

UNIT - II

Data Path Unit

1 Scalar data types

Number systems

fixed point numbers

Floating point numbers

+ve integer -ve integer

unsigned integer

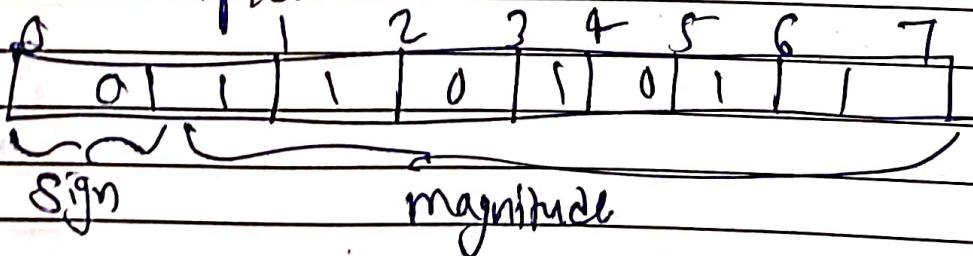
signed integer

integer part fraction part

Sign magnitude Representation

A 1's complement

B 2's complement.



A 1's complement

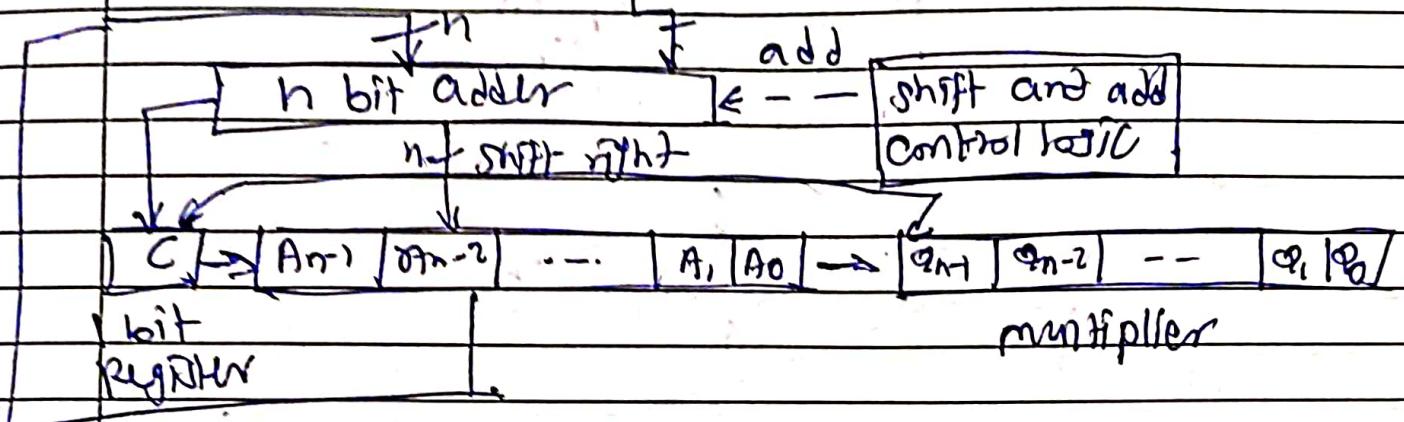
- In 1's complement representation +ve numbers are obtained by complementing each bit of corresponding +ve number.

