Fuel Economy Analysis

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import math

%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

In [2]: # importing CSV files
df_08 = pd.read_csv('./all_alpha_08.csv')
df_18 = pd.read_csv('./all_alpha_18.csv')

In [3]: #First Five data from 2008 dataset
df_08.head()
```

Out[3]:

	Model	Displ	СуІ	Trans	Drive	Fuel	Sales Area	Stnd	Underhood ID	Veh Class	Air Pollution Score
0	ACURA MDX	3.7	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	U2	8HNXT03.7PKR	SUV	7
1	ACURA MDX	3.7	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	FA	B5	8HNXT03.7PKR	SUV	6
2	ACURA RDX	2.3	(4 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	U2	8HNXT02.3DKR	SUV	7
3	ACURA RDX	2.3	(4 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	FA	B5	8HNXT02.3DKR	SUV	6
4	ACURA RL	3.5	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	U2	8HNXV03.5HKR	midsize car	7

```
In [4]: #First Five data from 2018 dataset
        df_18.head()
```

Out[4]:

	Model	Displ	Cyl	Trans	Drive	Fuel	Cert Region	Stnd	Stnd Description	Underhood
0	ACURA RDX	3.5	6.0	SemiAuto- 6	2WD	Gasoline	FA	T3B125	Federal Tier 3 Bin 125	JHNXT03.50
1	ACURA RDX	3.5	6.0	SemiAuto- 6	2WD	Gasoline	CA	U2	California LEV-II ULEV	JHNXT03.50
2	ACURA RDX	3.5	6.0	SemiAuto- 6	4WD	Gasoline	FA	T3B125	Federal Tier 3 Bin 125	JHNXT03.50
3	ACURA RDX	3.5	6.0	SemiAuto- 6	4WD	Gasoline	CA	U2	California LEV-II ULEV	JHNXT03.50
4	ACURA TLX	2.4	4.0	AMS-8	2WD	Gasoline	CA	L3ULEV125	California LEV-III ULEV125	JHNXV02.4V

Cleaning Data

```
In [5]: # duplicates for 2008 dataset
        df_08.duplicated().sum()
```

Out[5]: 25

```
In [6]: # duplicates for 2008 dataset
        df_18.duplicated().sum()
```

Out[6]: 0

```
In [7]: #Find records with the missing values in 2008 dataset
         df_08.isnull().sum()
Out[7]: Model
                                    0
        Displ
                                    0
         Cyl
                                  199
         Trans
                                  199
         Drive
                                   93
         Fuel
                                    0
         Sales Area
                                    0
         Stnd
                                    0
         Underhood ID
         Veh Class
         Air Pollution Score
                                    0
         FE Calc Appr
                                  199
         City MPG
                                  199
        Hwy MPG
                                  199
         Cmb MPG
                                  199
         Unadj Cmb MPG
                                  199
         Greenhouse Gas Score
                                  199
         SmartWay
                                    0
         dtype: int64
In [8]: #Find records with the missing values in 2018 dataset
         df 18.isnull().sum()
Out[8]: Model
                                  0
        Displ
                                  2
                                  2
         Cyl
         Trans
                                  0
         Drive
                                  0
         Fuel
         Cert Region
                                  0
                                  0
         Stnd
         Stnd Description
                                  0
         Underhood ID
                                  0
        Veh Class
         Air Pollution Score
         City MPG
                                  0
        Hwy MPG
                                  0
         Cmb MPG
                                  0
         Greenhouse Gas Score
                                  0
         SmartWay
                                  0
         Comb CO2
                                  0
         dtype: int64
In [9]: #missing value 2008 has been fixed
         df 08.query('Drive == "NaN"')
Out[9]:
                                                                              Air
                                                                                    FΕ
                                                                     Veh
                                                                                         City
                                                         Underhood
                                             Sales
           Model Displ Cyl Trans Drive Fuel
                                                   Stnd
                                                                          Pollution
                                                                                   Calc
                                                                ID
                                                                   Class
                                                                                        MPG
                                              Area
                                                                                  Appr
                                                                            Score
```

