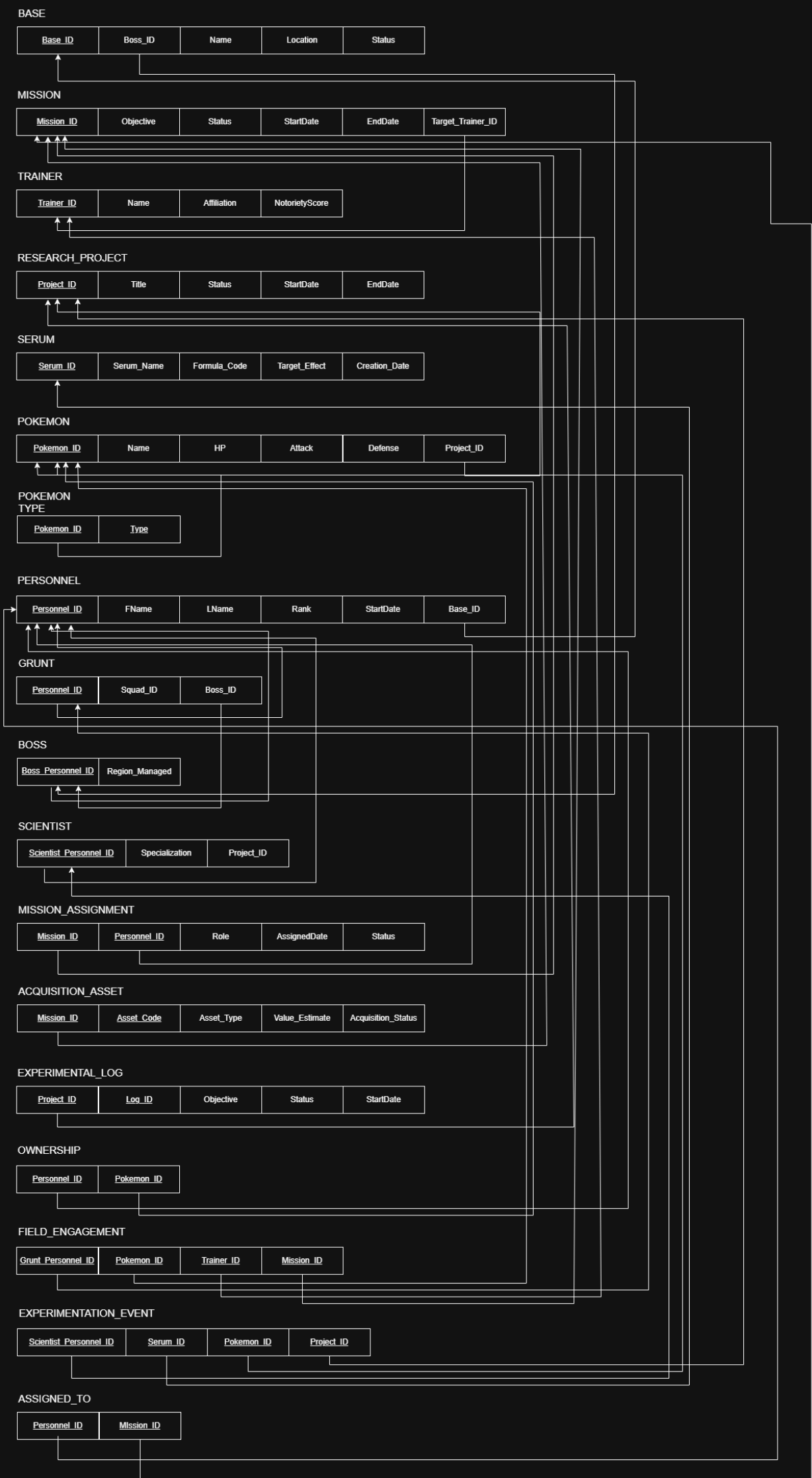


Team number - 88 (Data Dynasty)

1. Relational Model Conversion

This section summarizes the conversion of the conceptual Entity-Relationship (ER) model for **Project Overlord** into a set of normalized relations (tables), detailing the changes made at each stage (1NF, 2NF, 3NF).

1.1. Relational Model After Mapping ER to Relational Model



This stage involves translating all ER components—entities, subclasses, multi-valued attributes, and relationships—into initial tables.

