

```
SHOW TABLES;

SELECT * FROM categories LIMIT 10;

-- =====

-- NORTHWIND SQL ANALYTICS - 15 QUERIES

-- =====

-- Query 1: Overall Business Metrics

SELECT
    COUNT(DISTINCT o.orderID) AS total_orders,
    COUNT(DISTINCT o.customerID) AS total_customers,
    COUNT(DISTINCT p.productID) AS total_products,
    ROUND(SUM(od.unitPrice * od.quantity * (1 - od.discount)), 2) AS total_revenue
FROM orders o
JOIN order_details od ON o.orderID = od.orderID
JOIN products p ON od.productID = p.productID;

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-- Query 2: Revenue by Category

SELECT
    cat.categoryName,
    COUNT(DISTINCT od.orderID) AS order_count,
    SUM(od.quantity) AS units_sold,
    ROUND(SUM(od.unitPrice * od.quantity * (1 - od.discount)), 2) AS revenue
FROM categories cat
JOIN products p ON cat.categoryID = p.categoryID
JOIN order_details od ON p.productID = od.productID
GROUP BY cat.categoryName
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

```
-- Query 3: Top 10 Customers by Revenue

SELECT
    c.customerID,
    c.companyName,
    c.country,
    COUNT(DISTINCT o.orderID) AS total_orders,
    ROUND(SUM(od.unitPrice * od.quantity * (1 - od.discount)), 2) AS total_revenue
FROM customers c
JOIN orders o ON c.customerID = o.customerID
JOIN order_details od ON o.orderID = od.orderID
GROUP BY c.customerID, c.companyName, c.country
ORDER BY total_revenue DESC
LIMIT 10;
```

```
-- Query 4: Monthly Revenue Trend

SELECT
    YEAR(o.orderDate) AS year,
    MONTH(o.orderDate) AS month,
    COUNT(DISTINCT o.orderID) AS orders,
    ROUND(SUM(od.unitPrice * od.quantity * (1 - od.discount)), 2) AS revenue
FROM orders o
JOIN order_details od ON o.orderID = od.orderID
GROUP BY YEAR(o.orderDate), MONTH(o.orderDate)
ORDER BY year, month;
```

#### Query 5: Product Performance Analysis

```
SELECT
    p.productID,
    p.productName,
    cat.categoryName,
    COUNT(DISTINCT od.orderID) AS times_ordered,
    SUM(od.quantity) AS total_units_sold,
    ROUND(SUM(od.unitPrice * od.quantity * (1 - od.discount)), 2) AS revenue
FROM products p
JOIN categories cat ON p.categoryID = cat.categoryID
JOIN order_details od ON p.productID = od.productID
GROUP BY p.productID, p.productName, cat.categoryName
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

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-- Query 6: Sales by Country
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```
SELECT
    c.country,
    COUNT(DISTINCT c.customerID) AS customer_count,
    COUNT(DISTINCT o.orderID) AS order_count,
    ROUND(SUM(od.unitPrice * od.quantity * (1 - od.discount)), 2) AS revenue
FROM customers c
JOIN orders o ON c.customerID = o.customerID
JOIN order_details od ON o.orderID = od.orderID
GROUP BY c.country
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

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```
-- Query 7: Discount Impact Analysis
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```
SELECT
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CASE
    WHEN discount = 0 THEN 'No Discount'
    WHEN discount <= 0.05 THEN '1-5%'
    WHEN discount <= 0.10 THEN '6-10%'
    WHEN discount <= 0.15 THEN '11-15%'
    ELSE '15%+'
END AS discount_range,
COUNT(*) AS line_items,
SUM(quantity) AS units_sold,
ROUND(SUM(unitPrice * quantity * (1 - discount)), 2) AS net_revenue
FROM order_details
GROUP BY
CASE
    WHEN discount = 0 THEN 'No Discount'
    WHEN discount <= 0.05 THEN '1-5%'
    WHEN discount <= 0.10 THEN '6-10%'
    WHEN discount <= 0.15 THEN '11-15%'
    ELSE '15%+'
END
ORDER BY discount_range;

```

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-- Query 8: Running Total Revenue by Month (WINDOW FUNCTION!)

WITH monthly_revenue AS (
    SELECT
        DATE_TRUNC('month', o.orderDate) AS month,
        ROUND(SUM(od.unitPrice * od.quantity * (1 - od.discount)), 2) AS monthly_revenue
    FROM orders o
    JOIN order_details od ON o.orderID = od.orderID
    GROUP BY DATE_TRUNC('month', o.orderDate)
)
```

```
)  
SELECT  
    month,  
    monthly_revenue,  
    ROUND(SUM(monthly_revenue) OVER (ORDER BY month), 2) AS running_total  
FROM monthly_revenue  
ORDER BY month;
```

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```
-- Query 9: Top 3 Products per Category (WINDOW FUNCTION!)  
WITH product_revenue AS (  
    SELECT  
        cat.categoryName,  
        p.productName,  
        ROUND(SUM(od.unitPrice * od.quantity * (1 - od.discount)), 2) AS revenue,  
        ROW_NUMBER() OVER (  
            PARTITION BY cat.categoryName  
            ORDER BY SUM(od.unitPrice * od.quantity * (1 - od.discount)) DESC  
        ) AS rank  
    FROM categories cat  
    JOIN products p ON cat.categoryID = p.categoryID  
    JOIN order_details od ON p.productID = od.productID  
    GROUP BY cat.categoryName, p.productName  
)  
SELECT  
    categoryName,  
    productName,  
    revenue,  
    rank  
FROM product_revenue
```