```
In [10]: #Total number of unique values for 2008 dataset
df_08.nunique().sum()
```

Out[10]: 1757

```
In [11]: #Total number of unique values for 2018 dataset
    df_18.nunique().sum()
```

Out[11]: 1217

In [12]: #droped columns which is not needed for dataset 2008
 df_08.drop(['Stnd','Underhood ID', 'FE Calc Appr', 'Unadj Cmb MPG'], axis=1, i
 nplace=True)
 df_08.head()

Out[12]:

	Model	Displ	Cyl	Trans	Drive	Fuel	Sales Area	Veh Class	Air Pollution Score	City MPG	Hwy MPG	Cmb MPG	Gre Ga
0	ACURA MDX	3.7	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	SUV	7	15	20	17	
1	ACURA MDX	3.7	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	FA	SUV	6	15	20	17	
2	ACURA RDX	2.3	(4 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	SUV	7	17	22	19	
3	ACURA RDX	2.3	(4 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	FA	SUV	6	17	22	19	
4	ACURA RL	3.5	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	midsize car	7	16	24	19	

```
In [13]: #droped columns which is not needed for dataset 2018
    df_18.drop(['Stnd', 'Stnd Description', 'Underhood ID', 'Comb CO2'], axis=1, i
    nplace=True)
    df_18.head()
```

Out[13]:

	Model	Displ	СуІ	Trans	Drive	Fuel	Cert Region	Veh Class	Air Pollution Score	City MPG		Cmb MPG	
0	ACURA RDX	3.5	6.0	SemiAuto- 6	2WD	Gasoline	FA	small SUV	3	20	28	23	•
1	ACURA RDX	3.5	6.0	SemiAuto- 6	2WD	Gasoline	CA	small SUV	3	20	28	23	
2	ACURA RDX	3.5	6.0	SemiAuto- 6	4WD	Gasoline	FA	small SUV	3	19	27	22	
3	ACURA RDX	3.5	6.0	SemiAuto-	4WD	Gasoline	CA	small SUV	3	19	27	22	
4	ACURA TLX	2.4	4.0	AMS-8	2WD	Gasoline	CA	small car	3	23	33	27	

Rename 'Sales Area' to 'Cert Region' in 2008 dataframe

```
In [14]: df_08.rename(columns={"Sales Area": "Cert Region"}, inplace=True)
    df_08.head()
```

Out[14]:

	Model	Displ	СуІ	Trans	Drive	Fuel	Cert Region	Veh Class	Air Pollution Score	City MPG	Hwy MPG	Cmb MPG	Gr (
0	ACURA MDX	3.7	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	SUV	7	15	20	17	
1	ACURA MDX	3.7	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	FA	SUV	6	15	20	17	
2	ACURA RDX	2.3	(4 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	SUV	7	17	22	19	
3	ACURA RDX	2.3	(4 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	FA	SUV	6	17	22	19	
4	ACURA RL	3.5	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	midsize car	7	16	24	19	

```
In [15]: # rename and change column name in 2008 dataset
         df_08.rename(columns=lambda x: x.strip().lower().replace(" ", "_"), inplace=Tr
         ue)
         df 08.head()
```

Out[15]:

	model	displ	cyl	trans	drive	fuel	cert_region	veh_class	air_pollution_score	city_m
0	ACURA MDX	3.7	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	SUV	7	
1	ACURA MDX	3.7	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	FA	SUV	6	
2	ACURA RDX	2.3	(4 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	SUV	7	
3	ACURA RDX	2.3	(4 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	FA	SUV	6	
4	ACURA RL	3.5	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	midsize car	7	

