



KLE Technological University

Creating Value,
Leveraging Knowledge

Dr. M. S. Sheshgiri Campus, Belagavi

**Department of
Electronics and Communication Engineering**

**Journal
Of
Embedded Linux
(24EECE447)**

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Basic Steps To Configure the Codes

1. Create a file using terminal with the command
“gedit experiment_name.sh”
2. Write the code in the following script saved.
3. Make the script executable with the following command
“chmod +x experiment_name.sh”
4. Execute the script with command
“./ experiment_name.sh”

Experiment No. 1: Initial Setup

Code:

```
#!/bin/bash
# Ensure the script is run as root
if [ "$EUID" -ne 0 ]; then
echo "Please run as root"
exit 1
fi
echo "Starting initial setup for the Linux system..."
# Step 1: Update and Upgrade System Packages
echo "Updating and upgrading system packages..."
apt update -y && apt upgrade -y
# Step 2: Install Essential Development Tools
echo "Installing essential development tools..."
apt install -y build-essential git vim curl wget python3 python3-pip
# Step 3: Set up Firewall (optional, adjust rules as needed)
echo "Setting up a basic firewall..."
ufw allow OpenSSH
ufw enable
ufw status
# Step 4: Create a New User (optional, replace 'username' with desired name)
NEW_USER="username"
echo "Creating a new user '$NEW_USER'..."
adduser --gecos "" $NEW_USER
usermod -aG sudo $NEW_USER # Step 5: Set up SSH Key Authentication (for the new user)
echo "Setting up SSH key authentication for $NEW_USER..."
sudo -u $NEW_USER mkdir -p /home/$NEW_USER/.ssh
sudo -u $NEW_USER chmod 700 /home/$NEW_USER/.ssh
echo "Paste your public SSH key below (Ctrl+D to save):"
cat >> /home/$NEW_USER/.ssh/authorized_keys
chmod 600 /home/$NEW_USER/.ssh/authorized_keys
chown -R $NEW_USER:$NEW_USER /home/$NEW_USER/.ssh
# Step 6: Clean Up Unused Packages
echo "Cleaning up unused packages..."
apt autoremove -y
apt clean
# Step 7: Reboot the System
echo "Rebooting the system to apply changes..."
reboot
echo "Initial setup complete!"
```

[illegible]

Experiment No. 2: File System Exploration

Code:

