Goose Flock Data Description 02

March 29, 2017

Flock size and mixed flocking

- 1. From the first data description, we know that the majority of records are from the Netherlands and North Rhine Westphalia.
- 2. It may be useful to explore how flock size varies with province and month, and then repeat the same for juvenile proportion.
- 3. First, I fixed an issue with the total flock size. It appears that in some cases, total flock size is left blank. It may be safe to assume that this was done when the total flock size was later computed by adding the number of juveniles and adults. In this case, it was not a mixed flock, and only whitefronts were present.
- 4. After fixing the issue of missing total flock sizes, 5 NAs remain. These may be safely ignored. Additionally, 1 record(s) from the study site has no year or month data. This is also removed.
- 5. From an ecological perspective, it may be interesting to know something about mixed flocking. Such flocks would be those in which the total flock size is greater than the number of whitefronts sampled. 2758 such flocks were found, which is around half of all flocks.
- 6. I then checked the distribution of the proportion of whitefronts in flocks. Apart from the nearly 3000 flocks in which only whitefronts were present, they also formed flocks in the full range of proportions with other geese. This was not changed with month.

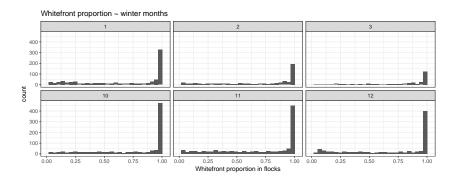


Figure 1: Whitefront proportion in mixed flocks over winter months.

Flock size change over winter

7. I then looked at flock size distributions over the winter months. This followed the form of a power law decay function, with many small flocks but also a number of large flocks. The number of flocks recorded in the late winter was lower as expected.

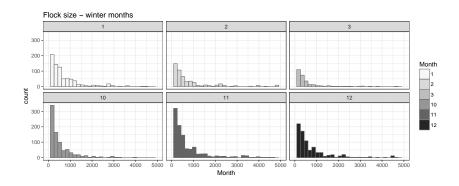


Figure 2: Total flock size in winter months.

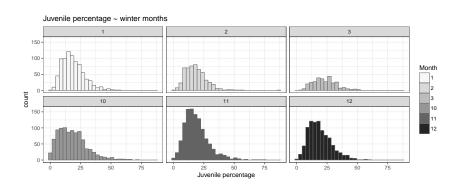


Figure 3: Juvenile percentage in wintering flocks in each winter month.

Time as a continuous variable

The data were assigned a continuous time variable as a POSIXct object from the separate day, month and year columns.

After removing all records where time data was incomplete, 4637 records remained.

Records per region over time

I then checked to see how the flocksize varied over time from each region. Some regions are very sparsely sampled.

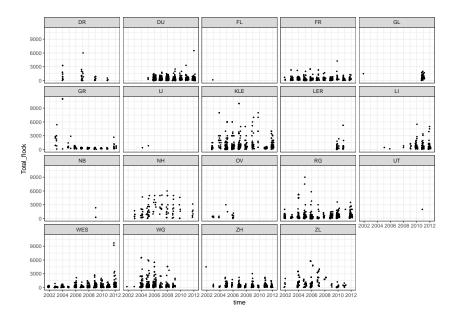


Figure 4: Flock size over time, separated by region.

Flock size - juvenile percentage pairs

- 8. I then looked for counts of flocksize juvenile percentage pairs, using hexbins. I restricted the maximum flock size considered to 5000, since flocks larger than that were not common. Flocks with a size less than 500 and a juvenile proportion less that 0.3 are most common overall.
- 9. I then separated this data by month. Visually, an increase in any particular pair of flocksize and juvenile proportion would be represented by shift in the colour scale towards yellow-red, representing the counts of such a pair. In the hexbin plot representing month wise juvenile proportions, one could expect the yellowred, ie, more frequent, hexbins, to shift higher up the Y-axis, since previous observations have estimated an increasing trend in the juvenile proportion through the winter. Such a trend is not seen in the hexbin plot. Overall, variability in the counts of flocks with different adult juvenile compositions is reduced through the winter.
- 10. I then separated the data into data from five representative provinces as follows: Wesel (south east, inland), Zeeland (south west, coastal), Friesland (north west, coastal), and South Holland (centre, coastal). No clear trend was seen in the hexbin representation of data. Records from Wesel and Friesland produced a hexbin plot most similar to the pooled data. Zeeland shows the most irregular pattern, with higher flock sizes.

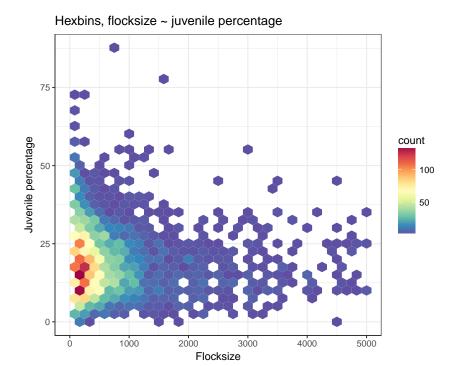


Figure 5: Hexbins showing counts of combinations of flocksize and juvenile proportion.

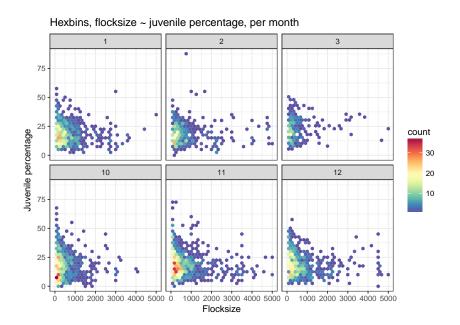
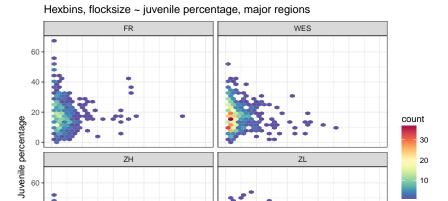


Figure 6: Hexbins showing counts of combinations of flocksize and juvenile proportion.



40

20

0 -

3000

4000

5000

Flocksize

5000

Figure 7: Hexbins showing counts of combinations of flocksize and juvenile proportion.