

Software Defined Networking



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Lab Work 5 – Load Balancing with OpenFlow

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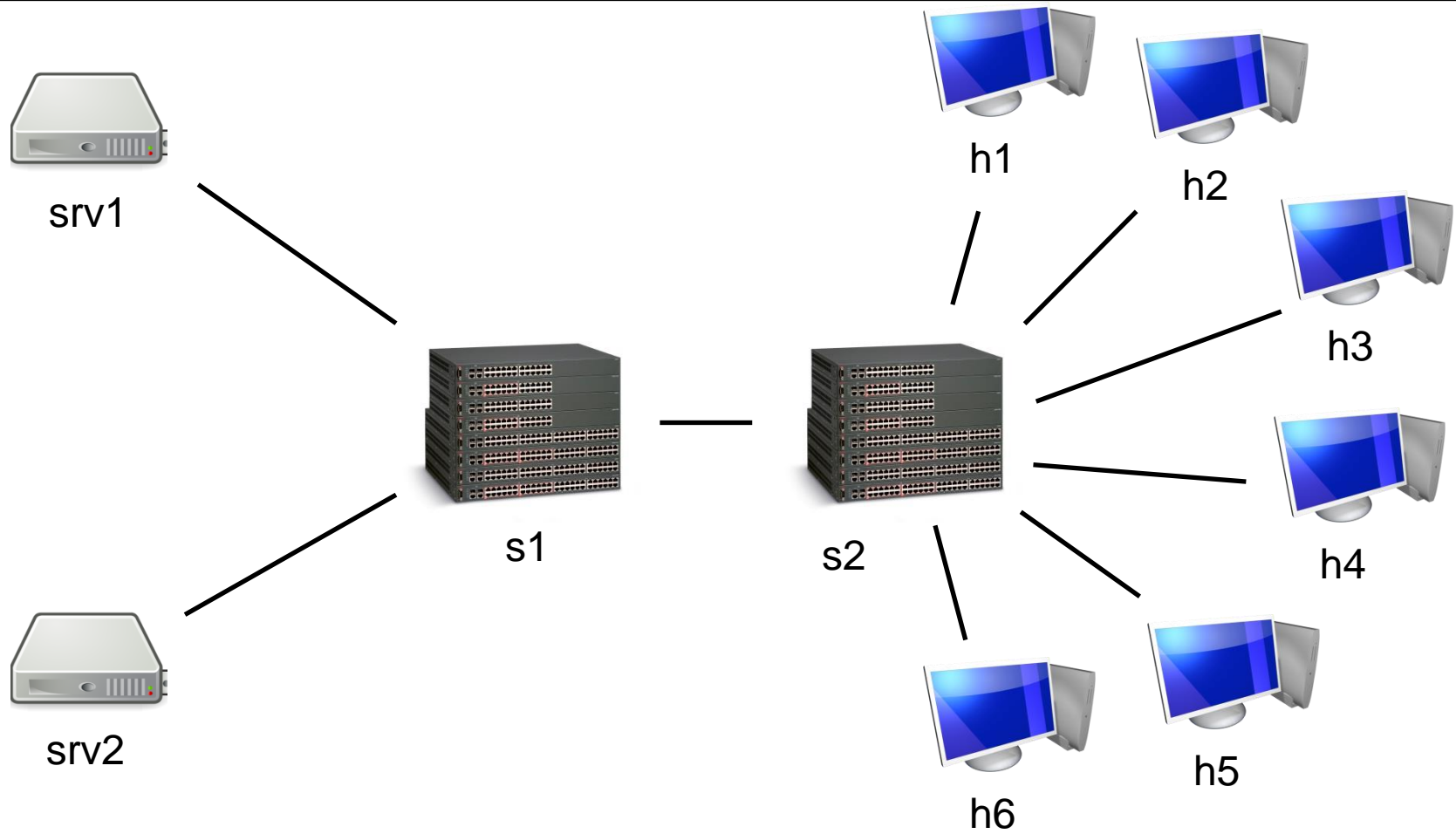


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Lab 5: Overview and Getting Started

- ❖ This lab gives you experience how to achieve **load balancing** with OpenFlow
- ❖ Put the script **lab5-topo.py** into your Mininet home directory
 - Simplified topology of a datacenter and client network linked together.

