

Experiment No:01

Encryption and Decryption

Program in C:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int i, x;
    char str[100];

    printf("\nPlease enter a
    string:\t");
    gets(str);

    printf("\nPlease choose following
    options:\n");
    printf("1 = Encrypt the string.\n");
    printf("2 = Decrypt the
    string.\n");
    scanf("%d", &x);

    //using switch case
    statementsswitch(x)
    {
    case 1:
        for(i = 0; (i < 100 && str[i] != '\0'); i++)
            str[i] = str[i] + 3; //the key for encryption is 3 that is added to ASCII value

        printf("\nEncrypted
        string: %s\n", str);
        break;

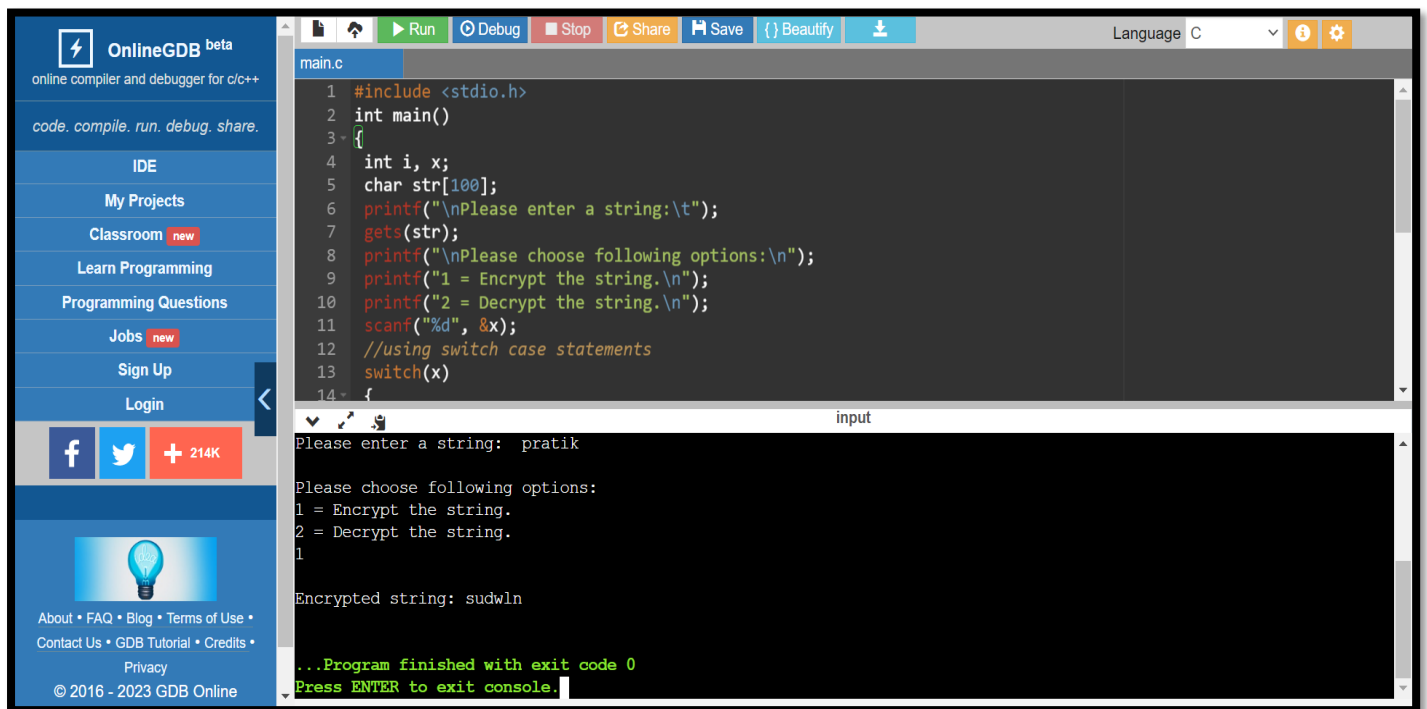
    case 2:
        for(i = 0; (i < 100 && str[i] != '\0'); i++)
            str[i] = str[i] - 3; //the key for encryption is 3 that is subtracted to ASCII
            value

        printf("\nDecrypted
        string: %s\n", str);
        break;

    default:

        printf("\nEr
        ror\n");
        return 0;
    }
```

Output:



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```
main.c
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int i, x;
5     char str[100];
6     printf("\nPlease enter a string:\t");
7     gets(str);
8     printf("\nPlease choose following options:\n");
9     printf("1 = Encrypt the string.\n");
10    printf("2 = Decrypt the string.\n");
11    scanf("%d", &x);
12    //using switch case statements
13    switch(x)
14    {
```

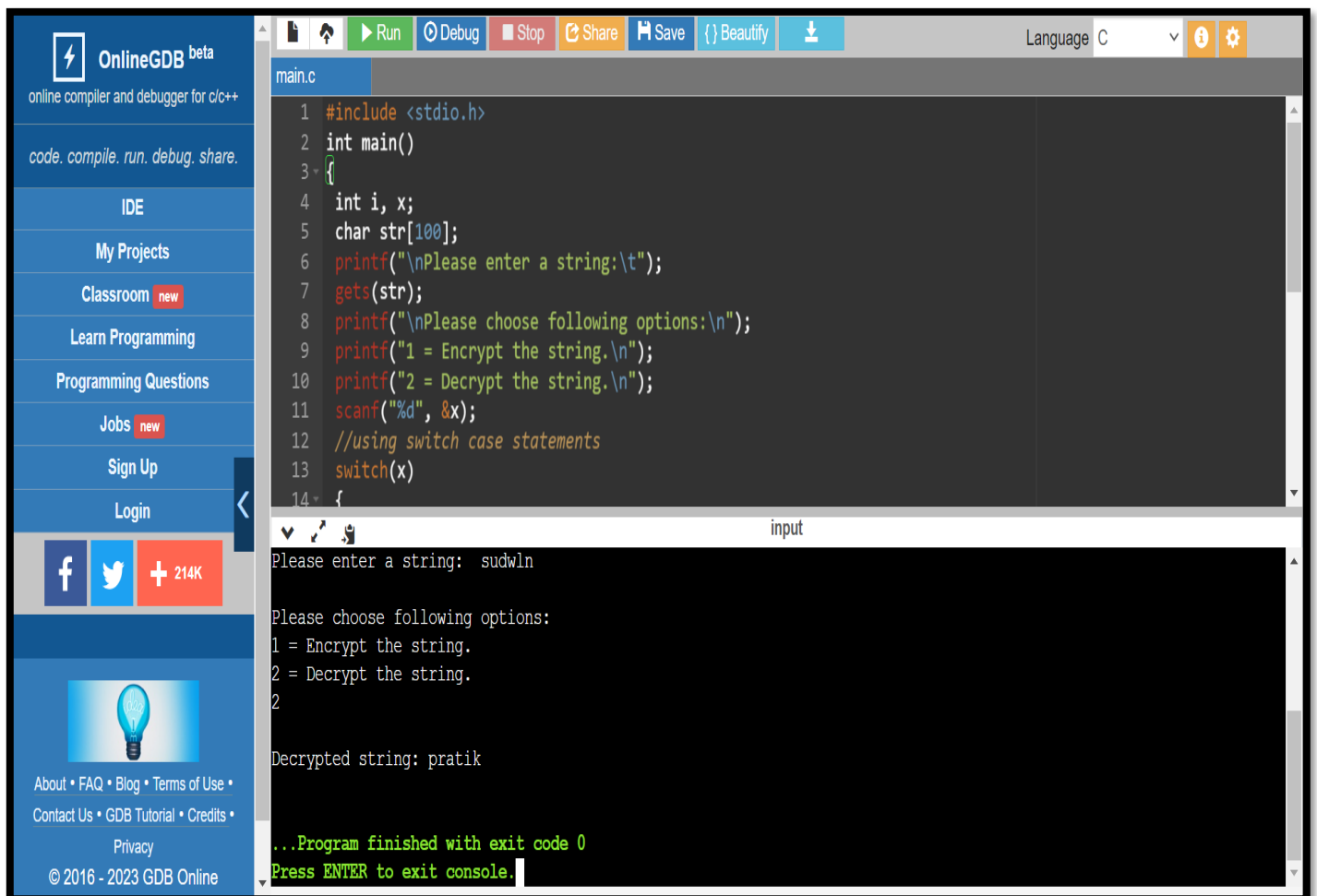
input

Please enter a string: pratik

Please choose following options:
1 = Encrypt the string.
2 = Decrypt the string.
1

Encrypted string: sudwln

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.