```
WHERE rank <= 3
ORDER BY categoryName, rank;

-- =====

-- Query 10: Customer Lifetime Value (CTE!)
WITH customer_revenue AS (
    SELECT
        c.customerID,
        c.companyName,
        c.country,
        COUNT(DISTINCT o.orderID) AS total_orders,
        ROUND(SUM(od.unitPrice * od.quantity * (1 - od.discount)), 2) AS lifetime_value
    FROM customers c
    JOIN orders o ON c.customerID = o.customerID
    JOIN order_details od ON o.orderID = od.orderID
    GROUP BY c.customerID, c.companyName, c.country
),
total AS (
    SELECT SUM(lifetime_value) AS total_revenue FROM customer_revenue
)
SELECT
    customerID,
    companyName,
    country,
    total_orders,
    lifetime_value,
    ROUND(lifetime_value * 100.0 / (SELECT total_revenue FROM total), 2) AS pct_of_total
FROM customer_revenue
ORDER BY lifetime_value DESC
LIMIT 20;
```

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-- =====  
  
-- Query 11: Year-over-Year Growth (LAG!)  
  
WITH yearly_revenue AS (  
    SELECT  
        YEAR(o.orderDate) AS year,  
        ROUND(SUM(od.unitPrice * od.quantity * (1 - od.discount)), 2) AS revenue  
    FROM orders o  
    JOIN order_details od ON o.orderID = od.orderID  
    GROUP BY YEAR(o.orderDate)  
)  
  
SELECT  
    year,  
    revenue,  
    LAG(revenue) OVER (ORDER BY year) AS prev_year_revenue,  
    ROUND(revenue - LAG(revenue) OVER (ORDER BY year), 2) AS revenue_change,  
    ROUND(  
        (revenue - LAG(revenue) OVER (ORDER BY year)) * 100.0 /  
        NULLIF(LAG(revenue) OVER (ORDER BY year), 0),  
        2  
) AS growth_pct  
FROM yearly_revenue  
ORDER BY year;
```

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-- Query 12: Customer Cohort Retention
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```
WITH first_order AS (  
    SELECT  
        customerID,
```

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        DATE_TRUNC('month', MIN(orderDate)) AS cohort_month
    FROM orders
    GROUP BY customerID
)
SELECT
    fo.cohort_month,
    COUNT(DISTINCT fo.customerID) AS cohort_size,
    COUNT(DISTINCT CASE WHEN MONTHS_BETWEEN(o.orderDate, fo.cohort_month) >= 1 THEN
o.customerID END) AS month_1,
    COUNT(DISTINCT CASE WHEN MONTHS_BETWEEN(o.orderDate, fo.cohort_month) >= 3 THEN
o.customerID END) AS month_3
FROM first_order fo
LEFT JOIN orders o ON fo.customerID = o.customerID
GROUP BY fo.cohort_month
ORDER BY fo.cohort_month;

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-- Query 13: Shipping Performance
SELECT
    s.companyName AS shipper,
    COUNT(o.orderID) AS shipments,
    ROUND(AVG(DATEDIFF(o.shippedDate, o.orderDate)), 2) AS avg_days_to_ship,
    ROUND(AVG(o.freight), 2) AS avg_freight_cost,
    SUM(CASE WHEN o.shippedDate > o.requiredDate THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS late_shipments
FROM shippers s
JOIN orders o ON s.shipperID = o.shipperID
WHERE o.shippedDate IS NOT NULL
GROUP BY s.companyName
ORDER BY shipments DESC;

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-- Query 14: Market Basket Analysis

SELECT

    p1.productName AS product_a,
    p2.productName AS product_b,
    COUNT(DISTINCT od1.orderID) AS times_together

FROM order_details od1

JOIN order_details od2

    ON od1.orderID = od2.orderID

    AND od1.productID < od2.productID

JOIN products p1 ON od1.productID = p1.productID

JOIN products p2 ON od2.productID = p2.productID

GROUP BY p1.productName, p2.productName

HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT od1.orderID) >= 5

ORDER BY times_together DESC

LIMIT 20;
```

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```
-- Query 15: Created Analytics View for Power BI

CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW analytics AS

SELECT

    o.orderID,
    o.orderDate,
    YEAR(o.orderDate) AS order_year,
    MONTH(o.orderDate) AS order_month,
    o.customerID,
    c.companyName,
    c.country,
    c.city,
    od.productID,
```

```
p.productName,  
cat.categoryName,  
od.quantity,  
od.unitPrice,  
od.discount,  
ROUND(od.unitPrice * od.quantity, 2) AS line_total_gross,  
ROUND(od.unitPrice * od.quantity * (1 - od.discount), 2) AS line_total_net,  
o.freight,  
DATEDIFF(o.shippedDate, o.orderDate) AS days_to_ship  
FROM orders o  
JOIN customers c ON o.customerID = c.customerID  
JOIN order_details od ON o.orderID = od.orderID  
JOIN products p ON od.productID = p.productID  
JOIN categories cat ON p.categoryID = cat.categoryID;
```

```
-- Query the view
```

```
SELECT * FROM analytics ORDER BY orderDate DESC LIMIT 20;
```

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```
-- END OF QUERIES
```