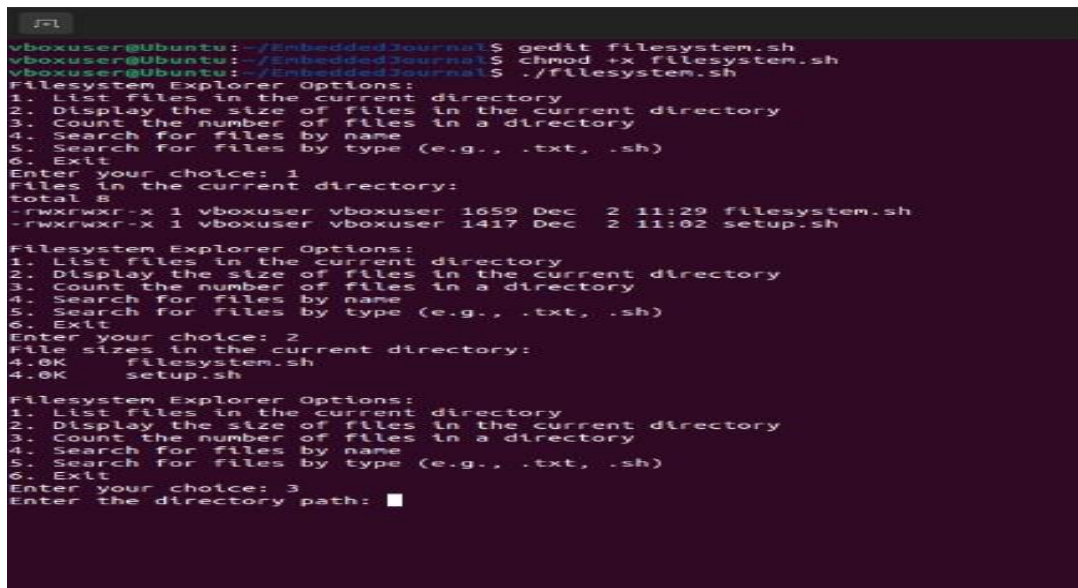
```
#!/bin/bash
# Ensure the script is run as a regular user
if [ "$EUID" -eq 0 ]; then
echo "Please do not run as root."
exit 1
fi
# Function to display menu options
function show_menu() {
echo "Filesystem Explorer Options:"
echo "1. List files in the current directory"
echo "2. Display the size of files in the current directory"
echo "3. Count the number of files in a directory"
echo "4. Search for files by name"
echo "5. Search for files by type (e.g., .txt, .sh)"
echo "6. Exit"
echo -n "Enter your choice: "
}
# Function to list files
function list_files() {
echo "Files in the current directory:"
ls -l
}
# Function to display file sizes
function display_file_sizes() {
echo "File sizes in the current directory:"
du -h *
}
# Function to count files in a directory
function count_files() {
echo -n "Enter the directory path: "
read dir
if [ -d "$dir" ]; then
echo "Number of files in '$dir': $(find "$dir" -type f | wc -l)"
else
echo "Directory does not exist."
fi
}
# Function to search files by name
function search_by_name() {
echo -n "Enter the file name or pattern to search for: "
read pattern
echo "Searching for '$pattern'..."
}
```

```

find . -name "$pattern"
}
# Function to search files by type
function search_by_type() {
echo -n "Enter the file extension to search for (e.g., .txt, .sh): "
read ext
echo "Searching for files with extension '$ext'..."
find . -type f -name "*$ext"
}
# Main script loop
while true; do
show_menu
read choice
case $choice in
1) list_files ;;
2) display_file_sizes ;;
3) count_files ;;
4) search_by_name ;;
5) search_by_type ;;
6) echo "Exiting..."; break ;;
*) echo "Invalid choice. Please try again." ;;
esac
echo
done

```

Output:



```

vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ gedit filesystem.sh
vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ chmod +x filesystem.sh
vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ ./filesystem.sh
Filesystem Explorer Options:
1. List files in the current directory
2. Display the size of files in the current directory
3. Count the number of files in a directory
4. Search for files by name
5. Search for files by type (e.g., .txt, .sh)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Files in the current directory:
total 8
-rwxrwxr-x 1 vboxuser vboxuser 1659 Dec  2 11:29 filesystem.sh
-rwxrwxr-x 1 vboxuser vboxuser 1417 Dec  2 11:02 setup.sh

Filesystem Explorer Options:
1. List files in the current directory
2. Display the size of files in the current directory
3. Count the number of files in a directory
4. Search for files by name
5. Search for files by type (e.g., .txt, .sh)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
File sizes in the current directory:
4.0K    filesystem.sh
4.0K    setup.sh

Filesystem Explorer Options:
1. List files in the current directory
2. Display the size of files in the current directory
3. Count the number of files in a directory
4. Search for files by name
5. Search for files by type (e.g., .txt, .sh)
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Enter the directory path: █

```

Experiment No. 3: Process Management

Code:

```
#!/bin/bash
# Ensure the script is run as a regular user
if [ "$EUID" -eq 0 ]; then
echo "Please do not run as root."
exit 1
fi
# Function to display menu options
function show_menu() {
echo "Process Management Options:"
echo "1. List all running processes"
echo "2. Search for a specific process"
echo "3. Kill a process by PID"
echo "4. Monitor system resource usage (CPU/Memory)"
echo "5. Exit"
echo -n "Enter your choice: "
}
# Function to list all running processes
function list_processes() {
echo "Listing all running processes:"
ps aux | less
}
# Function to search for a specific process
function search_process() {
echo -n "Enter the process name or keyword to search: "
read process_name
echo "Searching for processes matching '$process_name':"
ps aux | grep -i "$process_name" | grep -v "grep"
}
# Function to kill a process by PID
function kill_process() {
echo -n "Enter the PID of the process to kill: "
read pid
if kill -9 "$pid" 2>/dev/null; then
echo "Process with PID $pid has been terminated."
else
echo "Failed to terminate the process. Please check the PID."
fi
}
# Function to monitor system resource usage
function monitor_resources() {
echo "Monitoring system resource usage (press Ctrl+C to exit):"
top
}
```



```

}
# Main script loop
while true; do
show_menu
read choice

case $choice in
1) list_processes ;;
2) search_process ;;
3) kill_process ;;
4) monitor_resources ;;
5) echo "Exiting..."; break ;;
*) echo "Invalid choice. Please try again." ;;
esac
echo
done

