- 1) A, B and C can complete a piece of work in 15, 12, 10 days respectively. A and B started the work together and left after 4 days. If the remaining work can be done by C, then in how many days the total work get completed? a. 12 days b. 10 days c. 6 days d. 8 days 2) A does half as much work as B in three-fourth of the time. If together they take 18 days to
- complete a work, how much time shall B take to do it?
  - a. 30 days
  - b. 35 days
  - c. 40 days
  - d. None of these
- 3) A and B working separately can do a piece of work in 9 and 12 days respectively. If they work for a day alternately. If A begins first, in how many days the work will be completed
  - a. 10 1/2 days
  - b. 10 ¼ days
  - c. 10 2/3 days
  - d. 10 1/3 days
- 4) A, B and C together earn Rs.150 per day while A and C together earn Rs.94 and B and C together earn Rs.76. The daily earning of C is:
  - a. Rs.75
  - b. Rs.56
  - c. Rs.34
  - d. Rs.20
- 5) A, B and C contract a work for Rs.550. Together A and B are to do 7/11 of the work. The share of C should be:
  - a. Rs.183 1/3
  - b. Rs.200
  - c. Rs.300
  - d. Rs.400
- 6) Two men undertake to do a piece of work for Rs.400. One alone can do it in 6 days, the other in 8 days. With the help of a boy, they finish it in 3 days. The boy's share is
  - a. Rs.40
  - b. Rs.50
  - c. Rs.60
  - d. Rs.80
- 7) A is thrice as good a work man as B and takes 10 days less to do a piece of work than B takes. B can do the work in:
  - a. 12 days
  - b. 15 days
  - c. 20 days
  - d. 30 days
- 8) A can complete a job in 9 days B in 10 days and C in 15 days. B and C start the work and are forced to leave after 2 days. The time taken to complete the remaining work is:
  - a. 6 days
  - b. 9 days

- c. 10 days
- d. 13 days
- 9) A completes a work in 6 days, B works 1½ times as fast as A. How many days it will take for A and B together to complete the work?
  - a. 47/12
  - b. 3 5/12
  - c. 44/5
  - d. None of these
- 10) Twelve men can complete a work in 8 days. Three days after they started the work, 3 more men joined them. In how many days will all of them together complete the remaining work?
  - a. 2
  - b. 4
  - c. 5
  - d. 6
- 11) A and B can complete a work in 10 days and 15 days respectively. B starts the work and after 5 days A also joins him. In all, the work would be completed in :
  - a. 7 days
  - b. 9 days
  - c. 11days
  - d. None of these
- 12) A can do a piece of work in 80 days. He works at it for 10 days and then B alone finishes the work in 42 days. The two together could complete the work in :
  - a. 24 days
  - b. 25 days
  - c. 30 days
  - d. 35 days
- 13) Two pipes can fill a tank in 10 hrs. and 12 hrs. respectively while a third pipe empties the full tank in 20 hrs. If all the three pipes operate together, in how much time the tank will be filled?
  - a) 6 hrs.
  - b) 8 hrs.
  - c) 7.5 hrs.
  - d) 8.5 hrs.
- 14) A cistern can be filled in 9 hrs. but it takes 10 hours, due to a leak in its lower part. If the cistern is full, then the time that the leak will take to empty it, is:
  - a) 60 min.
  - b) 70 min.
  - c) 80 min.
  - d) 90 min
- 15) To fill a cistern, pipes P, Q & R take 20, 15 & 12 minutes respectively. The time in minutes that the three pipes together will take to fill the cistern is:
  - a) 5 min.
  - b) 10 min.
  - c) 12 min.
  - d) 15.66 min

