Database Design for Restaurant Visits

Your Name

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1. Functional Dependencies

The following functional dependencies exist in our dataset:

 $RestaurantName \rightarrow RestaurantID$

CustomerEmail → CustomerID, CustomerName, CustomerPhone, LoyaltyMember

 $ServerEmpID \rightarrow ServerName$, ServerBirthDate, ServerTIN

VisitID → RestaurantID, CustomerID, ServerEmpID, VisitDate, VisitTime, PartySize, MealTypeID, WaitTime

VisitID → BillID, PaymentMethodID, FoodBill, AlcoholBill, TipAmount, DiscountApplied, OrderedAlcohol, TotalAmount

 $PaymentMethodID \rightarrow PaymentMethod$

 $MealTypeID \rightarrow MealTypeName$

 $\mbox{GenderCountID} \rightarrow \mbox{MaleCount}, \mbox{FemaleCount}, \mbox{UnspecifiedCount}$

2. Normalization to 3NF

To remove redundancy and ensure efficiency, the schema is decomposed into the following tables:

- RESTAURANT (RestaurantID, RestaurantName)
- CUSTOMER (CustomerID, CustomerName, CustomerPhone, CustomerEmail, Loyal-tyMember)
- SERVER (ServerEmpID, ServerName, ServerBirthDate, ServerTIN)

- VISIT (VisitID, RestaurantID, ServerEmpID, CustomerID, MealTypeID, VisitDate, VisitTime, PartySize, WaitTime)
- PAYMENTMETHOD_LOOKUP (PaymentMethodID, PaymentMethod)
- BILL (BillID, VisitID, PaymentMethodID, FoodBill, AlcoholBill, TipAmount, DiscountApplied, OrderedAlcohol, TotalAmount)
- SERVER_RESTAURANT (ServerEmpID, RestaurantID, StartDateHired, EndDateHired, HourlyRate)
- MEALTYPE (MealTypeID, MealTypeName)
- GENDERCOUNT (GenderCountID, VisitID, MaleCount, FemaleCount, Unspecified-Count)

3. Normalization Process

1st Normal Form (1NF)

- Ensures all values are **atomic** (no multi-valued attributes).
- Removed repeating groups from the data.

2nd Normal Form (2NF)

- Removed partial dependencies by ensuring each non-key attribute depends on the entire primary key.
- Separated restaurant details, customers, servers, and payments into their own tables.

3rd Normal Form (3NF)

- Removed transitive dependencies (attributes that don't depend directly on the primary key).
- Ensured that:
 - ServerEmpID in SERVER_RESTAURANT links to both SERVER and RESTAURANT.
 - VisitID in BILL links to a unique VISIT.
 - CustomerEmail acts as a unique identifier for customers.

4. Entity Relationship Diagram (ERD)

The following diagram represents the relationships between entities in the schema:

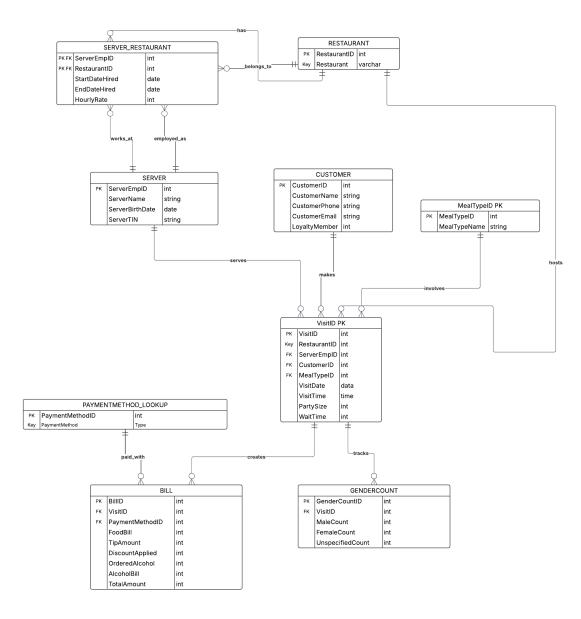


Figure 1: Entity-Relationship Diagram