Changes to Entity Types

- **Subclass Hierarchy (Personnel):** A relation was created for the superclass **PERSONNEL** with attributes $Attrs(\mathbf{PERSONNEL}) = \{Personnel_ID, \dots\}$ and $PK = Personnel_ID$. A relation was created for each subclass, **GRUNT**, **BOSS**, **SCIENTIST**, with attributes $\{Personnel_ID\} \cup \{attributes\ of\ respective\ subclass\}$ and $PK = Personnel_ID$.
- **Weak Entity Types:** Each weak entity was converted into its own relation (table), which included all of its own attributes. This new table also inherited the primary key from its "owner" entity, which serves as a foreign key. The primary key of the new weak entity table is a composite key, formed by combining the owner's primary key and the weak entity's own partial key. This process was applied to our three weak entities: **MISSION_ASSIGNMENT**, **ACQUISITION_ASSET**, and **EXPERIMENT_LOG**.
- **Multi-Valued Attributes:** Attributes like *Type* (**POKEMON**) were resolved by placing them in separate tables (**POKEMON_TYPE**), using the original entity's PK as a component of the new Composite PK.
- **Relationships:** 1:M relationships (e.g., *Base houses Personnel*) were resolved by placing the Foreign Key (*Base_ID*) on the 'Many' side (**PERSONNEL**). M:N, and N-ary relationships became dedicated tables (e.g., **OWNERSHIP**, **MISSION_ASSIGNMENT**).

1.2. Relational Model After Conversion to 1NF

Explanation No further conversion was strictly necessary. The initial ER-to-Relational mapping process inherently satisfied First Normal Form (1NF) by ensuring all attributes were atomic. This was achieved by:

- Decomposing composite attributes (e.g., *Name* into *FName*, *LName*).
- Isolating multi-valued attributes into separate relations (e.g., **POKEMON_TYPE**).

1.3. Relational Model After Conversion to 2NF

BASE				
<u>Base_ID</u>	Boss_ID	Name	Location	Status

MISSION					
<u>Mission_ID</u>	Objective	Status	StartDate	EndDate	Target_Trainer_ID

TRAINER			
<u>Trainer_ID</u>	Name	Affiliation	NotorietyScore

RESEARCH_PROJECT				
<u>Project_ID</u>	Title	Status	StartDate	EndDate

SERUM				
<u>Serum_ID</u>	Serum_Name	Formula_Code	Target_Effect	Creation_Date

POKEMON					
<u>Pokemon_ID</u>	Name	HP	Attack	Defense	Project_ID

POKEMON TYPE	
<u>Pokemon_ID</u>	Type

PERSONNEL					
<u>Personnel_ID</u>	FName	LName	Rank	StartDate	Base_ID

GRUNT		
<u>Personnel_ID</u>	Squad_ID	Boss_ID

BOSS	
<u>Boss_Personnel_ID</u>	Region_Managed

SCIENTIST		
<u>Scientist_Personnel_ID</u>	Specialization	Project_ID

MISSION_ASSIGNMENT				
<u>Mission_ID</u>	<u>Personnel_ID</u>	Role	AssignedDate	Status

MISSION_ASSETS		
<u>Mission_ID</u>	<u>Asset_Code</u>	Acquisition_Status

EXPERIMENTAL_LOG				
<u>Project_ID</u>	<u>Log_ID</u>	Objective	Status	StartDate

OWNERSHIP	
<u>Personnel_ID</u>	<u>Pokemon_ID</u>

FIELD_ENGAGEMENT			
<u>Grunt_Personnel_ID</u>	<u>Pokemon_ID</u>	<u>Trainer_ID</u>	<u>Mission_ID</u>

EXPERIMENTATION_EVENT			
<u>Scientist_Personnel_ID</u>	<u>Serum_ID</u>	<u>Pokemon_ID</u>	<u>Project_ID</u>