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```
main.c
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int i, x;
5     char str[100];
6     printf("\nPlease enter a string:\t");
7     gets(str);
8     printf("\nPlease choose following options:\n");
9     printf("1 = Encrypt the string.\n");
10    printf("2 = Decrypt the string.\n");
11    scanf("%d", &x);
12    //using switch case statements
13    switch(x)
14    {
```

input

Please enter a string: sudwln

Please choose following options:
1 = Encrypt the string.
2 = Decrypt the string.
2

Decrypted string: pratik

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.

Experiment No. 2(a)

Enter Email ID & Password

Program in C++:

```
#include<iostream> using namespace std;

class LoginManager
{
    public:
    string userNameAttempt;
    string passWordAttempt;

    LoginManager(){
        accessGranted=0;
    }


    void login(){
        cout<<"Hey you need to enter your password and user.\nUsername:";
        cin>>userNameAttempt;
        if(userNameAttempt==userName){ cout<<"Password:";
            cin>>passWordAttempt;

            if(passWordAttempt==passWord){
                cout<<"Hey, that's right.";
            }
        }
    }

private: string passWord="gaikwad@123";
    string userName=
    "poonamgaikwad2002@email.com";
    bool accessGranted;
};

int main()
{
    LoginManager loginManagerObj;
    loginManagerObj.login();
}
```

Output:

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main.cpp

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3 class LoginManager{
4 public:
5     string userNameAttempt;
6     string passWordAttempt;
7     LoginManager(){
8         accessGranted = 0;
9     }
10 void login(){
11     cout << "Hey you need to enter your password and user.\nUsername:";
12     cin >> userNameAttempt;
13     if(userNameAttempt==userName){
14         cout << "Password:";
15         cin >> passWordAttempt;
16         if(passWordAttempt==passWord){
17             cout << "Hey, that's right.";
18         }
19     }
20 }
```

input

Hey you need to enter your password and user.
Username:pratik@email.com
Password:pratik@123
Hey, that's right.
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.

Experiment No. 2(b)
Enter Username & Password

Program in C:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<conio.h>

intmain()
{
    charusername[15];
    charpassword[12];

    printf("Enteryourusername:\n");
    scanf("%s",&username);

    printf("Enteryourpassword:\n");
    scanf("%s",&password);

    if(strcmp(username,"Poonam")==0){if(strcmp(password,"
    abcd")==0){

        printf("\nWelcome.LoginSuccess!");

        }else{ printf("\nwrongpassword");
    } }else{
        printf("\nUserdoesn'texist");
    }

    return0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

The screenshot displays the OnlineGDB web interface. On the left is a sidebar with navigation links: IDE, My Projects, Classroom (marked 'new'), Learn Programming, Programming Questions, Jobs (marked 'new'), Sign Up, and Login. Below these are social media icons for Facebook, Twitter, and a '+ 214K' button. The main area shows a C program named 'main.c' with the following code:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <string.h>
3 #include <conio.h>
4
5 int main()
6 {
7     char username[15];
8     char password[12];
9     printf("\nEnter your username:\n");
10    scanf("%s",&username);
11
12    printf("Enter your password:\n");
13    scanf("%s",&password);
14    if(strcmp(username,"pratik")==0)
15    {
16        if(strcmp(password,"xyz")==0)
17        {
18            printf("\nWelcome.Login Success!");
19        }
20    }
```

Below the code editor is an 'input' window showing the program's execution output:

```
Enter your username:
pratik
Enter your password:
xyz
Welcome.Login Success!
```

The interface also includes a top toolbar with buttons for Run, Debug, Stop, Share, Save, Beautify, and a Language dropdown set to 'C'.

Experiment No. 2(c)

Hiding Password

Program in C++:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>

using namespace std;
void askForSecretPassword(void){
    string password;
    cout<<"Enter your password: ";
    cin>>password;
    int len=password.length();
    system("cls");
    cout<<"Enter numeric password: ";
    for(int i=0;i<len;i++){
        cout<<"*";
    }cout<<endl;
};
int main(){

    askForSecretPassword();
    system("pause");
    return 0;
}
```

```
C:\Users\Shree\Documents\EXP2NS_A.cpp - [Executing] - Dev-C++ 5.11
File Edit Search View Project Execute Tools AStyle Window Help
(globals)
Project Cla EXP2NS_A.cpp EXP2NS_B.cpp

1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <string>
3
4 using namespace std;
5 void askForSecretPassword(void)
6 {
7     string password;
8     cout<<"Enter your password: ";
9     cin>>password;
10    int len=password.length();
11    system("cls");
12    cout<<"Enter numeric password: ";
13    for(int i=0;i<len;i++)
14    {
15        cout<<"*";
16    }
17    cout<<endl;
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\Shree\Documents\EXP2NS_A.exe
Enter numeric password: *****
Press any key to continue . . .
```


Experiment No. 3 (a)

Caesar Cipher

Program in C++:

```
// A C++ program to illustrate Caesar Cipher Technique
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

// This function receives text and shift and
// returns the encrypted text
string encrypt(string text, int s)
{
    string result = "";

    // traverse text
    for (int i=0;i<text.length();i++)
    {
        // apply transformation to each character
        // Encrypt Uppercase letters
        if (isupper(text[i]))
            result += char(int(text[i]+s-65)%26 +65);

        // Encrypt Lowercase letters
        else
            result += char(int(text[i]+s-97)%26 +97);
    }

    // Return the resulting string
    return result;
}

// Driver program to test the above function
int main()
{
    string text="ATTACKATONCE";
    int s = 4;
    cout << "Text : " << text;
    cout << "\nShift: " << s;
    cout << "\nCipher: " << encrypt(text, s);
    return 0;
}
```

```
C:\Users\Shree\Documents\Exp3_NS_A.cpp - Dev-C++ 5.11
File Edit Search View Project Execute Tools AStyle Window Help
(globals)
Project Cla EXP2NS_A.cpp EXP2NS_B.cpp Exp3_NS_A.cpp
1 // A C++ program to illustrate Caesar Cipher Technique
2 #include <iostream>
3 using namespace std;
4 // This function receives text and shift and
5 // returns the encrypted text
6 string encrypt(string text, int s)
7 {
8     string result = "";
9     // traverse text
10    for (int i=0;i<text.length();i++)
11    {
12        // apply transformation to each character
13        // Encrypt Uppercase Letters
14        if (isupper(text[i]))
15            result += char(int(text[i]+s-65)%26 +65);
16        // Encrypt Lowercase Letters
17        else
```

Output:

```
C:\Users\Shree\Documents\Exp3nsA.exe
Text : ATTACKATONCE
Shift: 4
Cipher: EXXEGOEXSRGI
-----
Process exited after 1.104 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Experiment No. 3 (b)

Substitution Technique

```
// Java implementation of Substitution Cipher

import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;

public class SubstitutionCipher{

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        String allLetters = "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ";
        "JKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ";

        // create a dictionary to store the substitution for the given alphabet in the plain //text based on the
        key

        Map<Character, Character> dict1 = new HashMap<>();

        int key = 4;

        for (int i = 0; i < allLetters.length(); i++) {

            dict1.put(allLetters.charAt(i),

                    allLetters.charAt((i + key) % allLetters.length()));

        }

        String plainText = "I am studying Data Encryption";

        StringBuilder cipherText = new StringBuilder();

        // loop to generate ciphertext

        for (char c : plainText.toCharArray()) {

            if (allLetters.indexOf(c) != -1) {

                cipherText.append(dict1.get(c));

            } else {

                cipherText.append(c);

            }

        }

    }

}
```

```

        }
    }

    System.out.println("Cipher Text is: " + cipherText);

    // create a map to store the substitution for the given alphabet in the cipher text based
on the key
    Map<Character, Character> dict2 = new HashMap<>();
    for (int i = 0; i < allLetters.length(); i++) {
        dict2.put(allLetters.charAt(i),
allLetters.length()));
        allLetters.charAt((i - key + allLetters.length()) %
        allLetters.length()));
    }

