Statement and Minutes Forecast

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This code produces point estimates and residual scores for Fed statements and minutes. This first chunk is used to set the cutoff date for the forecast (which predicts 7 days out, i.e. in accordance with the blackout), and set whether you are predicting statements or minutes. You must set your own username and password to utilize the pRattle package.

```
library(pRattle)
library(lubridate)
library(forecast)
library(xts)

your_username = "your-username"
your_password = "your-password"
cutoffdate<-"2016-10-24"
statement<-T

df<-get_scores('frc', agg.level='daily', email=your_username, pwd=your_password)</pre>
```

The following chunk performs a series of data munging tasks in order to construct the data in the proper time series format for estimation.

```
dates<-as.Date(as.Date("1990-01-01"):as.Date(cutoffdate), origin="1970-01-01")
empty<-xts(,order.by=dates)

df<-merge(empty,df,join="left")
df<-na.locf(df)

df2<-get_scores('frc', type='raw', email=your_username, pwd=your_password)
df_orig<-df2
df2<-subset(df2, speaker %in% c("FOMC Statement", "Minutes FRC"))
df2$statement[df2$speaker=="FOMC Statement"]<-1
df2$minutes[df2$speaker=="Minutes FRC"]<-1

df2$date<-as.Date(df2$date)

df2<-xts(df2[,c('statement', 'minutes')], order.by=df2$date)

ff<-merge(df, df2, join='left')
names(ff)[1]<-'score'
ff<-na.fill(ff, 0)
ff<-ff["19980101/"]</pre>
```

After having assembleed the data correctly, we now will fit the model, and produce the forecast.

```
fit<-auto.arima(ff$score, xreg=ff[,c("statement", "minutes")])</pre>
if(statement==T){
  xdata < -data.frame(statement = c(0,0,0,0,0,0,1), minutes = c(0,0,0,0,0,0,0))
} else {
  xdata < -data.frame(statement = c(0,0,0,0,0,0,0), minutes = c(0,0,0,0,0,0,1))
}
sfore<-forecast(fit, h=7, xreg=xdata)</pre>
sfore
##
        Point Forecast
                              Lo 80
                                       Hi 80
                                                   Lo 95
                                                             Hi 95
## 6873
            0.43127543 - 0.3289633 \ 1.191514 - 0.7314094 \ 1.593960
## 6874
            0.37077403 -0.5356624 1.277210 -1.0155008 1.757049
## 6875
            0.32227621 -0.6554525 1.300005 -1.1730309 1.817583
## 6876
            0.28963586 -0.7209980 1.300270 -1.2559953 1.835267
            0.26766803 -0.7590940 1.294430 -1.3026289 1.837965
## 6877
## 6878
            0.25288308 -0.7822172 1.287983 -1.3301662 1.835932
           -0.02870813 -1.0683777 1.010961 -1.6187456 1.561329
## 6879
The last row is the point estimate of the statement or minute. We'll continue with the calculation of the
residual score, which can be highly useful for a more contextualized interpretation of the score.
formean<-subset(df_orig, date<=ymd(cutoffdate)&date>=ymd(cutoffdate)-months(12))
if(statement==T){
  formean<-subset(formean, speaker=='FOMC Statement')</pre>
} else {
  formean<-subset(formean, speaker=='Minutes FRC')</pre>
baseline <-mean (formean $score)
print("Point estimate")
## [1] "Point estimate"
sfore$mean[7]
## [1] -0.02870813
print("Residual estimate")
## [1] "Residual estimate"
sfore$mean[7] - baseline
```

[1] 0.5841684