### IMPORTING ALL NECESSARY LIBRARIES AND FUNCTIONS

```
1 import pandas as pd
 2 import numpy as np
 3 import os
 4 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 5 import cv2
 6 import sklearn
 7 from sklearn import model_selection
 8 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, learning_curve, KFold, cross_val_
 9 from sklearn.utils import class_weight
10 from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
11
12 import keras
13 from keras.models import Sequential
14 from keras.layers import Dense, Activation, Dropout, Flatten, Conv2D, MaxPool2D, MaxPoo
15 from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
16 from keras.utils.np_utils import to_categorical
17 from keras.callbacks import ReduceLROnPlateau, ModelCheckpoint
18 from keras.models import model_from_json
19 from keras import backend as K
20 from google.colab import files
21 from glob import glob
22 import random
23 import matplotlib.gridspec as gridspec
24 import seaborn as sns
25 import zlib
26 import itertools
27 from keras.utils.vis_utils import plot_model
28 from keras.preprocessing import image
29 from keras.applications.mobilenet import preprocess_input
30 from keras.models import Model
31 from mlxtend.plotting import plot_confusion_matrix
32 from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
34 from keras import optimizers
35 from google.colab import files
```

## → CHECKING IF THE GPU IS WORKING

```
1 import tensorflow as tf
2 tf.test.gpu_device_name()
    '/device:GPU:0'
```

### IMPORTING THE DATASET FROM GOOGLE DRIVE

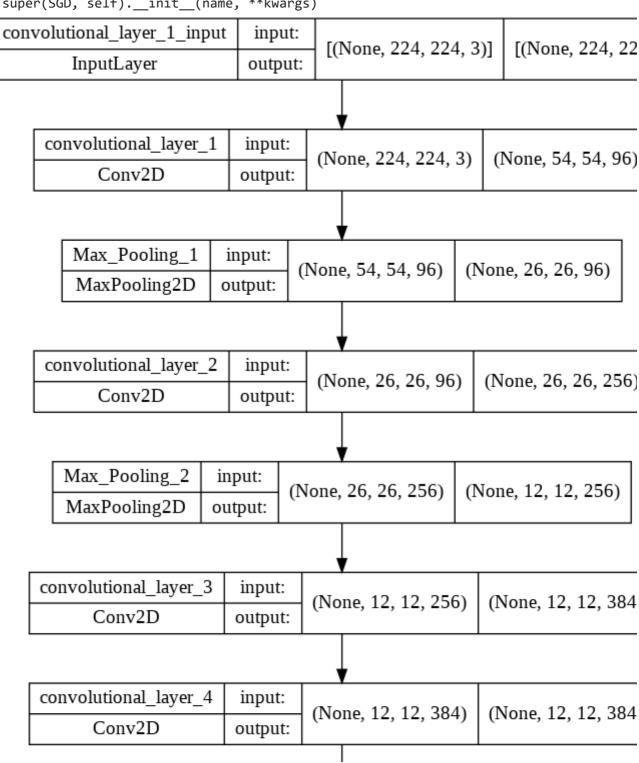
#### AlexNet MODEL

# MAKING, COMPILATION, STRUCTURE, FITTING, PROGRESS VISUALIZATION AND HEATMAP

```
1 model1=Sequential()
 3 # layer 1: convolutional
 4 model1.add(Conv2D(filters=96,kernel_size=11,strides=4,activation="relu",input_shape=(22
 6 # MaxPool 1
 7 model1.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=3,strides=2,name='Max_Pooling_1'))
 9 # layer 2: convolutional
10 model1.add(Conv2D(filters=256,kernel_size=5,strides=1,activation="relu",padding='same',
12 # MaxPool 2
13 model1.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=3,strides=2,name='Max_Pooling_2'))
15 # layer 3: convolutional
16 model1.add(Conv2D(filters=384,kernel_size=3,strides=1,activation="relu",padding='same',
17
18 # layer 4: convolutional
19 model1.add(Conv2D(filters=384,kernel size=3,strides=1,activation="relu",padding='same',
20
21 # layer 5: convolutional
22 model1.add(Conv2D(filters=256,kernel size=3,strides=1,activation="relu",padding='same',
23
25 model1.add(MaxPool2D(pool_size=3,strides=2,name='Max_Pooling_3'))
26
27 # Flatten
```

```