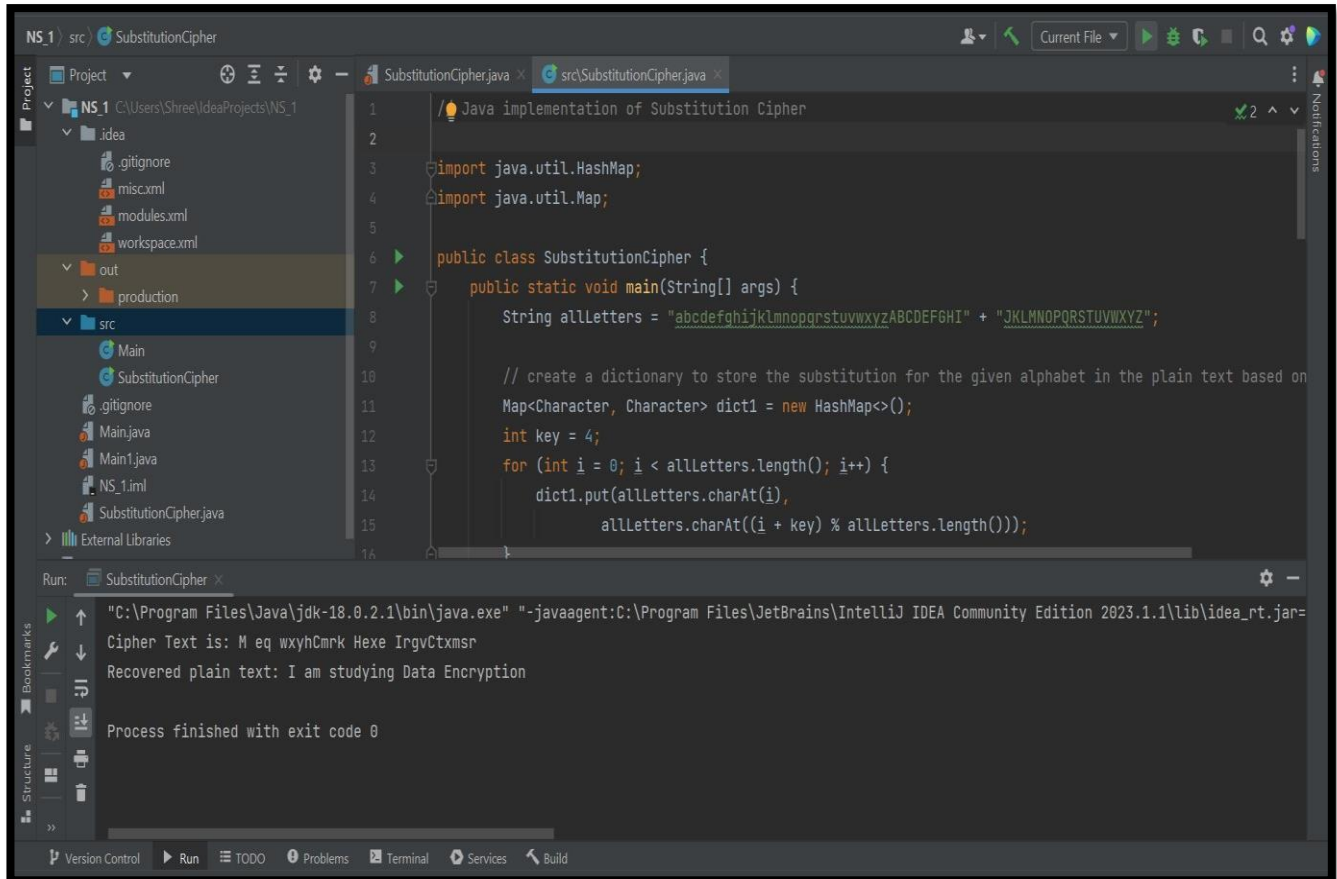
    StringBuilder decryptedText = new StringBuilder();

    // loop to recover plain text
    for (char c : cipherText.toString().toCharArray()) {
        if (allLetters.indexOf(c) != -1) {
            decryptedText.append(dict2.get(c));
        } else {
            decryptedText.append(c);
        }
    }

    System.out.println("Recovered plain text: " + decryptedText);
}
}

```

OUTPUT:



The screenshot displays the IntelliJ IDEA IDE interface. The top toolbar shows the 'Run' button (a green play icon) and a 'Current File' dropdown menu. The left sidebar contains the 'Project' view, showing a directory structure for 'NS_1' with folders like 'out', 'production', and 'src'. The 'src' folder is expanded, showing files 'Main' and 'SubstitutionCipher'. The main editor window displays the 'SubstitutionCipher.java' file, which contains the following code:

```
1  //Java implementation of Substitution Cipher
2
3  import java.util.HashMap;
4  import java.util.Map;
5
6  public class SubstitutionCipher {
7      public static void main(String[] args) {
8          String allLetters = "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ" + "JKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ";
9
10         // create a dictionary to store the substitution for the given alphabet in the plain text based on
11         Map<Character, Character> dict1 = new HashMap<>();
12         int key = 4;
13         for (int i = 0; i < allLetters.length(); i++) {
14             dict1.put(allLetters.charAt(i),
15                     allLetters.charAt((i + key) % allLetters.length()));
16         }
```

Below the code editor, the 'Run' tab is active, showing the execution output. The command executed is:

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-18.0.2.1\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ IDEA Community Edition 2023.1.1\lib\idea_rt.jar=
```

The output shows the cipher text and the recovered plain text:

```
Cipher Text is: M eq wxyhCmrk Hexe IrgvCtxmsr
Recovered plain text: I am studying Data Encryption
Process finished with exit code 0
```

The bottom status bar of the IDE shows various toolbars including 'Version Control', 'Run', 'TODO', 'Problems', 'Terminal', 'Services', and 'Build'.

Experiment No. 5

Symmetric and Asymmetric Cryptography using RSA Algorithm

Program in java:

Asymmetric cryptography algorithm

Program of RSA Algorithm

Program in C: Program of RSA Algorithm

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

#include<math.h>

#include<string.h>

long int p,q,n,t,flag,e[100],d[100],temp[100],j,m[100],en[100],i;

char msg[100];

int prime(long int);

void ce();

long int cd(long int);

void encrypt();

void decrypt();

int main()

{

printf("\nENTER FIRST PRIME NUMBER\n");

scanf("%ld",&p);

flag=prime(p);

if(flag==0)

{

printf("\nWRONG INPUT\n");

exit(1);

}

printf("\nENTER ANOTHER PRIME NUMBER\n");

scanf("%ld",&q);
```

```
flag=prime(q);
if(flag==0 || p==q)
{
printf("\nWRONG INPUT\n");
exit(1);
}
printf("\nENTER MESSAGE\n");
fflush(stdin);
scanf("%s",msg);
for(i=0;msg[i]!=NULL;i++)
m[i]=msg[i];
n=p*q;
t=(p-1)*(q-1);
ce();
printf("\nPOSSIBLE VALUES OF e AND d ARE\n");
for(i=0;i<j-1;i++)
printf("\n%d\t%d",e[i],d[i]);
encrypt();
decrypt();
return 0;
}

int prime(long int pr)
{
int i;
j=sqrt(pr);
for(i=2;i<=j;i++)
{
if(pr%i==0)
return 0;
}
return 1;
}
```

```

}

void ce()
{
    int k;
    k=0;
    for(i=2;i<t;i++)
    {
        if(t%i==0)
            continue;
        flag=prime(i);
        if(flag==1&& i!=p&& i!=q)
        {
            e[k]=i; flag=cd(e[k]);
            if(flag>0)
            {
                d[k]=flag;
                k++;
            }
            if(k==99)
                break;
        }
    }
}

long int cd(long int x)
{
    long int k=1;
    while(1)
    {
        k=k+t;
        if(k%x==0)
            return(k/x);
    }
}

```



```

}
}
void encrypt()
{
    long int pt,ct,key=e[0],k,len;

    i=0;

    len=strlen(msg);

    while(i!=len)

    {

        pt=m[i];

        pt=pt-96;

        k=1;

        for(j=0;j<key;j++)

        {

            k=k*pt;

            k=k%n;

        }

        temp[i]=k;

        ct=k+96;

        en[i]=ct;

        i++;

    }

    en[i]=-1;

    printf("\nTHE ENCRYPTED MESSAGE IS\n");

    for(i=0;en[i]!=-1;i++)

        printf("%c",en[i]);

}

void decrypt()

{

    long int pt,ct,key=d[0],k;

    i=0;

```

```

while(en[i]!=-1)
{
    ct=temp[i];
    k=1;
    for(j=0;j<key;j++)
    {
        k=k*ct;
        k=k%n;
    }
    pt=k+96;
    m[i]=pt;
    i++;
}
m[i]=-1;
printf("\nTHE DECRYPTED MESSAGE IS\n");
for(i=0;m[i]!=-1;i++)
    printf("%c",m[i]);
}

```

