# CS 6015: Software Engineering

Spring 2024

Lecture 17: Functions (Project Related)

# This Week

Functions (Project related)

# Next Week

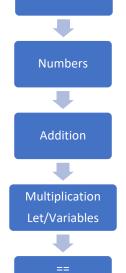
- Undefined behavior
- Smart/shared pointers

# MSDscript: New extension

# Grammar (expr) = (number) | (expr) + (expr) | (expr) \* (expr) | (variable) | \_let (variable) = (expr) \_in (expr) | \_if (expr) \_then (expr) \_else (expr) | Function \_fun (variable) <expr> | Call function <expr> ( <expr> )

Add new functionality

for our MSDscript



if then else

**Parsing** 

Input

Update the parser to parse the new grammar

# Functions in Algebra

$$f(x) = x + 1$$

$$f(10)$$

#### Functions in JavaScript

```
>> function f(x) { return x + 1; }
>> f(10)
>> f
>> [1, 2, 3].map(f)
>> var f = function (x) { return x + 1; }
>> f(10)
>> [1, 2, 3].map(f)
>> [1, 2, 3].map(function (x) { return x + 1; })
>> (function (x) { return x + 1; })
```

# From JavaScript to MSDscript

JavaScript:	
	f(10)
MSDscript:	
	f(10)

# From JavaScript to MSDscript

```
__let f = __fun (x) x + 1
__in f(10)

→ 11

⟨expr⟩ = ....
| __fun ( ⟨variable⟩ ) ⟨expr⟩
| ⟨expr⟩ ( ⟨expr⟩ )
```

```
_let f = _fun (x) x + 1
_in f(10)

→ 11

⟨expr⟩ = ....
| _fun (⟨variable⟩) ⟨expr⟩
| ⟨expr⟩ (⟨expr⟩)

Any ⟨expr⟩, not just ⟨variable⟩s
```

```
let f = fun (x) x + 1
                          in f(10)
                          11
                 \langle expr \rangle = ....
                         fun ( \( \forall variable \) ) \( \left( \text{expr} \right) \)
                         |\langle expr \rangle| ( \langle expr \rangle )
                                                   CallExpr
class FunExpr : public Expr {      class CallExpr : public Expr {
  std::string formal arg;
                                            Expr *to be called;
                                             Expr *actual_arg;
  Expr *body;
```

```
_fun (x) x + 1

→ _fun (x) x + 1

(val) = (number) NumVal

| (boolean) BoolVal

| _fun ((variable)) (expr) FunVal
```

```
fun (x) x + 1

→ _fun (x) x + 1
\langle val \rangle = \langle number \rangle
                                          NumVal
         ⟨boolean⟩
                                          BoolVal
         _fun ( \langle variable \rangle ) \langle \text{expr}
                                          FunVal
    class FunVal : public Val {
       std::string formal_arg;
       Expr *body;
```

This is new: an **Expression** inside a **Value** 

```
_fun (x) x + 1

→ _fun (x) x + 1

Val *FunExpr::interp() {
}
```

```
(_fun (x) x + 1) (10)
          11
 Val *CallExpr::interp() {
   return
   to_be_called->interp()
    ->call(actual_argument->interp());
class Val {
 virtual Val *call(Val *actual_arg) = 0;
```

# Functions in Algebra and MSDscript

$$f(x) = x*x$$

# Interpreting with Functions

- → (\_fun (x) x\*x) (2)
- **⇒** 2\*2
- **4**

#### Grammar with Functions and Calls

#### Grammar with Functions and Calls

#### Grammar with Functions and Calls

#### Parsing with Conditions and Comparisons

```
⟨expr⟩
                = (comparg)
                    \langle comparg \rangle == \langle expr \rangle
                = \langle addend \rangle
⟨comparg⟩
                    <addend>+ ⟨comparg⟩
⟨addend⟩
                = \langle multicand \rangle
                    ⟨multicand⟩ ★ ⟨addend⟩
<multicand> =
                   (number)
                    ( \langle expr \rangle )
                    ⟨variable⟩
                      _let (variable) = (expr) _in (expr)
                     true
                      false
                    _if \( \text{expr} \) _then \( \text{expr} \) _else \( \text{expr} \)
```

#### Parsing with Functions and Calls

```
\langle expr \rangle
                  = \langle comparg \rangle
                  | ⟨comparg⟩ == ⟨expr⟩
⟨comparg⟩
                  = \langle addend \rangle
                  | \langle addend \rangle + \langle comparg \rangle
⟨addend⟩
                  = \langle multicand \rangle
                  | ⟨multicand⟩ * ⟨addend⟩
\langle multicand \rangle = \langle inner \rangle
                      ⟨multicand⟩ ( ⟨expr⟩ )
                  = \langle number \rangle | (\langle expr \rangle) | \langle variable \rangle
⟨inner⟩
                      _let \( variable \rangle = \langle expr \rangle _in \langle expr \rangle \)
                      true | false
                       if (expr) then (expr) else (expr)
                        fun ( (variable) ) (expr)
```

#### Parsing with Functions and Calls

```
⟨expr⟩
                 = (comparg)
                                                          parse multicand() {
                                                              expr = parse inner()
                  | \langle comparg \rangle == \langle expr \rangle
                                                              while (in.peek() == '(') {
                                                                 consume(in, '(')
⟨comparg⟩
                 = \langle addend \rangle
                                                                 actual arg = parse expr()
                  | \langle addend \rangle + \langle comparg \rangle
                                                                 consume(in, ')')
                                                                 expr = new CallExpr(expr,
                 = \langle multicand \rangle
(addend)
                                                                                                       actual arg)
                  | ⟨multicand⟩ * ⟨addend⟩
                                                              return expr
\langle multicand \rangle = \langle inner \rangle
                      \langle multicand \rangle ( \langle expr \rangle )
                 = \langle number \rangle | (\langle expr \rangle) | \langle variable \rangle
⟨inner⟩
                      _{\tt let} \langle {\tt variable} \rangle = \langle {\tt expr} \rangle _{\tt in} \langle {\tt expr} \rangle
                      true | false
                      if \( \text{expr} \rangle \text{ then } \( \text{expr} \rangle \text{ else } \( \text{expr} \rangle \)
                       fun ( (variable) ) (expr)
```

#### Functions and Other Variables

# Interpreting with Variables and Functions

- let f = \_fun (x) x\*8
  \_in f(2)
- **\*** 2\*8

- let f = \_fun (x) x\*8
  \_in f(2)
- **→** 2\*8
- **1**6

- → \_let f = \_fun (x) x\*x
  \_in f(2)
- **⇒** 2\*2

- let f = \_fun (x) x\*x
  \_in f(2)
- **\*** 2\*2
- **4**

$$(_fun (x) x+2) (1)$$

(\_fun (var) body) (rhs)

So, \_let is technically unnnecessary — but often more convenient

# Multiple Arguments vs. Currying

$$f(x, y) = x*x + y*y$$
  
 $f(2, 3)$ 

# Multiple Arguments vs. Currying

$$f(x, y) = x*x + y*y$$
  
 $f(2, 3)$ 

# Interpreting Curried Functions

### Recursive functions: More examples

```
_let fib = _fun (fib)
    _fun (x)

_if x == 0

_then 1

_else _if x == 1

_then 1

_else fib(fib)(x + -2) + fib(fib)(x + -1)

_in fib(fib)(30)
```

For now, don't try to fix this bug. Instead, just avoid free variables in examples.