Custom ensemble part 1

```
In [1]: #import libraries....
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
        from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
        from sklearn.model_selection import StratifiedKFold
        from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
        from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,f1_score
        from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
        from sklearn.linear_model import SGDClassifier,LogisticRegression
        from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
        import lightgbm as lgb
        import xgboost as xgb
        from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
        from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
        from sklearn.model selection import RandomizedSearchCV
        from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
        from imblearn.over_sampling import RandomOverSampler
        from sklearn.svm import SVC
        import datetime
        import warnings
        warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
```

Multi class classification among 1,2,3,4

```
In [2]: #load the data with all created features
    data = pd.read_csv("data_with_advanced_features.csv")
    data.drop("Unnamed: 0", inplace=True, axis=1)

In [3]: #label encoding of seller_id
    label = LabelEncoder()
    seller = label.fit_transform(data.seller_id)
    data["seller_id"] = seller

    #label encoding of product id
    label = LabelEncoder()
    product = label.fit_transform(data.product_id)
    data["product_id"] = product
In [4]: #let us drop some of the columns which are not needed
```

```
In [5]: #shape of the data after dropping unnecessary columns
data.shape
```

Out[5]: (113105, 57)

1.1 Stratified Splitting

```
In [6]: #data only with review_score 1,2,3,4
data = data[data["review_score"]!=5]
Y = data["review_score"]
X = data
```

```
In [7]: #train test split with test size 20% and 85% of data as train
        x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(X,Y,test_size=0.2,stratify=Y,random_state=10)
In [8]: print("Dimensions of the splitted data :")
        print("Train: ",x_train.shape,y_train.shape)
print("Test: ",x_test.shape,y_test.shape)
        Dimensions of the splitted data :
        Train: (38774, 57) (38774,)
        Test: (9694, 57) (9694,)
In [9]: #check the distribution of each class in train, test as well as original data
        print("% Distribution of class labels in the total data :")
        print(round(data["review_score"].value_counts(normalize=True)*100,2))
        print("*"*50)
        print("% Distribution of class labels in the train data :")
        print(round(x_train["review_score"].value_counts(normalize=True)*100,2))
        print("*"*50)
        print("% Distribution of class labels in the test data :")
        print(round(x_test["review_score"].value_counts(normalize=True)*100,2))
        print("*"*50)
        % Distribution of class labels in the total data :
        4
              27.32
             19.75
              8.11
        Name: review score, dtype: float64
        % Distribution of class labels in the train data :
             27.32
        3
             19.75
              8.11
        Name: review_score, dtype: float64
        % Distribution of class labels in the test data :
        4
             44.82
             27.32
        1
             19.75
              8.11
        Name: review_score, dtype: float64
```

• Distribution of each class label is same in train.test and original data.

let us use simple CountVectorizer for categorical data.

1.2 Featurization:

1.2.1 Vectorization of categorical variables:

1. payment_type

```
In [11]: #payment_type
    vec = CountVectorizer()

    vec.fit(x_train["payment_type"].values)

    x_tr_pay_type = vec.transform(x_train.payment_type.values)
    x_te_pay_type = vec.transform(x_test.payment_type.values)

    print(x_tr_pay_type.shape)

    print(x_te_pay_type.shape)

(38774, 4)
    (9694, 4)
```

2. order_item_id

```
In [13]: #order_item_id

x_train.order_item_id = x_train.order_item_id.astype(str)
x_test.order_item_id = x_test.order_item_id.astype(str)

vec = CountVectorizer(vocabulary=range(1,22))

vec.fit(x_train["order_item_id"])

x_tr_id = vec.transform(x_train.order_item_id)
x_te_id = vec.transform(x_test.order_item_id)

print(x_tr_id.shape)

print(x_te_id.shape)

(38774, 21)
(9694, 21)
```

3. product_category_name

```
In [14]: #product_category_name
    vec = CountVectorizer()

vec.fit(x_train["product_category_name"].values)

x_tr_cat = vec.transform(x_train.product_category_name.values)
    #x_cv_cat = vec.transform(x_cv.product_category_name.values).toarray()
    x_te_cat = vec.transform(x_test.product_category_name.values)

print(x_tr_cat.shape)
    #print(x_cv_cat.shape)
    print(x_te_cat.shape)

(38774, 72)
```

