

Assignment 2: Model Predictive Control (MPC)

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Introduction

Defining variables

(x_0, y_0) -> start coordinate

(x_g, y_g) -> goal coordinate

(x_j, y_j) -> j^{th} waypoint coordinates

n -> number of waypoints

(x_ob, y_ob) -> obstacle center coordinate

R -> obstacle radius

Kinematics

$$x_{i+1} = x_i + \dot{x}_i dt$$

$$y_{i+1} = y_i + \dot{y}_i dt$$

$$x_j = x_0 + \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \dot{x}_i dt \quad \forall j \in [1, n]$$

Optimization problem

$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & (x_n - x_g)^2 + (y_n - y_g)^2 \\ \text{Subject to} \quad & 0 \leq \dot{x}_i \leq v_{max} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 0 \leq \dot{y}_i \leq v_{max} \quad \forall i \in [0, n-1] \\ \text{if obstacles} \quad (x_j - x_{ob})^2 + (y_j - y_{ob})^2 \geq R^2 \quad \forall j \in [1, n] \end{array}$$

MPC with Obstacles

initial point x_0, y_0

Goal locⁿ x_g, y_g

Circular obstacle center x_{ob}, y_{ob}
radius R

no. of way points n

velocity at waypoints $\dot{x}_0, \dot{x}_1, \dots, \dot{x}_n$
 $\dot{y}_0, \dot{y}_1, \dots, \dot{y}_n$

Objective
$$\left(x_0 + \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \dot{x}_i dt - x_g\right)^2 + \left(y_0 + \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \dot{y}_i dt - y_g\right)^2$$

such that $v_{min} \leq \dot{x}_i, \dot{y}_i \leq v_{max}$

$$\left(x_0 + \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \dot{x}_i dt - x_{ob}\right)^2 + \left(y_0 + \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \dot{y}_i dt - y_{ob}\right)^2 \geq R^2 \quad \forall j \in [1, n]$$

Linearising the non-linear constraints

$$\left[\left(x_0 + \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \dot{x}_i dt - x_{ob}\right)^2 + \left(y_0 + \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \dot{y}_i dt - y_{ob}\right)^2 - R^2\right] \geq 0 \quad \forall j \in [1, n]$$

$$-\left[\left(x_0 + \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \dot{x}_i dt - x_{ob}\right)^2 + \left(y_0 + \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \dot{y}_i dt - y_{ob}\right)^2 - R^2\right] \leq 0$$

$f(x, y)$

Taylor series Expansion for Multivariate

$$f(x) = f(a) + \nabla f(a) (x-a)$$

$x=a$
 we want to find $+ \frac{1}{2} (x-a)^2 \nabla^2 f(a) (x-a)$
 Cvx approximation, hence $+ \dots$
 we consider terms only upto first order.

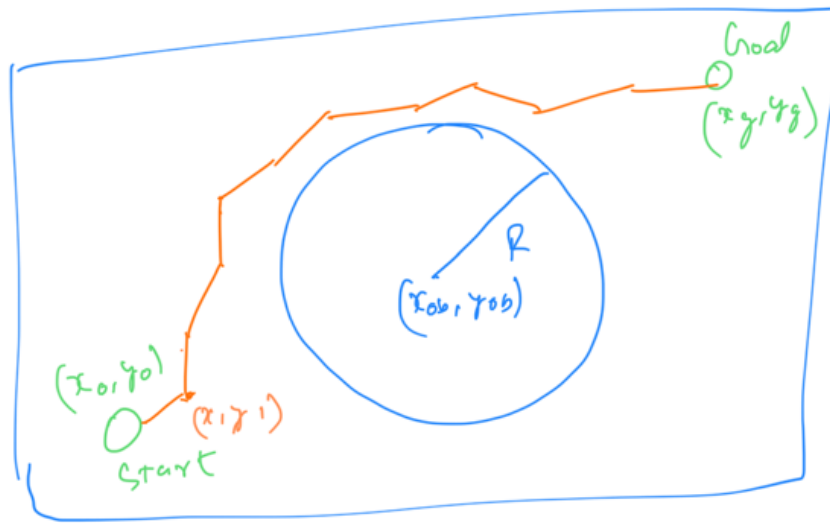
combining above two.

