## 3.4 Technology Stack:

# **Technology Stack & Tools Explored for the Project:**

### 1. Web Technologies:

- HTML, CSS, JavaScript Used to analyse web application vulnerabilities like Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) and security misconfigurations.
- PHP & MySQL Common backend stack in vulnerable applications like bWAPP, where SQL Injection (SQLi) vulnerabilities can be tested.
- Node.js & Express Many modern web applications use Node.js, making it essential for testing API security and authentication flaws.

#### 2. Penetration Testing Tools:

- Burp Suite Used for intercepting HTTP requests, testing authentication flaws, SQL Injection, and Cross-Site Scripting (XSS).
- OWASP ZAP Open-source web security scanner to detect vulnerabilities like broken authentication and security misconfiguration.
- SQLMap Automated SQL injection tool to identify database vulnerabilities and test for data exfiltration risks.
- Nikto Web server scanner to check for misconfigurations, outdated components, and common exploits.
- Hydra A powerful tool for brute-force testing against login forms and network services.

#### 3. Vulnerable Testing Environments:

- bWAPP (Buggy Web Application) – Intentionally vulnerable web app used to simulate real-world attacks like SQLi, XSS, IDOR, and authentication flaws.

- OWASP Juice Shop A modern web app designed to practice testing OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities in a legal environment.
- DVWA (Damn Vulnerable Web App) Another platform used to test web security weaknesses in a controlled setting.

#### 4. Network Security Tools:

- Nmap A powerful network scanner used for port scanning, service detection, and finding open vulnerabilities.
- Metasploit Framework Used for exploiting vulnerabilities, testing payload execution, and conducting penetration testing.
- Wireshark A network traffic analyser used to monitor packet-level data, detecting MITM attacks and unsecured communications.

#### 5. Secure Development & Defence Mechanisms:

- Content Security Policy (CSP) Implemented to prevent Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) attacks.
- Web Application Firewalls (WAF) Explored in security defence mechanisms to block SQLi, XSS, and DDoS attacks.
- Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) Implemented as a countermeasure to brute-force attacks and credential stuffing.
- Input Validation & Sanitization Used to prevent injection attacks and IDOR vulnerabilities.