

Experiment-4

Arithmetic And Logical Operation

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Section/Group :1(Group-2)

Semester : 5

Date of Performance :

Subject Name: DIP

Subject Code : CSF-336

1. AIM/OVERVIEW of the Practical

In this experiment we have perform image arithmetic and logical operations using opencv. In this we have used the jupyter notebook software.

2. Task to be Done

Various tasks which we have to performed in this experiment that are

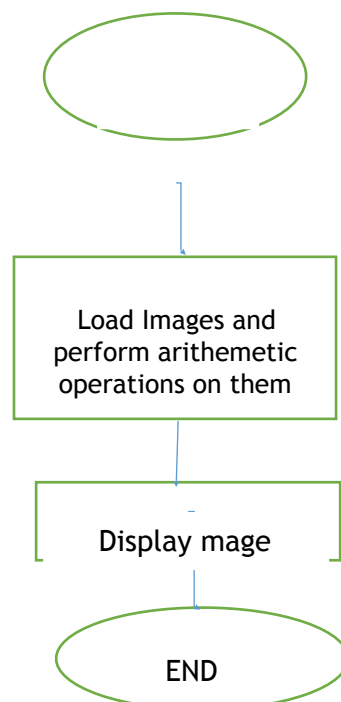
- Read images
- Perform arithmetic operation on images
- Display image

3. Required Libraries Or Softwares

Software – Jupyter Notebook

Libraries – numpy, matplotlib, pil, scikit Image, opencv

4. Algorithm/Flowchart



Steps for Experiment/Practical

1. # Image Addition

```
import cv2

import numpy as np

imag1 = cv2.imread('./img1.png')
imag2 = cv2.imread('./img2.png')

add = imag1+imag2

cv2.imshow('addition window',add)

cv2.waitKey(0)

cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

2. # Image Addition

```
import cv2

import numpy as np

img1 = cv2.imread('./img1.png')
img2 = cv2.imread('./img2.png')

add = cv2.add(img1,img2)

cv2.imshow('addition window',add)

cv2.waitKey(0)

cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

3. # Image Blending

```
import cv2

import numpy as np

img1 = cv2.imread('./img1.png')
img2 = cv2.imread('./img2.png')

weighted = cv2.addWeighted(img1, 0.6, img2, 0.4, 0)

# Notation: addWeighted method, the parameters are the first image, the weight, the second
image, that weight, and gamma, which is a measurement of light.

cv2.imshow('add weighted window',weighted)

cv2.waitKey(0)

cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

5. # To show the mask inverse using threshold

```
import cv2

import numpy as np
```

```

# Load two images
img1 = cv2.imread('./img1.png')
img2 = cv2.imread('./img2.png')

# I want to put logo on top-left corner, So I create a ROI
rows,cols,channels = img2.shape
roi = img1[0:rows, 0:cols]

# Now create a mask of logo and create its inverse mask, mask generly would be to grey scale
img2gray = cv2.cvtColor(img2,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)

# add a threshold

# Threshold: it works is that, it will convert all pixels to either black or white, based on a
threshold value.

ret, mask = cv2.threshold(img2gray, 220, 255, cv2.THRESH_BINARY_INV)

cv2.imshow('mask window', mask)

cv2.waitKey(0)

cv2.destroyAllWindows()

```

6. # Bitwise Operation

```

import cv2
import numpy as np

# Load two images
img1 = cv2.imread('./img1.png')
img2 = cv2.imread('./img2.png')

# I want to put logo on top-left corner, So I create a ROI
rows,cols,channels = img2.shape
roi = img1[0:rows, 0:cols ]

# Now create a mask of logo and create its inverse mask, mask generly would be to grey scale
img2gray = cv2.cvtColor(img2,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)

# add a threshold

# Threshold: it works is that, it will convert all pixels to either black or white, based on a
threshold value.

ret, mask = cv2.threshold(img2gray, 220, 255, cv2.THRESH_BINARY_INV)

#This is a bitwise operation.black area of mask
mask_inv = cv2.bitwise_not(mask)

# bitwise_not : mask or not mask

# bitwise_and : when two are equal

```

```

# bitwise_or : When both values are true it runs, if only one value is true it runs
# bitwise_xor : only when one value is true

# we want to black out this area in the first image, and then take image 2 and replace its
contents in that empty spot.

# Now black-out the area of logo in ROI, bitwise is a lowlevel logical operation.
img1_bg = cv2.bitwise_and(roi,roi,mask = mask_inv)