(38774, 72) (9694, 72)

1.2.2 Binary features

```
In [15]: x_tr_same_state = x_train.same_state.values.reshape(-1,1)
    x_te_same_state = x_test.same_state.values.reshape(-1,1)

x_tr_same_city = x_train.same_city.values.reshape(-1,1)
    x_te_same_city = x_test.same_city.values.reshape(-1,1)

x_tr_late_shipping = x_train.late_shipping.values.reshape(-1,1)
    x_te_late_shipping = x_test.late_shipping.values.reshape(-1,1)

x_tr_high_freight = x_train.high_freight.values.reshape(-1,1)
    x_te_high_freight = x_test.high_freight.values.reshape(-1,1)
```

1.2.3 Numrical features

```
In [16]:
             def scaling(train data,test data):
                   """This function will standardize the numerical data"""
                  norm = StandardScaler()
                  norm.fit(train data.values)
                  x_tr_num = norm.transform(train_data.values)
                  x te num = norm.transform(test data.values)
                  return x_tr_num,x_te_num
In [17]: data.columns
Out[17]: Index(['payment_sequential', 'payment_type', 'payment_installments',
                       'payment_value', 'review_score', 'zip_code_prefix_customer', 'lat_customer', 'lng_customer', 'product_id', 'product_name_lenght',
                       'product_description_lenght', 'product_photos_qty', 'product_weight_g',
                       'product_length_cm', 'product_height_cm', 'product_width_cm',
                       'order_item_id', 'seller_id', 'price', 'freight_value', 'zip_code_prefix_seller', 'lat_seller', 'lng_seller', 'product_category_name', 'estimated_time', 'actual_time', 'diff_actual_estimated', 'diff_purchased_approved',
                       'diff_purchased_courrier', 'distance', 'speed', 'same_state',
'same_city', 'late_shipping', 'high_freight', 'seller_share',
'bs_share', 'cust_share', 'bu_share', 'similarity',
'seller_category_share', 'cat_seller_share', 'cust_category_share',
                       'cat_cust_share', 'similarity_using_cat', 'size', 'delivery_day',
'delivery_date', 'delivery_month', 'delivery_hour', 'purchased_day',
                       'purchased_date', 'purchased_month', 'purchased hour',
                       'num of customers for seller', 'num of sellers for cust',
                       'total order for seller'],
                      dtype='object')
In [18]: #data to be standardized
             tr = x_train[["payment_sequential","payment_installments","payment_value","seller_id","product_id","seller
                           "bs_share", "cust_share",

"lat_customer", "lng_customer", "lat_seller", "lng_seller", "product_name_lenght", "product_descripti

"product_photos_qty", "product_weight_g", "size", "price", "delivery_day", "delivery_date", "delivery

"delivery_hour", "purchased_day", "purchased_date", "purchased_month", "purchased_hour", "num_of_
                                 "num_of_sellers_for_cust", "total_order_for_seller"
                             "freight_value","estimated_time","actual_time","diff_actual_estimated","diff_purchased_approved
                             "diff_purchased_courrier","distance","speed","similarity","similarity_using_cat"]]
             te = x_test[["payment_sequential","payment_installments","payment_value","seller_id","product_id","seller_
                                 "bs_share","cust_share",
                           "lat_customer","lng_customer","lat_seller","lng_seller","product_name_lenght","product_descripti
"product_photos_qty","product_weight_g","size","price","delivery_day","delivery_date","delivery
                                 "delivery_hour","purchased_day","purchased_date","purchased_month","purchased_hour","num_of
                                 "num_of_sellers_for_cust", "total_order_for_seller",
                             "freight_value", "estimated_time", "actual_time", "diff_actual_estimated", "diff_purchased_approved "diff_purchased_courrier", "distance", "speed", "similarity", "similarity_using_cat"]]
In [19]: #standardizing
             x_tr_num,x_te_num = scaling(tr,te)
In [20]: from scipy.sparse import hstack
             #horizontal stacking of all the features
             train = hstack((x_tr_pay_type,x_tr_id,x_tr_cat,x_tr_num,x_tr_same_state,
                                       x_tr_same_city,x_tr_late_shipping,x_tr_high_freight)).toarray()
             test = hstack((x_te_pay_type,x_te_id,x_te_cat,x_te_num,x_te_same_state,
                                     x_te_same_city,x_te_late_shipping,x_te_high_freight)).toarray()
```

```
In [21]: #shape of final train and test data
    print("Shape of train data : ",train.shape)
    print("Shape of test data : ",test.shape)

Shape of train data : (38774, 141)
    Shape of test data : (9694, 141)

In [22]: #reset the index of target variable
    y_trains = y_train.reset_index()
    y_train = y_trains["review_score"]

    y_tests = y_test.reset_index()
    y_test = y_tests["review_score"]
```