$$- 4 \rightarrow 0100 \rightarrow 1's \text{ complement}$$

Positive numbers multiplication

multiplicand

$B_{n-1} \ B_{n-2} \ \dots \ B_1 \ B_0$ multiplicand



H/W implementation of unsigned binary multiplication

multiplicand

$$13 \times 9 \rightarrow \text{multiplier}$$

$$1101 \times 1001$$

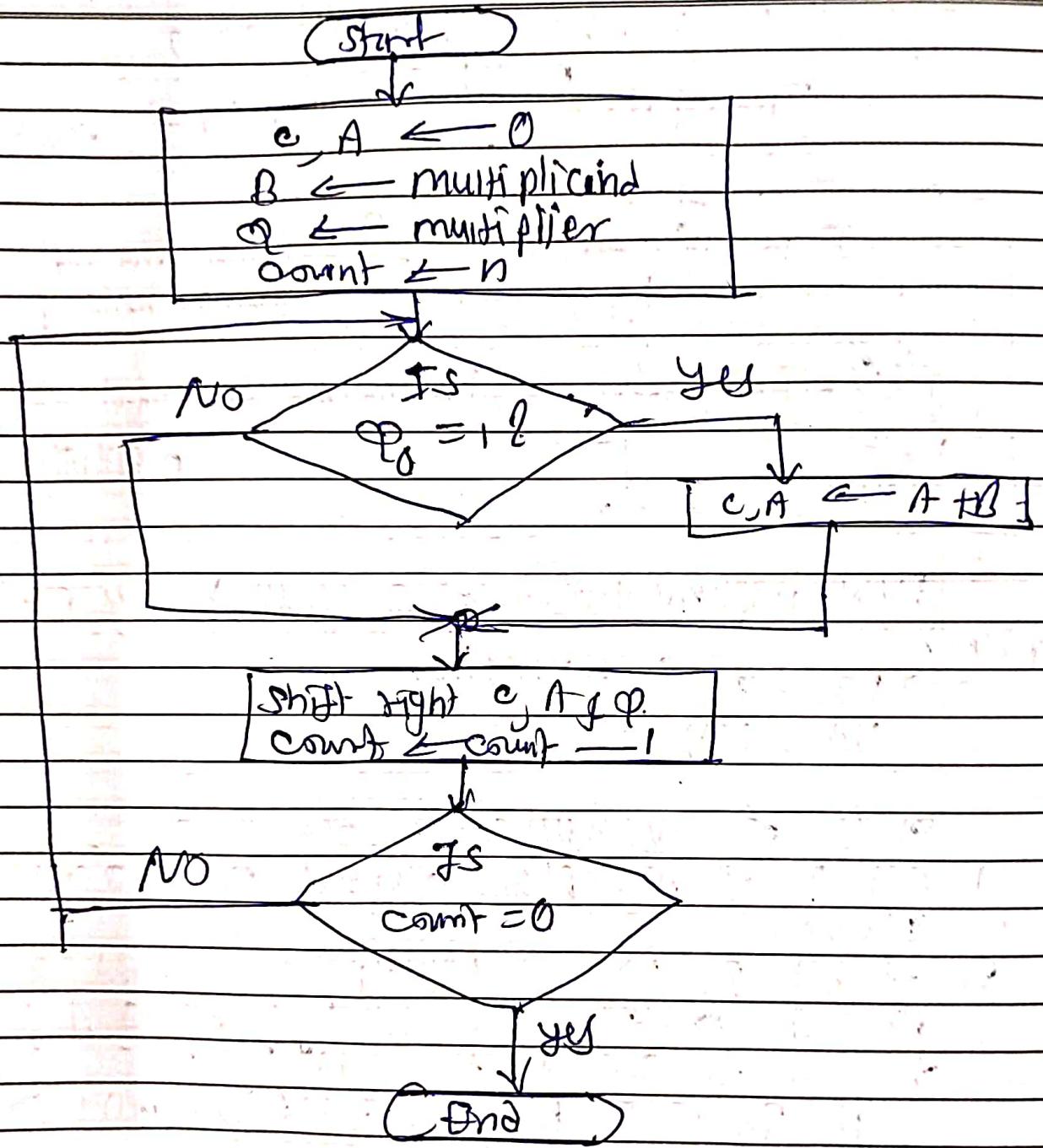
steps of multiplication operation

1. Bit 0 of multiplier operand q_0 of Q register is checked

2. If bit q_0 is $= 1$ multiplicand and partial product adder and all bits of C, A & Q register are shifted to right one bit.

If q_0 is 0 then no addition. only shift operation is carried out

3. Step 1 & 2 repeated n times to get the desired result. in $A \& Q$ register



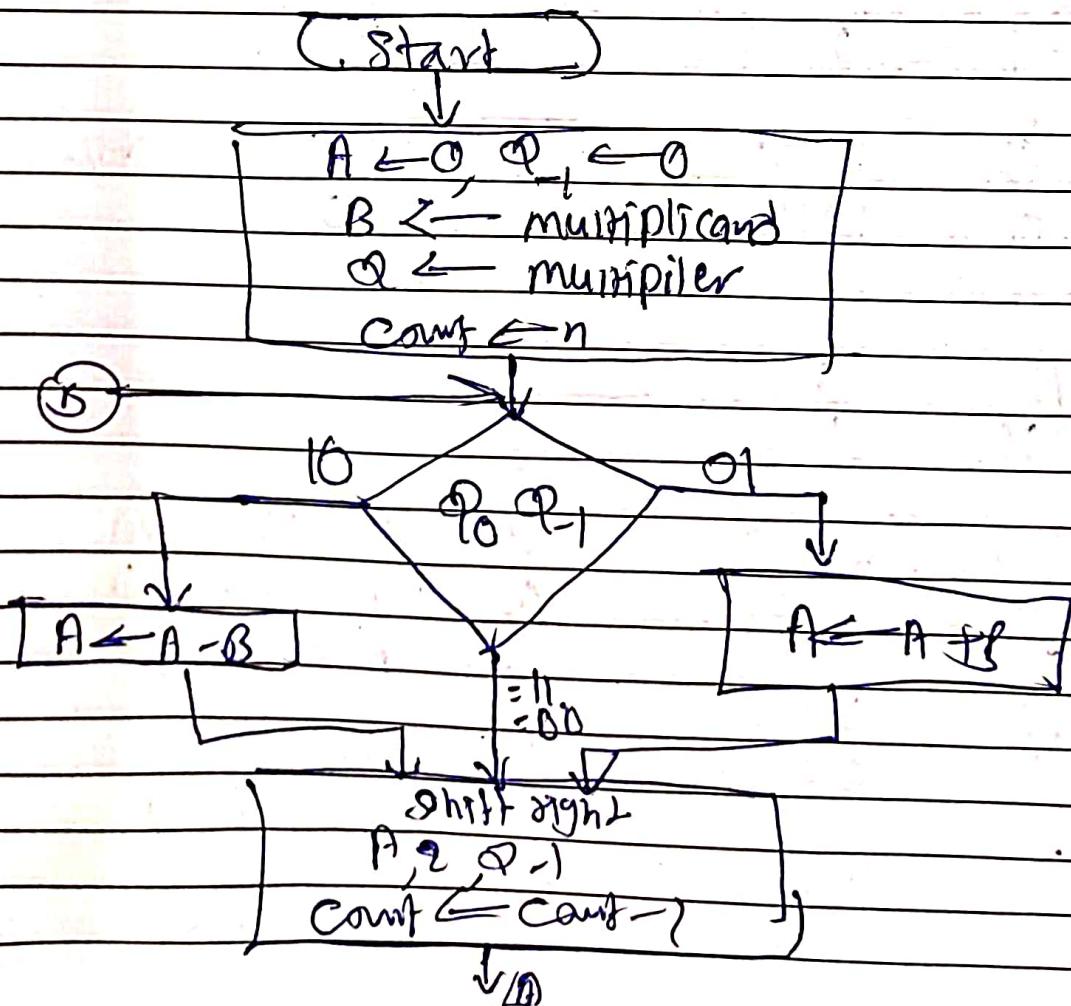
Flowchart of multiplication operation.