$$f(x)|_{x=a} = f(a) + \nabla f(a) (x-a)$$

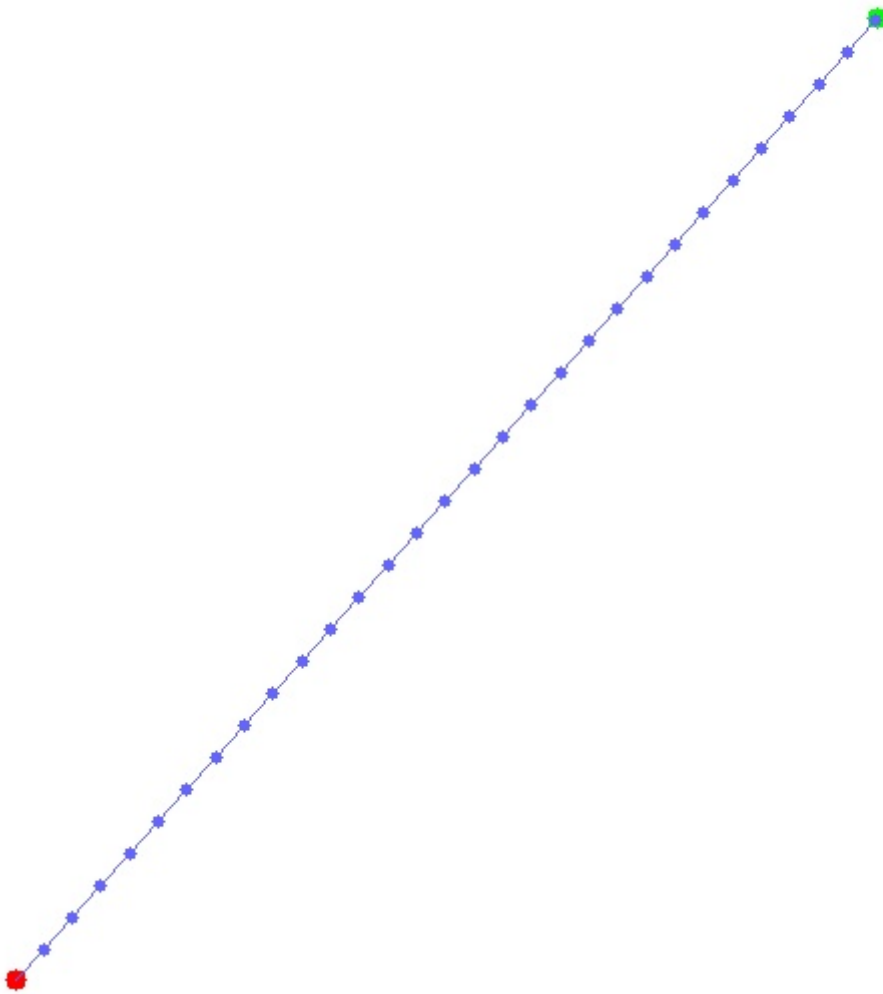
Here $x = \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{x}_0 \\ \ddot{x}_1 \\ \ddot{x}_2 \\ \vdots \\ \ddot{x}_n \\ \dot{y}_0 \\ \dot{y}_1 \\ \vdots \\ \dot{y}_n \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial \ddot{x}_0} \\ \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial \ddot{x}_1} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial \ddot{x}_{j-1}} \\ \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial \ddot{x}_j} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial \ddot{x}_{n-1}} \\ \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial \dot{y}_0} \\ \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial \dot{y}_1} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial \dot{y}_{i-1}} \\ \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial \dot{y}_i} \\ \vdots \\ \frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial \dot{y}_{n-1}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2(x_0 - x_{ob} + \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \ddot{x}_i dt) dt \\ -2(x_0 - x_{ob} + \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \ddot{x}_i dt) dt \\ \vdots \\ -2(x_0 - x_{ob} + \sum_{i=0}^{j-1} \ddot{x}_i dt) dt \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ -2(y_0 - y_{ob} + \sum_{i=0}^{i-1} \ddot{y}_i dt) dt \\ \vdots \\ -2(y_0 - y_{ob} + \sum_{i=0}^{i-1} \ddot{y}_i dt) dt \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