Plotting Confusion matrix

```
In [23]: # This function plots the confusion matrices given y i, y i hat.
         def plot_confusion_matrix(test_y, predict_y):
              """This function will plot confusion matrix, precision matrix and recall matrix"""
             C = confusion_matrix(test_y, predict_y)
             A = (((C.T)/(C.sum(axis=1))).T)
             B = (C/C.sum(axis=0))
             labels = [1,2,3,4]
             # representing A in heatmap format
             print("-"*20, "Confusion matrix", "-"*20)
             plt.figure(figsize=(16,7))
             sns.heatmap(C, annot=True, cmap="YlGnBu", fmt=".3f", xticklabels=labels, yticklabels=labels)
             plt.xlabel('Predicted Class')
             plt.ylabel('Original Class')
             plt.show()
             print("-"*20, "Precision matrix (Column Sum=1)", "-"*20)
             plt.figure(figsize=(16,7))
             sns.heatmap(B, annot=True, cmap="YlGnBu", fmt=".3f", xticklabels=labels, yticklabels=labels)
             plt.xlabel('Predicted Class')
             plt.ylabel('Original Class')
             plt.show()
             # representing B in heatmap format
             print("-"*20, "Recall matrix (Row sum=1)", "-"*20)
             plt.figure(figsize=(16,7))
             sns.heatmap(A, annot=True, cmap="YlGnBu", fmt=".3f", xticklabels=labels, yticklabels=labels)
             plt.xlabel('Predicted Class')
             plt.ylabel('Original Class')
             plt.show()
```

Custom Ensemble Model

Train data will be splitted into 50-50 as d1 and d2 sets. From d1 set randomly sample the points with replacement and take say k samples. Train k models with k samples. And predict d2 set by passing d2 to each f the k models. Now we get k predictions.

Now build meta classifier using k predictions as input, that means train the meta classifier using k predictions. While training the target variable should be review_score in d2 set. The output of the meta classifier will be considered as the predicted reveiw_score.

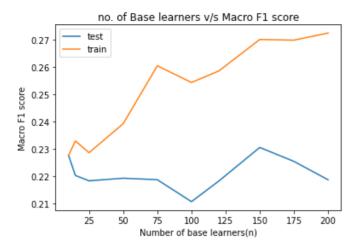
```
In [24]: | def custom ensemble(x tr,y tr,x te,n estimators,estimator,meta clf):
           """This function creates the custom ensemble model and returns predicted target variable of test set
          ######## SPlitting train data into 50-50 as d1 and d2 ##########
          kf = StratifiedKFold(n splits=2)
          d1 = x_tr[list(kf.split(x_tr,y_tr))[1][0]]
          d1_y = y_{tr}[list(kf.split(x_tr,y_tr))[1][0]]
          d2 = x_tr[list(kf.split(x_tr,y_tr))[1][1]]
          d2_y = y_{tr}[list(kf.split(x_tr,y_tr))[1][1]]
          d1_y = np.array(d1_y)
          d2_y = np.array(d2_y)
          ### Creating base learners and training them using samples of d1 ####
          models=[]
          for i in range(n_estimators):
             ind = np.random.choice(19387,size=(20000),replace=True)
             sample = d1[ind]
             sample y = d1 y[ind]
             estimator.fit(sample,sample_y)
             models.append(estimator)
          predictions = []
          for model in models:
             pred = model.predict(d2)
             predictions.append(pred)
          predictions = np.array(predictions).reshape(-1,n_estimators)
          ######## meta classifier on predictions of base learners ########
          meta_clf.fit(predictions,d2_y)
          train_pred = meta_clf.predict(predictions)
          pred_test = []
          for model in models:
             pred_test.append(model.predict(test))
          pred_test = np.array(pred_test).reshape(-1,n_estimators)
          test_y_predicted = meta_clf.predict(pred_test)
       #### Return train predictions on d2, test predictions and actual labels of d2 ####
          return train_pred,test_y_predicted,d2_y
```

