

Total No. of Questions : 8]

P260

SEAT No. : \_\_\_\_\_

[Total No. of Pages : 3

[6003]-337

T.E. (Civil)

**WASTE WATER ENGINEERING**  
**(2019 Pattern) (Semester-II) (301012)**

*Time : 2½ Hours]*

*[Max. Marks : 70*

*Instructions to the candidates:*

- 1) Answer Q1 or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6, Q7 or Q8.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat figures wherever necessary.
- 4) Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 5) Use of scientific calculators is allowed

- Q1)** a) Explain the importance of secondary treatment and principle of biological treatment. [6]
- b) An average operating data for conventional activated sludge treatment plant is as follows. [6]

Sewage flow-30000 m<sup>3</sup>/d, volume of aeration tank-10500m<sup>3</sup>, influent BOD-200mg/L, effluent BOD-20 mg/L, mixed liquor suspended solids-3000 mg/l, effluent suspended solids-30 mg/L, Waste sludge suspended solids-9500mg/L, quantity of waste sludge-200m<sup>3</sup>/d. Determine

- i) Food to microorganism ratio
  - ii) Sludge age
  - iii) Percentage of efficiency of BOD removal
- c) Describe symptoms, causes and remedial measures of sludge bulking in activated sludge process. [6]

OR

- Q2)** a) Explain the term Volumetric BOD loading, F/M Ratio, Sludge age in detail.[6]
- b) The mixed liquor suspended solids. Concentration in aeration tank is 3000 mg/l and sludge volume after 30 minutes of settling in a 1000 ml graduated cylinder is 135 ml. Determine. [6]

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- i) SVI
  - ii) Required return sludge ratio
  - iii) Suspended solids concentration in recirculated sludge
- c) Describe symptoms, causes and remedial measures of foaming in activated sludge process. [6]

**Q3)** a) Summarize the principle components and factors affecting oxidation pond design. [5]

- b) Design an oxidation pond for the following data. Raw sewage flow-10 MLD, raw sewage  $BOD_5$ -200mg/L, desired  $BOD_5$  of treated effluent-20mg/L, BOD removal rate constant-0.1/d, BOD loading rate for the given latitude of the place-250kg/Ha/d, elevation of the place-550 m above MSL. Determine. [6]

- i) Area of oxidation pond
  - ii) Detention time required
  - iii) Dimension of the pond
- c) Enumerate principle, advantages and disadvantages of aerated lagoon. [6]

OR

**Q4)** a) Explain with a neat sketch the principle of trickling filter. [5]

- b) A single stage trickling filter is designed for an organic loading of 10000 kg of BOD in raw sewage per hectare meter per day with a recirculation ratio of 1.1. This trickling filter treats 1.95 MLD of raw sewage with a BOD of 180mg/L. Use NRC formula and determine the strength of the effluent. [6]

- c) Describe the operational problems and its control in trickling filter. [6]

**Q5)** a) Compare the aerobic and anaerobic treatment of wastewater. [6]

- b) Design a septic tank for 300 users. Water allowance is 120 L per head per day. Assume suitable data if required. [6]

- c) Describe with a neat sketch working of up-flow anaerobic sludge blanket reactor. [6]

OR

- Q6)** a) Summarize the features and applications of up-flow anaerobic sludge blanket. [6]
- b) Design the dimensions of septic tank for small colony of 160 persons provided with an assured water supply from municipal head works at the rate of 120 L per person per day. Assume suitable data if required. [6]
- c) Explain the merits of sequential batch reactor over conventional activated sludge process. [6]
- Q7)** a) Describe the governing factors in anaerobic digesters. [5]
- b) Sedimentation tank is treating the flow of 5 MLD containing 275 ppm of suspended solids. Tank removes around 50% of suspended solids. Calculate the quantity of sludge produce per day in bulk and weight if [6]
- i) Moisture content of the sludge is 98%
- ii) Moisture content of the sludge is 96%
- c) Explain the stages of digestion in anaerobic digesters. [6]

OR

- Q8)** a) Indicate the major challenges in sludge management. [5]
- b) The moisture content of a sludge is reduced from 95% to 80%. Find the decrease in the volume of the sludge. Explain why dewatering of sludge is necessary. [6]
- c) Discuss the reuse opportunities of wastewater in industrial sector. [6]

