4/6/24, 6:22 PM practicalno7

```
In [1]:
                    import pandas as pd
                    import nltk
                    import re
                    from nltk.tokenize import sent_tokenize
                    from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
                    from nltk.corpus import stopwords
                    from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
                    from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
                    from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
                   nltk.download('punkt')
In [32]:
                    nltk.download('stopwords')
                    nltk.download('wordnet')
                    nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger')
                   True
Out[32]:
                   text="Tokenization is the first step in text analytics."
  In [6]:
                   tokenized_text=sent_tokenize(text)
In [10]:
                    print(tokenized_text)
                    tokenized word=word tokenize(text)
                    print(tokenized word)
                    ['Tokenization is the first step in text analytics.']
                    ['Tokenization', 'is', 'the', 'first', 'step', 'in', 'text', 'analytics', '.']
In [13]: stop_words=set(stopwords.words("english"))
                    print(stop_words)
                    text="How to remove stop words with NLTK library in Python?"
                    text=re.sub('[^a-zA-Z]',' ',text)
                    tokens=word_tokenize(text.lower())
                    filtered_text=[]
                    for w in tokens:
                        if w not in stop words:
                                       filtered text.append(w)
                    print("Tokenized Sentence:",tokens)
                    print("Filtered Sentence:",filtered_text)
                    {'here', 'themselves', "isn't", "mustn't", 'other', 'she', 'during', 'o', 'own',
                   'or', 'her', 'what', "she's", 'does', 'below', 'doesn', 'did', "shouldn't", 'few', "aren't", 'so', 'on', "that'll", 'it', 'at', 'doing', 'theirs', 'these', 'any', 'o f', 'most', 'than', "doesn't", "you're", 'don', 'our', 'when', 'no', 'being', 'an d', "you'd", 'having', 'hers', 'couldn', 'some', 'further', 'by', 'which', 'this', 'th
                    "mightn't", 'weren', 'yourselves', 'him', 'who', 'their', "should've", 'am', 'sam
                   e', 'those', 'mustn', 'himself', 'off', 'had', 'before', 'you', 'from', "won't", 'about', 'out', "don't", 'didn', 'how', 'wouldn', 'then', 've', 'if', 'mightn', 'that', 'needn', 'll', 'your', 'myself', 'under', "shan't", 'yours', 'very', 'm', 'i
                   nto', "wasn't", 'each', 'because', 'until', 'ain', 'my', 'but', 'once', 'his', 'th
                   ey', 'isn', "you've", "hasn't", 'ourselves', 'after', 'haven', 'shouldn', 'wasn', 'again', "didn't", "weren't", 'were', 'to', 't', 'an', 'ours', 'should', 'yoursel
                   f', "wouldn't", 'where', 'been', "hadn't", "needn't", 'while', 'both', 'not', 'i',
                    'all', 're', 'with', 'its', "you'll", 'just', 'above', "haven't", 'have', 'y', 'ag
                   ainst', 'the', 'now', 'too', 'he', 'was', 'why', 'shan', 'in', 'over', 'be', 'betw
                   een', 'as', 'whom', 'aren', 'only', 'nor', 'me', 'ma', 'up', 'can', 'is', 'for', 'will', 'd', 'hadn', "couldn't", 'through', 'won', 'such', "it's", 'a', 'there',
                    'do', 'has', 'we', 'hasn', 'herself', 'down', 's', 'are', 'more', 'them', 'itsel
                   f'}
                   Tokenized Sentence: ['how', 'to', 'remove', 'stop', 'words', 'with', 'nltk', 'libr
                    ary', 'in', 'python']
                   Filtered Sentence: ['remove', 'stop', 'words', 'nltk', 'library', 'python']
```

4/6/24, 6:22 PM practicalno7

```
e_words=["wait","waiting","waited","waits"]
In [15]:
          ps=PorterStemmer()
         for w in e_words:
              rootWord=ps.stem(w)
         print(rootWord)
         wait
         wordnet_lemmatizer=WordNetLemmatizer()
In [27]:
         text="studies studying cries cry"
         tokenization=nltk.word tokenize(text)
         for w in tokenization:
              print("Lemma for {} is {}".format(w,wordnet_lemmatizer.lemmatize(w)))
         Lemma for studies is study
         Lemma for studying is studying
         Lemma for cries is cry
         Lemma for cry is cry
In [19]:
         data="The pink sweater fit her perfectly"
         words=word_tokenize(data)
         for word in words:
              print(nltk.pos_tag([word]))
         [('The', 'DT')]
         [('pink', 'NN')]
         [('sweater', 'NN')]
         [('fit', 'NN')]
[('her', 'PRP$')]
         [('perfectly', 'RB')]
In [20]:
         import pandas as pd
          from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
          import math
         documentA='Jupiter is the largest Planet'
In [23]:
          documentB='Mars is the fourth planet from the Sun'
          bagOfWordsA=documentA.split(' ')
          bagOfWordsB=documentB.split(' ')
          uniqueWords=set(bagOfWordsA).union(set(bagOfWordsB))
          numOfWordsA=dict.fromkeys(uniqueWords,0)
          for word in bagOfWordsA:
              numOfWordsA[word]+=1
              numOfWordsB=dict.fromkeys(uniqueWords,0)
         for word in bagOfWordsB:
              numOfWordsB[word]+=1
         def computeTF(wordDict,bagOfWords):
In [25]:
              tfDict={}
              bagOfWordsCount = len(bagOfWords)
              for word, count in wordDict.items():
                  tfDict[word] = count / float(bagOfWordsCount)
              return tfDict
         tfA = computeTF(numOfWordsA, bagOfWordsA)
         tfB = computeTF(numOfWordsB, bagOfWordsB)
In [28]:
         def computeIDF(documents):
              N = len(documents)
              idfDict = dict.fromkeys(documents[0].keys(), 0)
              for document in documents:
                  for word, val in document.items():
                      if val > 0:
                          idfDict[word] += 1
```

4/6/24, 6:22 PM practicalno7

```
for word, val in idfDict.items():
                  idfDict[word] = math.log(N / float(val))
              return idfDict
          idfs = computeIDF([numOfWordsA, numOfWordsB])
          idfs
         {'planet': 0.6931471805599453,
Out[28]:
           'largest': 0.6931471805599453,
           'is': 0.0,
           'Mars': 0.6931471805599453,
           'Planet': 0.6931471805599453,
           'Jupiter': 0.6931471805599453,
           'Sun': 0.6931471805599453,
           'the': 0.0,
           'from': 0.6931471805599453,
           'fourth': 0.6931471805599453}
In [29]: def computeTFIDF(tfBagOfWords, idfs):
              tfidf = {}
              for word, val in tfBagOfWords.items():
                  tfidf[word] = val * idfs[word]
              return tfidf
          tfidfA = computeTFIDF(tfA, idfs)
          tfidfB = computeTFIDF(tfB, idfs)
          df = pd.DataFrame([tfidfA, tfidfB])
In [30]:
          df
                                                                                    fourth
Out[30]:
              planet
                       largest
                                     Mars
                                             Planet
                                                     Jupiter
                                                                Sun the
                                                                            from
          0.000000
                     0.138629 0.0 0.000000
                                           0.138629
                                                   0.138629
                                                            0.000000
                                                                     0.0
                                                                         0.000000
                                                                                  0.000000
          1 0.086643 0.000000 0.0 0.086643 0.000000 0.000000 0.086643
                                                                     0.0 0.086643
                                                                                  0.086643
```