```

Output:

```

vboxuser@Ubuntu: ~/EmbeddedJournals$ gedit process.sh
vboxuser@Ubuntu: ~/EmbeddedJournals$ chmod +x process.sh
vboxuser@Ubuntu: ~/EmbeddedJournals$ ./process.sh
Process Management Options:
1. List all running processes
2. Search for a specific process
3. Kill a process by PID
4. Monitor system resource usage (CPU/Memory)
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
Monitoring system resource usage (press Ctrl+C to exit):

top - 11:36:53 up 16 min, 1 user, load average: 0.45, 0.52, 0.50
Tasks: 106 total, 1 running, 203 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
%Cpu(s): 2.1 us, 0.9 sy, 0.0 ni, 96.9 id, 0.0 wa, 0.0 hi, 0.1 st, 0.0 sr
MiB Mem : 3421.3 total, 952.1 free, 939.7 used, 1529.5 buff/cache
MiB Swap: 3210.0 total, 3210.0 free, 0.0 used, 2246.0 avail Mem

  PID USER      PR  NI    VIRT    RES    SHR   S   %CPU  %MEM     TIME+ COMMAND
 1610 vboxuser  20   0 4869008 465608 154368 S   15.9  13.3   6:17.57 gnome-shell
 4710 vboxuser  20   0 570076   59448 46896 S    2.7   1.7   0:01.15 gnome-terminal-
2120 vboxuser  20   0 2815352 73908 57056 S    0.7   2.1   0:03.49 gjs
 506  systemd+  20   0 14824   6068 5268 S    0.3   0.2   0:02.28 systemd-oomd
1462 vboxuser  20   0 9912    6088 4152 S    0.3   0.2   0:02.12 dbus-daemon
1606 vboxuser  20   0 245104   6772 6176 S    0.3   0.2   0:00.07 gvfs-mtp-volume
1931 vboxuser  20   0 994564   96112 55620 S    0.3   2.7   0:05.79 snap-store
4760 vboxuser  20   0 21888   4112 3256 R    0.3   0.1   0:00.05 top
   1 root      20   0 166728  11664 8140 S    0.0   0.3   0:02.84 systemd
   2 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.01 kthreadd
   3 root      0 -20 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 rcu_gp
   4 root      0 -20 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 rcu_par_gp
   5 root      0 -20 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 slub_flushwq
   6 root      0 -20 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 netns
   8 root      0 -20 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kworker/0:0H-events_highpri
  10 root      0 -20 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 mm_percpu_wq
  11 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 rcu_tasks_rude
  12 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 rcu_tasks_trace
  13 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.12 ksoftirqd/0
  14 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:01.61 rcu_sched
  15 root      rt    0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.01 migration/0
  16 root     -51  0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 idle_inject/0
  18 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 cpuhp/0
  19 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 cpuhp/1
  20 root     -51  0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 idle_inject/1
  21 root      rt    0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.34 migration/1
  22 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.20 ksoftirqd/1
  24 root      0 -20 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kworker/1:0H-events_highpri
  25 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 cpuhp/2
  26 root     -51  0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 idle_inject/2
  27 root      rt    0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.34 migration/2
  28 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.17 ksoftirqd/2
  29 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.29 kworker/2:0-events
  30 root      0 -20 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kworker/2:0H-events_highpri
  31 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 cpuhp/3
  32 root     -51  0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 idle_inject/3
  33 root      rt    0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.36 migration/3
  34 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.50 ksoftirqd/3
  36 root      0 -20 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kworker/3:0H-kblockd
  37 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kdevtmpfs
  38 root      0 -20 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 inet_frag_wq
  39 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kauditd
  40 root      20   0 0        0      0 S    0.0   0.0   0:00.00 khungtaskd