```
In [16]: # rename and change column name in 2018
         df_18.rename(columns=lambda x: x.strip().lower().replace(" ", "_"), inplace=Tr
         ue)
         df 18.head()
```

Out[16]:

	model	displ	cyl	trans	drive	fuel	cert_region	veh_class	air_pollution_score	cit
_	o ACURA RDX	3.5	6.0	SemiAuto-	2WD	Gasoline	FA	small SUV	3	
	1 ACURA RDX	3.5	6.0	SemiAuto- 6	2WD	Gasoline	CA	small SUV	3	
	2 ACURA RDX	3.5	6.0	SemiAuto-	4WD	Gasoline	FA	small SUV	3	
	3 ACURA RDX	3.5	6.0	SemiAuto-	4WD	Gasoline	CA	small SUV	3	
	4 ACURA TLX	2.4	4.0	AMS-8	2WD	Gasoline	CA	small car	3	

Save Dataframe to csv

```
In [17]: | df_08.to_csv("df_08_v1.csv", index=False)
         df_18.to_csv("df_18_v1.csv", index=False)
```

Cars driven in the U.S are certified only through California, Knowing this, I decidec to remove all records that don't have 'CA' certification region

```
In [18]: | #kept only "CA" certification region for dataset 2008
         df_08 = df_08.query('cert_region == "CA"')
         df_08.head()
```

Out[18]:

	model	displ	cyl	trans	drive	fuel	cert_region	veh_class	air_pollution_score	city_m
_	ACURA MDX	3.7	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	SUV	7	
	ACURA RDX	2.3	(4 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	SUV	7	
	4 ACURA RL	3.5	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	4WD	Gasoline	CA	midsize car	7	
	ACURA TL	3.2	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	2WD	Gasoline	CA	midsize car	7	
	ACURA TL	3.5	(6 cyl)	Auto- S5	2WD	Gasoline	CA	midsize car	7	

```
In [19]: # only kept "CA" certification region 2018
         df_18 = df_18.query('cert_region == "CA"')
```

```
In [20]: | #drop "cert_region" column because do not need any more
         df_08.drop(columns=['cert_region'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

```
In [21]: #drop "cert region" column because do not need any more
         df_18.drop(columns=['cert_region'], axis=1, inplace=True)
```

Drop records with missing values

```
In [22]: | df_08.dropna(inplace=True)
          df_18.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
In [23]: | # drop all duplicates from datasets
         df_08.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
         df_18.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
```

```
In [24]:
         #saved new CSV files
         df_08.to_csv('df_08_v2.csv', index=False)
         df_18.to_csv('df_18_v2.csv', index=False)
```

```
In [25]: ### changing str to int for 2008 dataset
          df_08.cyl = df_08.cyl.str.extract('(\d+)').astype(int)
          df_08.cyl.value_counts()
Out[25]: 6
                409
                283
          4
                199
          8
          5
                 48
          12
                 30
          10
                 14
          2
                  2
         16
                  1
          Name: cyl, dtype: int64
In [26]: ### changing flot to int dor 2018 dataset
          df 18.cyl = df 18.cyl.astype(int)
          df_08.cyl.value_counts()
Out[26]: 6
                409
                283
                199
          8
          5
                 48
         12
                 30
          10
                 14
          2
                  2
          16
         Name: cyl, dtype: int64
```

Save latest version to CSV

```
In [27]: #Latest version of CSV files
          df_08.to_csv('df_08_v3.csv', index=False)
          df_18.to_csv('df_18_v3.csv', index=False)
In [28]: | #look for data which have uncount value
          df_08.query('air_pollution_score == "6/4"')
Out[28]:
                      model displ cyl trans drive
                                                        fuel veh_class air_pollution_score city_mpg
                MERCEDES-
                                      Auto-
           1550
                              3.0
                                   6
                                            2WD ethanol/gas
                                                              small car
                                                                                    6/4
                                                                                           13/18
                 BENZ C300
                                        L7
```

Find all records with 'slashed' value and creat one record for each value

```
In [29]: hybrid 08 = df 08[df 08['fuel'].str.contains('/')]
         hybrid_08.head()
```