Logistic Regression

```
In [25]: n = [10,15,25,50,75,100,120,150,175,200]
       test_f1 =[]
       train f1 = []
       for i in n:
           train_pred,test_pred,d2_y = custom_ensemble(train,y_train,test,i,LogisticRegression(class_weight="bala
                                         LogisticRegression(class_weight="balanced"))
           train_score = f1_score(d2_y,train_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
           test_score = f1_score(y_test,test_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
           train_f1.append(train_score)
           test_f1.append(test_score)
           print("*"*60)
           print("Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(i,train_score))
           print("Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(i,test_score))
           print("*"*60)
       plt.plot(n,test_f1,label="test")
       plt.plot(n,train_f1,label="train")
       plt.legend()
       plt.xlabel("Number of base learners(n)")
       plt.ylabel("Macro F1 score")
       plt.title("no. of Base learners v/s Macro F1 score")
       plt.show()
       best_n = n[np.argmax(test f1)]
       train_pred,test_pred,d2_y = custom_ensemble(train,y_train,test,best_n,LogisticRegression(class_weight="bal
                                         LogisticRegression(class_weight="balanced"))
       train_score = f1_score(d2_y,train_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
       test_score = f1_score(y_test,test_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
       print("*"*60)
       print("Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(best_n,train_score))
             "Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(best_n,test_score))
       print("*"*60)
       plot_confusion_matrix(y_test,test_pred)
       *********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=10 is : 0.2275975085298737
       Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator=10 is : 0.22768654176316655
        **********************
       *********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n estimator=15 is : 0.23294871450254453
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=15 is: 0.2202721123645503
       **********************
       *********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=25 is : 0.22863676451490095
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=25 is : 0.21830870779971911
        **********************
       **********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=50 is : 0.2392766892756102
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=50 is: 0.2192628608297082
       **********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=75 is : 0.2605528481876316
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=75 is: 0.21871970743696173
        **********************
       ************************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=100 is : 0.25442330900194493
       Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator=100 is : 0.2106638150334702
        *********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=120 is : 0.25863560405190616
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=120 is : 0.21821822503158228
        ***********************
        *************************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=150 is : 0.2701955250061928
       Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator=150 is : 0.23056390517919373
```

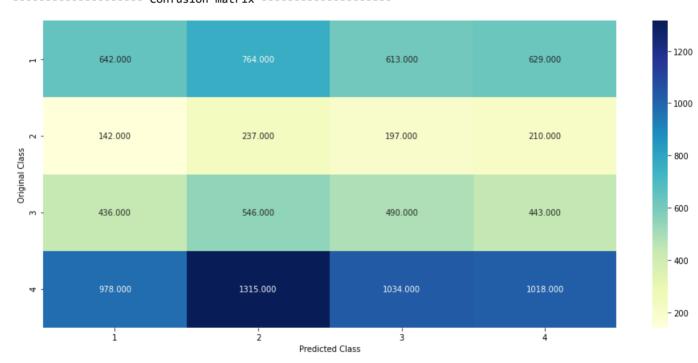
Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=175 is : 0.26995816705602926 Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator=175 is : 0.22545213261796726

Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=200 is : 0.2725679232221619 Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=200 is : 0.21870631179230154 **********************