```

exp5RSA.cpp
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  #include<stdlib.h>
3  #include<math.h>
4  #include<string.h>
5  long int p,q,n,t,flag,e[100],d[100],temp[100],j,m[100],en[100],i;
6  char msg[100];
7  int prime(long int);
8  void ce();
9  long int cd(long int);
10 void encrypt();
11 void decrypt();
12 int main()
13 {
14     printf("\nENTER FIRST PRIME NUMBER\n");
15     scanf("%ld",&p);
16     flag=prime(p);
17     if(flag==0)
18     {
19         printf("\nWRONG INPUT\n");
20         exit(1);
21     }
22     printf("\nENTER ANOTHER PRIME NUMBER\n");
23     scanf("%ld",&q);
24     flag=prime(q);
25     if(flag==0||p==q)
26     {

```

OUTPUT:-

The screenshot displays the OnlineGDB web interface. On the left is a sidebar with navigation links: IDE, My Projects, Classroom (new), Learn Programming, Programming Questions, Jobs (new), Sign Up, and Login. Below these are social media icons for Facebook and Twitter, and a '+ 214K' badge. The main area shows a C program in 'main.c' with the following code:

```
1 #include<stdio.h>

ENTER FIRST PRIME NUMBER
7

ENTER ANOTHER PRIME NUMBER
11

ENTER MESSAGE
pratik

POSSIBLE VALUES OF e AND d ARE

13    37
17    53
19    19
23    47
29    29
31    31

THE ENCRYPTED MESSAGE IS
***

THE DECRYPTED MESSAGE IS
pratik

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

The output window on the right shows the execution results, including the input values (7 and 11), the message 'pratik', the list of possible values for e and d, the encrypted message '***', and the decrypted message 'pratik'. The program ends with '...Program finished with exit code 0' and a prompt to 'Press ENTER to exit console.'.

symmetric cryptography algorithm

Program of Blowfish Alogorithm

```
import java.io.UnsupportedEncodingException;
import java.nio.charset.Charset;
import java.security.InvalidKeyException;
import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
import java.util.Base64;
import javax.crypto.BadPaddingException;
import javax.crypto.Cipher;
import javax.crypto.IllegalBlockSizeException;
import javax.crypto.NoSuchPaddingException;
import javax.crypto.spec.SecretKeySpec;

public class BlowfishDemo {

    public String encrypt(String password, String key) throws
        NoSuchAlgorithmException, NoSuchPaddingException,
        InvalidKeyException, IllegalBlockSizeException,
        BadPaddingException, UnsupportedEncodingException {
        byte[] KeyData = key.getBytes();
        SecretKeySpec KS = new SecretKeySpec(KeyData, "Blowfish");
        Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("Blowfish");
        cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, KS);
        String encryptedtext = Base64.getEncoder().
            encodeToString(cipher.doFinal(password.getBytes("UTF-8")));
        return encryptedtext;
    }

    public String decrypt(String encryptedtext, String key)
        throws NoSuchAlgorithmException, NoSuchPaddingException,
        InvalidKeyException, IllegalBlockSizeException,
        BadPaddingException {
        byte[] KeyData = key.getBytes();
        SecretKeySpec KS = new SecretKeySpec(KeyData, "Blowfish");
        byte[] ecryptedtexttobytes = Base64.getDecoder().
            decode(encryptedtext);
        Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("Blowfish");
        cipher.init(Cipher.DECRYPT_MODE, KS);
        byte[] decrypted = cipher.doFinal(ecryptedtexttobytes);
        String decryptedString =
            new String(decrypted, Charset.forName("UTF-8"));
        return decryptedString;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
```

```

    final String password = "Knf@123";
    final String key = "knowledgefactory";
    System.out.println("Password: " + password);
    BlowfishDemo obj = new BlowfishDemo();
    String enc_output = obj.encrypt(password, key);
    System.out.println("Encrypted text: " + enc_output);
    String dec_output = obj.decrypt(enc_output, key);
    System.out.println("Decrypted text: " + dec_output);
}
}

```

The screenshot shows an IDE window titled "NS_1 - BlowfishDemo.java". The left sidebar displays a project structure for "NS_1" located at "C:\Users\Shree\IdeaProjects\NS_1". The project contains a ".idea" folder, "misc.xml", "modules.xml", "workspace.xml", an "out" folder, a "production" folder, and a "src" folder. The "src" folder contains "BlowfishDemo", "Main", "RSA", and "SubstitutionCipher". The "External Libraries" and "Scratches and Consoles" sections are also visible. The main editor area shows the "BlowfishDemo.java" file with the following code:

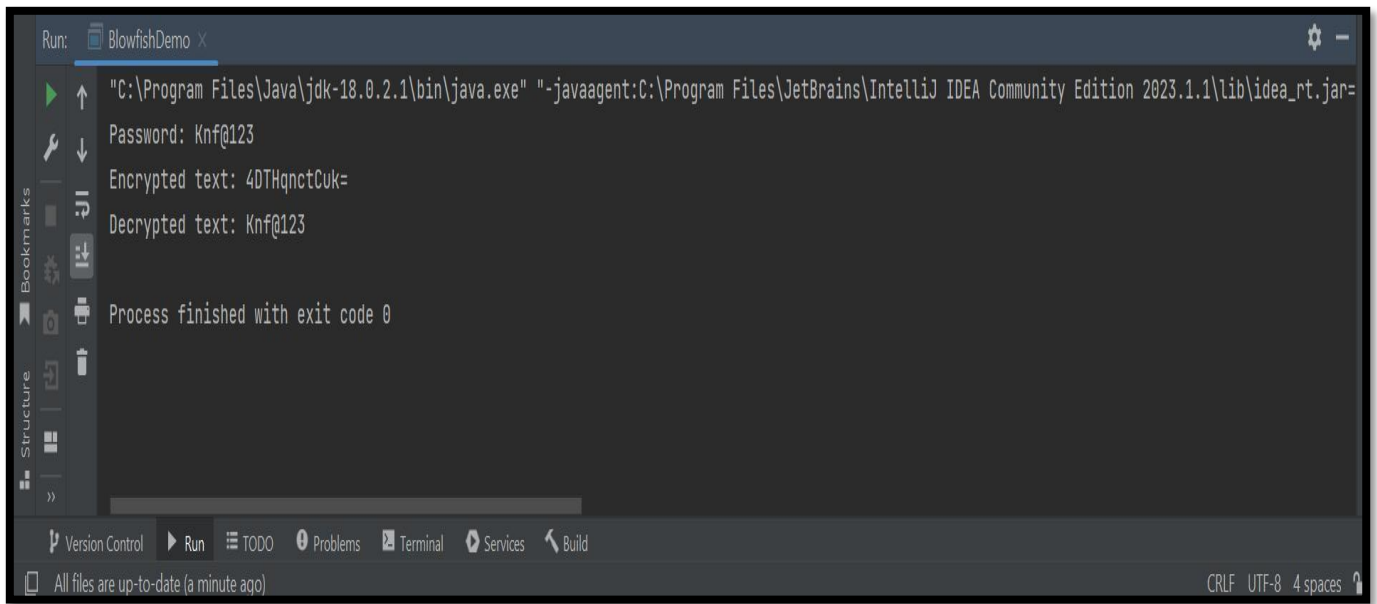
```

1  import java.io.UnsupportedEncodingException;
2  import java.nio.charset.Charset;
3  import java.security.InvalidKeyException;
4  import java.security.NoSuchAlgorithmException;
5  import java.util.Base64;
6  import javax.crypto.BadPaddingException;
7  import javax.crypto.Cipher;
8  import javax.crypto.IllegalBlockSizeException;
9  import javax.crypto.NoSuchPaddingException;
10 import javax.crypto.spec.SecretKeySpec;
11
12 public class BlowfishDemo {
13
14     1 usage
15     public String encrypt(String password, String key) throws
16         NoSuchAlgorithmException, NoSuchPaddingException,
17         InvalidKeyException, IllegalBlockSizeException,
18         BadPaddingException, UnsupportedEncodingException {
19         byte[] KeyData = key.getBytes();
20         SecretKeySpec KS = new SecretKeySpec(KeyData, "Blowfish");

```

The bottom status bar shows "Run: BlowfishDemo" and "Password: Knf@123".