Out[29]:

	model	displ	cyl	trans	drive	fuel	veh_class	air_pollution_score	city_mpg
1550	MERCEDES- BENZ C300	3.0	6	Auto- L7	2WD	ethanol/gas	small car	6/4	13/18

```
In [30]: hybrid_18 = df_18[df_18['fuel'].str.contains('/')]
         hybrid_18.head()
```

Out[30]:

	model	displ	cyl	trans	drive	fuel	veh_class	air_pollution_score
108	BMW 330e	2.0	4	SemiAuto- 8	2WD	Gasoline/Electricity	small car	3
160	BMW 530e	2.0	4	SemiAuto- 8	2WD	Gasoline/Electricity	small car	7
162	BMW 530e	2.0	4	SemiAuto- 8	4WD	Gasoline/Electricity	small car	7
188	BMW 740e	2.0	4	SemiAuto- 8	4WD	Gasoline/Electricity	large car	3
382	CHEVROLET Impala	3.6	6	SemiAuto-	2WD	Ethanol/Gas	large car	5

```
In [31]: #created copy of hybrid object for 2008 dataset
         df1 = hybrid_08.copy()
         df2 = hybrid_08.copy()
         df2.head()
```

Out[31]:

	model	displ	cyl	trans	drive	fuel	veh_class	air_pollution_score	city_mpg
1550	MERCEDES- BENZ C300	3.0	6	Auto-	2WD	ethanol/gas	small car	6/4	13/18

```
In [32]: # split the "/" in two rows using Lambda method
         columns_to_spilt = ['fuel', 'air_pollution_score', 'city_mpg', 'hwy_mpg', 'cmb
         _mpg', 'greenhouse_gas_score']
         for i in columns to spilt:
             df1[i] = df1[i].apply(lambda x: x.split('/')[0])
             df2[i] = df2[i].apply(lambda x: x.split('/')[1])
```

```
In [33]: # drop index and append splited "/"
         df_08.drop(hybrid_08.index, inplace=True)
         df_08 = df_08.append(df1.append(df2), ignore_index=True)
```

```
In [34]: # created copy of hybrid object for 2018 dataset
         df3 = hybrid 18.copy()
         df4 = hybrid_18.copy()
         df4.head()
```

Out[34]:

	model	displ	cyl	trans	drive	fuel	veh_class	air_pollution_score
108	BMW 330e	2.0	4	SemiAuto- 8	2WD	Gasoline/Electricity	small car	3
160	BMW 530e	2.0	4	SemiAuto- 8	2WD	Gasoline/Electricity	small car	7
162	BMW 530e	2.0	4	SemiAuto- 8	4WD	Gasoline/Electricity	small car	7
188	BMW 740e	2.0	4	SemiAuto- 8	4WD	Gasoline/Electricity	large car	3
382	CHEVROLET Impala	3.6	6	SemiAuto-	2WD	Ethanol/Gas	large car	5

```
In [35]: ## split the "/" in two rows using lambda method
         columns_to_spilt = ['fuel', 'city_mpg', 'hwy_mpg', 'cmb_mpg']
         for i in columns to spilt:
             df3[i] = df3[i].apply(lambda x: x.split('/')[0])
             df4[i] = df4[i].apply(lambda x: x.split('/')[1])
```