28 model1.add(Flatten(input_shape=(224,224,3),name='Flatten_1'))
29
30 # layer 6: Fully Connected
31 model1.add(Dense(4096,activation='relu',name='Dense_layer_1'))
32
33 # layer 7: Fully Connected
34 model1.add(Dense(4096,activation='relu',name='Dense_layer_2'))
35
36 # layer 8: Fully Connected
37 model1.add(Dense(2,activation='softmax',name='Dense_layer_3'))
39 # compiling the model
40 model1.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',optimizer=tf.optimizers.SGD(lr=.0
42 # compiling the model
43 model1.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy',optimizer='adam',metrics='accuracy')
45 # printing the blueprint of the model
46 plot_model(model1, to_file='model_plot.png', show_shapes=True, show_layer_names=True)
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/keras/optimizer\_v2/gradient\_descent.py:102: Us super(SGD, self).\_\_init\_\_(name, \*\*kwargs)



```
1 # fitting the alexnet model
```

<sup>2</sup> r1=model1.fit\_generator(training\_set,validation\_data=testing\_set,epochs=32,steps\_per\_ep

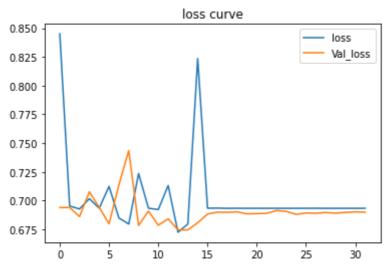
<sup>4 #</sup> keys present in the history

<sup>5</sup> print(r1.history.keys())

```
Epoch 4/32
Epoch 5/32
144/144 [============== ] - 170s 1s/step - loss: 0.6933 - accuracy:
Epoch 6/32
144/144 [============= ] - 171s 1s/step - loss: 0.7123 - accuracy:
Epoch 7/32
Epoch 8/32
144/144 [============== ] - 170s 1s/step - loss: 0.6795 - accuracy:
Epoch 9/32
144/144 [============= ] - 171s 1s/step - loss: 0.7235 - accuracy:
Epoch 10/32
144/144 [============== ] - 171s 1s/step - loss: 0.6933 - accuracy:
Epoch 11/32
Epoch 12/32
144/144 [=============== ] - 171s 1s/step - loss: 0.7131 - accuracy:
Epoch 13/32
144/144 [============== ] - 170s 1s/step - loss: 0.6724 - accuracy:
Epoch 14/32
144/144 [============== ] - 170s 1s/step - loss: 0.6795 - accuracy:
Epoch 15/32
Epoch 16/32
Epoch 17/32
Epoch 18/32
Epoch 19/32
Epoch 20/32
144/144 [============== ] - 171s 1s/step - loss: 0.6932 - accuracy:
Epoch 21/32
Epoch 22/32
144/144 [============== ] - 171s 1s/step - loss: 0.6932 - accuracy:
Epoch 23/32
Epoch 24/32
Epoch 25/32
144/144 [=============== ] - 171s 1s/step - loss: 0.6932 - accuracy:
Epoch 26/32
Epoch 27/32
```

```
1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2
3 plt.plot(r1.history['loss'],label='loss')
4 plt.plot(r1.history['val_loss'],label='Val_loss')
5 plt.title('loss curve')
6 plt.legend()
7 plt.show()
```

```
8
9 plt.plot(r1.history['accuracy'], label='Accuracy')
10 plt.plot(r1.history['val_accuracy'], label='Val_Accuracy')
11 plt.title('accuracy curve')
12 plt.legend()
13 plt.title('Accuracy Evolution')
```



Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Accuracy Evolution')

