# Juvenile proportions GAM by zone

## Effects of year

#### juvenile proportion

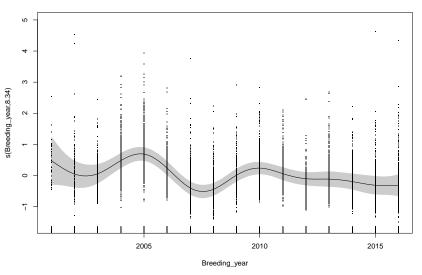
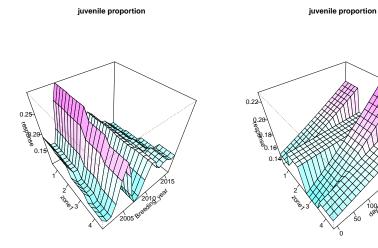


Figure 1: Lemming cycle effect appears dampened in more recent years.

### With random effects

```
##
## Family: binomial
## Link function: logit
##
## Formula:
## propjuv ~ s(Breeding_year) + s(Breeding_year, by = zone1) + +s(days) +
##
       s(days, by = zone1) + s(Food type, Breeding year, bs = "re") +
       s(Observer, Breeding_year, bs = "re") + s(flocksize, Breeding_year,
##
      bs = "re")
##
##
## Parametric coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -1.54149   0.04969   -31.02   <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Approximate significance of smooth terms:
##
                                          edf Ref.df Chi.sq p-value
                                   8.1077172 8.766 67.784 5.35e-11 ***
## s(Breeding year)
## s(Breeding_year):zone1IJsselmeer 1.0000483 1.000 0.021 0.88471
## s(Breeding year):zone1Rhinelands 1.0000359 1.000 0.831 0.36214
## s(Breeding_year):zone1Southwest 1.0000200 1.000 2.381 0.12282
## s(days)
                                   1.0000074 1.000 0.851 0.35634
## s(davs):zone1IJsselmeer
                                    1.0000622 1.000 0.284 0.59434
                                                            0 56770
## c(daye).zonal Rhinal ande
                                    1 0001023 1 000 0 327
                                      Juvenile proportions GAM by zone
```

# Effect of year and days by zone



# Including mixed effects

- Including mixed effects reduces AIC significantly.
- AIC (GAM without mixed effects): 2490.3678094
- AIC (GAM with mixed effects): 2133.6031601