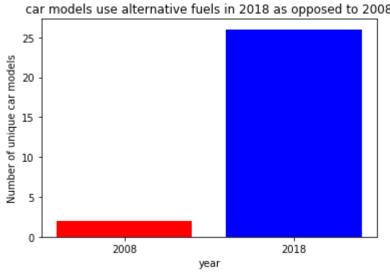
```
In [36]: ## drop index and append splited "/"
         df_18.drop(hybrid_18.index, inplace=True)
         df 18 = df 18.append(df3.append(df4), ignore index=True)
```

```
In [37]: # changed objects in to "int"
         df 08.city mpg = df 08.city mpg.astype(int)
         df_08.hwy_mpg = df_08.hwy_mpg.astype(int)
         df_08.cmb_mpg = df_08.cmb_mpg.astype(int)
         df_18.city_mpg = df_18.city_mpg.astype(int)
         df_18.hwy_mpg = df_18.hwy_mpg.astype(int)
         df_18.cmb_mpg = df_18.cmb_mpg.astype(int)
```

```
In [38]: #changed objects in to "float" for 2008 dataset
         df_08.air_pollution_score =df_08.air_pollution_score.astype(float)
         df 08.greenhouse gas score = df 08.greenhouse gas score.astype(float)
         df 08.dtypes
Out[38]: model
                                   object
                                  float64
         displ
         cyl
                                    int32
         trans
                                   object
         drive
                                   object
         fuel
                                   object
         veh class
                                   object
         air_pollution_score
                                  float64
         city_mpg
                                    int32
         hwy mpg
                                    int32
                                    int32
         cmb mpg
                                  float64
         greenhouse_gas_score
         smartway
                                   object
         dtype: object
In [39]: #changed objects in to "float" for dataset 2018
         df 18.air pollution score =df 18.air pollution score.astype(float)
         df_18.greenhouse_gas_score = df_18.greenhouse_gas_score.astype(float)
         df_18.dtypes
Out[39]: model
                                   object
                                  float64
         displ
         cyl
                                    int32
         trans
                                   object
         drive
                                   object
         fuel
                                   object
         veh class
                                   object
         air pollution score
                                  float64
                                    int32
         city_mpg
         hwy_mpg
                                    int32
         cmb_mpg
                                    int32
                                  float64
         greenhouse_gas_score
         smartway
                                   object
         dtype: object
In [40]: | df_08.to_csv('df_08_v4.csv', index=False)
         df 18.to csv('df 18 v4.csv', index=False)
```

Q1. How many more car models use alternative fuels in 2018 as opposed to 2008?

```
In [41]: # altternative fuels for 2008
         df 08.fuel.value counts()
Out[41]: Gasoline
                      984
         CNG
                        1
                        1
         gas
         ethanol
                        1
         Name: fuel, dtype: int64
In [42]: # alternative fuel for 2018
         df_18.fuel.value_counts()
Out[42]: Gasoline
                         749
         Ethanol
                          26
         Gas
                          26
         Diesel
                          19
         Electricity
                          12
         Name: fuel, dtype: int64
In [43]:
         # unique numbers for car models which use alternative fuel in 2008
         alt_08 = df_08.query('fuel in ["CNG", "ethanol"]').model.nunique()
         alt 08
Out[43]: 2
In [44]:
         # unique numbers for car models which use alternative fuel in 2018
         alt_18 = df_18.query('fuel in ["Ethanol", "Electricity"]').model.nunique()
         alt_18
Out[44]: 26
         #bar chart for visualization
In [45]:
         plt.bar(['2008', '2018'], [alt_08, alt_18], color=('red','blue'))
         plt.title("car models use alternative fuels in 2018 as opposed to 2008")
         plt.xlabel('year')
         plt.ylabel('Number of unique car models')
         plt.show()
             car models use alternative fuels in 2018 as opposed to 2008
```

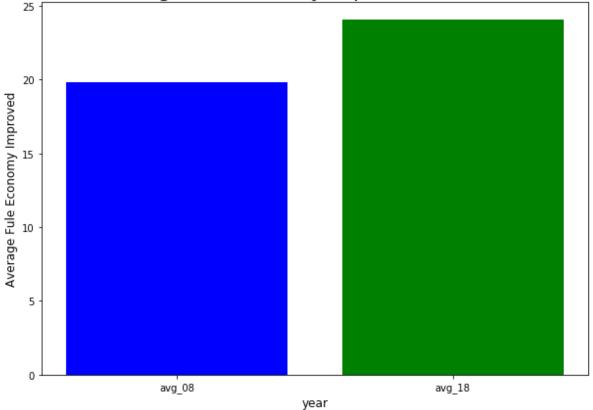


It's seems like 24 car models use alternative fuels in 2018 opposed to 2008.

