

VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

“JnanaSangama”, Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



LAB REPORT

on

BIG DATA ANALYTICS (20CS6PEBDA)

Submitted by

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of

BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

in

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled “**BIG DATA ANALYTICS**” carried out by **PRATHIKSHA KAMATH(IBM19CS118)**, who is bonafide student of **B. M. S. College of Engineering**. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2022. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a **BIG DATA ANALYTICS - (20CS6PEBDA)** work prescribed for the said degree.

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Course Outcome

CO1	Apply the concept of NoSQL, Hadoop or Spark for a given task
CO2	Analyze the Big Data and obtain insight using data analytics mechanisms.
CO3	Design and implement Big data applications by applying NoSQL, Hadoop or Spark

LAB PROGRAM 1: MongoDB- CRUD Demonstration

1) Using MongoDB

i) Create a database for Students and Create a Student Collection (_id, Name, USN, Semester, Dept_Name, CGPA, Hobbies(Set)).
use student2;

```
db.createCollection("Student");
```

ii) Insert required documents to the collection.

```
> db.Student.insert({_id:1,Name: "Arun", sem:"V",dept: "CSE",CGPA: 8.2,hobbies: ['cycling','swimming']});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.Student.insert({_id:2,Name: "Ananya", sem:"VII",dept: "ECE",CGPA: 6.8,hobbies: ['knitting','reading novels']});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.Student.insert({_id:3,Name: "Bhuvan", sem:"III",dept: "ME",CGPA: 8.8,hobbies: ['chess','collecting coins']});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.Student.insert({_id:4,Name: "Ajay", sem:"VII",dept: "CSE",CGPA: 9.1,hobbies: ['playing','reading novels']});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
> db.Student.insert({_id:5,Name: "Colin", sem:"V",dept: "CSE",CGPA: 7.1,hobbies: ['playing','watching TV']});
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
```

```
> db.Student.find();
{ "_id" : 1, "Name" : "Arun", "sem" : "V", "dept" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 8.2, "hobbies" : [ "cycling", "swimming" ] }
{ "_id" : 2, "Name" : "Ananya", "sem" : "VII", "dept" : "ECE", "CGPA" : 6.8, "hobbies" : [ "knitting", "reading novels" ] }
{ "_id" : 3, "Name" : "Bhuvan", "sem" : "III", "dept" : "ME", "CGPA" : 8.8, "hobbies" : [ "chess", "collecting coins" ] }
{ "_id" : 4, "Name" : "Ajay", "sem" : "VII", "dept" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 9.1, "hobbies" : [ "playing", "reading novels" ] }
{ "_id" : 5, "Name" : "Colin", "sem" : "V", "dept" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 7.1, "hobbies" : [ "playing", "watching TV" ] }
```

iii) First Filter on “Dept_Name:CSE” and then group it on “Semester” and compute the Average CPGA for that semester and filter those documents where the “Avg_CPGA” is greater than 7.5.

```
>
db.Student.aggregate({$match:{dept:"CSE"}},{ $group:{_id:"$sem",AverageCGPA:{ $avg:"$CGPA"} }},{ $match:{AverageCGPA:{ $gt:7.5 } } });
{ "_id" : "VII", "AverageCGPA" : 9.1 }
{ "_id" : "V", "AverageCGPA" : 7.6499999999999995 }
> db.Student.aggregate({$match:{dept:"CSE"}},{ $group:{_id:"$sem",AverageCGPA:{ $avg:"$CGPA"} }},{ $match:{AverageCGPA:{ $gt:7.5 } } });
{ "_id" : "V", "AverageCGPA" : 7.6499999999999995 }
{ "_id" : "VII", "AverageCGPA" : 9.1 }
```

iv) Insert the document for “Bhuvan” in to the Students collection only if it does not already exist in the collection. However, if it is already present in the collection, then

update the document with new values. (Update his Hobbies to “Skating”) Use “Update else insert” (if there is an existing document, it will attempt to update it, if there is no existing document then it will insert it).

```
> db.Student.update({_id: 3, Name: "Bhuvan"}, {$set: { Hobbies: "Skating" }}, {upsert: true});
WriteResult({ "nMatched" : 1, "nUpserted" : 0, "nModified" : 1 })
```

