Experiment - 06

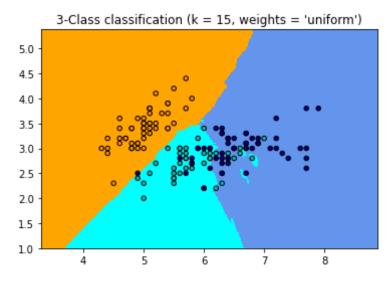
k-Nearest Neighbors Classifier Using ScikitLearn

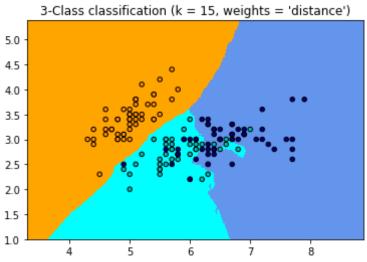
```
In [1]: print('------EXPERIMENT-06-----
      print('NAME: Pratyush Srivastava')
      print('ROLL NO: 18SCSE1010128')
           -----EXPERIMENT-06------
      NAME: Pratyush Srivastava
      ROLL NO: 18SCSE1010128
In [2]: print('------Nearest Neighbors------
      -----Nearest Neighbors-----
In [3]: from sklearn.neighbors import NearestNeighbors
      import numpy as np
      X = \text{np.array}([[-1, -1], [-2, -1], [-3, -2], [1, 1], [2, 1], [3, 2]])
      nbrs = NearestNeighbors(n neighbors=2, algorithm='ball tree').fit(X)
      distances, indices = nbrs.kneighbors(X)
      indices
Out[3]: array([[0, 1],
            [1, 0],
            [2, 1],
            [3, 4],
```

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[4, 3],
               [5, 4]], dtype=int64)
In [4]: distances
Out[4]: array([[0.
                           , 1.
                                       ],
                [0.
                           , 1.
               [0.
                           , 1.41421356],
                           , 1.
                [0.
                [0.
                           , 1.
                           , 1.41421356]])
               [0.
In [5]: nbrs.kneighbors graph(X).toarray()
Out[5]: array([[1., 1., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
               [1., 1., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
               [0., 1., 1., 0., 0., 0.]
               [0., 0., 0., 1., 1., 0.],
               [0., 0., 0., 1., 1., 0.],
               [0., 0., 0., 0., 1., 1.]
In [6]: from sklearn.neighbors import KDTree
        import numpy as np
        X = \text{np.array}([[-1, -1], [-2, -1], [-3, -2], [1, 1], [2, 1], [3, 2]])
        kdt = KDTree(X, leaf size=30, metric='euclidean')
        kdt.query(X, k=2, return distance=False)
Out[6]: array([[0, 1],
               [1, 0],
               [2, 1],
               [3, 4],
               [4, 3],
               [5, 4]], dtype=int64)
In [7]: from sklearn.neighbors import NearestCentroid
        import numpy as np
        X = np.array([[-1, -1], [-2, -1], [-3, -2], [1, 1], [2, 1], [3, 2]])
        y = np.array([1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2])
```

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clf = NearestCentroid()
         clf.fit(X, y)
Out[7]: NearestCentroid()
In [8]: print(clf.predict([[-0.8, -1]]))
         [1]
In [9]: from sklearn.manifold import Isomap
         from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsTransformer
         from sklearn.pipeline import make pipeline
         estimator = make pipeline(KNeighborsTransformer(n neighbors=5, mode='di
         stance'), Isomap(neighbors algorithm='precomputed'),
                                   memorv='/path/to/cache')
In [10]: from sklearn.neighbors import (NeighborhoodComponentsAnalysis,KNeighbor
         sClassifier)
         from sklearn.datasets import load iris
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
         X, y = load iris(return X y=True)
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,stratify=y, te
         st size=0.7, random state=42)
         nca = NeighborhoodComponentsAnalysis(random state=42)
         knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=3)
         nca pipe = Pipeline([('nca', nca), ('knn', knn)])
         nca pipe.fit(X train, y train)
Out[10]: Pipeline(steps=[('nca', NeighborhoodComponentsAnalysis(random state=4)
         2)),
                         ('knn', KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=3))])
In [11]: print(nca pipe.score(X test, y test))
         0.9619047619047619
In [12]: print('-----Nearest Neighbors Classification-----
```

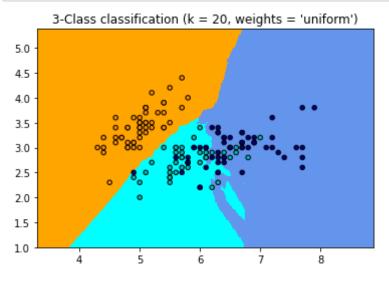
```
-----Nearest Neighbors Classification-----
In [13]: import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
         from sklearn import neighbors, datasets
         n \text{ neighbors} = 15
         iris = datasets.load iris()
         X = iris.data[:, :2]
         y = iris.target
         h = .02
         cmap light = ListedColormap(['orange', 'cyan', 'cornflowerblue'])
         cmap bold = ListedColormap(['darkorange', 'c', 'darkblue'])
         for weights in ['uniform', 'distance']:
             clf = neighbors.KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors, weights=weights)
             clf.fit(X, y)
             x_{min}, x_{max} = X[:, 0].min() - 1, <math>X[:, 0].max() + 1
             y_{min}, y_{max} = X[:, 1].min() - 1, X[:, 1].max() + 1
             xx, yy = np.meshgrid(np.arange(x min, x max, h),
                                   np.arange(y min, y max, h))
             Z = clf.predict(np.c [xx.ravel(), yy.ravel()])
             Z = Z.reshape(xx.shape)
             plt.figure()
             plt.pcolormesh(xx, yy, Z, cmap=cmap light)
             plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c=y, cmap=cmap bold,
                         edgecolor='k', s=20)
             plt.xlim(xx.min(), xx.max())
             plt.ylim(yy.min(), yy.max())
             plt.title("3-Class classification (k = %i, weights = '%s')"
                       % (n neighbors, weights))
         plt.show()
```

