

# IPM formulations for thesis

Pratyai Mazumder

March 11, 2023

## 1 Original Problem

### 1.i Primal

$$\begin{aligned} \min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad & \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x} \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & \mathbf{Ax} = \mathbf{b}, \\ & \mathbf{x} \leq \mathbf{u}, \\ & \mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^m \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

### 1.ii Primal Standard Form

$$\begin{aligned} \min_{\mathbf{x}} \quad & \mathbf{c}^T \mathbf{x} \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & \mathbf{Ax} = \mathbf{b}, \\ & \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{x}_u = \mathbf{u}, \\ & \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}_u \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^m, \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^m \end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

### 1.iii Dual

$$\begin{aligned} \max_{\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}_u} \quad & \mathbf{b}^T \mathbf{y} - \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{y}_u \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{y} - \mathbf{y}_u \leq \mathbf{c}, \\ & \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}_u \in \mathbb{R}^n, \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^m \end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

### 1.iv Dual Standard form

$$\begin{aligned} \max_{\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}_u} \quad & \mathbf{b}^T \mathbf{y} - \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{y}_u \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{y} + \mathbf{y}_u + \mathbf{z} = \mathbf{c}, \\ & \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}_u, \mathbf{z} \in \mathbb{R}^n, \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^m, \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^m \end{aligned} \tag{4}$$

But if we want  $\mathbf{y}$  variables to be free, then dualize the standard form, then standardize again:

$$\begin{aligned} \max_{\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}_u} \quad & \mathbf{b}^T \mathbf{y} + \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{y}_u \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{y} + \mathbf{y}_u + \mathbf{z}_1 = \mathbf{c}, \\ & \mathbf{y}_u + \mathbf{z}_2 = \mathbf{0}, \\ & \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{y}_u, \mathbf{z}_1, \mathbf{z}_2 \in \mathbb{R}^n, \mathbb{R}^m, \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^m, \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^m \end{aligned} \tag{5}$$

## 2 Solver Forms

### 2.i Long Step Path Following Method

Ref: Numerical Optimization (Alg. 14.2)

Due to the formulation, we have to work with the standard form.

#### 2.i.1 Primal

$$\begin{aligned} \min \quad & c^T x \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & Ax = b, \\ & x \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^n \end{aligned} \tag{6}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{I} & \mathbf{I} \end{bmatrix} \quad | \quad x = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{x}_u \end{bmatrix} \quad | \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{b} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{bmatrix} \quad | \quad c = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{c} \\ \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix}$$

### 2.i.2 Dual

$$\begin{aligned} \max \quad & b^T y \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & A^T \lambda + s = c, \\ & \lambda, s \in \mathbb{R}^m, \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^n \end{aligned} \tag{7}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{I} & \mathbf{I} \end{bmatrix} \quad | \quad \lambda = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{y} \\ \mathbf{y}_u \end{bmatrix} \quad | \quad b = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{b} \\ \mathbf{u} \end{bmatrix} \quad | \quad c = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{c} \\ \mathbf{0} \end{bmatrix} \quad | \quad s = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{z}_1 \\ \mathbf{z}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

### 2.i.3 Big KKT

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & A^T & I \\ A & 0 & 0 \\ S & 0 & X \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_y \\ d_s \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -r_d \\ -r_p \\ -r_c \end{bmatrix}$$

### 2.i.4 Small KKT

$$\begin{bmatrix} -X^{-1}S & A^T \\ A & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -r_d + X^{-1}r_c \\ -r_p \end{bmatrix}$$

$$d_s = -X^{-1}(r_c + Sd_x)$$

### 2.i.5 No KKT

Let  $M := AS^{-1}XA^T$  (note: this is *not necessarily* a Laplacian). Then,

$$\begin{aligned} d_y &= M^+(-r_p - AS^{-1}Xr_d + AS^{-1}r_c) \\ d_x &= -S^{-1}(r_c - X(r_d + A^T d - y)) \\ d_s &= -X^{-1}(r_c + Sd_x) \end{aligned}$$

### 2.i.6 Approximate KKT

Substituting in the **Small KKT** system,

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\mathbf{X}^{-1}\mathbf{S} & 0 & \mathbf{A}^T & I \\ 0 & -\mathbf{X}_u^{-1}\mathbf{S}_u & 0 & I \\ \mathbf{A} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ I & I & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_{xu} \\ d_y \\ d_{yu} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -r_d + \mathbf{X}^{-1}r_c \\ -r_{du} + \mathbf{X}_u^{-1}r_{cu} \\ -r_p \\ -r_{pu} \end{bmatrix}$$

Scaling:

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} \\ 0 & I & 0 & -\mathbf{S}_u^{-1}\mathbf{X}_u \\ \mathbf{A} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ I & I & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_{xu} \\ d_y \\ d_{yu} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \\ \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}(\mathbf{X}_u r_{du} - r_{cu}) \\ -r_p \\ -r_{pu} \end{bmatrix}$$

Eliminate  $d_x$ :

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} \\ 0 & I & 0 & -\mathbf{S}_u^{-1}\mathbf{X}_u \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T & \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} \\ 0 & I & \mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T & \mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_{xu} \\ d_y \\ d_{yu} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \\ \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}(\mathbf{X}_u r_{du} - r_{cu}) \\ -r_p - \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \\ -r_{pu} - \mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \end{bmatrix}$$

Eliminate  $d_{xu}$ :

