### **Eleplots 09**

### 1. CV of speed against temperature

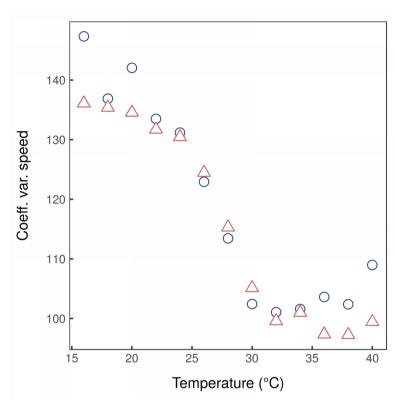


Fig. 1 Coefficient of variation of speed (m/30 mins) as a function of thermochron temperature. Blue circles show the cool-dry season, red triangles the hot-wet season.

#### 2. 3D plot of distance to water, loop stage, and speed

Insufficient data to construct a 3D surface.

#### 3. Temperature and distance to water by geology

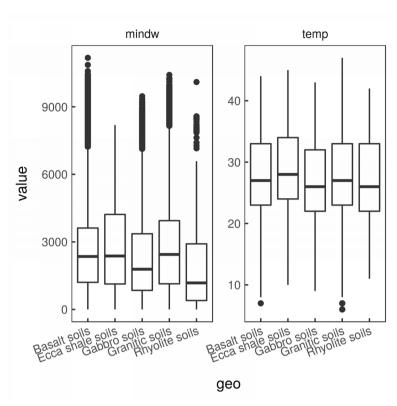


Fig. 2: Values of minimum distance to water (mindw) and thermochron temperature (temp) on each soil type.

### 4. Time since departure

Departure is classified as the elephant leaving the 500m buffer around water. This is shown in Eleplots05 Fig. 4.

# 5. Steplength against time since arrival and departure

Shown in Eleplots08 Fig. 4(c).

## 6. Temperature against distance to water for 24 hour looping and all other elephants

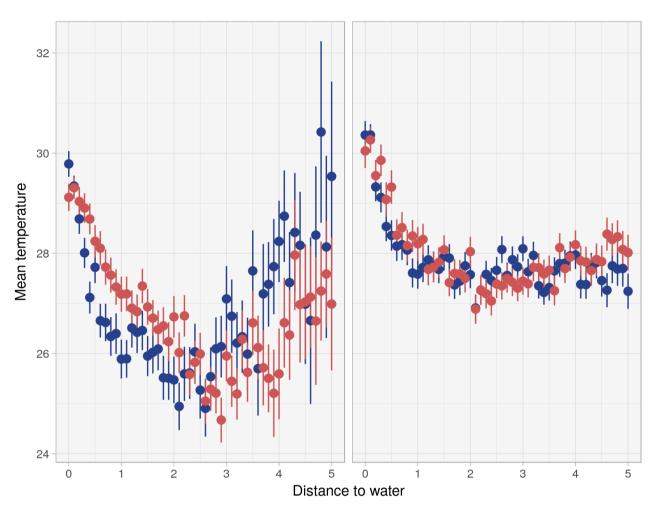


Fig. 3: Mean temperature and error bars at each 100m interval from water sources in the hot-wet (red circles) and cool-dry (blue circles) seasons, for elephants engaged in a 24 hour loop back to water (left) and all other elephants (right).

- 7. Eleplots 08 Fig. 9 moved to main text.
- 8. Map of 48 hour and 72 hour visits. Under way.
- 9. Time since the last visit to water: this is Eleplots08 Fig. 9.
- 10. Data classification by min, max, and CV of daily temperature: done.

#### 11. Revisit rates at different time scales.

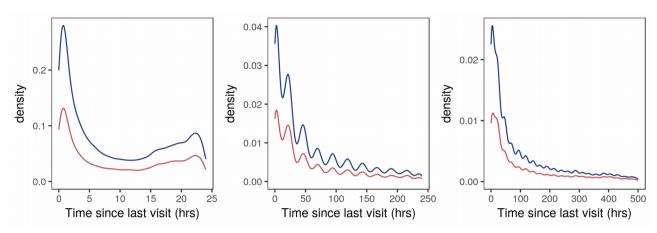


Fig. 4: Density of time since last revisit to within 200m of a point (in hours). Lines coloured by season, cool-dry = blue, hot-wet = red.

### 12. Residence time against time of day

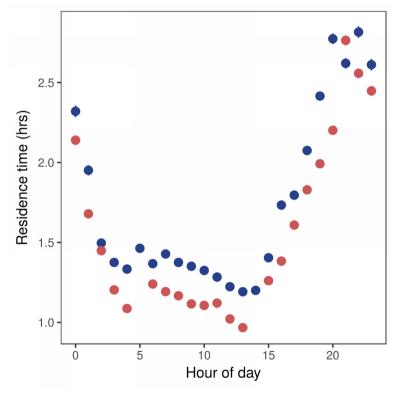


Fig. 5: Residence time (hours) within 200m of a point against hour of day, in each season (cool-dry = blue, hot-wet = red). Error bars were produced but are too small to be seen.