v) To display only the StudName and Grade from all the documents of the Students collection. The identifier _id should be suppressed and NOT displayed.

```
> db.Student.find({}, {name: 1, sem: 1, _id: 0});
{ "sem" : "V" }
{ "sem" : "VII" }
{ "sem" : "III" }
{ "sem" : "VII" }
{ "sem" : "V" }
```

vi) To find those documents where the Grade is set to ‘VII’

```
> db.Student.find({sem: {$eq: "VII"}});
{ "_id" : 2, "Name" : "Ananya", "sem" : "VII", "dept" : "ECE", "CGPA" : 6.8, "hobbies" : [ "knitting", "reading novels" ] }
{ "_id" : 4, "Name" : "Ajay", "sem" : "VII", "dept" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 9.1, "hobbies" : [ "playing", "reading novels" ] }
```

vii) To find those documents from the Students collection where the Hobbies is set to either ‘Chess’ or is set to ‘Skating’.

```
> db.Student.find({Hobbies: {$in: ['Chess', 'Skating']}});
{ "_id" : 3, "Name" : "Bhuvan", "sem" : "III", "dept" : "ME", "CGPA" : 8.8, "hobbies" : [ "chess", "collecting coins" ], "Hobbies" : "Skating" }
```

viii) To find documents from the Students collection where the StudName begins with “B”

```
> db.Student.find({Name: /^B/});
{ "_id" : 3, "Name" : "Bhuvan", "sem" : "III", "dept" : "ME", "CGPA" : 8.8, "hobbies" : [ "chess", "collecting coins" ], "Hobbies" : "Skating" }
```

ix) To find the number of documents in the Students collection.

```
> db.Student.count();
5
```

x) To sort the documents from the Students collection in the descending order of StudName.

```
> db.Student.find().sort({Name: -1});
{ "_id" : 5, "Name" : "Colin", "sem" : "V", "dept" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 7.1, "hobbies" : [ "playing", "watching TV" ] }
{ "_id" : 3, "Name" : "Bhuvan", "sem" : "III", "dept" : "ME", "CGPA" : 8.8, "hobbies" : [ "chess", "collecting coins" ], "Hobbies" : "Skating" }
{ "_id" : 1, "Name" : "Arun", "sem" : "V", "dept" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 8.2, "hobbies" : [ "cycling", "swimming" ] }
{ "_id" : 2, "Name" : "Ananya", "sem" : "VII", "dept" : "ECE", "CGPA" : 6.8, "hobbies" : [ "knitting", "reading novels" ] }
{ "_id" : 4, "Name" : "Ajay", "sem" : "VII", "dept" : "CSE", "CGPA" : 9.1, "hobbies" : [ "playing", "reading novels" ] }
```

xi) Command used to export MongoDB JSON documents from “Student” Collection into the “Students” database into a CSV file “Output.txt”.

```
> mongoexport --host localhost --db studentDB --collection Student --csv --out /Downloads/student.txt -fields "Name","sem"  
uncaught exception: SyntaxError: unexpected token: identifier :  
@(shell):1:14
```

LAB PROGRAM 2: Employee database using Cassandra

Program 1. Perform the following DB operations using Cassandra.

```
bmsce@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~/cassandra/apache-cassandra-3.11.0/bin$ cqlsh
Connected to Test Cluster at 127.0.0.1:9042.
[cqlsh 5.0.1 | Cassandra 3.11.4 | CQL spec 3.4.4 | Native protocol v4]
Use HELP for help.
```

1. Create a key space by name Employee

```
cqlsh> create keyspace Employee with REPLICATION = {
... 'class':'SimpleStrategy','replication_factor':1
... };
```

```
cqlsh> use Employee;
```

```
cqlsh:employee> describe keyspaces;
```

```
students      system_auth system_distributed system_traces
system_schema system      employee
```

```
cqlsh> describe keyspace employee;
CREATE KEYSPACE employee WITH replication = {'class': 'SimpleStrategy', 'replication_factor': '1'} AND durable_writes = true;
```