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} \\ 0 & I & 0 & -\mathbf{S}_u^{-1}\mathbf{X}_u \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T & \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T & \mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} + \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}\mathbf{X}_u \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_{xu} \\ d_y \\ d_{yu} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \\ \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}(\mathbf{X}_u r_{du} - r_{cu}) \\ -r_p - \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \\ -r_{pu} - \mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) - \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}(\mathbf{X}_u r_{du} - r_{cu}) \end{bmatrix}$$

Let  $\mathbf{K} := \mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} + \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}\mathbf{X}_u$  and  $r_q := -r_{pu} - \mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) - \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}(\mathbf{X}_u r_{du} - r_{cu})$ :

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} \\ 0 & I & 0 & -\mathbf{S}_u^{-1}\mathbf{X}_u \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T & \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T & \mathbf{K} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_{xu} \\ d_y \\ d_{yu} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \\ \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}(\mathbf{X}_u r_{du} - r_{cu}) \\ -r_p - \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \\ r_q \end{bmatrix}$$

Swapping  $d_y$  and  $d_{yu}$ :

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T \\ 0 & I & -\mathbf{S}_u^{-1}\mathbf{X}_u & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{K} & \mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} & \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_{xu} \\ d_{yu} \\ d_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \\ \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}(\mathbf{X}_u r_{du} - r_{cu}) \\ r_q \\ -r_p - \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \end{bmatrix}$$

Pretending that  $\mathbf{K}$  is invertible, and scaling:

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T \\ 0 & I & -\mathbf{S}_u^{-1}\mathbf{X}_u & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I & \mathbf{K}^{-1}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} & \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_{xu} \\ d_{yu} \\ d_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \\ \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}(\mathbf{X}_u r_{du} - r_{cu}) \\ \mathbf{K}^{-1}r_q \\ -r_p - \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \end{bmatrix}$$

Eliminating  $d_{yu}$ :

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T \\ 0 & I & -\mathbf{S}_u^{-1}\mathbf{X}_u & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I & \mathbf{K}^{-1}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \mathbf{A}(\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{K}^{-1}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X})\mathbf{A}^T \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_{xu} \\ d_{yu} \\ d_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \\ \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}(\mathbf{X}_u r_{du} - r_{cu}) \\ \mathbf{K}^{-1}r_q \\ -r_p - \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c + \mathbf{X}\mathbf{K}^{-1}r_q) \end{bmatrix}$$

Let  $\mathbf{D} := \mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} - \mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{K}^{-1}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}(I - \mathbf{K}^{-1}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X})$  and  $\mathbf{L} := \mathbf{A}\mathbf{D}\mathbf{A}^T$  and  $r_s := -r_p - \mathbf{A}\mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c + \mathbf{X}\mathbf{K}^{-1}r_q)$ :

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T \\ 0 & I & -\mathbf{S}_u^{-1}\mathbf{X}_u & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I & \mathbf{K}^{-1}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \mathbf{L} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_{xu} \\ d_{yu} \\ d_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \\ \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}(\mathbf{X}_u r_{du} - r_{cu}) \\ \mathbf{K}^{-1}r_q \\ r_s \end{bmatrix}$$

Pretending that  $\mathbf{L}$  is invertible:

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T \\ 0 & I & -\mathbf{S}_u^{-1}\mathbf{X}_u & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I & \mathbf{K}^{-1}\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_{xu} \\ d_{yu} \\ d_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c) \\ \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}(\mathbf{X}_u r_{du} - r_{cu}) \\ \mathbf{K}^{-1}r_q \\ \mathbf{L}^{-1}r_s \end{bmatrix}$$

Eliminating  $d_y$ ,

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & -\mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X} & 0 \\ 0 & I & -\mathbf{S}_u^{-1}\mathbf{X}_u & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_{xu} \\ d_{yu} \\ d_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}r_d - r_c + \mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T d_y) \\ \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}(\mathbf{X}_u r_{du} - r_{cu}) \\ \mathbf{K}^{-1}(r_q - \mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T d_y) \\ \mathbf{L}^{-1}r_s \end{bmatrix}$$

Eliminating  $d_{yu}$ ,

$$\begin{bmatrix} I & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & I & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_{xu} \\ d_{yu} \\ d_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{S}^{-1}(\mathbf{X}(r_d + \mathbf{A}^T d_y + d_{yu}) - r_c) \\ \mathbf{S}_u^{-1}(\mathbf{X}_u(r_{du} + d_{yu}) - r_{cu}) \\ \mathbf{K}^{-1}(r_q - \mathbf{S}^{-1}\mathbf{X}\mathbf{A}^T d_y) \\ \mathbf{L}^{-1}r_s \end{bmatrix}$$

In summary, we want the following steps:

- $k = x ./ s + xu ./ su$
- $r_q = -rp - (x .* rd - rc) ./ s - (xu .* rdu - rcu) ./ su$
- $d = x .* (1 ./ (k .* s)) ./ s$
- $L = A * \text{diag}(d) * A'$
- $rs = -rp - A * ((x .* (rd + r_q ./ k) - rc) ./ s)$
- $dy = \text{inv}(L) * rs$
- $d_{yu} = (r_q - (A' * dy) .* x ./ s) ./ k$
- $dx_u = (xu .* (rdu + d_{yu}) - rcu) ./ su$
- $dx = (x .* (rd + A' * dy + d_{yu}) - rc) ./ su$