- 16) Two pipes P and Q can fill a cistern in 12 minutes and 16 minutes respectively. Simultaneously both the pipes are opened together, then after how much time Q should be closed so that the tank is full in 9 min?
  - a) 3.5 min.
  - b) 4 min.
  - c) 4.5 min.
  - d) 4.75 min.
- 17) A tap can fill a tank in 32 min. and another can empty it in 16 min. If the tank is already half full and both the tanks are opened together, the tank will be
  - a) filled in 4 min.
  - b) emptied in 18 min.
  - c) filled in 12 min.
  - d) emptied in 16 min.
- 18) A leak in the lower portion of a tank can empty the full tank in 9 hrs. An inlet pipe fills water at the rtae of 10 lit. a minute. When the tank is full, the inlet is opened and due to leak, the tank is empty in 16 hrs. How many litres does the cistern hold?
  - a) 17,580
  - b) 17,960
  - c) 18,290
  - d) 12,342
- 19) Two pipes P and Q can fill a cistern in 12 min. and 15 min. respectively but a third pipe 'R' can empty the full tank in 6 min. P and Q are kept open for 5 min. in the beginning and then 'R' is also opened. In what time is the cistern emptied?
  - a) 30 min.
  - b) 33 min.
  - c) 37.5 min.
  - d) 45 min.
- 20) Two pipes X and Y fill a tank in 15 hrs. and 20 hrs. respectively, while a third pipe 'Z' can empty the full tank in 25 hrs. All the three pipes are opened in the beginning. After 10 hrs. Z is closed. In how much time, will the tank be full?
  - a) 12 hrs.
  - b) 13 hrs.
  - c) 16 hrs.
  - d) 18 hrs.

## **Solutions:**

1) Assume total work = LCM (15,12,10) = 60

The capacities of A, B, C are 4, 5, 6 respectively. (Capacity = Total work/ Days)

DAYS↓ TOTALWORK=60 Capacities↓

A=15 4

B=12 5

C=106

A and B per day work = 4 + 5 = 9.

Work completed in 4 days= 4×9=36.

Remaining work = 60-36=24

This work has to be done by C alone.

We know that C's efficiency is 6 units per day.

So he can complete the remaining work in 24/6 days = 4 days.

Total work can be completed in 4+4=8 days.

2) Let us assume that B did 4 units in 4 days.

Then A do 2 units in 3 days.

B's capacity = Work/Days=4/4 =1

A's capacity = Work/Days = 2/3

Total work =  $(1+2/3)\times18=5/3\times18=30$ 

Days taken by B to complete the work = Work/Capacity = 30/1=30 days.

3) (A + B)'s 2 day's work = (1/9+1/12)=7/36

Evidently, the work done by A and B during 5 pairs of days =  $(5 \times 7/36) = 35/36$ 

Remaining work = (1-35/36)=1/36

Now, on 11th day it is A's turn.

Now 1/9 work is done by A in 1 day.

Days required for A to complete the remaining work = Remaining

work/Capacity = 1/36/1/9 = 9/36 = 1/4.

So, total time taken =  $10 \frac{1}{4}$  days.

4) B's daily earning = Rs.(150 - 94) = Rs.56

A's daily earning = Rs.(150 - 76) = Rs.74

C's daily earning = Rs.(150 - (56 + 74)) = Rs.20

5) Work to be done by C = (1-7/11)=4/11

$$(A + B) : C = 7/11:4/11=7:4$$

C's share =  $Rs.(550\times4/7+4) = Rs. 200$ 

6) One man's 1 day's work = 1/6

Another man's 1 day's work = 1/8

Boy's 1 day's work = 1/3-(1/6+1/8)=1/24

Ratio of their shares = 1/6:1/8:1/24 = 4:3:1

Boy's share = Rs.  $(400\times1/(4+3+1))=Rs.50$ 

7) If the capacity of B is one, then Capacity of A is three.

we know that days are inversely proportional to capacities.

So days are in the ratio 1:3

Let us assume that the days are x and 3x respectively for A and B.