```

Experiment No. 4: Package Management Code:

```
#!/bin/bash

# Ensure the script is run as root
if [ "$EUID" -ne 0 ]; then
    echo "Please run as root."
    exit 1
fi

# Function to display menu options
function show_menu() {
    echo "Package Management Options:"
    echo "1. Update package lists and upgrade installed packages"
    echo "2. Install a new package"
    echo "3. Remove an installed package"
    echo "4. Search for a package"
    echo "5. List all installed packages"
    echo "6. Show details of a specific installed package"
    echo "7. Exit"
    echo -n "Enter your choice: "
}

# Function to update and upgrade packages
function update_and_upgrade() {
    echo "Updating package lists and upgrading installed packages..."
    apt update && apt upgrade -y
    echo "Update and upgrade completed."
}
```

```
# Function to install a package
```

```
function install_package() {  
    echo -n "Enter the package name to install: "  
    read package_name  
    if apt install -y "$package_name"; then  
        echo "Package '$package_name' installed successfully."  
    else  
        echo "Failed to install package '$package_name'. "  
    fi  
}
```

```
# Function to remove a package
```

```
function remove_package() {  
    echo -n "Enter the package name to remove: "  
    read package_name  
    if apt remove -y "$package_name"; then  
        echo "Package '$package_name' removed successfully."  
    else  
        echo "Failed to remove package '$package_name'. "  
    fi  
}
```

```
# Function to search for a package
```

```
function search_package() {  
    echo -n "Enter the package name or keyword to search: "  
    read search_term  
    echo "Searching for packages matching '$search_term'..."  
    apt search "$search_term"  
}
```

```

# Function to list all installed packages
function list_installed_packages() {
    echo "Listing all installed packages..."
    dpkg --get-selections | less
}

# Function to show details of a specific installed package
function package_details() {
    echo -n "Enter the package name to view details: "
    read package_name
    echo "Details for package '$package_name':"
    apt show "$package_name"
}

# Main script loop
while true; do
    show_menu
    read choice
    case $choice in
        1) update_and_upgrade ;;
        2) install_package ;;
        3) remove_package ;;
        4) search_package ;;
        5) list_installed_packages ;;
        6) package_details ;;
        7) echo "Exiting..."; break ;;
        *) echo "Invalid choice. Please try again." ;;
    esac
    echo
done

```

Output:

```
vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ gedit package.sh
vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ chmod +x package.sh
vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ sudo ./package.sh
Package Management Options:
1. Update package lists and upgrade installed packages
2. Install a new package
3. Remove an installed package
4. Search for a package
5. List all installed packages
6. Show details of a specific installed package
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
Enter the package name or keyword to search: package
Searching for packages matching 'package'...
Sorting... Done
Full Text Search... Done

Package Management Options:
1. Update package lists and upgrade installed packages
2. Install a new package
3. Remove an installed package
4. Search for a package
5. List all installed packages
6. Show details of a specific installed package
7. Exit
Enter your choice:
```