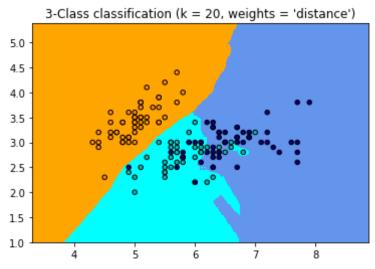




```
In [14]: import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
         from sklearn import neighbors, datasets
         n \text{ neighbors} = 20
         iris = datasets.load iris()
         X = iris.data[:, :2]
         v = iris.target
         h = .02
         cmap light = ListedColormap(['orange', 'cyan', 'cornflowerblue'])
         cmap bold = ListedColormap(['darkorange', 'c', 'darkblue'])
         for weights in ['uniform', 'distance']:
             clf = neighbors.KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors, weights=weights)
             clf.fit(X, y)
             x \min, x \max = X[:, 0].\min() - 1, X[:, 0].\max() + 1
             y \min, y \max = X[:, 1].\min() - 1, X[:, 1].\max() + 1
             xx, yy = np.meshgrid(np.arange(x min, x max, h),
                                   np.arange(y min, y max, h))
             Z = clf.predict(np.c [xx.ravel(), yy.ravel()])
             Z = Z.reshape(xx.shape)
             plt.figure()
             plt.pcolormesh(xx, yy, Z, cmap=cmap_light)
             plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c=y, cmap=cmap bold,
                          edgecolor='k', s=20)
             plt.xlim(xx.min(), xx.max())
             plt.ylim(yv.min(), yv.max())
             plt.title("3-Class classification (k = %i, weights = '%s')"
```

```
% (n_neighbors, weights))
plt.show()
```





```
In [15]: print('------Nearest Neighbors regression-
                  -----Nearest Neighbors regression-----
In [16]: import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn import neighbors
        np.random.seed(0)
        X = np.sort(5 * np.random.rand(40, 1), axis=0)
        T = np.linspace(0, 5, 500)[:, np.newaxis]
        y = np.sin(X).ravel()
        # Add noise to targets
        y[::5] += 1 * (0.5 - np.random.rand(8))
        n \text{ neighbors} = 5
         for i, weights in enumerate(['uniform', 'distance']):
            knn = neighbors.KNeighborsRegressor(n neighbors, weights=weights)
            y = knn.fit(X, y).predict(T)
            plt.subplot(2, 1, i + 1)
            plt.scatter(X, y, color='darkorange', label='data')
            plt.plot(T, y_, color='navy', label='prediction')
            plt.axis('tight')
            plt.legend()
            plt.title("KNeighborsRegressor (k = %i, weights = '%s')" % (n neigh
         bors,
                                                                      weights
         ))
```

```
plt.tight layout()
          plt.show()
                   KNeighborsRegressor (k = 5, weights = 'uniform')
                                                       prediction
                                                       data
                                          3
                   KNeighborsRegressor (k = 5, weights = 'distance')
                                                        prediction
                                                       data
In [17]:
         import numpy as np
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          from sklearn import neighbors
          np.random.seed(0)
          X = np.sort(5 * np.random.rand(40, 1), axis=0)
          T = np.linspace(0, 5, 500)[:, np.newaxis]
          y = np.sin(X).ravel()
          # Add noise to targets
          y[::5] += 1 * (0.5 - np.random.rand(8))
          n neighbors = 15
          for i, weights in enumerate(['uniform', 'distance']):
              knn = neighbors.KNeighborsRegressor(n_neighbors, weights=weights)
              y = knn.fit(X, y).predict(T)
              plt.subplot(2, 1, i + 1)
```

```
plt.scatter(X, y, color='darkorange', label='data')
              plt.plot(T, y_, color='navy', label='prediction')
              plt.axis('tight')
              plt.legend()
              plt.title("KNeighborsRegressor (k = %i, weights = '%s')" % (n neigh
         bors,
                                                                              weights
         ))
         plt.tight layout()
                  KNeighborsRegressor (k = 15, weights = 'uniform')
                                                       prediction
                                                       data
           0
                  KNeighborsRegressor (k = 15, weights = 'distance')

    prediction

                                                       data
                                          3
In [18]: print('-----
                            -----EXPERIMENT-06 Ended--
                            -----EXPERIMENT-06 Ended-----
In [ ]:
```