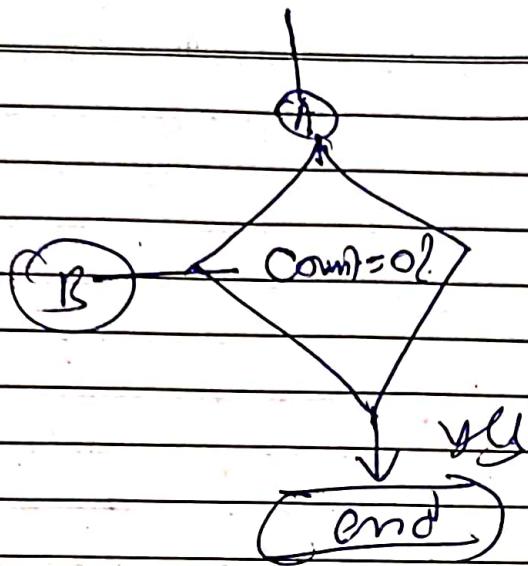
$$\begin{array}{r} m \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 0(1) \\ \times 0011 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} A \\ Q \\ M \\ \hline 0000 \\ 0011 \\ 0111 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} 100 & 001 & 011 & n \leftarrow A + m & 011 \\ 1100 & 1001 & 1001 & & + 0011 \\ 1110 & 0100 & i & & \hline & & & 1010 & \\ & & & \text{shift} & \\ 010 & 0100 & . & n = A + m & 011 \\ 0010 & 0100 & 0 & & \text{shift} \\ 0001 & 0101 & 0 & & \text{shift} \end{array}$$

Booth's Algorithm for signed multiplication





Calc +ve numbers 5×4

multiplicand (B) 0101 multiplier (Q) 0101.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 A \quad Q \quad Q_{-1} \\
 \text{0000} \quad 0100 \quad 0 \\
 \text{0.000} \quad \underline{0010} \quad \underline{0} \\
 \text{0001} \quad 0001 \quad \underline{\underline{0}}
 \end{array}$$

Operations

Initial

shift right

shift right

$A \leftarrow A - P$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 101 \quad 0001 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 0000 \quad 1011 \\
 - 0001 - 0001 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 010 \quad 0001 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

shift right

$$\begin{array}{r}
 110 \quad 1000 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

$P \leftarrow A - P$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 110 \quad 1000 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

$+ 1000$

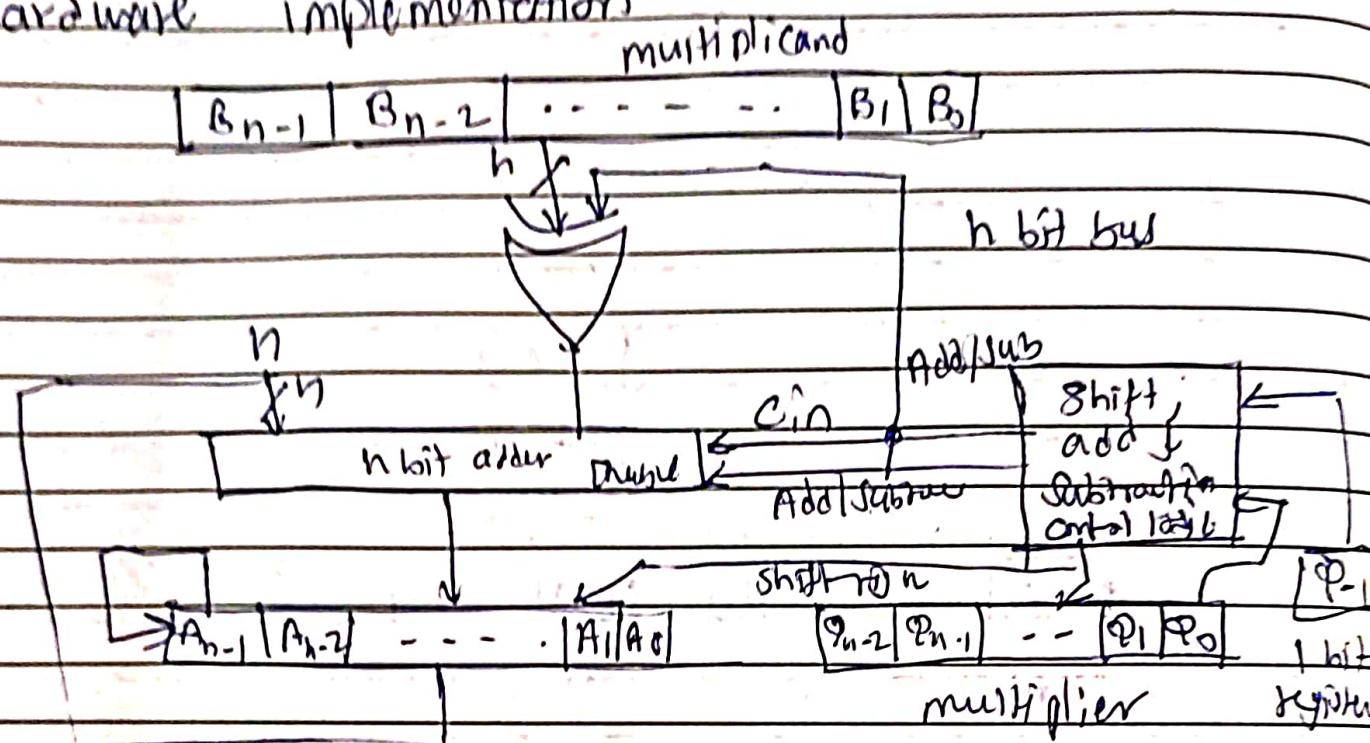
$$\begin{array}{r}
 0001 \quad 0100 \quad 0 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1101 \quad 0100 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 1101 \quad 0100 \\
 \hline
 110101
 \end{array}$$