Days↓ Capacities↓

A=X

3

B=3x

1

Given, 3x-x=10

⇒x=5

B's days to complete the work =  $3x = 3 \times 5 = 15$ 

8) (B + C)'s 2 days' work = 2(1/10+1/15)=1/3

Remaining work = (1-1/3)=2/3

1/9 work is done by A in 1 day

Time required by A to complete 2/3 work = 2/3/1/9 = 6 days

9)

B's capacity 1 ½ or 3/2 times of A.

B will take 2/3 time taken by A.

B's time =  $2/3 \times 6 = 4$  days.

Days required for A and B together to complete the work =  $2xy/x+y = (2\times6\times4)/6+4 = 44/5$ 

10) Let us assume 1 man's one day's work = 1 unit.

Work completed by 12 men in 8 days =  $12 \times 1 \times 8 = 96$  units.

Work completed by 12 men in 3 days =  $12 \times 1 \times 3 = 36$  units.

Remaining work = 96-36 = 60 units.

Total men after 3 days = 12 + 3 = 15.

Capacity of 15 men =  $15 \times 1 = 15$  units.

Days required for 15 men to complete 60 units = 60/15=4 days.

11) B's 5 day's work =  $5 \times 1/15 = 1/3$ 

Remaining work = (1-1/3)=2/3

A and B combined work in 1 day = (1/10+1/15) = 1/6

Days required to complete 2/3 work =  $2/3/1/6=2/3\times6/1=4$  days

Hence the work was completed in 9 days.

12) A's 10 day's work =  $(10 \times 1/80) = 1/8$ 

Remaining work = (1-1/8)=7/8

7/8 work is done by A in 42 days

Days required by A to complete the whole work =  $42/7/8 = (42 \times 8/7)$  i.e. 48 days

(A + B)'s 1 day's work = (1/80+1/48)=8/240=1/30

Hence A and B together can finish it in 30 days.

13) Net part filled in 1 hour = (1/10+1/12-1/20) = (6+5-3)/60=8/60=2/15

The tank will be full in 15/2 hrs.= 7 hrs.30 min.

14) Work done by the leak in 1 hr.

$$= (1/9-1/10)=1/90$$

Leak will be empty the full cistern in 90 min.

15) Part filled by (P + Q + R) in 1 min.

$$= (1/20+1/15+1/12)=12/60=1/5$$

All the three pipes together will full the tank in 5 min.

16) Let Q be closed after x min. Then part filled by (P+Q) in x min + part filled by P in (9 - x )min

X(1/12+1/16)+(9-X)1/12=1

 $\Rightarrow$  7x+36-4x=48

⇒x=4. That means 'Q' must be closed after 4 minutes.

17) In this problem, rate of water pipe (waste) is more; the tank will be emptied when the pipes are opened.

Work done in total emptying in 1 min.

=1/16-1/32=1/32

Now, full tank will be emptied by them in 32 minutes.

Half full tank will be emptied in 16 minutes.

18) Work done by the inlet in 1 hr = 1/9-1/16=7/144

Work done by the inlet in 1 min. =  $(7/144 \times 1/60) = 7/8,640$ 

Volume of 7/8,640 part = 10 litres.

Whole volume =  $10 \times 8,640/7 = 12,342$  litres.

19) Part filled in 5 min.

 $=5(1/12+1/15)=(5\times9/60)=3/4=45$  min.

Part emptied in 1 min. when all the pipes are opened.

= 1/6 - (1/12 + 1/15)

=(1/6-3/20)=1/60

1/60 part is emptied in 1 min.

3/4 part will be emptied in (60×3/4))=45 min.

20) Part filled in 10 hrs.

= 10[1/15+1/20-1/25]=23/30

Remaining part = (1-23/30)=7/30

(x + y)'s 1 hour work = (1/15+1/20)=7/60

7/60:7/30::1:p

 $\Rightarrow$ p=(7/30×1×60/7)=2 hrs.

The tank will be full in (10 + 2) hrs = 12 hrs