

CONFIDENTIAL



**FINAL EXAMINATION
SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER SEMESTER 2015**

**BACHELOR OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (HONS)
IN SOFTWARE ENGINEERING
BACHELOR OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (HONS)
IN NETWORK TECHNOLOGY
BACHELOR OF COMPUTER SCIENCE (HONS)**

**ADVANCED PROGRAMMING
(BTT 112)**

(TIME : 3 HOURS)

MATRIC NO. :

IC. / PASSPORT NO. :

LECTURER : NORADIBAH ADNAN

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1. This question booklet consists of 9 printed pages including this page.
2. **SECTION A:** Answer **ALL** questions in the **ANSWER BOOKLET**
3. **SECTION B:** Answer **ALL** questions in the **ANSWER BOOKLET**
4. **SECTION C:** Answer **ONE (1)** question in the **ANSWER BOOKLET**

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INSTRUCTIONS:**TIME: 3 HOURS****SECTION A****(40 MARKS)**

There are **FOUR (4)** questions in this section. Answer **ALL** Questions in the Answer Booklet.

1. Consider the following class prototype:

The *AutoDealership* system is used to manage its inventory of used cars and to keeps the following data about each automobile: *Make, Year model, Mileage, Price*.

```
class Automobile
{
    private:
        string make;
        int model;
        int mileage;
        double price;
    public:
        Automobile();
        Automobile(string, int, int, double);
        string getMake() const;
        int getModel() const;
        int getMileage() const;
        double getPrice() const;
};
```

Write a definition for default constructor and constructor.

(9 marks)

2. Consider the class named *Car* that inherits from *Automobile* class (refer question 1). The class *Car* has all characteristics that the *Automobile* class have, plus its own specialized characteristics. For cars, the dealership keeps the following additional data: *Number of doors (2 or 4)*.

Answer the following:

- a) Write a constructor for *Car* class that inherits from *Automobile* class.

(5 marks)

- b) Write an accessor for doors attribute of *Car* class.

(2 marks)

3. Consider the following class prototype:

The FCMIT class is a subclass to Student class. The class is to calculate the number of remaining hours that need to be completed.

```
class FCMIT : public Student
{
    private:
        int uniHours;        // hours of university subjects taken
        int facHours;        // hours of faculty subjects taken
        int elHours;         // hours of elective subjects taken
    public:
        virtual int balanceHours() const;
        // ..... other functions
};
```

Answer the following:

- a) The Student class has a pure virtual function named `balanceHours()`. Write the function declaration of `balanceHours()`. (2 marks)

- b) Write the overridden pure virtual function derived from the Student class. Following are the calculation for the remaining hours to be completed:

Balance hours = total of required hours to be completed – total of (university + faculty + elective) subjects taken

(6 marks)

- c) Assuming the constructor of Student class is defined as follows :

```
Student::Student(string n, string id, int year)
{
    name = n;
    idStudent = id;
    yearAdmitted = year;
}
```

Declare an object to store the information of the following students:

*Name: Julia
Student ID: 133912176
Year admitted: 2013
Hours of university subjects taken: 9
Hours of faculty subjects taken: 32
Hours of elective subjects taken: 12*

(5 marks)

4. Consider the following classes:

```
class AAA
{
    public:
        virtual void show() { cout << "AAA" << endl; }
};

class BBB : public AAA
{
    public:
        void show() { AAA::show(); cout << "BBB" << endl; }
};
```

Answer the following:

- a) Write object for both class AAA and BBB. (2 marks)
- b) Write a function named `display` that able to demonstrate polymorphism behavior. The function must receive pointer as a parameter. (4 marks)
- c) Write a function declaration for `display` function. (2 marks)
- d) Write statement to pass objects created in question 4(a) to function `display` created in question 4(b). When the function is called, the object shall be passed by reference. (3 marks)

SECTION B**(30 MARKS)**

There are EIGHT (8) questions in this section. Answer ALL Questions in the Answer Booklet.