Shift right

Hardware implementation



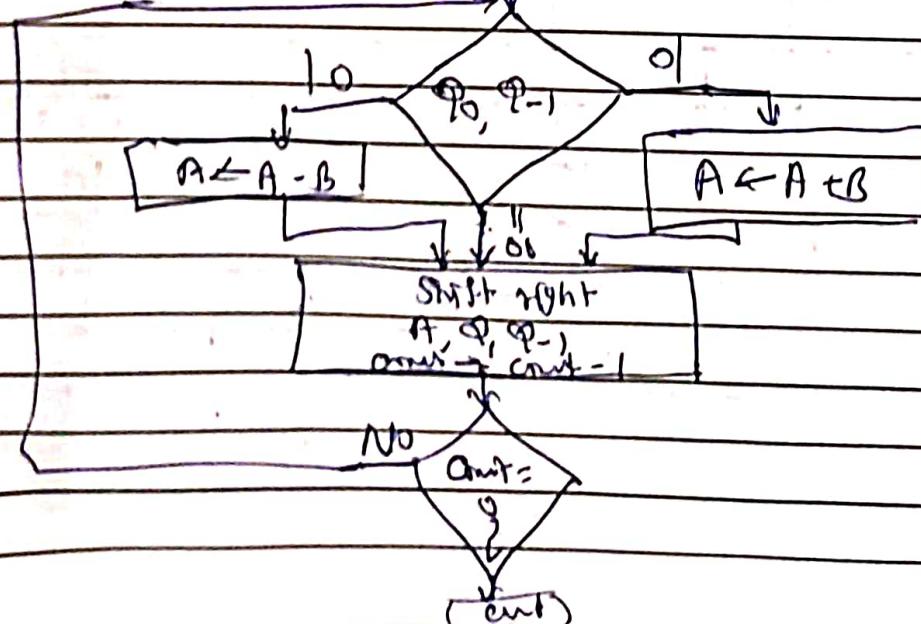
(Start)

