## Bound Together or Falling Apart? Foraging Association in Red Knots



## Pratik R Gupte<sup>1,2</sup>, Selin Ersoy<sup>1,2</sup> & Allert I Bijleveld<sup>2</sup>

1 Groningen Institute for Evolutionary Life Sciences, University of Groningen, 2 Department of Coastal Systems, Netherlands Insitute for Sea Research || Contact: p.r.gupte@rug.nl, @pratikunterwegs

Background  1 Waders such as red knots (Calidris canutus) gather in large non-breeding flocks in the Wadden Sea, where they forage on intertidal mudflats	2 Waders are highly social, but they have no 'friends' — no consistent non-random association between individuals (cite, cite)	3 ATLAS allows high frequency tracking of multiple knots, and calculation of pair-wise 'coherence' (cite)
a b	C	f
<sup>a</sup> Red knot — <sup>b</sup> Wadden Sea mudlfats	<sup>c</sup> Study site — <sup>d</sup> Island & mudlfats, Griend	eTracking tower positions — fKnot positions