PHASE 3:DOCUMENTATION

Credit Card Fraud Detection in loading and preprocessing the dataset

The IMDb dataset typically includes a variety of features that describe different aspects of a movie.

While the exact features can vary depending on the dataset and the source,

here are some common features you might find in an IMDb dataset:

The Credit card fraud detection dataset extracted from kaggle platform accurately consists of 31 columns with 2 lakhs+ entries.

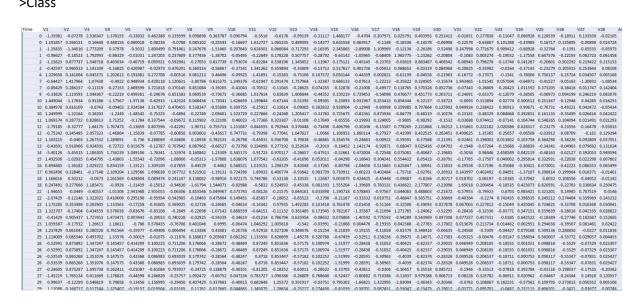
COLUMN NAMES

>Time

>V1-V28

>Amount

>Class



NOTE:

The initial columns from the dataset is displayed above for you perusal.

MODEL DEVELOPMENT

DATA PREPROCESSING

Logistic regression is a fundamental and highly interpretable algorithm that offers several advantages when applied to credit card fraud detection. Its simplicity makes it an excellent starting point for developing fraud detection models. This algorithm is particularly well-suited for binary classification problems, which are inherent in fraud detection, where the goal is to distinguish between genuine and fraudulent transactions

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

# Load the dataset (replace 'data.csv' with your dataset file)
data = pd.read_csv('data.csv')

# Split the data into features (X) and the target variable (y)
X = data.drop('Class', axis=1)
y = data['Class']

# Split the data into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

# Standardize the features (mean = 0, variance = 1)
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)

# Your data is now preprocessed and ready for training a fraud detection model.
```

The logistic regression algorithm is selected due to its enormous benefits notably its straightforward and intuitive model interpretation makes it valuable in fields requiring transparency, like healthcare and finance.