$$A \leftarrow 0, Q_{-1} \leftarrow 0$$

B - multiplicand

Q - multiplier

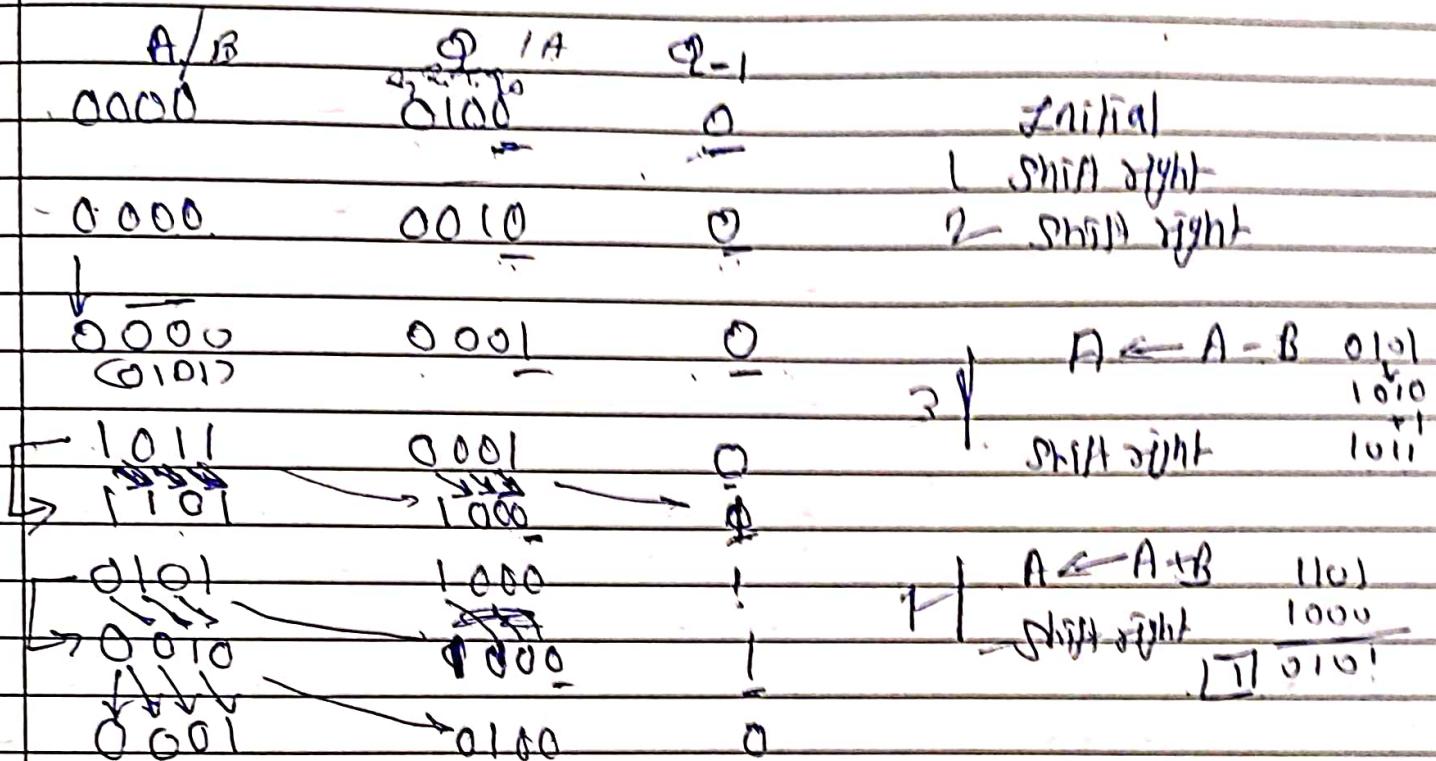
Count - n



5×4

multiplicand (B) $0101(5)$

multiplicator (Q) $0100(4)$

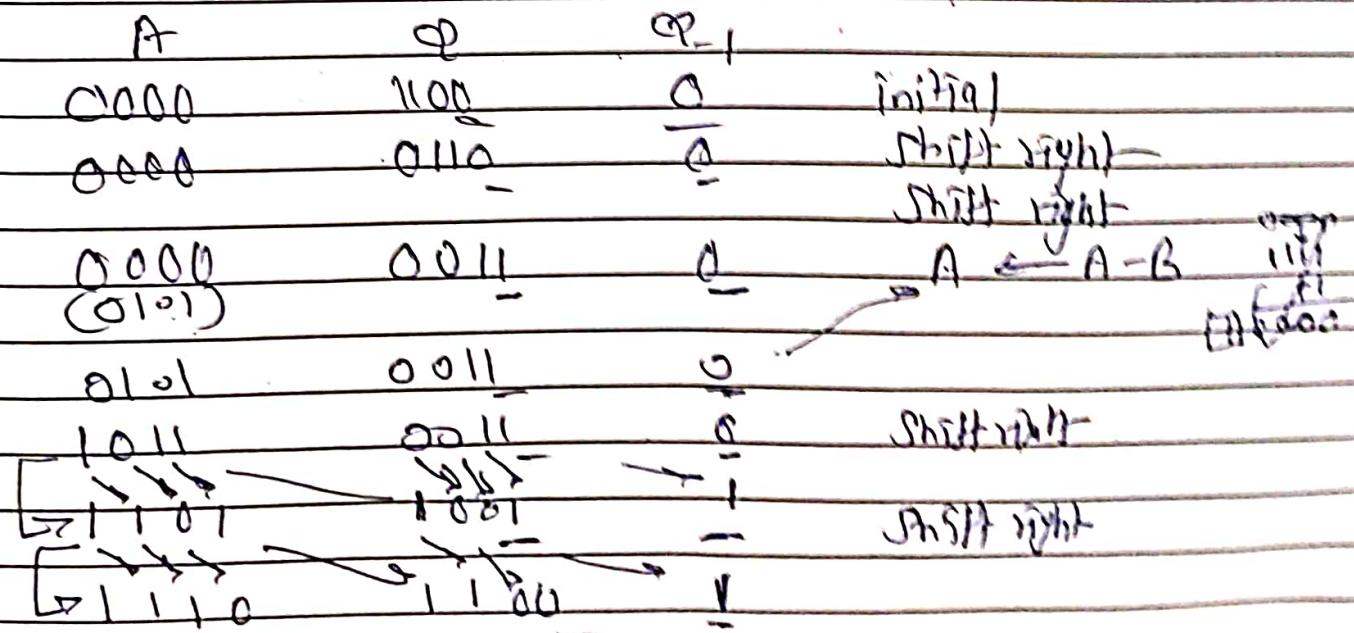


5×-4

multiplicand (B) $0101(5)$

multiplicator (Q) $= 1100(-4)$

0100
 0111
 $\underline{1100}$



3) -5×4
 multiplicand $\rightarrow 1011 (-5)$ multiplier (Q) 0100 (4)

A	Q	Q-1	
0000	0100	0	initial
0000	0010	0	Shift right

A	Q	Q-1	
0000	0001	0	initial
$\begin{smallmatrix} 0 \\ 101 \\ 010 \end{smallmatrix}$	0001	0	initial
0101	0001	0	initial
0010	1010	1	A $\leftarrow A - B$

A	Q	Q-1	
1101	1000	1	A $\leftarrow A + B$
1110	1100	0	Shift right
1101	1010	0	A $\leftarrow A + B$
1101	1010	0	Shift right

$$\begin{array}{r} -5 \times -4 \\ \text{multiplicand } (-5) \\ \hline 1010 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0100 \\ \text{multiplier } (-4) \\ \hline 1100 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} A \\ 0000 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} B \\ 1100 \\ - \\ 0000 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 0 \\ - \end{array}$$

initial

shift right.

$$\begin{array}{r} 0000 \\ 0101 \end{array}$$

$$0011$$

$$0$$

shift right

$A \leftarrow A - B$

$$0101$$

$$0010$$

$$0$$

shift right.

$$\begin{array}{r} 0000 \\ 0010 \\ - \\ 0001 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1001 \\ 0010 \\ - \\ 0100 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ - \\ 1 \end{array}$$

shift right

Booth Restoring division Algorithm

1) $10 \div 3$
 dividend (2) $b = 1010$ divisor (3) $= 011$

Operation Φ_0 A Φ_1
 initial value 0 0000 1010
 Shift A, Φ 0 0001 0110 (8)
 $A = A - B$ 1 1101 11100
 Shift Φ_0 1 1110 +/
 Restore : 010 | 0 11101

$A = A + B$ 11100
 $+ 0001$
 \hline 100000
 Shift A, Φ 00010 100000
 $A = A - B$ 11101

Restore + 10 | 0 | 0
 $A + B$ 00111

Shift A, Φ . 00101 00101

$A = A - B$ + 11101 00101

Shift Φ_0 00010 00101

Shift A, Φ . 00100 00101

$A = A - B$ + 11101 00101

0001 reminder.

00101 quotient

$$2) \quad 9 \div 4$$

dividend (Q) $10 = 1001$

\Rightarrow divisor (A) $= 0100$

B

operation

initial value

shift A, Q.

$$A = A - B$$

$Q_0 \quad A$
 $0 \quad 0000$

Q

1001

$0 \quad 0001$

$0 \quad 0011$

$+ 1100$

1101

$$B (4) = 01100$$

11011
 \downarrow
 $-$

$(-B)y1100$

set Q_0

reset

$$A = A + B$$

11101

$001\boxed{0}$

$+ 00100$

001001

$001\boxed{01}$

shift A, Q.

$$A = A - B$$

00010

$01\boxed{0}11$

$+ 11100$

01110

reset

$$A = A + B$$

00100

$01\boxed{0}10$

001001

$01\boxed{0}10$

shift A, Q

$$A = A + B$$

00100

$01\boxed{0}10$

$+ 00100$

001000

$01\boxed{0}10$

set $Q_0 = 1$

$01\boxed{0}10$

shift A, Q

$$A = A - B$$

00001

$01\boxed{0}10$

$+ 11100$

11101

$01\boxed{0}10$

11101

$01\boxed{0}10$

11101

$01\boxed{0}10$

$$7 \div 2$$

dividend (7) - 0111 = 2 divisor (2) = 0010 (B)

operations as A Q

initial 0 0000 0111
shift A, Q 0 0000 1111

A = A - B + 1 1110

set Q₀ ① 1110

00010 + B
↓
11101

+1
11110 (-B)

