Experiment -05

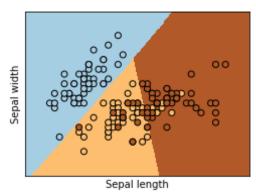
Logistic Regression Using ScikitLearn

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In [1]: print('-----EXPERIEMENT-05------
       ----')
       print('NAME: Pratyush Srivastava')
       print('ROLL NO: 18SCSE1010128')
                -----EXPERIEMENT-05-----
       NAME: Pratyush Srivastava
       ROLL NO: 18SCSE1010128
In [2]: from sklearn.datasets import load iris
       from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
       X, y = load iris(return X y=True)
       clf = LogisticRegression(random state=0).fit(X, y)
       clf.predict(X[:2, :1)
       C:\Users\praty\New folder\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear model\ logis
       tic.py:762: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):
       STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
       Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as shown
       in:
           https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
       Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
           https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
       regression
         n iter i = check optimize result(
Out[2]: array([0, 0])
```

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In [3]: clf.predict proba(X[:2, :])
Out[3]: array([[9.81815156e-01, 1.81848297e-02, 1.43980677e-08],
               [9.71755996e-01, 2.82439735e-02, 3.01113493e-08]])
         clf.score(X, y)
In [4]:
Out[4]: 0.97333333333333334
In [5]: import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
        from sklearn import datasets
        iris = datasets.load iris()
        X = iris.data[:, :2]
        Y = iris.target
        logreg = LogisticRegression(C=1e5)
        logreg.fit(X, Y)
        x \min, x \max = X[:, 0].\min() - .5, X[:, 0].\max() + .5
        y \min, y \max = X[:, 1].\min() - .5, X[:, 1].\max() + .5
        h = .02 # step size in the mesh
        xx, yy = np.meshqrid(np.arange(x min, x max, h), np.arange(y min, y max)
        , h))
        Z = logreg.predict(np.c [xx.ravel(), yy.ravel()])
        Z = Z.reshape(xx.shape)
        plt.figure(1, figsize=(4, 3))
        plt.pcolormesh(xx, yy, Z, cmap=plt.cm.Paired)
        plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c=Y, edgecolors='k', cmap=plt.cm.Paired)
```

```
plt.xlabel('Sepal length')
plt.ylabel('Sepal width')

plt.xlim(xx.min(), xx.max())
plt.ylim(yy.min(), yy.max())
plt.xticks(())
plt.yticks(())
```



```
In [6]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn import datasets

iris = datasets.load_iris()
X = iris.data[:, :2]
Y = iris.target

logreg = LogisticRegression(C=1e5)

logreg.fit(X, Y)

x_min, x_max = X[:, 0].min() - .6, X[:, 0].max() + .6
y_min, y_max = X[:, 1].min() - .6, X[:, 1].max() + .6
```

```
h = .01
xx, yy = np.meshgrid(np.arange(x_min, x_max, h), np.arange(y_min, y_max, h))
Z = logreg.predict(np.c_[xx.ravel(), yy.ravel()])

Z = Z.reshape(xx.shape)
plt.figure(1, figsize=(10, 7))
plt.pcolormesh(xx, yy, Z, cmap=plt.cm.Paired)

plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c=Y, edgecolors='k', cmap=plt.cm.Paired)
plt.xlabel('Sepal length')
plt.ylabel('Sepal width')

plt.xlim(xx.min(), xx.max())
plt.ylim(yy.min(), yy.max())
plt.xticks(())
plt.yticks(())
```