2. Create a column family by name Employee-Info with attributes Emp_Id Primary Key, Emp_Name, Designation, Date_of_Joining, Salary, Dept_Name

```
cqlsh:employee> CREATE TABLE Employee_Info(
... emp_id int PRIMARY KEY,
... emp_name text,
... designation text,
... date_of_joining timestamp,
... salary double,
... dept_name text
... );
```

```
cqlsh:employee> describe tables
```

```
employee_info
```

```
cqlsh:employee> describe table employee_info

CREATE TABLE employee.employee_info (
  emp_id int PRIMARY KEY,
  date_of_joining timestamp,
  dept_name text,
  designation text,
  emp_name text,
  salary double
) WITH additional_write_policy = '99p'
  AND bloom_filter_fp_chance = 0.01
  AND caching = {'keys': 'ALL', 'rows_per_partition': 'NONE'}
  AND cdc = false
  AND comment = ''
  AND compaction = {'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.db.compaction.SizeTieredCompactionStrategy', 'max_threshold': '32', 'min_threshold': '4'}
  AND compression = {'chunk_length_in_kb': '16', 'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.io.compress.LZ4Compressor'}
  AND crc_check_chance = 1.0
  AND default_time_to_live = 0
  AND extensions = {}
  AND gc_grace_seconds = 864000
  AND max_index_interval = 2048
  AND memtable_flush_period_in_ms = 0
  AND min_index_interval = 128
  AND read_repair = 'BLOCKING'
  AND speculative_retry = '99p';
```

3. Insert the values into the table in batch

```
cqlsh:employee> BEGIN BATCH
```

```
... insert into employee_info(emp_id,emp_name,designation,date_of_joining,salary,dept_name)
... values(1,'Arun','Technical head','2020-03-01',50000,'Technical')
... insert into employee_info(emp_id,emp_name,designation,date_of_joining,salary,dept_name)
... values(2,'Ajay','HR manager','2020-06-11',60000,'HR')
... insert into employee_info(emp_id,emp_name,designation,date_of_joining,salary,dept_name)
... values(3,'Riya','Editor','2022-01-11',22000,'Markrting')
... insert into employee_info(emp_id,emp_name,designation,date_of_joining,salary,dept_name)
... values(4,'Kshma','Software Engineer','2021-05-11',35000,'Technical')
... insert into employee_info(emp_id,emp_name,designation,date_of_joining,salary,dept_name)
... values(5,'Ram','HR employee','2021-02-11',25000,'HR')
... APPLY BATCH;
```

```
cqlsh:employee> select * from employee_info;
```

emp_id	date_of_joining	dept_name	designation	emp_name	salary
5	2021-02-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	HR	HR employee	Ram	25000
1	2020-02-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	Technical	Technical head	Arun	50000
2	2020-06-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	HR	HR manager	Ajay	60000
4	2021-05-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	Technical	Software Engineer	Kshma	35000
3	2022-01-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	Markrting	Editor	Riya	22000


```
cqlsh:employee> select * from employee_info
... ;
```

emp_id	date_of_joining	dept_name	designation	emp_name	salary
5	2021-02-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	HR	HR employee	Ram	25000
1	2020-02-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	Technical	Technical head	Arun	50000
2	2020-06-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	HR	HR manager	Ajay	60000
4	2021-05-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	Technical	Software Engineer	Kshma	35000
3	2022-01-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	Marketing	Editor	Riya	22000

```
(5 rows)
```

4. Update Employee name and Department of Emp-Id 3

```
cqlsh:employee> UPDATE employee_info SET emp_name = 'Raj' , dept_name = 'Sales' where emp_id = 3;
```

```
cqlsh:employee> select * from employee_info;
```

emp_id	date_of_joining	dept_name	designation	emp_name	salary
5	2021-02-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	HR	HR employee	Ram	25000
1	2020-02-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	Technical	Technical head	Arun	50000
2	2020-06-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	HR	HR manager	Ajay	60000
4	2021-05-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	Technical	Software Engineer	Kshma	35000
3	2022-01-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	Sales	Editor	Raj	22000

```
cqlsh:employee> select * from employee_info;
```

emp_id	date_of_joining	dept_name	designation	emp_name	salary
5	2021-02-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	HR	HR employee	Ram	25000
1	2020-02-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	Technical	Technical head	Arun	50000
2	2020-06-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	HR	HR manager	Ajay	60000
4	2021-05-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	Technical	Software Engineer	Kshma	35000
3	2022-01-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	Sales	Editor	Raj	22000

```
(5 rows)
cqlsh:employee> _
```