Lab 5 Topology

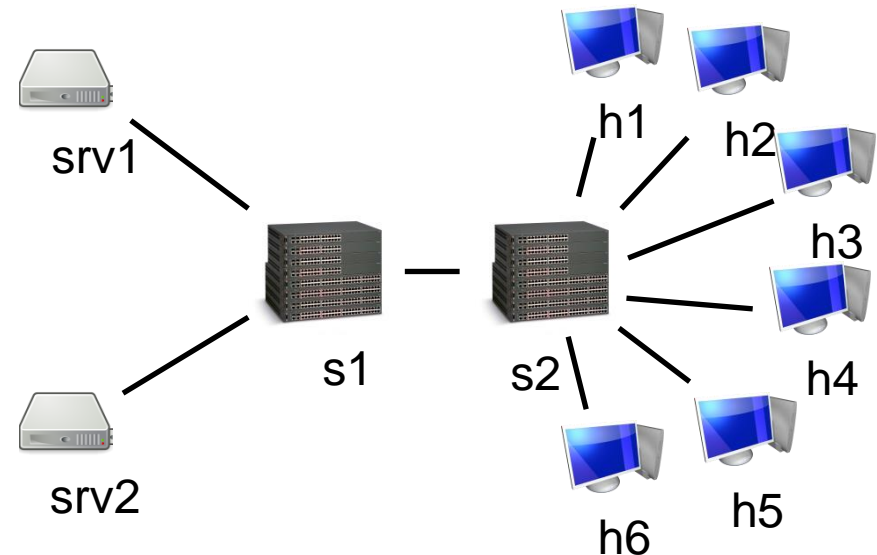


Lab 5 Topology

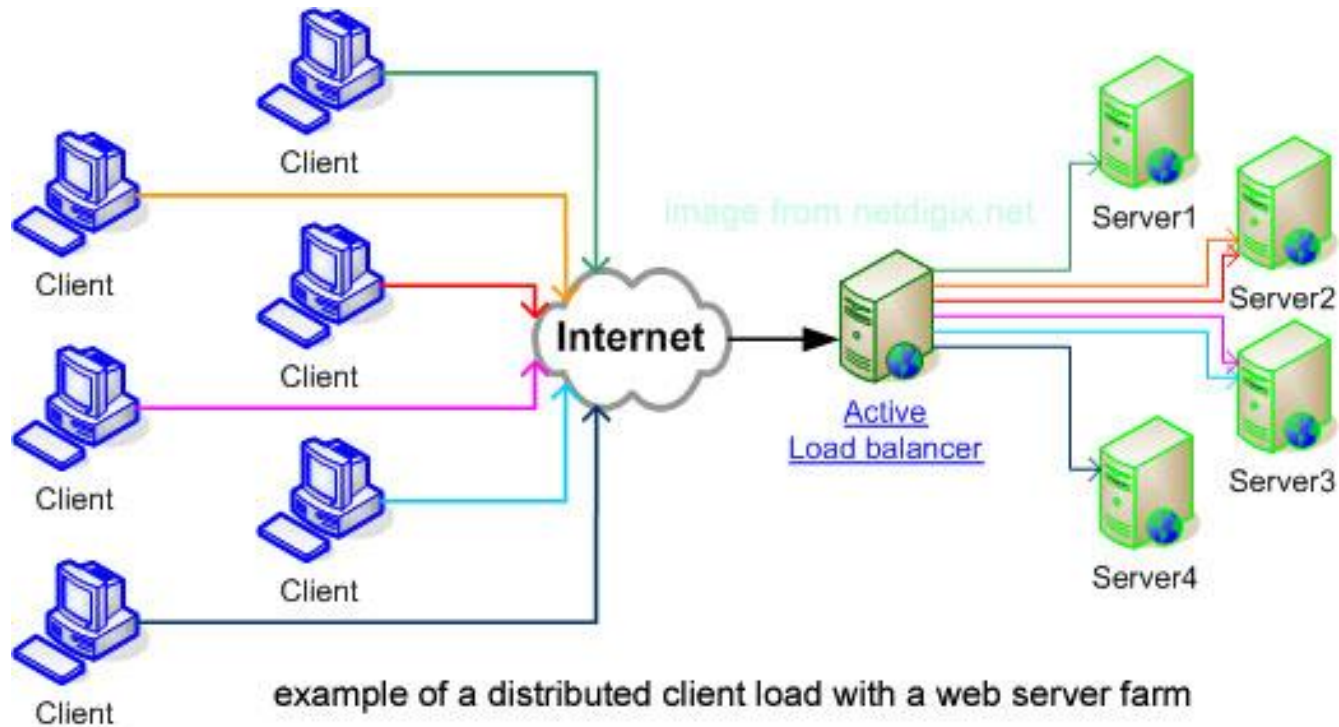
❖ **s2** is linked to several **client** hosts

➤ E.g. customers of an ISP

❖ **s1** is a datacenter switch connected to **servers**



Load Balancer



Source: <http://www.netdigix.com/images/load-balance.jpg>

Task 1: Design a Load Balancer with OpenFlow

- ❖ Create a Ryu application which **load-balances** requests from clients (e.g. h1-h6) between srv1 and srv2
 - Select a **virtual** IP address.
 - Whenever this virtual IP address is used by the clients, connections to it are load-balanced between the servers.
 - This way, servers are equally utilized
- ❖ **Requirements:**
 - A connection from the same IP address **must** use the same server over and over again
 - Different IP addresses may use different servers
 - The scheme used must be able to cope with arbitrary client IP addresses, not only with the addresses of h1-h6 (Hint: IP Wildcard matching)
 - Implement a **stateless** load balancer
- ❖ **Challenges:**
 - Use the controller to handle ARP requests to the virtual IP.
 - You can hard-code MAC addresses of the servers, if you want.

Programming with Ryu

❖ Resources

- <http://osrg.github.io/ryu/>
- Documentation <http://ryu.readthedocs.org/en/latest/index.html>
- Book with examples <http://osrg.github.io/ryu-book/en/html/>

❖ Things to be aware of

- Ryu relies on a concurrent networking library called Eventlet (<http://eventlet.net>)
- Eventlet is a concurrent networking library that uses coroutines for parallelism
 - Approach is similar to cooperative multitasking
 - No preemption of processes
- What does that mean?
 - Make tasks that can take a long time to process preemptible
 - How?
 - Allow the scheduler to select another task by giving back the control from time to time
 - Normal function call:
`self.fancy_method(A,B,C)`
 - Function call that allows the scheduler to switch tasks:
`hub.spawn(self.fancy_method,A,B,C)`

Running Ryu

❖ Use Linux

- Use either the existing VM, which already has Ryu installed
- Install it on a new OS by running `pip install ryu`

❖ But my Main Computer Runs Windows!

- Ryu can be made to run on Windows, but does not work properly
- Therefore: run Linux inside a VM
 - Connect the Linux VM to the outer network using „Bridged networking“
 - For the duration of the work, disable DHCP on the network interface of your Windows Computer