

Expt - 25

Date -

Aim: write a pL/SQL for a function to calculate the total development cost for a given programmer using cursors.

PL/SQL

create or replace function gettot(p in software.pname%type) return number

is

cursor s is select * from software where pname = p;

+ s%rowtype;

begin

s := 0;

open s;

loop

fetch s into t;

exit when s%notfound;

s := s + t.decost;

end loop;

close s;

return (s);

end;

declare

res number;

p software.pname%type := 'Tulasi';

begin

res := gettot(p);

dbms_output.put_line('Total development cost is' || res);

end;

Expt no: 86

Date :

Aim: Write a PL/SQL package with one procedure and one function. procedure displays mathematical product table for a given number. function return product of two number.

PL/SQL:

```
create or replace package my-pack is
  procedure product-table (a in number);
  function product (a in number, b in number) return number;
end;
```

```
create or replace package body my-pack as
  procedure product-table (a in number) as
```

```
  i number;
```

```
  begin
```

```
    i := 1;
```

```
    while (i <= 10)
```

```
    loop
```

```
      dbms-output.put-line (a || ' * ' || i || ' = ' || a * i);
```

```
      i := i + 1;
```

```
    end loop;
```

```
  end product-table;
```

```
  function product (a in number, b in number) return
  number as c number;
```

```
  begin
```

```
    c := a * b;
```

```
    return c;
```

```
  end; end product;
```


declare

x number := 12;

y number := 2;

z number;

begin

my pack1. product-table(x);

z := my-pack1. product(x,y);

dbms-output.put-line('product of ||x|| and ||y|| is: ' || z);

end;

Expt - 27

Date -

Aim: Write a PL/SQL for a package with one procedure and one function. procedure displays mathematical product table for a given number. Function returns product of two numbers) salary of given programmer. Function returns the name of programmer for a given project.

PL/SQL:

create or replace package pack1 is

procedure P1(p in programmer.PNAME%type);

function f1(t in software.TITLE%type) return software.PNAME%type;

end;

create or replace package body pack1 as procedure P1(p in programmer.PNAME%type) as s programmer.SALARY%type;

begin

select SALARY into s from programmer where PNAME = p;

dbms-output.put_line('salary is "||s);

end P1;

function f1(t in software.TITLE%type) return software.PNAME%type as

x software.PNAME%type;

begin

select PNAME into x from software where TITLE = t;

return x;

end f1;

end;

declare

a programmer.pNAME %type := 'Anand';

b software.TITLE %type := 'Read me';

s software.pNAME %type;

begin

pack1.p1(a);

s := pack1.f1(b);

dbms-output.put_line('pNAME of given project : ' || s);

end;

Expt - 28

Date -

Aim: write a PL/SQL for a package with one procedure and one function. procedure displays the titles of projects done in given language. Function returns the name of institute in which the programmer studied.

PL/SQL:

create or replace package pack2 is

procedure P2(x in software.DEU-D%type);

function f2(y in studies.PNAME%type) return
studies.SPPLACE%type;

end;

create or replace package body pack2 as

procedure P2(x in software.DEU-D%type) as

cursor S is select * from software where DEU-D=x;
t S%rowtype;

begin

open S;

loop

fetch S in tot;

exit when S%notfound;

dbms_output.put_line(t.TITLE);

end loop;

close S;

end P2;

function f2(y in studies.PNAME%type) return

studies.SPPLACE%type as S studies.SPPLACE%type;

begin

select SPLACE into s from studies where PNAME = P;

return s;

end f2;

end;

declare

a software.DEV-D'type := 'Basic';

b studies.PNAME %type := 'Arand';

s studies.SPLACE %type;

begin

pack2.f2(a);

s := pack2.f2(b);

dbms-output.put-line('SPLACE is: ' || s);

end;

Expt - 29

Date -

Aim: write a PL/SQL for a programmer to demonstrate user defined exceptions.

PL/SQL:

declare

a programmer.pname%type := 'Anand';

datebirth programmer.dob%type;

invalid_age - exception exception;

begin

select dob into datebirth from programmer where

pname = a;

if (sysdate - datebirth) / 365 > 18 then

dbms-output.put-line ('all is eligible to vote');

else RAISE invalid_age - exception;

end if;

Exception

when invalid_age - exception then

dbms-output.put-line ('Sorry' || 'all is not eligible to vote');

end

end;

Expt - 30

Date -

Aim: Write a PL/SQL for a trigger to calculate the total of a student before insert operation.

PL/SQL:

```
create table student1 (rollno number(3) primary key,  
sname varchar2(15), marks1 number(3),  
marks2 number(3), total number(4));
```

```
create or replace trigger auto-cal before insert on student1 for each row  
declare
```

```
begin
```

```
:new.total := :new.marks1 + :new.marks2;
```

```
end;
```

```
insert into student1 (1, 'Raamesh', 44, 67, null);
```

```
select * from student1;
```


Exp - 01

Date -

Aim: write a PL/SQL for a trigger to store the details of updated salary of a programmer into another table.

PL/SQL:

```
create table prog as select pname, salary from programmer;  
create table update_prog (pname varchar2(20), old_salary number(7,2),  
new_salary number(7,2), dt date,  
time varchar2(10));
```

```
create or replace trigger update_status after update on prog for each row  
begin
```

```
insert into update_prog values (:old.pname, :old.salary, :new.  
salary, sysdate, substr(current_timestamp, 11, 2));
```

```
end;  
update prog set salary = salary + 200 where pname = 'anand';  
select * from update_prog;
```


Expt - 32

Date -

Aim: Write a PL/SQL for a trigger to know latest and oldest tuples in a table.

PL/SQL:

Create table student (rollnumber(3) primary key, sname
varchar2(15), age number(3));

create or replace trigger age before insert on student

declare

begin

update student set age = age + 1;

end;

insert into student values (1, 'Siva', 0);

select * from student;