# Take only region of logo from logo image.
img2_fg = cv2.bitwise_and(img2,img2,mask = mask)
dst = cv2.add(img1_bg,img2_fg)

img1[0:rows, 0:cols ] = dst
cv2.imshow('res window', img1)
cv2.imshow('mask_inv window', mask_inv)
cv2.imshow('img1_bg window', img1_bg)
cv2.imshow('img2_fg window', img2_fg)
cv2.imshow('dst window', dst)
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()

```

7. # Performing bitwise operation without using mask inverse

```

img1 = cv2.imread('./img1.png')
img2 = cv2.imread('./img2.png')

# I want to put logo on top-left corner, So I create a ROI
rows,cols,channels = img2.shape
roi = img1[0:rows, 0:cols ]

# Now create a mask of logo and create its inverse mask also
img2gray = cv2.cvtColor(img2,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
ret, mask = cv2.threshold(img2gray, 10, 255, cv2.THRESH_BINARY)
mask_inv = cv2.bitwise_not(mask)

# Now black-out the area of logo in ROI
img1_bg = cv2.bitwise_and(roi,roi,mask = mask_inv)

# Take only region of logo from logo image.
img2_fg = cv2.bitwise_and(img2,img2,mask = mask)

# Put logo in ROI and modify the main image
dst = cv2.add(img1_bg,img2_fg)

img1[0:rows, 0:cols ] = dst

```

```
cv2.imshow('res',img1)

cv2.waitKey(0)

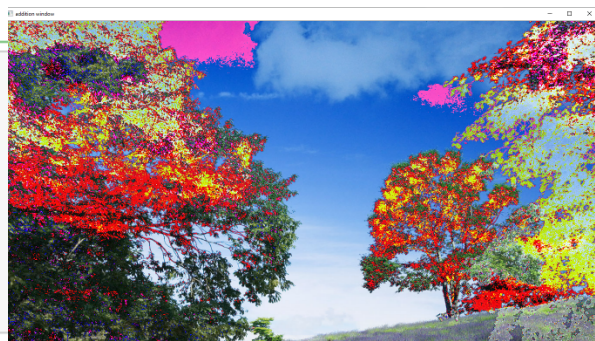
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

4. The command that we have learned today in the program :

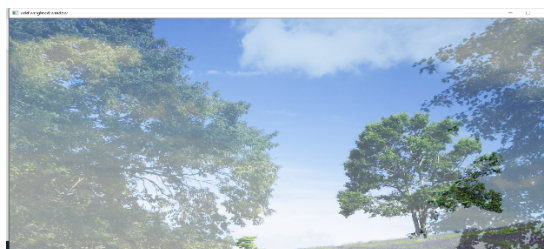
In this program we have learnt various command performing the arithmetic or logical operations on image.

5. Output

```
In [*]: # Importing required modules
import cv2
import numpy as np
img1 = cv2.imread('./img1.png')
img2 = cv2.imread('./img2.png')
add = img1+img2
cv2.imshow('addition window',add)
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

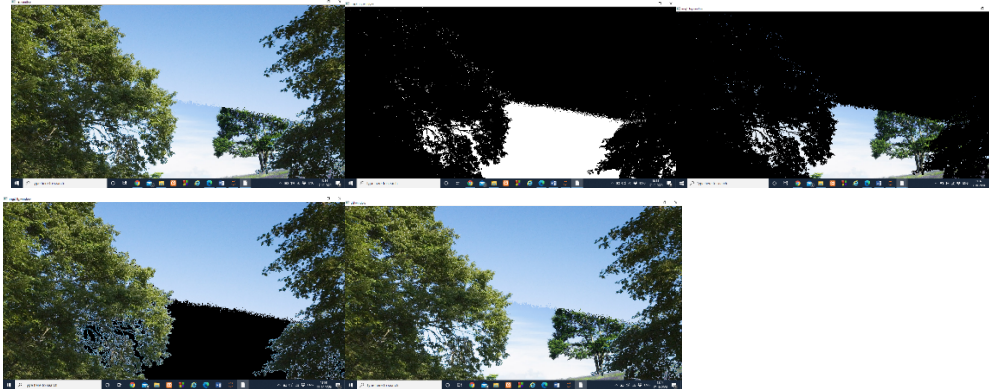
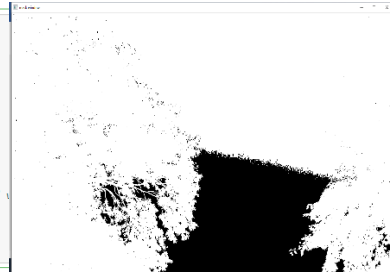


