

## PROGRAM 17

**Implement “Sum of Subsets” using Backtracking. “Sum of Subsets” problem: Find a subset of a given set  $S = \{s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n\}$  of  $n$  positive integers whose sum is equal to a given positive integer  $d$ . For example, if  $S = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 8\}$  and  $d = 9$  there are two solutions  $\{1, 2, 6\}$  and  $\{1, 8\}$ . A suitable message is to be displayed if the given problem instance doesn’t have a solution.**

//Code

```
#include<stdio.h>
int count,w[10],d,x[10];
void subset(int cs, int k, int r)
{
    int i;
    x[k]=1;
    if(cs+w[k]==d)
    {
        printf("\nSubset solution = %d\n", ++count);
        for(i=0;i<=k;i++)
        {
            if(x[i]==1)

                printf("%d\t", w[i]);

        }
    }
    else
        if(cs+w[k]+w[k+1]<=d)
            subset(cs+w[k], k+1, r-w[k]);
        if((cs+r-w[k]>=d) && (cs+w[k+1]<=d)
        {
            x[k]=0;
            subset(cs,k+1,r-w[k]);
        }
    }
```

```
}
```

```
int main()
{
    int sum=0,i,n;
    printf("Enter the number of elements\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter the elements in ascending order\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%d", &w[i]);

    printf("Enter the required sum\n");
    scanf("%d", &d);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        sum+=w[i];
    if(sum<d)
    {
        printf("No solution exists\n");
        return 0;
    }
    printf("The solution is\n");
    count=0;
    subset(0,0,sum);
}
```

//Output

```
❏ clang++-7 -pthread -std=c++17 -o main main.cpp
❏ ./main
Enter the number of elements
5
Enter the elements in ascending order
1
2
5
6
8
Enter the required sum
9
The solution is

Subset solution = 1
1  2  6
Subset solution = 2
1  8  ❏ □
```