5. Sort the details of Employee records based on salary

```
CREATE TABLE emp(
... emp_id int,
... salary double,
... emp_name text,
... PRIMARY KEY(emp_id,salary));
```

```

BEGIN BATCH
... insert into emp(emp_id,emp_name,salary) values(1,'Prema',25000)
... insert into emp(emp_id,emp_name,salary) values(2,'Pooja',35000)
... insert into emp(emp_id,emp_name,salary) values(3,'Arun',25000)
... insert into emp(emp_id,emp_name,salary) values(4,'Ajay',50000)
... insert into emp(emp_id,emp_name,salary) values(5,'Bob',100000)
... APPLY BATCH;

```

PAGING OFF;

select * from emp where emp_id in(1,2,3,4,5) order by salary;

emp_id	salary	emp_name
1	25000	Prema
3	25000	Arun
2	35000	Pooja
4	50000	Ajay
5	1e+05	Bob

```

cqlsh:employee> paging off;
Disabled Query paging.
cqlsh:employee> select * from emp where emp_id in (1,2,3,4,5) order by salary;

 emp_id | salary | emp_name
-----+-----+-----
      1 | 25000 | Prema
      3 | 25000 | Arun
      2 | 35000 | Pooja
      4 | 50000 | Ajay
      5 | 1e+05 | Bob

(5 rows)
cqlsh:employee> 

```

6. Alter the schema of the table Employee_Info to add a column Projects which stores a set of Projects done by the corresponding Employee.

cqlsh:employee> alter table employee_info

... add project text;

cqlsh:employee> select * from employee_info;

emp_id	date_of_joining	dept_name	designation	emp_name	project	salary
5	2021-02-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	HR	HR employee	Ram	null	25000
1	2020-02-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	Technical	Technical head	Arun	null	50000

```

2 | 2020-06-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | HR | HR manager | Ajay | null | 60000
4 | 2021-05-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | Technical | Software Engineer | Kshma | null | 35000
3 | 2022-01-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | Sales | Editor | Raj | null | 22000

```

(5 rows)

7. Update the altered table to add project names.

cqlsh:employee> begin batch

... update employee_info set project = 'xyz' where emp_id = 3

... update employee_info set project = 'pqr' where emp_id = 5

... update employee_info set project = 'pqr' where emp_id = 2

... update employee_info set project = 'abc' where emp_id = 1

... update employee_info set project = 'abc' where emp_id = 4

... apply batch;

cqlsh:employee> select * from employee_info;

emp_id	date_of_joining	dept_name	designation	emp_name	project	salary
5	2021-02-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	HR	HR employee	Ram	pqr	25000
1	2020-02-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	Technical	Technical head	Arun	abc	50000
2	2020-06-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	HR	HR manager	Ajay	pqr	60000
4	2021-05-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	Technical	Software Engineer	Kshma	abc	35000
3	2022-01-10 18:30:00.000000+0000	Sales	Editor	Raj	xyz	22000

(5 rows)

```

cqlsh:employee> select * from employee_info;

emp_id | date_of_joining | dept_name | designation | emp_name | project | salary
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----
5 | 2021-02-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | HR | HR employee | Ram | pqr | 25000
1 | 2020-02-29 18:30:00.000000+0000 | Technical | Technical head | Arun | abc | 50000
2 | 2020-06-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | HR | HR manager | Ajay | pqr | 60000
4 | 2021-05-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | Technical | Software Engineer | Kshma | abc | 35000
3 | 2022-01-10 18:30:00.000000+0000 | Sales | Editor | Raj | xyz | 22000

(5 rows)
cqlsh:employee> _

```

8 Create a TTL of 15 seconds to display the values of Employee

cqlsh:employee> insert into employee_info(emp_id,

date_of_joining,dept_name,designation,emp_name,project,salary) values(6, '2021-02-28','HR','HR employee','Anvi','xyz',20000) using TTL 15;

cqlsh:employee> select TTL(emp_name) from employee_info;

t1(emp_name)

null
null
null
null
5
null

(6 rows)

```
cqlsh:employee> select TTL(emp_name) from employee_info;
```

t1(emp_name)

null
null
null
null
5
null

(6 rows)

LAB PROGRAM 3: Library database using Cassandra

1 Create a key space by name Library

```
create keyspace library with replication={  
  ... 'class':'SimpleStrategy','replication_factor':1  
  ... };
```

```
cqlsh> describe keyspace library;  
  
CREATE KEYSPACE library WITH replication = {'class': 'SimpleStrategy', 'replication_factor': '1'} AND durable_writes = true;
```

use library;