A = A + B + 0 0010
X 0 0000 // / / /

shift A, Q 0 0001 1101

A = A - B + 11110

set Q₀ ① 1111

A = A + B + 0 0010 1101 10101
X 0 0001 // / / /

shift A, Q

set Q₀ + 0 0011 12001

A = A - B + 11110

set Q₀ X 0 000001

+ 1101010

A = A + B + 0 0011

Shift n , & $A = n - B$
~~Set B~~ $\begin{array}{r} 00011 \\ 1110 \\ \hline 10001 \end{array}$ $\boxed{01011}$ \downarrow
~~Set B~~ $\boxed{01011}$

~~DATA, φ~~

~~1 0 0 1 1~~

~~0 0 1 1 1~~

~~(COT(0)11)~~

~~0 1 0 1 1 1 1~~

~~A = A - B~~

~~X 1 1 1 1 0~~

~~1 1 0 1 1 1 1~~

~~series~~

~~0 0 1 1 1~~

~~0 0 1 1 1~~

$$3) \quad 4 \div 2 \\ \text{dividend } (A)(\underline{\underline{1}}) = 0100 \quad \text{divisor } (B)(\underline{\underline{2}}) = 0010$$

operation Q₀ A Q
 initial value 0 0000 0100
 Shift A, Q 0 0000 1001 (B) 2.00010
 A = A - B + 1110
 Set Q₀ ① 1110
 A = A + B 00010 1001
 + 10000 1110

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{Simplifying,} \\
 A + B = A + B \\
 \hline
 \end{array}$$

Shift A, Q

A
0 0 0 0 1
0 0 0 1 0

0 0 1 0 1 0 1
0 1 0 1 0 1 0

A = A - B

+ 1 1 1 1 0
2 1 0 0 0 0 0

Sat Q₀

+ 0 0 0 1 0
0 0 0 1 0

0 [0] 0 1 1 1

Shift A, Q

0 0 0 0 0 [0] 1 0 1 1 1 1 0

A = A - B

+ 1 1 1 1 0

Sat Q₀

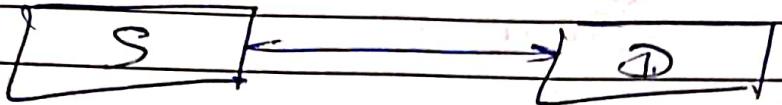
① 1 1 1 0

0 1 0 1 1 1 0

A = A - B

+ 0 0 0 1 0
1 0 0 0 0 0

Parity



generator

defector

generator

A	B	Efg
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0
$\nwarrow B$		1
A	0	1
1	1	2
		3

A	B	ABg
0	0	g
0	1	g
1	0	0
1	1	0
<u>B</u>		0
A	0	1
0	1	0
1	2	1
1	3	0

$$E_{fg} = \overline{AB} + A\overline{B}$$

$$= A \oplus B$$

$$\text{Off} = \overline{AB} + AB$$

$$= \overline{A \oplus B}$$

Jackster Egg

A	B	B _{Py}	S _{1/2}
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1
0	1	2	1
0	1	3	1
1	0	4	0
1	0	5	0
1	1	6	0
	1	7	1
	0	11	10
0	(1)	(0)	(1)
0	(1)	(0)	(1)

$$EP_{k,f} = A \oplus B \oplus BP_1$$

Booth's Algorithm

Nbn - Restoring division

(Start)



$A = 0$

$B = \text{divisor}$

$Q = \text{dividend}$

counter = N

Shift left A, Q

if A sign
bit $\neq 0$
No

$A = A - B$

$A < 0$

if A sign bit = 1
yes

$A = A + B$

counter = counter - 1

counter
 $= 0$

$A < 0$

yes

$A = A + B$

No

End

Q Quotient
A remainder

$$1) 10 \div 3$$

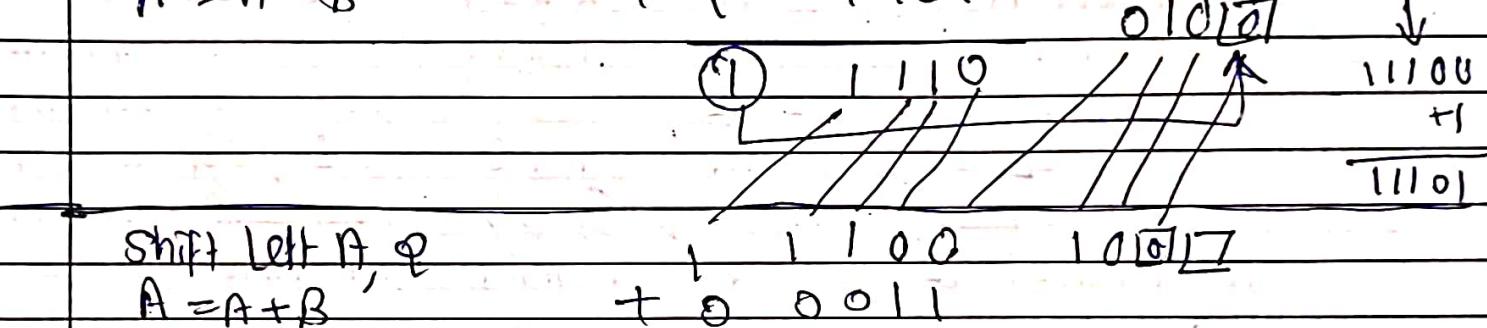
\rightarrow dividend (A) = $10 = 1010$ \rightarrow divisor (B) = $3 = 001$

operations

initial value

shift left A, Q.