```
In [*]: # Importing required modules
import cv2
import numpy as np
img1 = cv2.imread('./img1.png')
img2 = cv2.imread('./img2.png')
add = cv2.add(img1,img2)
cv2.imshow('addition window',add)
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

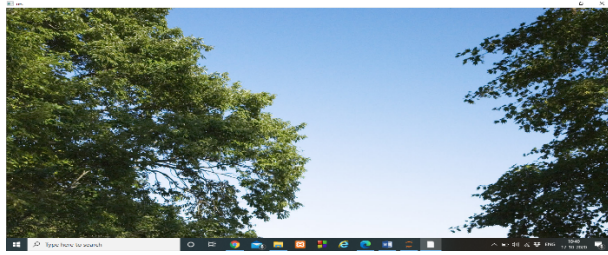


```
# Importing required modules
import cv2
import numpy as np
# Considering both the images of identical size 500 x 250
img1 = cv2.imread('./img1.png')
img2 = cv2.imread('./img2.png')
weighted = cv2.addWeighted(img1, 0.6, img2, 0.4, 0)
# Notation: addWeighted method, the parameters are the first
cv2.imshow('add weighted window',weighted)
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

```
In [*]: # Importing required modules
import cv2
import numpy as np
# Load two images
img1 = cv2.imread('./img1.png')
img2 = cv2.imread('./img2.png')
# I want to put Logo on top-left corner, So I create a ROI
rows,cols,channels = img2.shape
roi = img1[0:rows, 0:cols]
# Now create a mask of Logo and create its inverse mask, mask generly would be to grey scale
img2gray = cv2.cvtColor(img2,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
# add a threshold
# Threshold: it works is that, it will convert all pixels to either black or white, based on a threshold value
ret, mask = cv2.threshold(img2gray, 220, 255, cv2.THRESH_BINARY_INV)
cv2.imshow('mask window', mask)
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```



```
In [4]: # Importing required modules
import cv2
import numpy as np
# Load two images
img1 = cv2.imread('./img1.png')
img2 = cv2.imread('./img2.png')
# I want to put Logo on top-left corner, So I create a ROI
rows,cols,channels = img2.shape
roi = img1[0:rows, 0:cols ]
# Now create a mask of Logo and create its inverse mask, mask generly would be to grey scale
img2gray = cv2.cvtColor(img2,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
# add a threshold
# Threshold: it works is that, it will convert all pixels to either black or white, based on a threshold value.
ret, mask = cv2.threshold(img2gray, 220, 255, cv2.THRESH_BINARY_INV)
#This is a bitwise operation.black area of mask
mask_inv = cv2.bitwise_not(mask)
# bitwise_not : mask or not mask
# bitwise_and : when two are equal
# bitwise_or : When both values are true it runs, if only one value iss true it runs
# bitwise_xor : onle when one value is true
# we want to black out this area in the first image, and then take image 2 and replace it's contents in that empty spot.
# Now black-out the area of Logo in ROI, bitwise is a Lowlevel Logical operation.
img1_bg = cv2.bitwise_and(roi,roi,mask = mask_inv)
# Take only region of Logo from Logo image.
img2_fg = cv2.bitwise_and(img2,img2,mask = mask)
dst = cv2.add(img1_bg,img2_fg)
img1[0:rows, 0:cols ] = dst
cv2.imshow('res window', img1)
cv2.imshow('mask_inv window', mask_inv)
cv2.imshow('img1_bg window', img1_bg)
cv2.imshow('img2_fg window', img2_fg)
cv2.imshow('dst window', dst)
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```



```
In [*]: # Load two images
img1 = cv2.imread('./img1.png')
img2 = cv2.imread('./img2.png')
# I want to put Logo on top-left corner, So I create a ROI
rows,cols,channels = img2.shape
roi = img1[0:rows, 0:cols ]
# Now create a mask of Logo and create its inverse mask also
img2gray = cv2.cvtColor(img2,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
ret, mask = cv2.threshold(img2gray, 10, 255, cv2.THRESH_BINARY)
mask_inv = cv2.bitwise_not(mask)
# Now black-out the area of Logo in ROI
img1_bg = cv2.bitwise_and(roi,roi,mask = mask_inv)
# Take only region of Logo from Logo image.
img2_fg = cv2.bitwise_and(img2,img2,mask = mask)
# Put Logo in ROI and modify the main image
dst = cv2.add(img1_bg,img2_fg)
img1[0:rows, 0:cols ] = dst
cv2.imshow('res',img1)
cv2.waitKey(0)
cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```