OUTPUT:-



The screenshot shows the Run console of IntelliJ IDEA for a project named 'BlowfishDemo'. The console output is as follows:

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-18.0.2.1\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ IDEA Community Edition 2023.1.1\lib\idea_rt.jar=
Password: Knf@123
Encrypted text: 4DTHqncuCuk=
Decrypted text: Knf@123

Process finished with exit code 0
```

The interface includes a left sidebar with 'Bookmarks' and 'Structure' tabs, and a bottom toolbar with 'Version Control', 'Run', 'TODO', 'Problems', 'Terminal', 'Services', and 'Build' buttons. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'All files are up-to-date (a minute ago)' and 'CRLF UTF-8 4 spaces'.

Experiment No. 6

Implementation of DES Encryption

Program in Java:

```
import javax.crypto.Cipher;
import javax.crypto.KeyGenerator;
import javax.crypto.SecretKey;
import java.util.Base64;

class DESExample {
    Cipher ecipher;
    Cipher dcipher;

    DESExample(SecretKey key) throws Exception {
        ecipher = Cipher.getInstance("DES");
        dcipher = Cipher.getInstance("DES");
        ecipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, key);
        dcipher.init(Cipher.DECRYPT_MODE, key);
    }

    public String encrypt(String str) throws Exception {
        // Encode the string into bytes using utf-8
        byte[] utf8 = str.getBytes("UTF8");
        // Encrypt
        byte[] enc = ecipher.doFinal(utf8);

        // Encode bytes to base64 to get a string
        return Base64.getEncoder().encodeToString(enc);
    }

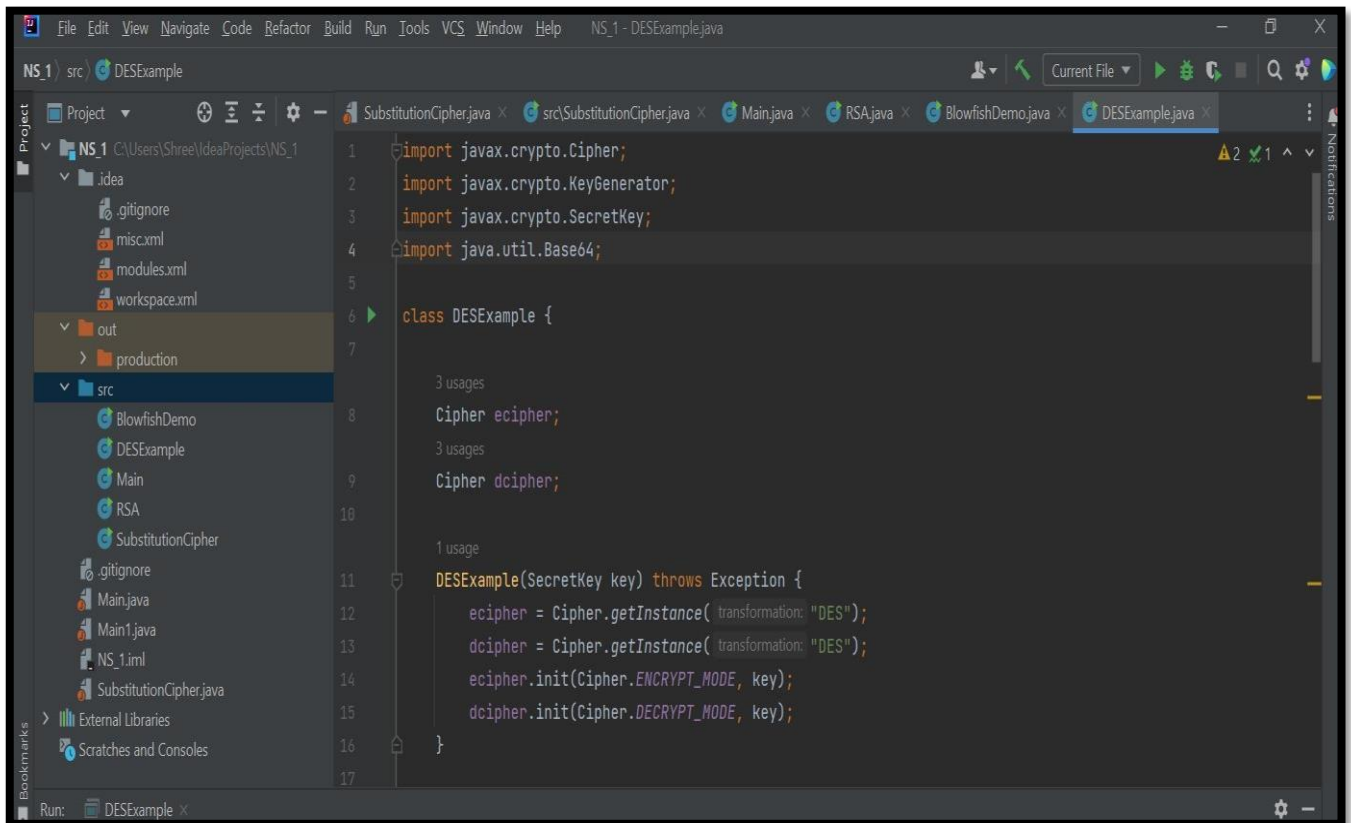
    public String decrypt(String str) throws Exception {
```

```
// Decode base64 to get bytes
byte[] dec = Base64.getDecoder().decode(str);

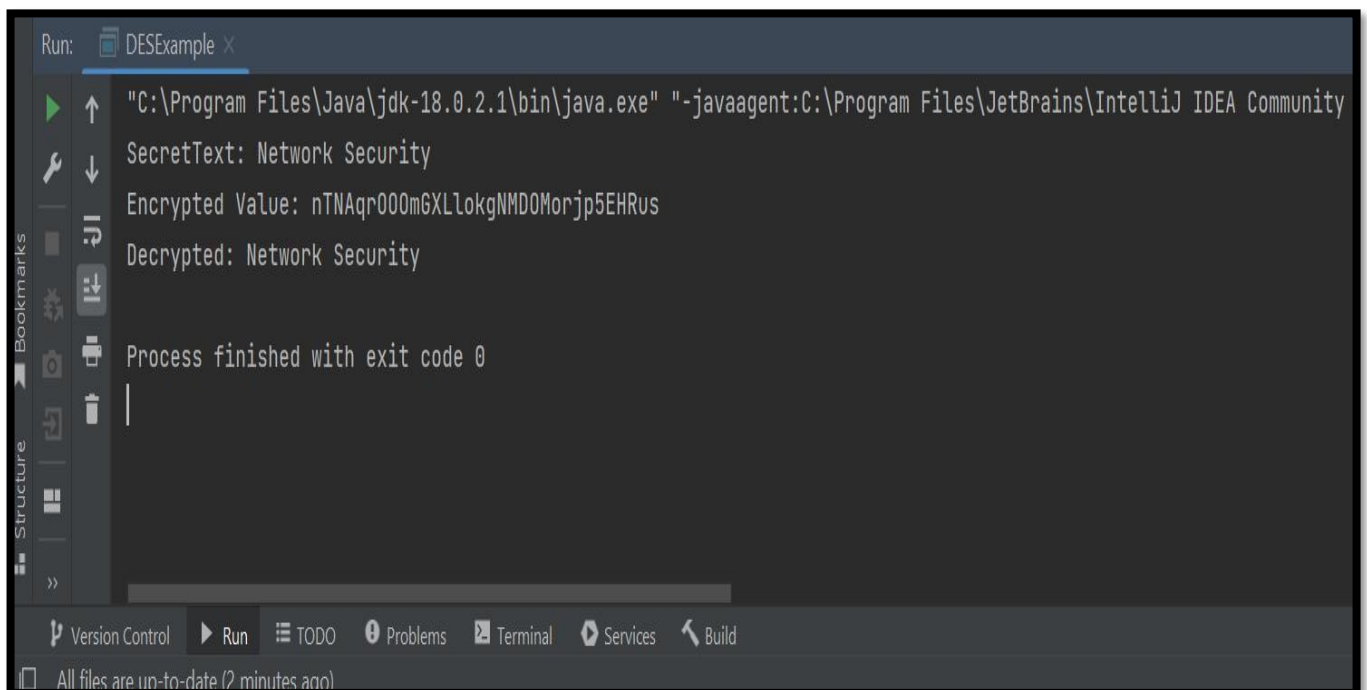
byte[] utf8 = dcipher.doFinal(dec);

