Total No.	of Questions : 8]	9	SEAT No. :					
P6779		[(101]**04	[Total No. of Pages : 2					
[6181] 404								
B.E. (AT & DS)								
MACHINE LEARNING								
(2019 Pattern) (Semester - VII) (417521)								
			,					
Time : 21/2	Hours	[Max. Marks : 70						
	ns to the candidates:	[1721	171tti 1VS . 7 U					
1) Answer Q1 or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6, Q7 or Q8.								
3)	Figures to right indicate	e full marks.	3					
	6.7		¿ÇÍ					
<b>Q1)</b> a)	Apply K-Nearest Ne	eighbor Algorithm (KNN	Con following	lata Predict				
<b>Q1</b> ) a)	a) Apply K-Nearest Neighbor Algorithm (KNN) on following data. Predict the student result for values physics $\neq$ 6 marks, Chemistry = 8 marks.							
Consider number of neighbours K = 3 and Euclidean Distance as distance								
measure. [12]								
	Physics (marks)	Chemistry (marks)	Results					
	4	3	Fail					
	6	A) 39	Pass					
	7	8	Pass					
	5	5	Fail					
	8	8	Pass	63				
b)	Explain support Vec	ctor Machine classificati	ion algorithm w	vith suitable				

[0]

OR

- Explain any 4 evaluation measures of Binary classification with example?[6]

  Explain construction of multi-classifier.

  [6]

  i) One Vs. All approach **Q2)** a)
  - b)

- One Vs One approach
- Differentiate between Binary vs Multiclass Classification. c) [6]

*P.T.O.* 

<b>Q</b> 3)	a)	Explain K - Means clustering algorithm and states the advantages and disadvantages of k-means clustering algorithm. [9]				
	<b>b</b> )		. / /	[9] [ <b>9</b> ]		
	b)	) Explain Gaussian mixture model of OR	with example.	[8]		
<b>Q</b> 4)	a)	) Flaborate need of clustering and	evolain how the elbow method is us	ed		
Q+)	a)	Elaborate need of clustering and explain how the elbow method is used to decide the value of cluster k. [9]				
	b)		ering (DHC) algorithm with example.			
<b>Q</b> 5)	a)	) Differentiate the Bagging and Boo	sting approach of ensemble learning.	[6]		
	b)	Explain different types of voting mechanisms in ensemble learning. [6]				
	c)	) Explain AdaBoost algorithm in de	tail.	[6]		
		OR	9			
<b>Q6</b> )	a)	) Compare Homogeneous and Het	erogeneous ensemble methods.	[6]		
	b)	What is the ensemble learning? Explain any two ensemble learning				
		techniques.		[6]		
	c)	) Explain random forest ensembles	with an example.	[6]		
		.9.	2 80.			
<b>Q</b> 7)	a)	) Explain following terms:	5) 55.	[8]		
		i) Markov Property				
		ii) Bellman Equation	20h			
		iii) Markov Reward Process				
		iv) Markov Chain	y'			
	b)	) Explain Q-Learning algorithm wit	h an example.	[9]		
		OR		2		
Q8)	a)	reinforcement learning.				
	1 \					
	b)	Explain following terms:				
		i) Supervised Learning.	9. B.			
		ii) Unsupervised Learning.	20, 5.			
		iii) Reinforcement Learning.				
			20 x 20 x			
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