

# 167. Two Sum II - Input Array Is Sorted

Difficulty	medium
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Finished	@July 10, 2023
Problem	array
Previously asked company	Amazon
website	leetcode

Question:

Given a **1-indexed** array of integers `numbers` that is already *sorted in non-decreasing order*, find two numbers such that they add up to a specific `target` number. Let these two numbers be `numbers[index 1]` and `numbers[index 2]` where `1 <= index 1 < index 2 < numbers.length`.

Return the indices of the two numbers, `index 1` and `index 2`, **added by one** as an integer array `[index 1, index 2]` of length 2.

The tests are generated such that there is **exactly one solution**. You **may not** use the same element twice.

Your solution must use only constant extra space.

Example 1:

```
Input: numbers = [2,7,11,15], target = 9
Output: [1,2]
Explanation: The sum of 2 and 7 is 9. Therefore, index1 = 1, index2 = 2. We return [1, 2].
```

Example 2:

```
Input: numbers = [2,3,4], target = 6
Output: [1,3]
Explanation: The sum of 2 and 4 is 6. Therefore index1 = 1, index2 = 3. We return [1, 3].
```

Example 3:

```
Input: numbers = [-1,0], target = -1
Output: [1,2]
Explanation: The sum of -1 and 0 is -1. Therefore index1 = 1, index2 = 2. We return [1, 2].
```

Optimal solution:

Time complexity: O(n)

Space complexity:  $O(1)$

```
class Solution(object):
    def twoSum(self, numbers, target):
        n = len(numbers)
        l, r = 0, n-1
        res = []
        while l < r:
            currSum = numbers[l] + numbers[r]
            if currSum < target:
                l += 1
            elif currSum > target:
                r -= 1
            else:
                return [l+1, r+1]
```