5]:
array([[1, 2, 3],
[4, 5, 6],
[7, 8, 9]])
In [12]:
n1[0]
Out[12]:
array([1, 2, 3])
In [14]:
n1[1]
Out[14]:
array([4, 5, 6])
In [21]:
n1[:,1]
Out[21]:
array([2, 5, 8])
In [22]:
n1[:,2]
Out[22]:
array([3, 6, 9])


NumPy Matrix Transpose
In [23]:
n1
Out[23]:
array([[1, 2, 3],
[4, 5, 6],
[7, 8, 9]])
In [24]:
n1.transpose()
Out[24]:
array([[1, 4, 7],
[2, 5, 8],
[3, 6, 9]])

NumPy Matrix Multiplication

```
In [25]: n1 = np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]])
         n1
Out[25]: array([[1, 2, 3],
                [4, 5, 6],
                [7, 8, 9]])
```

```
In [26]: n2 = np.array([[9,8,7],[6,5,4],[3,2,1]])
         n2
Out[26]: array([[9, 8, 7],
                [6, 5, 4],
                [3, 2, 1]])
```



```
In [27]: n1.dot(n2)
Out[27]: array([[ 30,  24,  18],
                [ 84,  69,  54],
                [138, 114,  90]])
```

```
In [28]: n2.dot(n1)
Out[28]: array([[ 90, 114, 138],
                [ 54,  69,  84],
                [ 18,  24,  30]])
```

NumPy Save & Load

```
In [13]: import numpy as np
         n1=np.array([10,20,30,40,50,60])
         np.save('my_numpy',n1)
```


Saving Numpy Array

```
In [17]: n2=np.load('my_numpy.npy')
         n2
Out[17]: array([10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60])
```


Loading Numpy Array