// Decode using utf-8
return new String(utf8, "UTF8");
}

public static void main(String[] argv) throws Exception {
    final String secretText = "Network Security";
    System.out.println("SecretText: " + secretText);
    SecretKey key = KeyGenerator.getInstance("DES").generateKey();
    DESEExample encrypter = new DESEExample(key);
    String encrypted = encrypter.encrypt(secretText);
    System.out.println("Encrypted Value: " + encrypted);
    String decrypted = encrypter.decrypt(encrypted);
    System.out.println("Decrypted: " + decrypted);
}
}
```

OUTPUT :-



Experiment No. 7

Implementation of AES

```
import javax.crypto.Cipher;
import javax.crypto.KeyGenerator;
import javax.crypto.SecretKey;
import javax.crypto.spec.GCMParameterSpec;
import java.util.Base64;

public class AES_ENCRYPTION {
    private SecretKey key;
    private final int KEY_SIZE = 128;
    private final int DATA_LENGTH = 128;
    private Cipher encryptionCipher;

    public void init() throws Exception {
        KeyGenerator keyGenerator = KeyGenerator.getInstance("AES");
        keyGenerator.init(KEY_SIZE);
        key = keyGenerator.generateKey();
    }

    public String encrypt(String data) throws Exception {
        byte[] dataInBytes = data.getBytes();
        encryptionCipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES/GCM/NoPadding");
        encryptionCipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE, key);
        byte[] encryptedBytes = encryptionCipher.doFinal(dataInBytes);
        return encode(encryptedBytes);
    }

    public String decrypt(String encryptedData) throws Exception {
        byte[] dataInBytes = decode(encryptedData);
        Cipher decryptionCipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES/GCM/NoPadding");
        GCMParameterSpec spec = new GCMParameterSpec(DATA_LENGTH, encryptionCipher.getIV());
```

```
    decryptionCipher.init(Cipher.DECRYPT_MODE, key, spec);
    byte[] decryptedBytes = decryptionCipher.doFinal(dataInBytes);
    return new String(decryptedBytes);
}

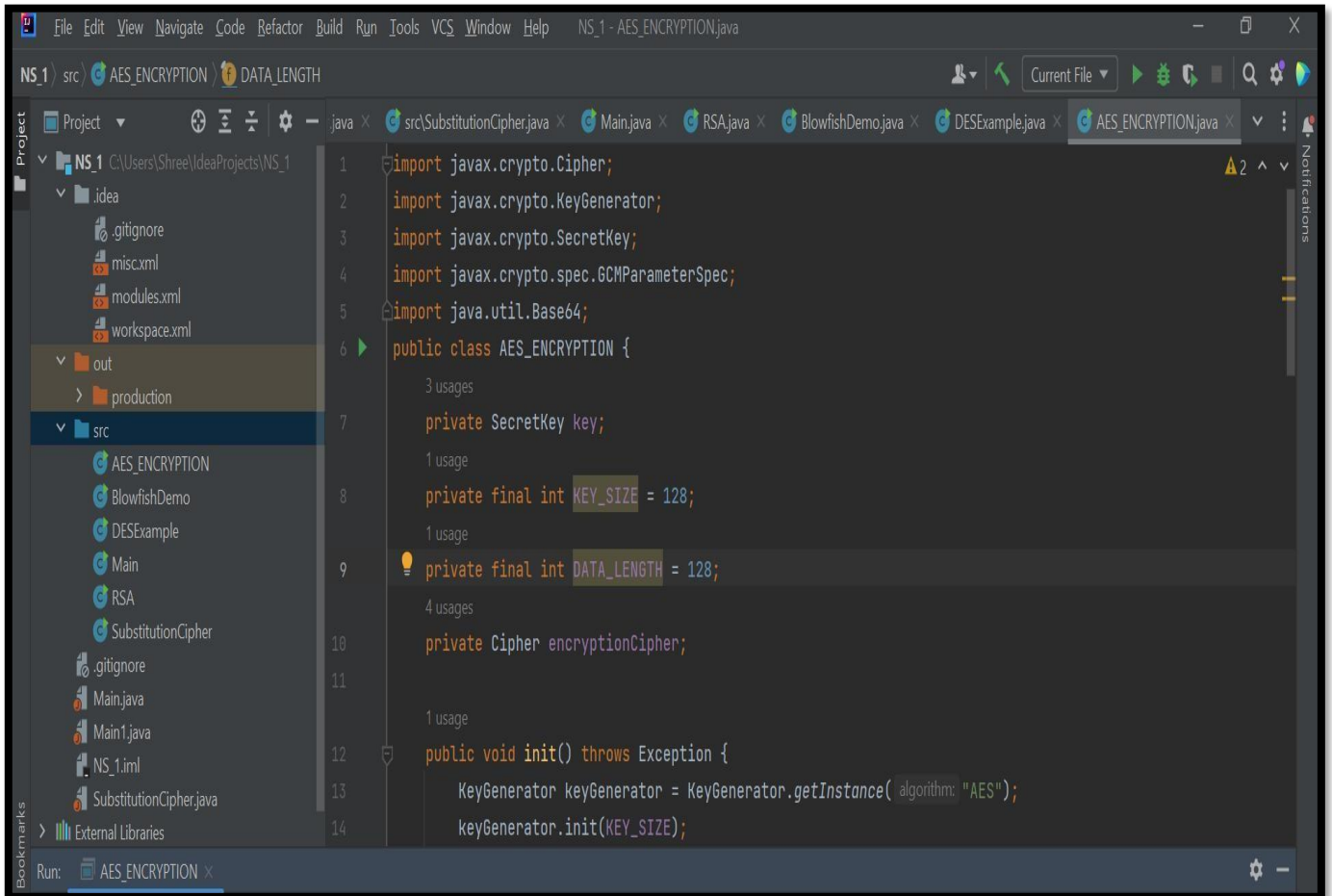
private String encode(byte[] data) {
    return Base64.getEncoder().encodeToString(data);
}

private byte[] decode(String data) {
    return Base64.getDecoder().decode(data);
}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    try {
        AES_ENCRYPTION aes_encryption = new AES_ENCRYPTION();
        aes_encryption.init();

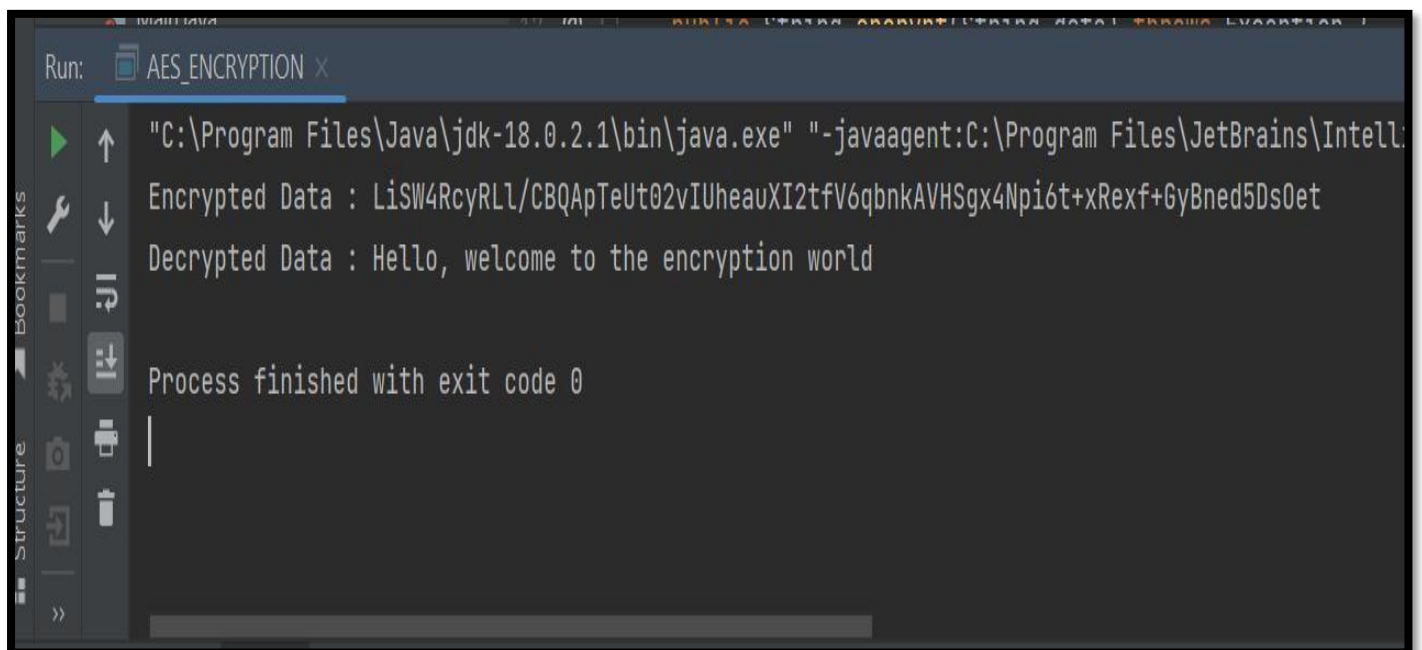
        String encryptedData = aes_encryption.encrypt("Hello, welcome to the encryption world");
        String decryptedData = aes_encryption.decrypt(encryptedData);