Q2. How much has the average fuel economy improved since 2008?

```
In [46]: # average fuel economy in 2008
         avg_08 = df_08.cmb_mpg.mean()
         math.floor(avg 08)
Out[46]: 19
In [57]:
         # average fuel economy in 2018
         avg_18 = df_18.cmb_mpg.mean()
         math.floor(avg 18)
Out[57]: 24
In [58]: #Plot for improved fule economy since 2008
         plt.subplots(figsize=(10,7))
         plt.bar(["avg_08", "avg_18"], [df_08.cmb_mpg.mean(), df_18.cmb_mpg.mean()], co
         lor=("blue", "green"))
         plt.title(" Average fuel economy improved since 2008", fontsize=20)
         plt.xlabel("year", fontsize=12)
         plt.ylabel("Average Fule Economy Improved", fontsize=12)
         plt.show()
```





By Looking this graph I can say that the average fule economy has improved by 4 mpg since 2008.

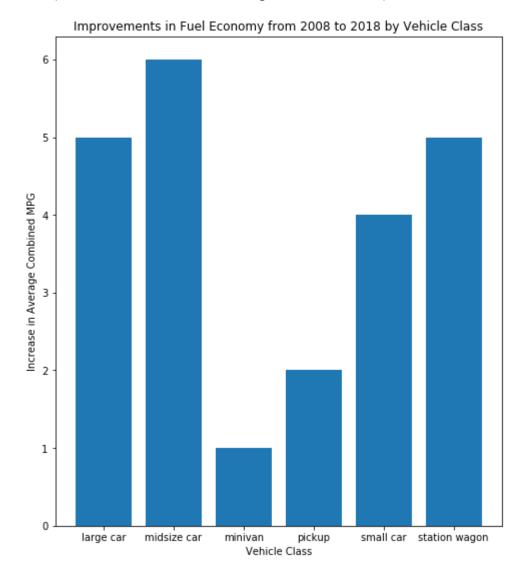
Q3. Based on vehicle type, how much has average fuel economy improved since 2008?

```
In [59]: #The average fuel economy for each vehicle class for both years.
         veh_08 = df_08.groupby("veh_class").cmb_mpg.mean().apply(np.int64)
         veh_08
         veh_18 = df_18.groupby("veh_class").cmb_mpg.mean().apply(np.int64)
         veh_18
Out[59]: veh_class
         large car
                            23
         midsize car
                            27
                            20
         minivan
         pickup
                          18
                            24
         small SUV
         small car
                            25
         special purpose
                            18
         standard SUV
                            18
         station wagon
                            27
         Name: cmb_mpg, dtype: int64
In [50]: # how much they have increased
         inc = veh 18 - veh 08
         inc
Out[50]: veh class
         SUV
                            NaN
         large car
                            5.0
         midsize car
                            6.0
         minivan
                            1.0
         pickup
                            2.0
         small SUV
                            NaN
         small car
                            4.0
         special purpose
                            NaN
         standard SUV
                            NaN
         station wagon
                            5.0
                            NaN
         Name: cmb_mpg, dtype: float64
In [51]: # drop NaN values from incresed fuel economy
         inc_1 = inc.dropna()
```

```
In [60]:
         # Round it up to int
         inc_1.apply(np.int64)
Out[60]: veh_class
         large car
                           5
         midsize car
                           6
         minivan
                           1
         pickup
         small car
         station wagon
                           5
         Name: cmb_mpg, dtype: int64
```

```
In [61]:
         # vasual for vehicle type and how much has average fuel economy improved since
         2008 for that fuel economy.
         plt.subplots(figsize=(8, 9))
         plt.bar(inc_1.index, inc_1)
         plt.title("Improvements in Fuel Economy from 2008 to 2018 by Vehicle Class")
         plt.xlabel("Vehicle Class")
         plt.ylabel("Increase in Average Combined MPG")
```

Out[61]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Increase in Average Combined MPG')



Midsize car has improved highest fuel economy comperd to 2008, it's 6 mpg. large car and sation wagon has improved 5 mpg. Minivan, pickup and small car also has improved their fuel economy by 1 mpg, 2 mpg, and 4 mpg respectively. In all six vehical types has improved their fuel economy since 2008.