ASSIGNED_TO	
<u>Personnel_ID</u>	<u>Mission_ID</u>

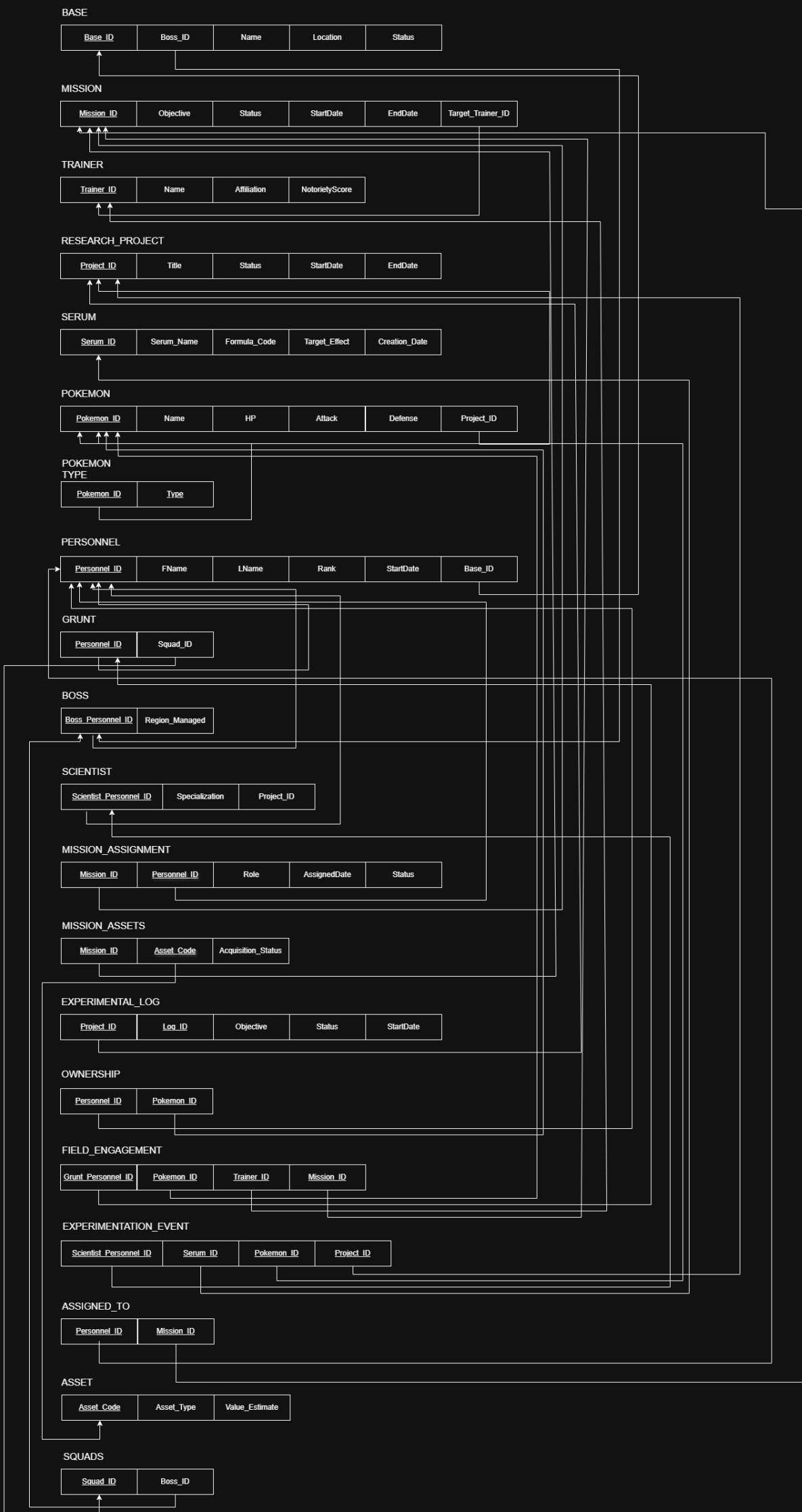
ASSET		
<u>Asset_Code</u>	Asset_Type	Value_Estimate

The conversion to 2NF addressed partial dependencies in tables that possessed a Composite Primary Key.

Changes to Entity Types

- **Acquisition Asset Decomposition:** The **ACQUISITION_ASSET** table contained attributes (*Asset_Type*, *Value_Estimate*) dependent only on the partial key (*Asset_Code*), violating 2NF.
- **Resolution:** The non-key attributes that exhibited partial dependency were moved to a new table, **ASSET** (*Asset_Code* PK). The original table was revised to **MISSION_ASSETS** (*Mission_ID*, *Asset_Code* PK), serving purely as a link.

1.4. Relational Model After Conversion to 3NF



The conversion to 3NF addressed transitive dependencies (where a non-key attribute determines another non-key attribute).

Changes to Entity Types

- **Grunt/Boss Transitivity:** The **GRUNT** table, structured as $\underline{Personnel_ID} \rightarrow Squad_ID \rightarrow Boss_ID$, exhibited a transitive dependency, as $Squad_ID$ (non-key) determined $Boss_ID$ (non-key). This violated 3NF.
- **Resolution:** This transitive dependency was isolated into a new table, **SQUAD** ($\underline{Squad_ID}$ PK, $Boss_ID$ FK). The **GRUNT** table was revised to only retain the necessary Foreign Key, $Squad_ID$, eliminating the redundancy of storing $Boss_ID$ for every Grunt.

Final State: All resulting relations are now verified to be in 3NF, minimizing data redundancy and ensuring high data integrity.

2. draw.io Links

The following links provide access to the visual representations of the diagram:

- **Relational Schema/1NF Diagram Link:** <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1iMK4yhB2IiWyKLTZDwbzgTupDcQ4aCoh/view?usp=sharing>
- **2NF Diagram Link:** <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1fi5Wk4r8GPbyvvXE7BwNJdDatb2Q/view?usp=sharing>
- **3NF Diagram Link:** <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1paHy-TWDIZUatwGJFIZCahaT907G/view?usp=sharing>