        System.out.println("Encrypted Data : " + encryptedData);
        System.out.println("Decrypted Data : " + decryptedData);
    } catch (Exception ignored) {
    }
}
}
```



```
1 import javax.crypto.Cipher;
2 import javax.crypto.KeyGenerator;
3 import javax.crypto.SecretKey;
4 import javax.crypto.spec.GCMParameterSpec;
5 import java.util.Base64;
6 public class AES_ENCRYPTION {
7     private SecretKey key;
8     private final int KEY_SIZE = 128;
9     private final int DATA_LENGTH = 128;
10    private Cipher encryptionCipher;
11
12    public void init() throws Exception {
13        KeyGenerator keyGenerator = KeyGenerator.getInstance("AES");
14        keyGenerator.init(KEY_SIZE);
```

OUTPUT:-



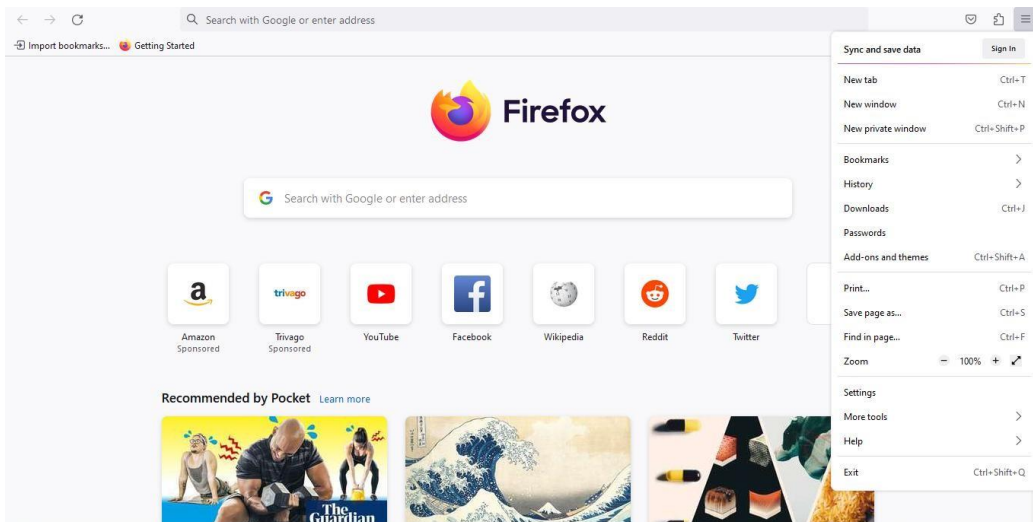
```
Run: AES_ENCRYPTION x
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-18.0.2.1\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ
Encrypted Data : LiSW4RcyRLl/CBQApTeUt02vIUheauXI2tfV6qbnkAVHSgx4Npi6t+xRexf+GyBned5Ds0et
Decrypted Data : Hello, welcome to the encryption world