2. Create a column family by name Library-Info with attributes Stud_Id Primary Key,
Counter_value of type Counter,
Stud_Name, Book-Name, Book-Id, Date_of_issue

```
create table library_info(  
  ... stud_id int ,  
  ... counter_value counter,  
  ... stud_name text,  
  ... book_name text,  
  ... book_id int,  
  ... date_of_issue timestamp,  
  ... primary key(stud_id,stud_name,book_name,book_id,date_of_issue));
```

```
cqlsh:library> describe table library_info;  
  
CREATE TABLE library.library_info (  
  stud_id int,  
  stud_name text,  
  book_name text,  
  book_id int,  
  date_of_issue timestamp,  
  counter_value counter,  
  PRIMARY KEY (stud_id, stud_name, book_name, book_id, date_of_issue)  
) WITH CLUSTERING ORDER BY (stud_name ASC, book_name ASC, book_id ASC, date_of_issue ASC)  
  AND additional_write_policy = '99p'  
  AND bloom_filter_fp_chance = 0.01  
  AND caching = {'keys': 'ALL', 'rows_per_partition': 'NONE'}  
  AND cdc = false  
  AND comment = ''  
  AND compaction = {'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.db.compaction.SizeTieredCompactionStrategy', 'max_threshold': '32', 'min_threshold': '4'}  
  AND compression = {'chunk_length_in_kb': '16', 'class': 'org.apache.cassandra.io.compress.LZ4Compressor'}  
  AND crc_check_chance = 1.0  
  AND default_time_to_live = 0  
  AND extensions = {}  
  AND gc_grace_seconds = 864000  
  AND max_index_interval = 2048  
  AND memtable_flush_period_in_ms = 0  
  AND min_index_interval = 128  
  AND read_repair = 'BLOCKING'  
  AND speculative_retry = '99p';
```

3. Insert the values into the table in batch

```
cqlsh:library> update library_info set counter_value=counter_value+1 where stud_id=1 and stud_name = 'Raj'  
and book_name='BDA' and book_id=200 and date_of_issue='2022-04-30';
```

```
cqlsh:library> update library_info set counter_value=counter_value+1 where stud_id=2 and stud_name = 'Ravi'
and book_name='ADA' and book_id=100 and date_of_issue='2022-04-30';
cqlsh:library> update library_info set counter_value=counter_value+1 where stud_id=1 and stud_name = 'Raj'
and book_name='BDA' and book_id=200 and date_of_issue='2022-05-30';
cqlsh:library> select * from library_info;
```

```
cqlsh:library> select * from library_info;
```

stud_id	stud_name	book_name	book_id	date_of_issue	counter_value
1	Raj	BDA	200	2022-04-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	1
1	Raj	BDA	200	2022-05-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	1
2	Ravi	ADA	100	2022-04-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	1

(3 rows)

4. Display the details of the table created and increase the value of the counter

```
cqlsh:library> update library_info set counter_value=counter_value+1 where stud_id=1 and stud_name = 'Raj'
and book_name='BDA' and book_id=200 and date_of_issue='2022-04-30';
cqlsh:library> select * from library_info;
```

stud_id	stud_name	book_name	book_id	date_of_issue	counter_value
1	Raj	BDA	200	2022-04-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	2
1	Raj	BDA	200	2022-05-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	1
2	Ravi	ADA	100	2022-04-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	1

```
cqlsh:library> select * from library_info;
```

stud_id	stud_name	book_name	book_id	date_of_issue	counter_value
1	Raj	BDA	200	2022-04-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	2
1	Raj	BDA	200	2022-05-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	1
2	Ravi	ADA	100	2022-04-29 18:30:00.000000+0000	1

(3 rows)

5. Write a query to show that a student with id 1 has taken a book “BDA” 2 times.

```
cqlsh:library> select counter_value from library_info where stud_id = 1;
```

counter_value
2
1

```
cqlsh:library> select counter_value from library_info where stud_id = 1;

counter_value
-----
            2
            1

(2 rows)
```