$$A = A - B$$



shift left A, Q

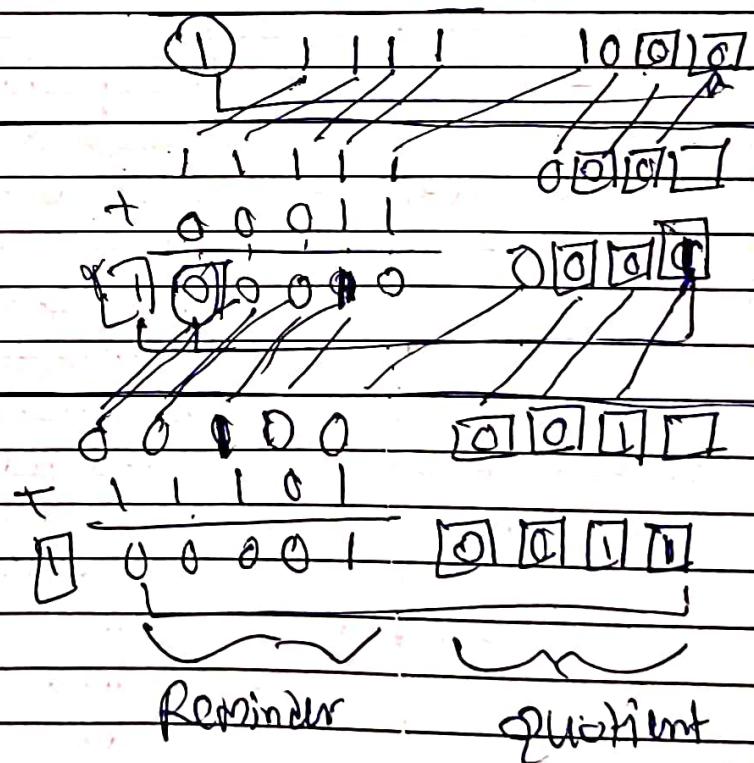
$$A = A + B$$

shift left A, Q.

$$A = A + B$$

shift left A, Q.

$$A = A - B$$



II]

$$11 \div 5$$

$$\text{dividend } (Q) = 11 = 1011 \Rightarrow \text{divisor } (B) = 5 = 0101$$

Operation

Initial value

Shift left A, Q

I

$$A = A - B$$

Q₀

Q₁

Q₂

A

B

Q₀

Q₁

$$\begin{array}{r} 00101 \\ 11010 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} + \\ 1100 \\ \hline 0110 \end{array}$$

Shift left A, Q

$$A = A + B$$

$$+ 0 0101$$

Shift left A, Q.

$$A = A + B$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1101 \\ + 00101 \\ \hline 11010 \end{array}$$

Shift left A, Q.

$$A = A - B$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 00001 \\ + 11011 \\ \hline 01100 \end{array}$$

No carry

→ Reminder is

- ve

quotient

$$\begin{array}{r} 11100 \\ + 00101 \\ \hline 110001 \end{array}$$

Reminder

$$(11) \quad 4 \div 2$$

$$\text{Dividend } (Q) = 0100 = 4 \quad \text{Divisor } (B) = 0010 = 2$$

Operations

Initial Value.

Shift left A, Q.

$$A = A - B$$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q_0 \\ 0 \\ \hline A & 0000 \\ + & 1101 \\ \hline & 00010 \end{array}$$

Shift left A, Q

$$A = A + B$$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q_1 \\ 1 \\ \hline A & 1101 \\ + & 0010 \\ \hline & 00110 \end{array}$$

Shift left A, Q

$$A = A + B$$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q_2 \\ 1 \\ \hline A & 00110 \\ + & 0010 \\ \hline & 00010 \end{array}$$

Shift left A, Q

$$A = A + B$$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q_3 \\ 0 \\ \hline A & 00010 \\ + & 0010 \\ \hline & 00000 \end{array}$$

$$iv) 7 \div 2$$

$$\text{dividend } (7) = (Q) = 0111 \quad \text{divisor } (2) = (B) = 0010$$

Operations

initial operation

shift left A, Q

$$A = A - B$$

Q_0

0

0

+ 1

(1)

A

0000

0000

1110

1110

Q

0111

1111

1110

00010

↓

11101

↓

111101

shift left A, Q.

$$A = A + B$$

1 1101

+ 0 0010

(1) 1111

1101

1101

110101

shift left A, Q.

$$A = A + B$$

1 1111

+ 0 0010

(1) 0 001

1001

1001

100101

shift left A, Q.

$$A = A + B$$

0 0011

+ 1 1101

(1) 0 0000

0101

0101

010101

add carry

00001

←

remainder

→ question

v)

$$q \div 2$$

$$\rightarrow \text{dividend } (q) = q = 0100 \rightarrow \text{divisor } (B) = 2 = 0010$$

operation

initial value

Shift left A, Q

$$A = A - B$$

$$\begin{array}{r} A \\ 0 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} B \\ 0010 \\ - 100 \\ \hline 110 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 0100 \\ - 100 \\ \hline 100 \end{array}$$

$$0010$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \\ \downarrow \\ 1110 \end{array}$$

Shift Left A, Q

$$A = A + B$$

$$\begin{array}{r} A \\ 0010 \\ + 0010 \\ \hline 0000 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 1111 \\ - 1111 \\ \hline 0000 \end{array}$$

$$1110$$

$$A = A + B$$

$$\begin{array}{r} A \\ 0000 \\ + 1110 \\ \hline 1110 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 0000 \\ - 1110 \\ \hline 1110 \end{array}$$

Shift left A, Q

$$A = A - B$$

$$\begin{array}{r} A \\ 0000 \\ + 1110 \\ \hline 1110 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 0000 \\ - 1110 \\ \hline 1110 \end{array}$$

Shift Left A, Q

$$A = A - B$$

$$\begin{array}{r} A \\ 0000 \\ + 1110 \\ \hline 1110 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 0000 \\ - 1110 \\ \hline 1110 \end{array}$$

if carry

$$\begin{array}{r} A \\ 0000 \\ + 1110 \\ \hline 1110 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 0000 \\ - 1110 \\ \hline 1110 \end{array}$$

Reminder is -ve.

$$\begin{array}{r} 1110 \\ - 1110 \\ \hline 0000 \end{array}$$

↓ ↓ from complement

quotient

0000 Reminder

$$V_1) 8 \div 3$$

$$\text{Dividend } (Q) = 8 = 1000 \quad \text{Divisor } (R) = 3 = 0011$$

operation

initial value

shift left A, Q

$A = A - B$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 0 \\ + 0 \\ \hline 0 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} A \\ 0000 \\ + 0001 \\ \hline 0001 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} Q \\ 1000 \\ + 0000 \\ \hline 1000 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