Q4. Which model has the highest average air pollution score and fuel economy in 2008 and 2018? Comper them

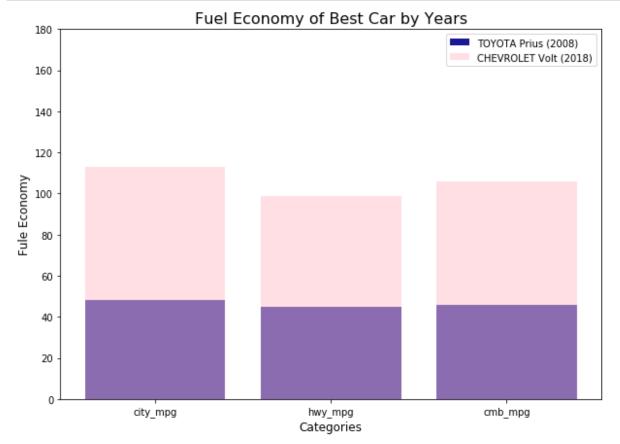
```
In [64]: # Average air pollution score from 2008 dataset
          AVG 08 = df 08.groupby('model').air pollution score.max().max()
          math.floor(AVG 08)
Out[64]: 9
In [65]: # Best Fuel economy in 2008 dataset
          bst 08 = df 08.groupby('model').cmb mpg.max().max()
          bst 08
Out[65]: 46
In [66]: # Best Fuel economy Car for 2008
          fuel_08= df_08.query('air_pollution_score == 9.5 and cmb_mpg == 46')
          fuel 08
Out[66]:
                 model displ cyl trans
                                      drive
                                               fuel veh_class air_pollution_score city_mpg
                                                                                       hwy_r
               TOYOTA
                                                      midsize
          878
                                       2WD Gasoline
                                                                                    48
                                                                          9.5
                  Prius
                                   ΑV
                                                          car
In [68]:
         # Average air pollution score from 2018 dataset
          AVG_18 = df_18.groupby('model').air_pollution_score.max().max()
          math.floor(AVG 18)
Out[68]: 7
In [69]: # Best Fuel economy in 2018 dataset
          bst 18 = df 18.groupby("model").cmb mpg.max().max()
          bst 18
Out[69]: 106
```

```
# Best Fuel economy Car for 2018
fuel 18 = df 18.query("air pollution score == 7.0 and cmb mpg == 106")
fuel 18
```

Out[70]:

```
model displ cyl trans drive
                                           fuel veh_class air_pollution_score city_mpg
CHEVROLET
               1.5
                         CVT
                               2WD Electricity
                                                  small car
                                                                          7.0
                                                                                    113
        Volt
```

```
In [71]:
         # vasualisation best cars by Year
         dp_08 = fuel_08.iloc[:, 8:11].iloc[0]
         dp_18 = fuel_18.iloc[:, 8:11].iloc[0]
         plt.subplots(figsize=(10,7))
         plt.bar(dp_08.index, dp_08, label=f"{fuel_08.model.iloc[0]} (2008)", color='da
         rkblue' ,alpha=0.9)
         plt.bar(dp 18.index, dp 18, label=f"{fuel 18.model.iloc[0]} (2018)", color='pi
         nk' ,alpha=0.5, )
         plt.yticks(ticks=[i*20 for i in range (0,10)])
         plt.title("Fuel Economy of Best Car by Years", fontsize=16)
         plt.xlabel("Categories", fontsize=12)
         plt.ylabel("Fule Economy", fontsize=12)
         plt.legend(loc='best')
         plt.show()
```



As we can see here The best fuel economy car in 2008 was TOYOTA Prius with 46 mpg and in 2018 the mpg reach to 106, and the best car for 2018 is CHEVROLET Volt.

Tn []•	
TII 1	