6. Export the created column to a csv file

```
cqlsh:lab2_library> copy library_info(stud_id,stud_name,book_id,date_of_issue,counter_value)to 'lib.csv';
Using 7 child processes

Starting copy of lab2_library.library_info with columns [stud_id, stud_name, book_id, date_of_issue, counter_v
alue].
Processed: 2 rows; Rate:      9 rows/s; Avg. rate:      9 rows/s
2 rows exported to 1 files in 0.250 seconds.
```

7. Import a given csv dataset from local file system into Cassandra column family

```
cqlsh:library>truncate library_info;
```

```
cqlsh:library>copy library_info(stud_id,stud_name,book_id,date_of_issue,counter_value) from 'lib.csv';
```

LAB PROGRAM 4: Execution of HDFS Commands for interaction with Hadoop Environment.

```
bmsce@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ sudo su hduser
```

```
[sudo] password for bmsce:
```

```
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:/home/bmsce$ start-all.sh
```

This script is Deprecated. Instead use start-dfs.sh and start-yarn.sh

Starting namenodes on [localhost]

```
hduser@localhost's password:
```

localhost: namenode running as process 6691. Stop it first.

```
hduser@localhost's password:
```

localhost: datanode running as process 6951. Stop it first.

Starting secondary namenodes [0.0.0.0]

```
hduser@0.0.0.0's password:
```

0.0.0.0: secondarynamenode running as process 7329. Stop it first.

starting yarn daemons

resourcemanager running as process 7490. Stop it first.

```
hduser@localhost's password:
```

localhost: nodemanager running as process 8817. Stop it first.

```
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:/home/bmsce$ jps
```

7329 SecondaryNameNode

8817 NodeManager

7490 ResourceManager

6691 NameNode

6951 DataNode

10188 Jps

```
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ hdfs dfs -mkdir prathiksha
```

```
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:/home/bmsce$ hdfs dfs -ls /
```

Found 3 items

drwxr-xr-x - hduser supergroup 0 2022-05-31 09:42 /prathiksha

drwxrwxr-x - hduser supergroup 0 2019-08-01 16:19 /tmp

drwxr-xr-x - hduser supergroup 0 2019-08-01 16:03 /user

```
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:/$ cd ~/Desktop
```

```
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~/Desktop$ vi abc.txt
```

```
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~/Desktop$ cd ..
```

```
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ hdfs dfs -put ~/Desktop/abc.txt /prathiksha/first.txt
```

```
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ hdfs dfs -ls /prathiksha
```

Found 1 items

-rw-r--r-- 1 hduser supergroup 13 2022-05-31 10:01 /prathiksha/first.txt

```
hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~$ vi ~/Desktop/welcome.txt
```


hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -copyFromLocal ~/Desktop/welcome.txt /prathiksha/welcome.txt

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -ls /prathiksha

Found 2 items

```
-rw-r--r--  1 hduser supergroup      13 2022-05-31 10:01 /prathiksha/first.txt
-rw-r--r--  1 hduser supergroup     24 2022-05-31 10:06 /prathiksha/welcome.txt
```

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -get /prathiksha/welcome.txt ~/Downloads/first.txt

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ cat ~/Downloads/first.txt

hi hello how you doing?

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -copyToLocal /prathiksha/first.txt ~/Downloads/123.txt

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ cat ~/Downloads/123.txt

abc def ghi

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -cat /prathiksha/first.txt

abc def ghi

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -mkdir /ABC

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -cp /prathiksha /ABC

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -ls /ABC

Found 1 items

```
drwxr-xr-x  - hduser supergroup      0 2022-05-31 10:16 /ABC/prathiksha
```

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -cp /prathiksha /DEF

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -ls /DEF

Found 2 items

```
-rw-r--r--  1 hduser supergroup      13 2022-05-31 10:17 /DEF/first.txt
-rw-r--r--  1 hduser supergroup     24 2022-05-31 10:17 /DEF/welcome.txt
```

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -mv /prathiksha /GHI

hduser@bmsce-Precision-T1700:~\$ hdfs dfs -ls /

Found 5 items

```
drwxr-xr-x  - hduser supergroup      0 2022-05-31 10:16 /ABC
drwxr-xr-x  - hduser supergroup      0 2022-05-31 10:17 /DEF
drwxr-xr-x  - hduser supergroup      0 2022-05-31 10:06 /GHI
drwxrwxr-x  - hduser supergroup      0 2019-08-01 16:19 /tmp
drwxr-xr-x  - hduser supergroup      0 2019-08-01 16:03 /user
```