Experiment No. 5: Network Basics

Code:

```
#!/bin/bash

# Ensure the script is run as a regular user
if [ "$EUID" -eq 0 ]; then
    echo "Please do not run as root."
    exit 1
fi

# Function to display menu options
function show_menu() {
    echo "Network Basics Options:"
    echo "1. Check connectivity (ping a host)"
    echo "2. Display network configuration"
    echo "3. Display routing table"
    echo "4. Monitor network traffic (requires 'iftop')"
    echo "5. Display open ports and listening services"
    echo "6. Exit"
    echo -n "Enter your choice: "
}

# Function to check connectivity
function check_connectivity() {
    echo -n "Enter the hostname or IP address to ping: "
    read host
    echo "Pinging $host..."
    ping -c 4 "$host"
}

# Function to display network configuration
function display_network_config() {
    echo "Network configuration:"
    ifconfig
}

# Function to display the routing table
function display_routing_table() {
    echo "Routing table:"
    netstat -rn
}

# Function to monitor network traffic
function monitor_traffic() {
    if ! command -v iftop &>/dev/null; then
```

```

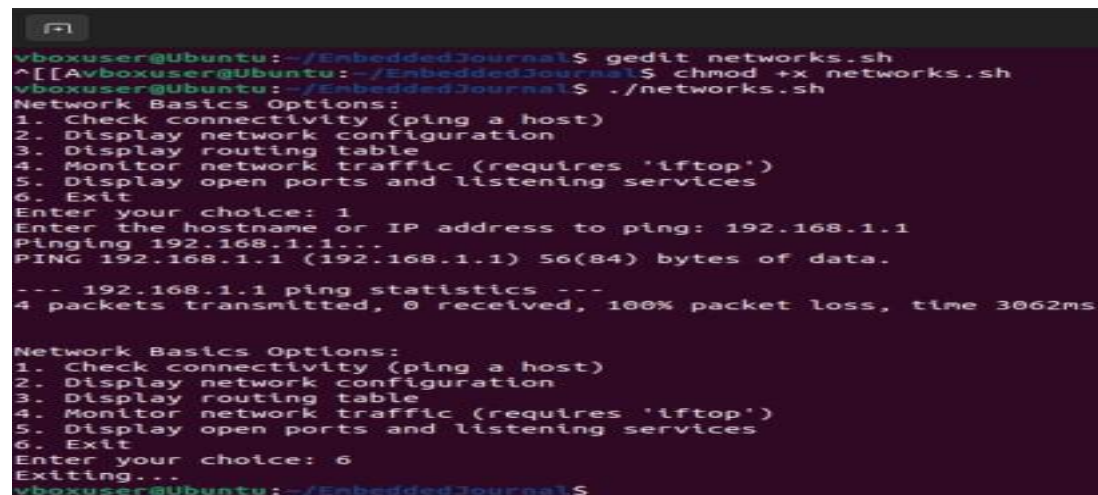
        echo "'iftop' is not installed. Please install it using:"
        echo "sudo apt install iftop"
        return
    fi
    echo "Monitoring network traffic (press 'q' to exit):"
    sudo iftop
}

# Function to display open ports and listening services
function display_open_ports() {
    echo "Open ports and listening services:"
    sudo netstat -tuln
}

# Main script loop
while true; do
    show_menu
    read choice
    case $choice in
        1) check_connectivity ;;
        2) display_network_config ;;
        3) display_routing_table ;;
        4) monitor_traffic ;;
        5) display_open_ports ;;
        6) echo "Exiting..."; break ;;
        *) echo "Invalid choice. Please try again." ;;
    esac
done
echo

```

Output:



```

vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ gedit networks.sh
^[[Avboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ chmod +x networks.sh
vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ ./networks.sh
Network Basics Options:
1. Check connectivity (ping a host)
2. Display network configuration
3. Display routing table
4. Monitor network traffic (requires 'iftop')
5. Display open ports and listening services
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the hostname or IP address to ping: 192.168.1.1
Pinging 192.168.1.1...
PING 192.168.1.1 (192.168.1.1) 56(84) bytes of data.
--- 192.168.1.1 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 0 received, 100% packet loss, time 3062ms

Network Basics Options:
1. Check connectivity (ping a host)
2. Display network configuration
3. Display routing table
4. Monitor network traffic (requires 'iftop')
5. Display open ports and listening services
6. Exit
Enter your choice: 6
Exiting...
vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$

```

Experiment No. 6: Basic Scripting Code:

```
#!/bin/bash

# Welcome message
echo "Welcome to Linux Scripting Basics!"

# Variables
name="User"
date=$(date "+%Y-%m-%d")
echo "Hello, $name! Today's date is $date."

# Conditional Statements
echo -n "Enter a number: "
read number
if [ $number -gt 10 ]; then
echo "The number $number is greater than 10."
else
echo "The number $number is less than or equal to 10."
fi

# Loops
echo "Printing numbers from 1 to 5:"
for i in {1..5}; do
echo "Number: $i"
done

# Functions
function greet_user() {
echo "Welcome, $1! Enjoy exploring Linux scripting."
```

