ASP.NET Core With Angular Project

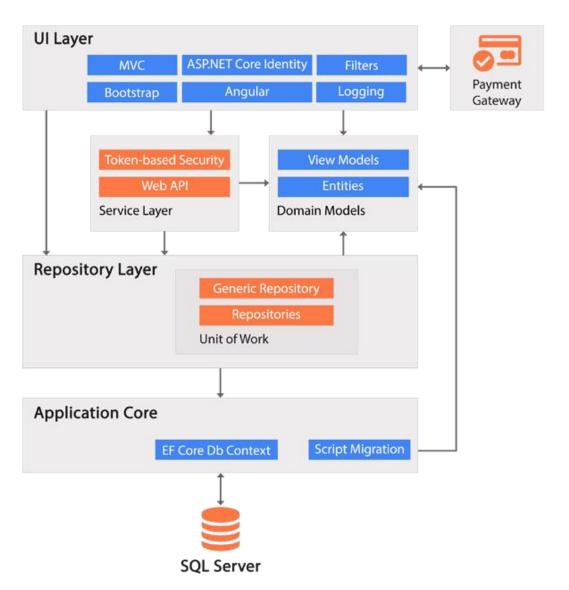


Agenda

- Project Architecture
- Database Schema
- ASP.NET Identity
- ASP.NET Identity Authentication
- ASP.NET MVC Core Request Pipeline
- Middleware
- ASP.NET Core Environments

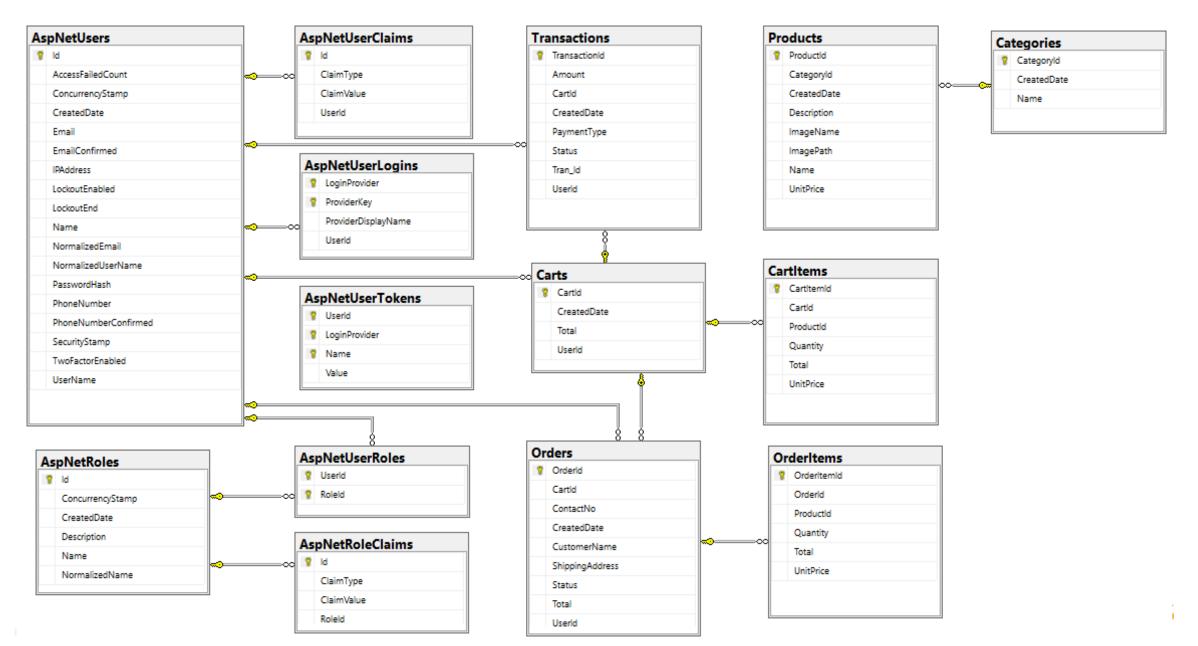


Project Architecture





Database Schema



ASP.NET Identity

- One ASP.NET Identity One system to be used with all ASP.NET frameworks
 ASP.NET MVC, Web Forms, Web Pages, Web API, and SignalR
- Persistence Control You have complete control over the schema of user profile information. It uses Entity Framework Code First to implement all of its persistence mechanism
- Role Provider Roles are stored in a separate database table and you can create, edit and delete the roles.
- Claims Based Supports claims-based authentication, where the user's identity is represented as a set of claims. Claims allow you to add lots of more information about the user than the simple user name-password.