1. What is the output of the following:

```
class Calculate
{
    private:
        int x;
        static int y;
    public:
        static int countNum;
        void print() const
        {
            cout << "x = " << x << ", y = " << y
                << ", count = " << countNum << endl;
        }

        void setX(int a) { x = a; }
        static void incrementY() { y++; }
        Calculate(int a = 0) { x = a; }
};

int Calculate::countNum = 0;
int Calculate::y = 0;

int main() {
    Calculate c1(2), c2(4);

    Calculate::incrementY();
    Calculate::countNum++;
    c1.print();
    c2.print();

    cout << endl;
    c1.incrementY();
    c1.setX(7);
    c1.print();
    c2.print();

    cout << endl;
    c2.setX(5);
    c2.print();

    return 0;
}
```

(5 marks)

2. What is the output by the following code segment?

```
char * const A = "EXAMINATION";
int i = 3;
char *p = A + i;
cout << p << endl;
p += 2;
cout << p << endl;
--p;
cout << p << endl;
```

(3 marks)

3. What is the output by the following code?

```
void change(int x, int &y, int *z) {
    x++;
    y++;
    (*z)++;
}

int main() {
    int i = 1, j = 1, k = 1;
    change(i, j, &k);
    cout << "i: " << i << endl;
    cout << "j: " << j << endl;
    cout << "k: " << k << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

(3 marks)

4. What is the output by the following code segment?

```
string c1("C++");
string c2("++C");

cout << c1 << endl << c2 << endl;
c2 = string(c1);
cout << c1 << endl << c2 << endl;
return 0;
```

(4 marks)

5. What is the output by the following code?

```
int test() {
    try { throw runtime_error("Exception in test()"); }
    catch(exception &ex) {
        cout << "Caught in test()" << endl;
        cout << ex.what() << endl;
        throw;
    }
}

int main() {
    try { test(); }
    catch(exception &ex) {
        cout << "caught in main()" << endl;
        cout << ex.what() << endl;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

(4 marks)

6. What is the output by the following code segment?

```
int a[] = { 3,3,3,3};

try {
    for(int x = 3; x >= 0; x--)
        if(x == 0)
            throw x;
        else
            cout << "x: " << a[x] / x << endl;
}
catch(int ex)
{ cout << "Exception when x is: " << ex << endl; }
```

(4 marks)

7. What is the output by the following code?

```
class Tank
{
    private:
        int gallons;
    public:
        Tank() { gallons = 50; }
        Tank(int gal) { gallons = gal; }
        int getGallons() { return gallons; }
};

int main()
{
    Tank storage[3] = { 10, 20 };
    for ( int x = 0; x < 3; x++ )
        cout << "Storage " << (x+1) << ": "
            << storage[x].getGallons() << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

(3 marks)

8. What is the output by the following code?

```
class Package
{
    private:
        int val;
    public:
        Package() { val = 7; cout << val << endl; }
        Package(int v) { val = v; cout << val << endl; }
        ~Package() { cout << val << endl; }
};

int main()
{
    Package o1(4);
    Package o2();
    Package o2(2);
    return 0;
}
```

(4 marks)

SECTION C

(30 MARKS)

There are TWO (2) questions in this section. Answer ONE (1) question in the Answer Booklet.

1. Write a class template to identify a maximum value from two numbers. The class should have two member variables, constructor and accessor, and a member function named compare that will identify which number will return a maximum value.
(30 marks)

2. Write a class named MathOperations that able to perform the arithmetic operations. The program shall have a member variable of type integer, default constructor, constructor, accessor and the following overloaded operators:
 - division operator (/): this operator should modify the MathOperations object so that it able to return the result of division.
 - multiplication operator (*): this operator should modify the MathOperations object so that it able to return the result of multiplication.

(30 marks)

*** END OF QUESTIONS ***