

# Python Classes/Objects

Python is an object oriented scripting language. Almost everything in Python is an object, with its properties and methods.

```
-----  
  
class MyClass:  
    x = 5 #class attribute or variable  
    def sayHello(self):  
        print("Hello")  
        print(MyClass.x) # to access class variable  
  
p1 = MyClass()  
print(p1.x)  
p1.sayHello()
```

# Classes – init function (Constructor)

```
class Person:
    def __init__(self, name, age):
        self.name = name #instance attribute of variable
        self.age = age
    def myfunc(self):
        print("Hello my name is " + self.name)
p1 = Person("Peter", 26)
p1.myfunc()
```

# Classes – Inheritance Property

Inheritance is a technique of creating a base class and then have other classes inherit its methods.

```
class Mammal:
    def walk(self):
        print("walking...")
class Dog(Mammal):
    def bark(self):
        print("barking...")
dog = Dog()
dog.walk() # inherited from Mammal
dog.bark() # defined in Dog
```

# Inheritance – super method

```
class Emp():
    def __init__(self, id, name):
        self.id = id
        self.name = name
class Freelance(Emp):
    def __init__(self, id, name, addr):
        super().__init__(id, name)
        self.addr = addr

newemp = Freelance(101, "Ria", "Delhi")
print(newemp.id, newemp.name, newemp.addr)
```