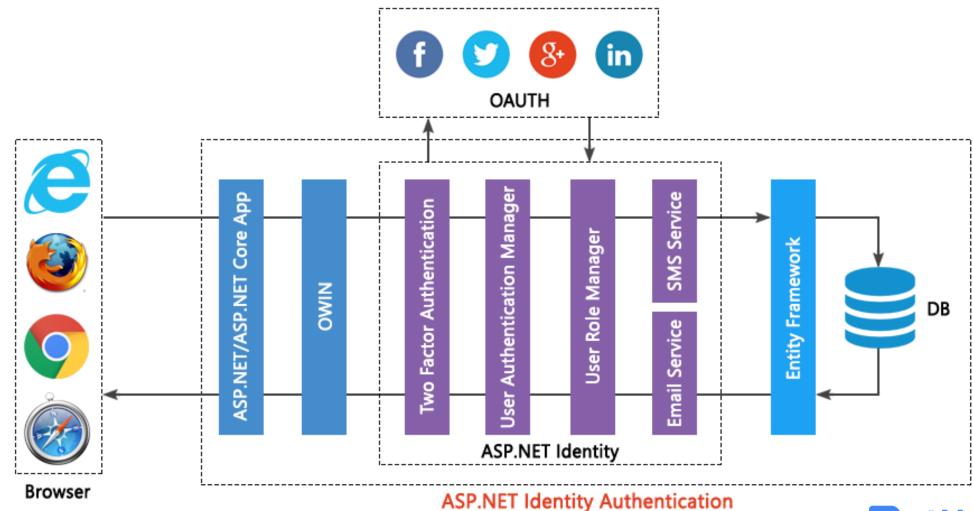


ASP.NET Identity

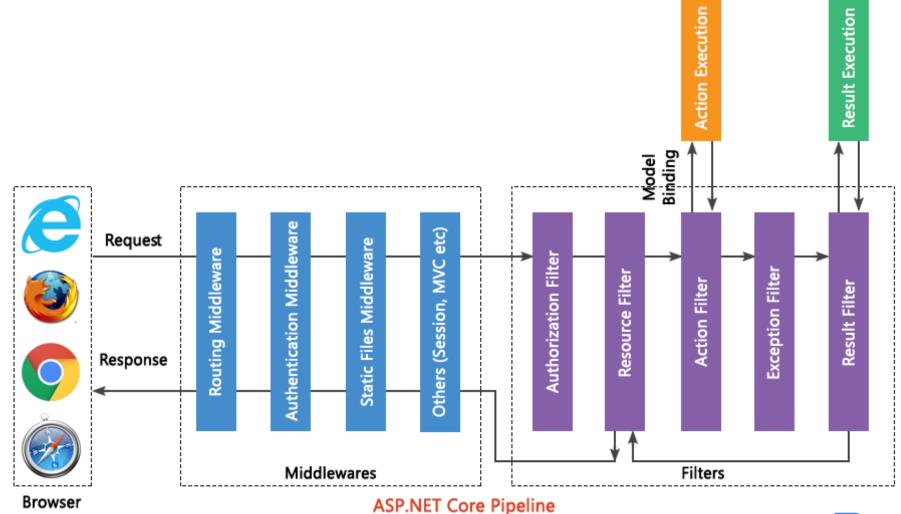
- Social Login Providers You can easily add social log-ins such as Microsoft Account, Facebook, Twitter, Google etc.
- OWIN Integration It is based on OWIN middleware that can be used on any OWIN-based host. It does not have any dependency on System.Web.
- NuGet package Available as Nuget package which can be installed in the ASP.NET MVC, Web Forms and Web API



ASP.NET Identity Authentication

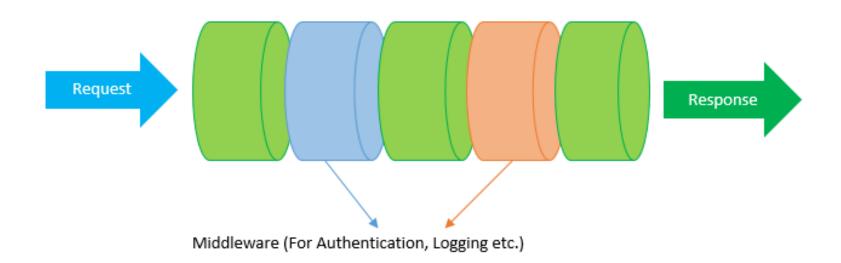


ASP.NET Core Request Processing



Middleware

- A middleware is a chain of functions which are executed before the request is being processed.
- A middleware can be used for user authentication, logging etc.





Existing Middleware

• Static files app.UseStaticFiles();

Routing

app.UseRouter(routes);

app.UseExceptionHandler("/Home/Error");

Error Handling

• MVC



ASP.NET Core Environments



ConfigureDevelopment()
ConfigureServicesDevelopment()



ConfigureStaging()
ConfigureServicesStaging()



ConfigureProduction()
ConfigureServicesProduction()