① 00011

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 1110 \\ + 1 \\ \hline 1110 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

shift left A, Q

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 1110 \\ + 0000 \\ \hline 0000 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} A \\ 001011 \\ + 000000 \\ \hline 001011 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$A = A + B$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 1111 \\ + 0000 \\ \hline 0000 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} A \\ 001011 \\ + 000000 \\ \hline 001011 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$A = A + B$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 00011 \\ + 00000 \\ \hline 00011 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} A \\ 001011 \\ + 000000 \\ \hline 001011 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

shift left A, Q

$A = A - B$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 0000 \\ + 11101 \\ \hline 10000 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} A \\ 001011 \\ + 000000 \\ \hline 001011 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

shift left A, Q

$A = A - B$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 0000 \\ + 00000 \\ \hline 00000 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} A \\ 001011 \\ + 000000 \\ \hline 001011 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} Q \\ 1111 \\ + 0000 \\ \hline 0000 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} A \\ 001011 \\ + 000000 \\ \hline 001011 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Reminder

quotient.

No carry
remainder is -ve

$$\text{vii) } 10 \div 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{ dividend } (Q) = 10 = 1010 \quad \text{ divisor } (B) = 3 = 0011$$

operation
initial value

left
shift A, Q
 $A = A - B$

Q_0	A	Q	
0	0000	1010	
	1111	1111	
+ 1	0001	0101	00011
<hr/>			<hr/>
	1101	0101	11100
			<hr/>
			11101

left
shift A, Q
 $B = A + B$

Q_0	A	Q	
1	1100	1011	
	1111	1011	
+ 0	0011	1011	
<hr/>			<hr/>
	1111	1011	1011
			<hr/>
			1011

shift left A, Q
 $A = A + B$

Q_0	A	Q	
1	1111	0101	
	1111	0101	
+ 0	0011	0101	
<hr/>			<hr/>
	0010	0101	010101
			<hr/>
			010101

shift left A, Q
 $A = A - B$

Q_0	A	Q	
0	0100	0101	
	1101	0101	
+ 1	0001	0101	
<hr/>			<hr/>
	0001	0101	0101
			<hr/>
			0101

does end
carry

IEEE Standard format for binary
Floating Point Arithmetic

Single
Precision
1
32 bit

double
precision
1
64 bit

I Single Precision

S	E	M
Sign of Number	Exponent	Mantissa Fraction
1 bit	8 bit	23 bit
0 = +ve	Excess 127	
1 = -ve	Presentation	

$$\text{Value represented} = \pm 1 \cdot m \times 2^{E-127}$$

$$\text{unsign index} = E = e + 127$$

$$1) (571.25)_{10}$$

Step 1 - convert Decimal to binary

$$(571.25)_{10} = (1000111011.01)_2$$

$$= 1.00011101101 \times 2^9$$

$$S=0 \text{ +ve } E=9 M=00011101101$$

$$E' = E + 127 \\ = 9 + 127 = (136)_0$$

$$E' = (136)_0 = (10001000)_2$$

single precision format

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline & 10001000 & 100011101101 & \dots \dots \dots \\ \hline S & E' & M & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$2) (1259.125)_{10} = (10011101011 + 0.001)_2 \\ = 10011101011 \cdot 001 \\ = 1.0011101011001 \times 2^{10}$$

$$S=0 \quad E=10 \quad M=0011101011001$$

$$E' = E + 127 \\ = 10 + 127 \\ = (137)_0 \\ = 10001001$$

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|} \hline & 10001001 & 1001110101100 & \dots \dots \dots \\ \hline S & E' & M & \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$3) (-307.1875)_{10} = (-100110011 + 0.001)_2$$

$$= -1.00110011001 \times 2^8$$

$$S = 1 \quad E = 8 \quad M = 001100110011$$

$$B' = E + 127$$

$$= 8 + 127 = (135)_{10}$$

$$B = (100000111)_2$$

S	11100010011	100110011001100
	B'	M

$$IV) (0.0625)_{10} = (0.0001)_2$$

$$= 0.0001$$

$$= 1.0 \times 2^{-4}$$

$$S = 0 \quad E = -4 \quad M = 0001$$

$$B' = E + 127$$

$$= -4 + 127 = 123_{10}$$

$$= (01111011)_2$$

0	01111011	0001-----
---	----------	-----------

double precision

S	E'	M
1 bit	11 bit	52 bit
	excess 1023 exponent	mantissa fraction

$$1) (12.5 \cdot 125)_{10} = 10011101011 \cdot 001 \\ = 1.0011101010001 \times 2^{10}$$

$$S=0 \quad E' = 10 + 1023 \quad M = 0011101010001$$

$$\begin{aligned} E' &= E + 1023 \\ &= 10 + 1023 \\ &= (1033)_{10} \\ &= (10000001001)_2 \end{aligned}$$

1	10001001	001110101001
---	----------	--------------

$$2) (-307 \cdot 1875)_{10} = ()_2$$

$$= -100110011 \cdot 0011$$

$$= -1.001100110011 \times 2^8$$

$$S=1 \quad E=8 \quad M=001100110011$$

$$\begin{aligned} E' &= E + 1023 \\ &= 8 + 1023 \\ &= (1031)_{10} = (1000000011)_2 \end{aligned}$$

1	1000000011	001100110011
---	------------	--------------

$$3) (0.0625)_0 = (\dots)_2 \\ = (0.0001)_2 \\ = 1.0 \times 2^{-4}$$

$$S=0 \quad E=-4 \quad M=0001$$

$$\begin{aligned} E &= E + 1023 \\ &= -4 + 1023 \\ &= (1019)_0 \\ &= (01111011011)_2 \end{aligned}$$

0|011111011 | 0001 - - - - -