Assignment 1

Problem Statement: Create a base 15 numbering system

1) Define a Base 15 Numbering System

Symbols: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, R, O, C, X, Z

2) Two digit number rows

3) Demo: Addition and Subtraction

- Addition Examples:
 - \circ 8 + 5 = X (base 15)
 - o R + 6 = 11 (base 15) → 11

• Subtraction Examples:

- \circ C 4 = 8
- \circ Z 7 = 7 (base 15)

4) Demo: Double Digit Addition and Subtraction

• Addition Examples:

$$\circ$$
 2X + 3C = 6R

• Subtraction Examples:

5) Table 1 to 10

×	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R
1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R
2	2	4	6	8	R	С	10	12	14	16
3	3	6	9	C	11	14	17	1R	1X	22
4	4	8	C	12	16	1R	20	24	28	2C
5	5	R	11	16	10	22	27	2C	33	38
6	6	С	14	1R	22	28	30	36	3C	44
7	7	10	17	20	27	30	37	40	47	50
8	8	12	1R	24	2C	36	40	48	52	5R
9	9	14	1X	28	33	3C	47	52	5B	66
R	R	16	22	2C	38	44	50	5R	66	72

6) Demo: Multiplication for Single and Double Digits

• Single Digit:

$$\circ$$
 5 x 7 = 23

• Double Digit:

$$\circ$$
 1C x 3 = 56

7) Conversion formula

- From Base 15 to Base 10 : Base-10 value = $\sum (i=0,n-1) di*(15^i)$
- From base 10 to Base 15 : $N=d0 + d1 \times 15 + d2 \times 15^2 + ...$

Where d0,d1,d2,... are the digits of the base-15 representation of N, and $0 \le di < 150 \le *di * < 15$.

Given a base-10 number *N* to convert to base-15:

- a. Initialize an empty list to store the remainders.
- b. While *N* is greater than 0, do the following:
 - i. Compute the remainder of *N* divided by 15.
 - ii. Append this remainder to the list.
 - iii. Update *N* to be the integer division of *N* by 15.
- c. Reverse the list of remainders to obtain the base-15 representation of the number.

0123456789ROCXZ

(10=R, 11=O, 12=C, 13=X, 14=Z)