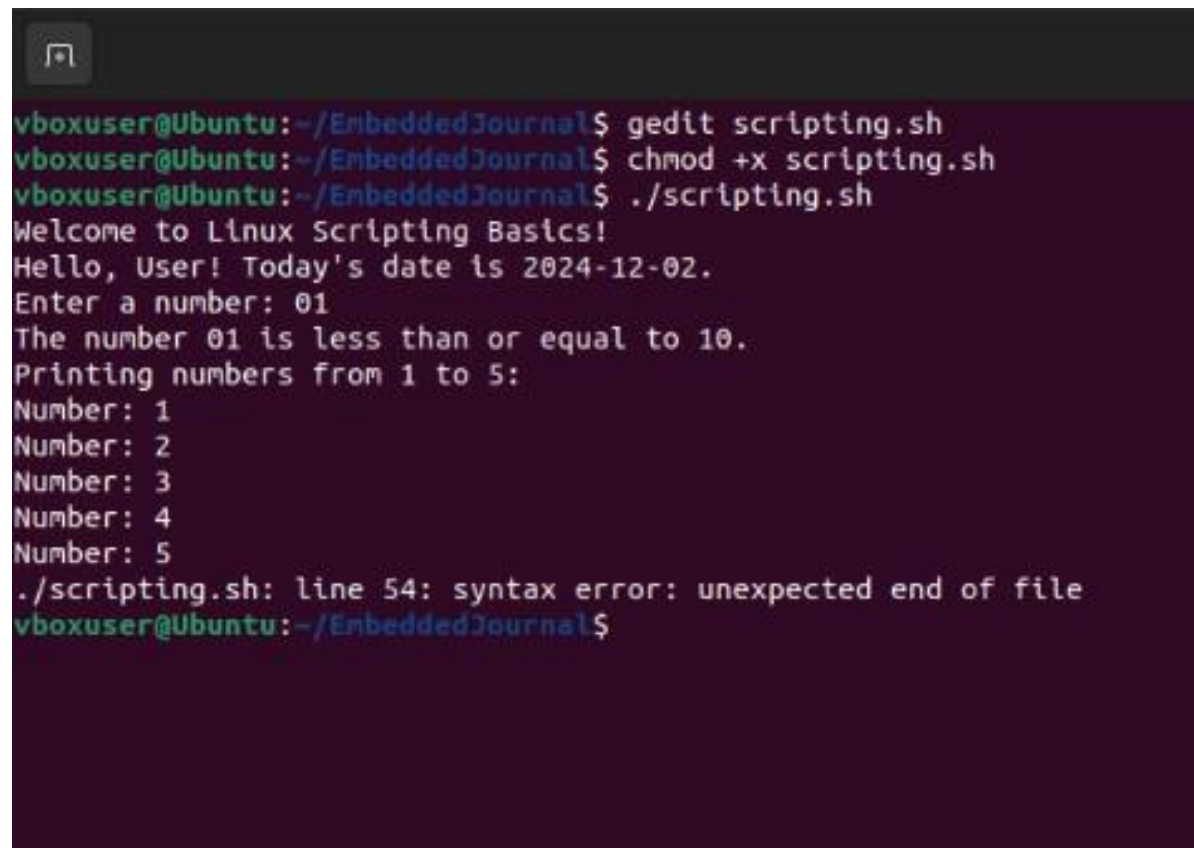


```

echo -n "Enter your name: "
read user_name
greet_user "$user_name"
# File Handling
echo "Creating a sample file..."
echo "This is a sample file created by $user_name on $date." > sample.txt
echo "File 'sample.txt' created successfully."
# Display File Content
echo "Displaying the contents of 'sample.txt':"
cat sample.txt
# Basic Menu Example
while true; do
echo "Menu Options:"
echo "1. Show current directory"
echo "2. List files"
echo "3. Show disk usage"
echo "4. Exit"
echo -n "Enter your choice: "
read choice
case $choice in
1) echo "Current directory: $(pwd)" ;;
2) echo "Files in directory:"; ls -lh ;;
3) echo "Disk usage:"; df -h ;; 25
4) echo "Exiting..."; break ;;
*) echo "Invalid choice. Try again." ;;
esac
done
# Goodbye message
echo "Thank you for trying Linux scripting. Goodbye, $user_name!"

