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1)Control Statement
       1)Print below data:using any loop and jumping statement
              Monday
              Tuesday
              Wednesday
              Friday
              Saturday
              Sunday
\Rightarrow
       class Days{
          String [] day = {"Monday", "Tuesday ", "Wednesday ", "Friday ", "Saturday ", "
       Sunday "};
          public void printDay(){
            for(int i =0; i<day.length;i++){
               System.out.println(day[i]);
       }}
       public class QoneAssignment {
          public static void main(String[] args) {
            Days d1=new Days();
            d1.printDay();
        }
       }
       2)Out of 7 days in a week, Skip only Today's day.
\Rightarrow
       class Day{
         String [] day = {"Monday", "Tuesday ", "Wednesday ", "Thursday", "Friday ", "
       Saturday ",
              " Sunday "};
         public void skipTodayDay(){
            for(int i =0; i<day.length;i++){</pre>
               if(day[i]=="Thursday")
                 continue;
               System.out.println(day[i]);
       public class QtwoAssignment {
          public static void main(String[] args) {
            Day obj_d1 = new Day();
            obj d1.skipTodayDay();
```

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3)Out of 31, print date till today (passed till current date like for Jan 1-20 as today is 20th
Jan)
\Rightarrow
       class PassDate{
          public void printTillTodayDate(){
             for(int i = 1; i < = 31; i + +){
               if(i>20 && i<=31)
                  continue:
               System.out.println(i+"January");
       public class QThreeAssignment {
          public static void main(String[] args) {
             PassDate obj= new PassDate();
             obj.printTillTodayDate();
2)Array:
       Check into other packages:
       Packages are like Folders in which related classes, API's are mentioned.
       1)Check for the package related to Array, where Array related in-built methods are
present?
               =>create Simple code using those package in-built functionality.
               =>whenever required use the "for-each" loop to iterate.
               =>follow Naming conventions and indentation while coding.(spaces,tab)
\Rightarrow
       import java.util.Arrays;
       public class QTwoOneAssignment {
          public static void main(String[] args){
             int a[] = \{5,2,3,5,5,6,7,8,3,2\};
            int b[] = \{5,2,3,5,5,6,7,8,3,2\};
            for(int i : a){
               System.out.print(i);
            Arrays.sort(a);
            for(int i : b){
               System.out.println(i);
            Arrays.fill(a,10);
             System.out.println("using string method");
```

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System.out.println(Arrays.toString(a)); }
        2) Print array in Ascending and descending order, using in-built functionality.
\Rightarrow
        import java.util.Arrays;
        import java.util.Collections;
        public class QTwoTwoAssignment {
          public static void main(String[] args) {
             Integer a[] = \{1,7,5,9,15,23,12\};
             Arrays.sort(a);
             System.out.println(Arrays.toString(a));
             Arrays.sort( a, Collections.reverseOrder());
             for (int i:a){
                System.out.println(i);
        3)Copy one array into the another array, using in-built functionality
\Rightarrow
        import java.util.Arrays;
        public class QTwoThereeAssignment {
          public static void main(String[] args) {
             int arr1[] = \{1,4,2,5,3\};
             int arr2[]= Arrays.copyOf(arr1,arr1.length);
             System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr2));
4)using the "equals" method, find the duplicate elements (int/String) of the array.
                print the Duplicate element.
\Rightarrow
        public class QTwoFourAssignment {
          public static void main(String[] args) {
             String[] name = new String[]{"pratham", "prathamesh", "Pratha", "prathamesh",
        "Prathamesh"};
             for (int i = 0; i < name.length; i++) {
                for (int j = i + 1; j < name.length; j++) {
                  if (name[i]==name[j]) {
                     System.out.println(name[i]);
```

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and then try to remove the second occurrence of Duplicate element,
                again print Array elements (without duplication)
        import java.util.Arrays;
        class Remove Duplicate{
          public void printArrayWoDuplicate(int []arr){
             int n= arr.length;
             int[] arr1= new int[n];
             Arrays.sort(arr);
             int j=0;
             for(int i=0; i < n-1; i++){
                if((arr[i]!= arr[i+1])){
                  arr1[j++]= arr[i];
             arr1[j++]= arr[arr.length-1];
             for (int k : arr1){
               if(k!=0)
                  System.out.println(k);
        public class QTwoFouroAssignment {
          public static void main(String[] args) {
             int[] arr = {1,2,1,2,3,3,6,7,2,4,9,2,6,7,8,9};
             Remove_Duplicate obj = new Remove_Duplicate();
             obj.printArrayWoDuplicate(arr);
5)Try to add 2 Jagged arrays:
        import java.util.Arrays;
        class JuggedAddition{
          public void printAddition(int[][] arr1,int[][] arr2){
             for(int i =0;i<arr1.length;i++){</pre>
                for(int j = 0; j<arr1[i].length;j++){
                  arr1[i][j] = arr1[i][j] + arr2[i][j];
             System.out.println("Addition of two jagged array is");
             System.out.println(Arrays.deepToString(arr1));
```

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public class QTwoFiveAssignment {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      JuggedAddition j1=new JuggedAddition();
      int[][] arr1 = {{1, 3}, {6, 4, 5}};
      int[][] arr2 = {{1, 3}, {6, 4, 5}};
      j1.printAddition(arr1,arr2);
   }
}
```