Process finished with exit code 0
```

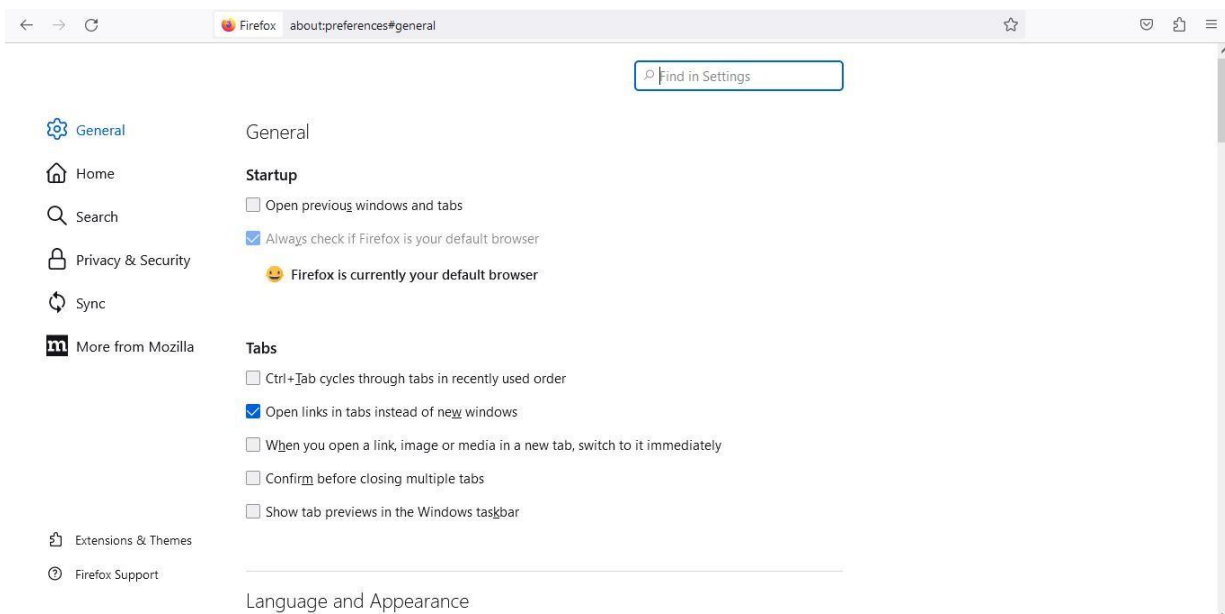
Experiment No. 8

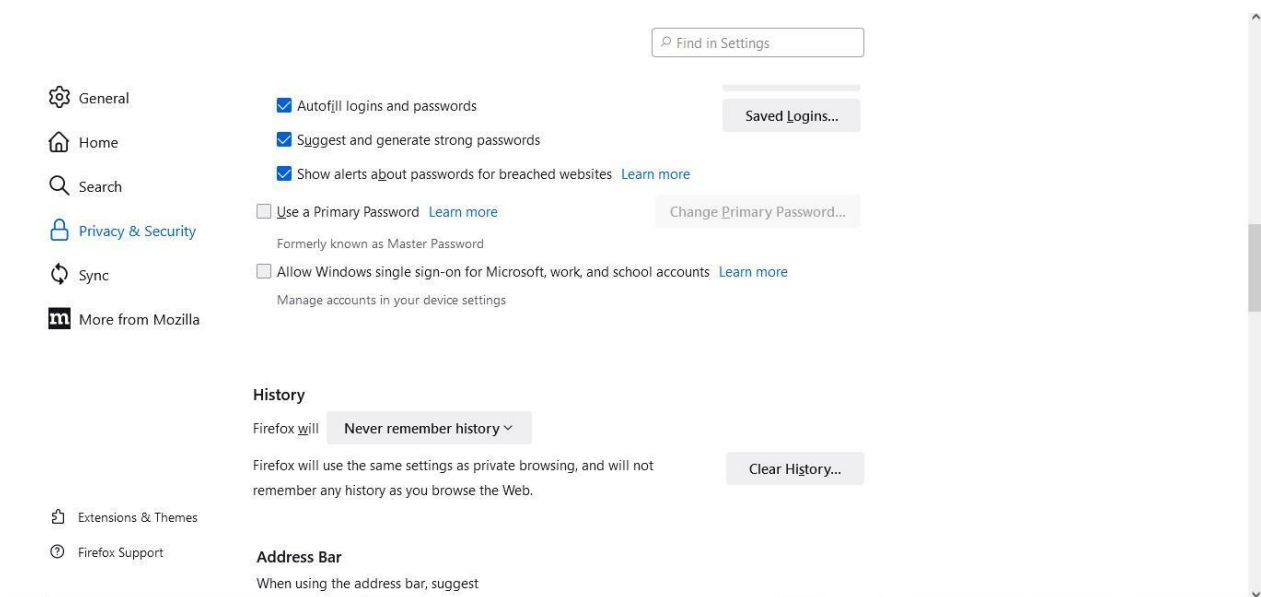
Steps to ensure security of web browser

1. Top Right Corner Go to the Options:

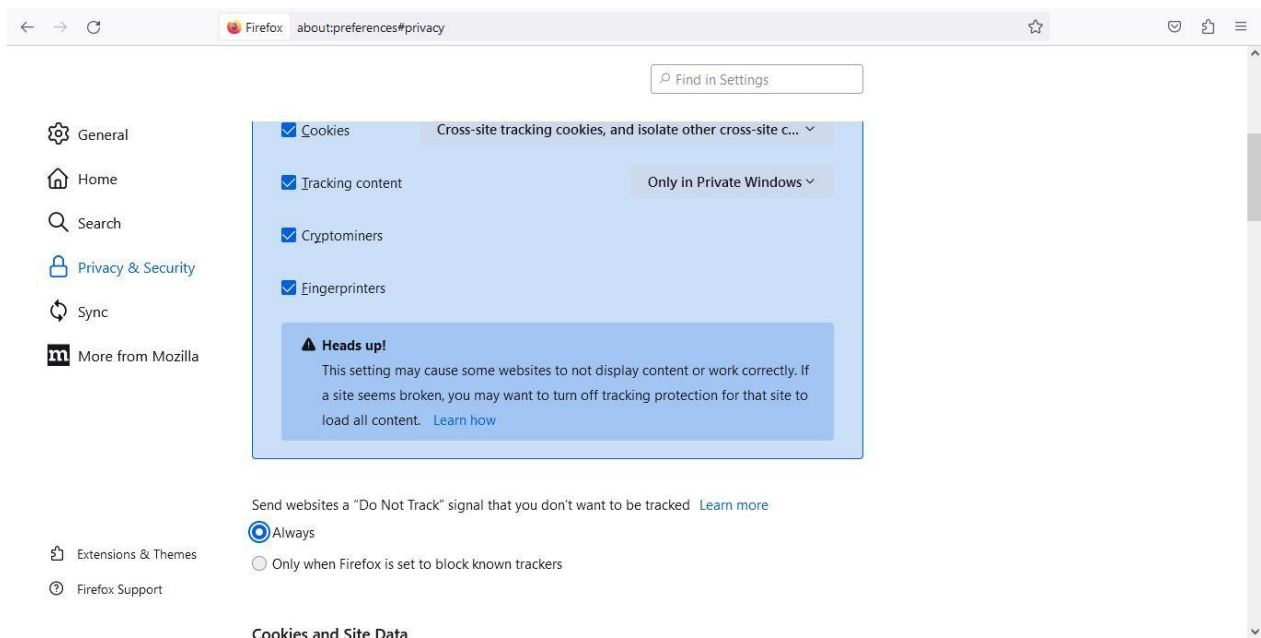


2. General ----> History ---> Click on never remember History

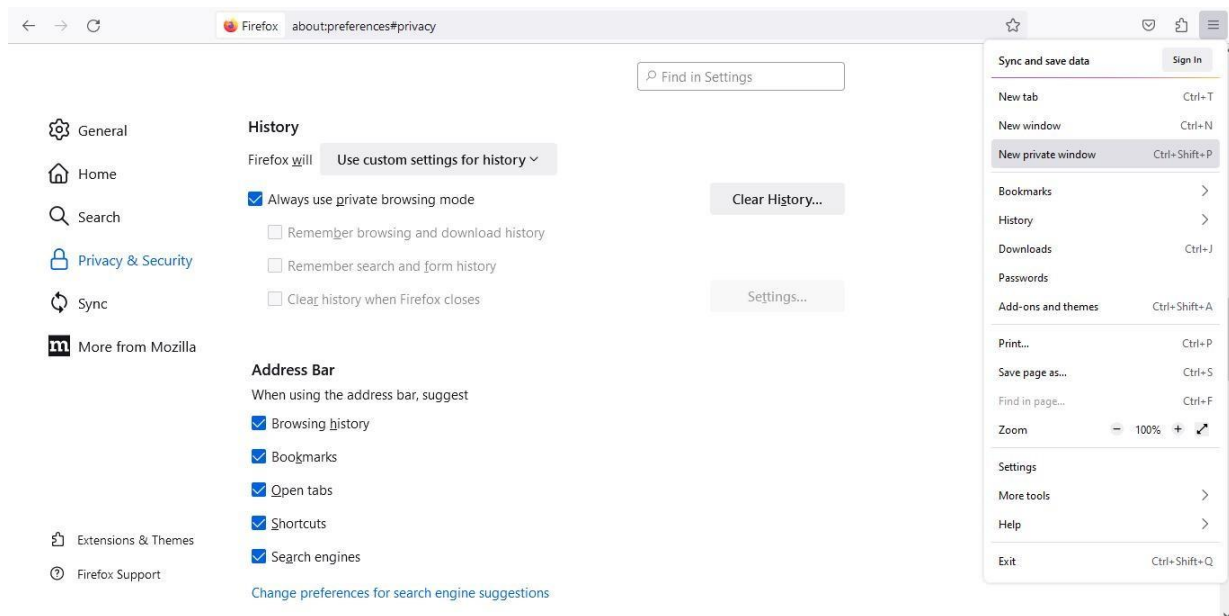
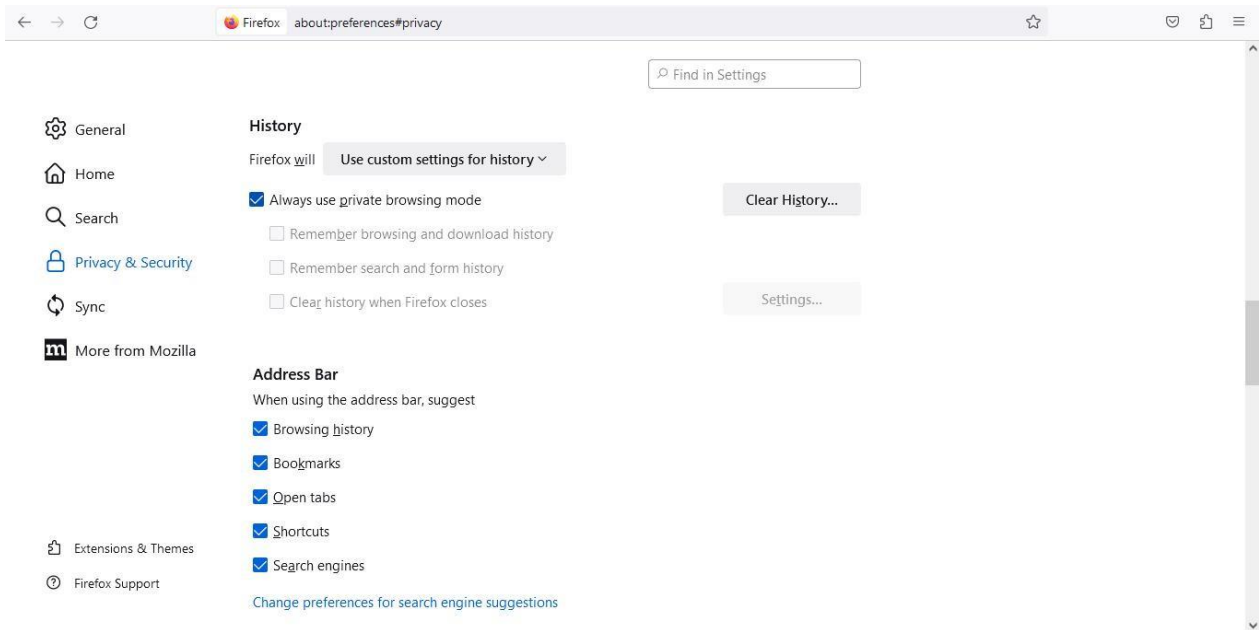




3.Privacy tab--->Tracking---->Manage your do not track setting--->Always Apply do not track:



4. Privacy--->Tracking--->Use tracking Protection in private window--->Use custom setting for history--->Always use private browsing mode:



Experiment No. 9

DH Algorithm



Public Information:

Prime Number:

Generator G:

Alice

Key:

Received:

Bob

Key:

Received:

Experiment No. 10

Digital Signatures



Digital Signatures Scheme

Digitally sign the plaintext with Hashed RSA.

Plaintext (string):

Hash output(hex):

Input to RSA(hex):

Digital Signature(hex):



Digital Signatures Scheme

Digital Signature(hex):

Digital Signature(base64):

Status:

RSA public key

Public exponent (hex, F4=0x10001):

Modulus (hex):