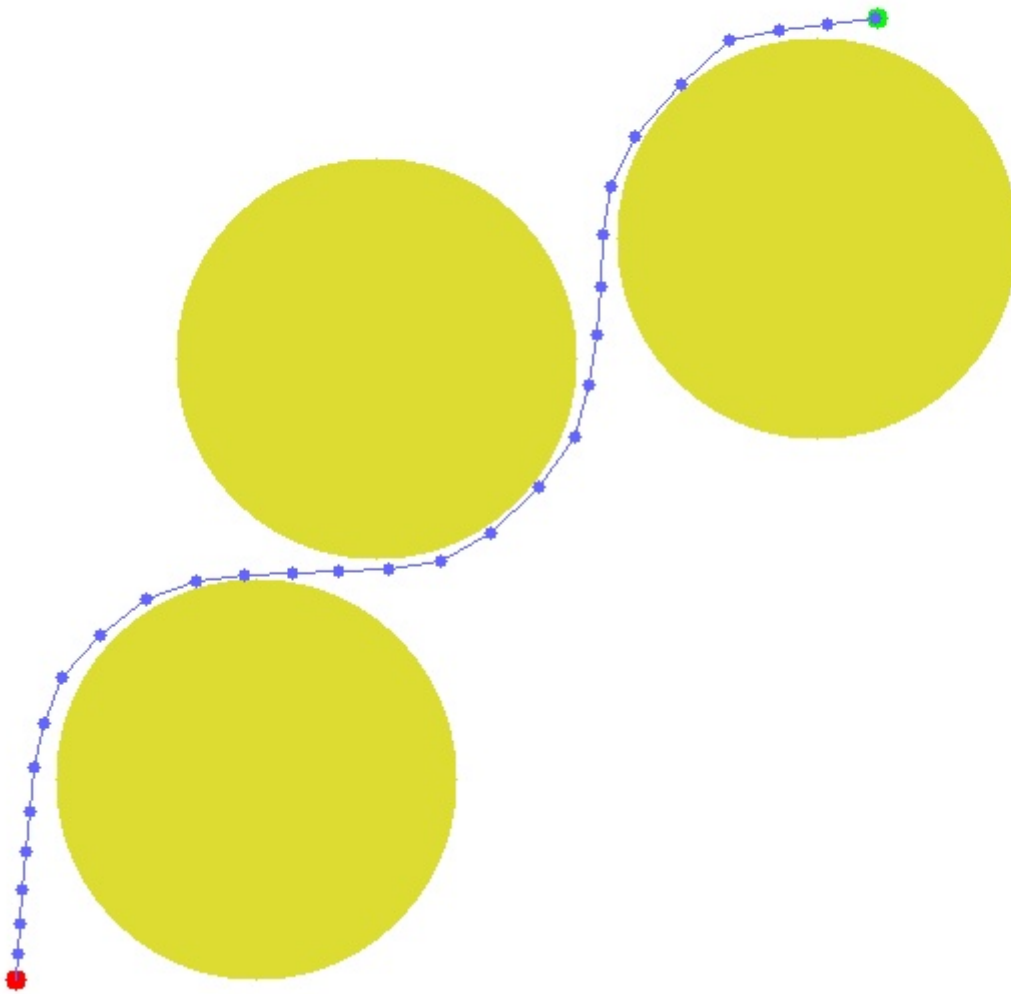
→ The above is $\forall i$ for j^{th} waypoint.