```

Output:



```
vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ gedit scripting.sh
vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ chmod +x scripting.sh
vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ ./scripting.sh
Welcome to Linux Scripting Basics!
Hello, User! Today's date is 2024-12-02.
Enter a number: 01
The number 01 is less than or equal to 10.
Printing numbers from 1 to 5:
Number: 1
Number: 2
Number: 3
Number: 4
Number: 5
./scripting.sh: line 54: syntax error: unexpected end of file
vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$
```

Experiment No. 7: System Logs

Code:

```
#!/bin/bash

# Ensure the script is run as a regular user
if [ "$EUID" -eq 0 ]; then
    echo "Please do not run as root for safety."
    exit 1
fi

# Function to display menu options
function show_menu() {
    echo "System Logs Management Options:"
    echo "1. View the latest system logs"
    echo "2. Search logs for a specific keyword"
    echo "3. Filter logs by a date range"
    echo "4. Monitor logs in real-time"
    echo "5. Exit"
    echo -n "Enter your choice: "
}

# Function to view the latest logs
function view_logs() {
    echo "Displaying the latest 50 lines of the system log:"
    journalctl -n 50
}

# Function to search logs for a keyword
function search_logs() { 27

    echo -n "Enter the keyword to search for: "
    read keyword
    echo "Searching logs for '$keyword':"
    journalctl | grep -i "$keyword"
```

```

}
# Function to filter logs by date range
function filter_logs_by_date() {
echo -n "Enter the start date (YYYY-MM-DD): "
read start_date
echo -n "Enter the end date (YYYY-MM-DD): "
read end_date
echo "Filtering logs from $start_date to $end_date:"
journalctl --since "$start_date" --until "$end_date"
}
# Function to monitor logs in real-time
function monitor_logs() {
echo "Monitoring logs in real-time (press Ctrl+C to stop):"
journalctl -f
}
# Main script loop
while true; do
show_menu
read choice
case $choice in 28
1) view_logs ;;
2) search_logs ;;
3) filter_logs_by_date ;;
4) monitor_logs ;;
5) echo "Exiting..."; break ;;
*) echo "Invalid choice. Please try again." ;;
esac
echo
done

```

Output:

```
vboxuser@Ubuntu: ~/EmbeddedJournal
vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ gedit system_logs.sh
vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ chmod +x system_logs.sh
vboxuser@Ubuntu:~/EmbeddedJournal$ ./system_logs.sh
System Logs Management Options:
1. View the latest system logs
2. Search logs for a specific keyword
3. Filter logs by a date range
4. Monitor logs in real-time
5. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
Monitoring logs in real-time (press Ctrl+C to stop):
Hint: You are currently not seeing messages from other users and the system.
      Users in groups 'adm', 'systemd-journal' can see all messages.
      Pass -q to turn off this notice.
Dec 02 12:29:35 Ubuntu systemd[1438]: Started GNOME Terminal Server.
Dec 02 12:29:35 Ubuntu systemd[1438]: Started VTE child process 18795 launched by gnome-terminal-server process 18777.
Dec 02 12:30:51 Ubuntu systemd[1438]: vte-spawn-3a10df27-1c7f-410b-bf02-70a61e29fda2.scope: Consumed 1.377s CPU time.
Dec 02 12:30:51 Ubuntu systemd[1438]: gnome-terminal-server.service: Consumed 1.151s CPU time.
Dec 02 12:30:54 Ubuntu gnome-shell[1610]: Window manager warning: Ping serial 2855753 was reused for window W18, previous use was for window W5.
Dec 02 12:30:56 Ubuntu dbus-daemon[1462]: [session uid=1000 pid=1462] Activating via systemd: service name='org.gnome.Terminal' unit='gnome-terminal-server.service' requested by ':1.93' (uid=1000 pid=2615 comm="/usr/bin/nautilus --gapplication-service " label="unconfined")
Dec 02 12:30:56 Ubuntu systemd[1438]: Starting GNOME Terminal Server...
Dec 02 12:30:57 Ubuntu dbus-daemon[1462]: [session uid=1000 pid=1462] Successfully activated service 'org.gnome.Terminal'
Dec 02 12:30:57 Ubuntu systemd[1438]: Started GNOME Terminal Server.
Dec 02 12:30:57 Ubuntu systemd[1438]: Started VTE child process 18877 launched by gnome-terminal-server process 18859.
```