MPC Without Obstacles

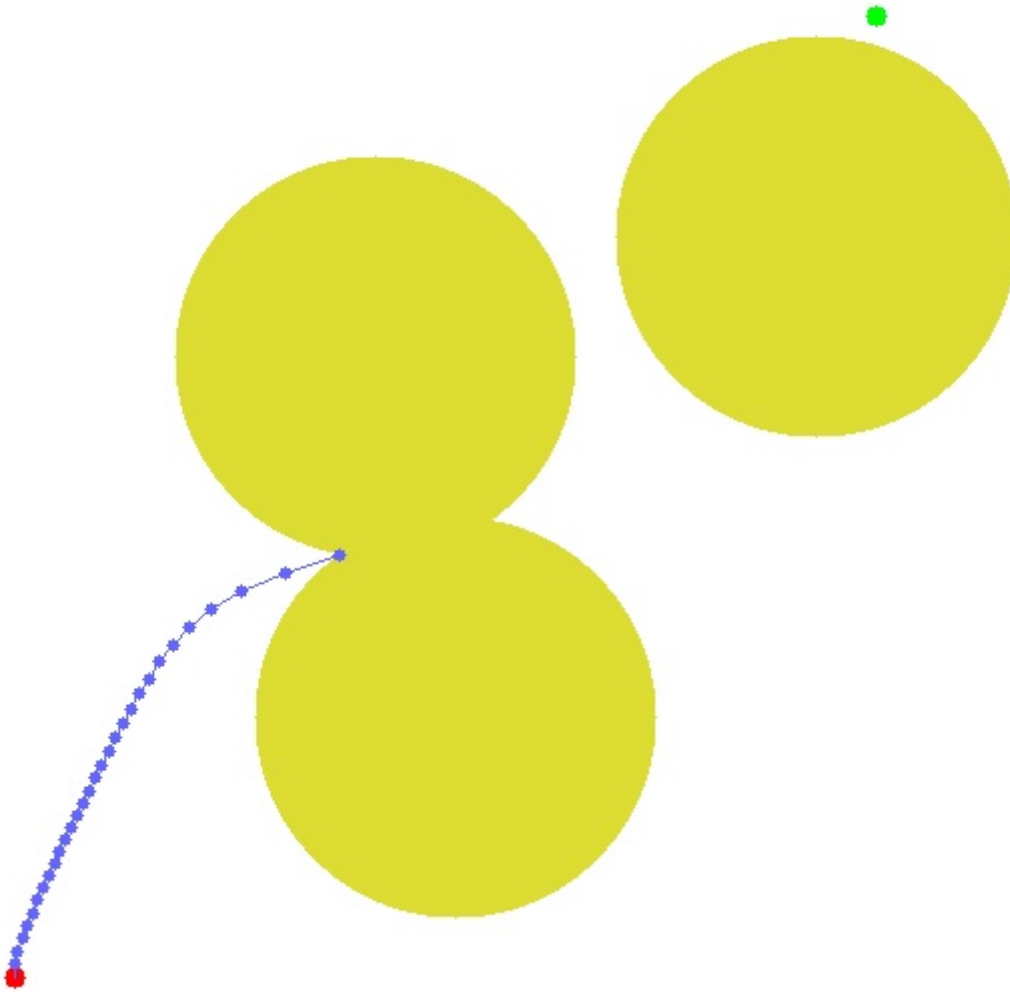


MPC With Obstracles



Failure Case

- Here we observe failure case.
- This is because we linearise the obstacle constraints pointwise which leads to local minima convergence.



Work Distribution

- Mohd Omama: Without Obstacles
- Kinal Mehta: With Obstacles