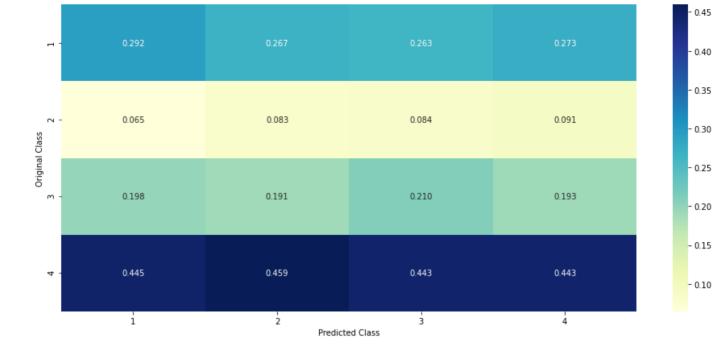


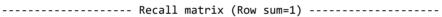
Train Macro F1 score for n estimator=150 is: 0.27057451737250016 Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=150 is : 0.23298332333913324

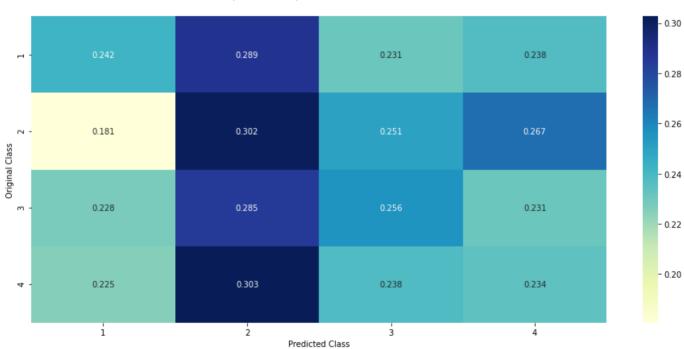
----- Confusion matrix ------



----- Precision matrix (Columm Sum=1) ------

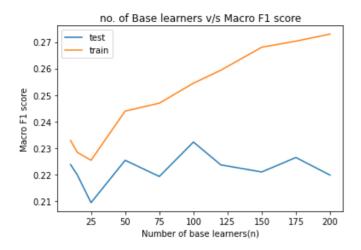


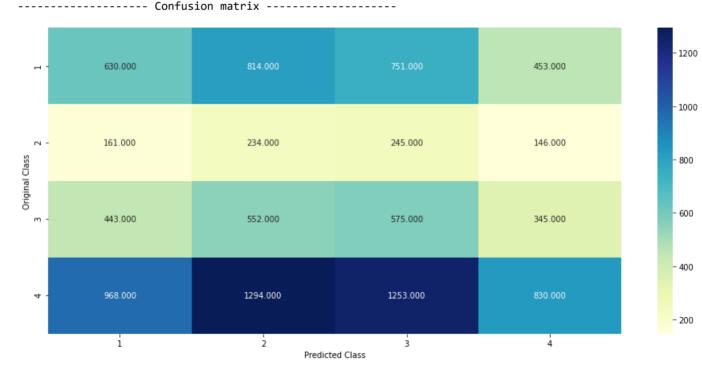




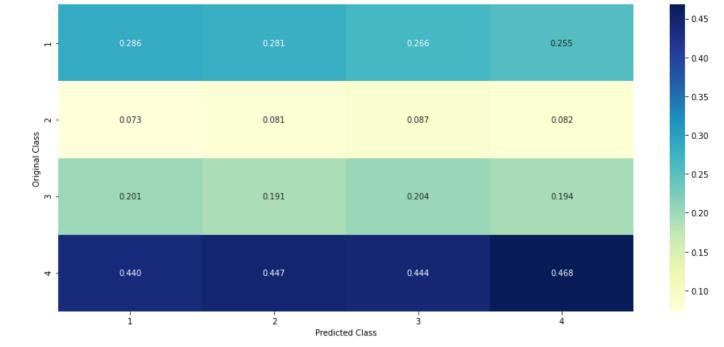
Decision Tree

```
In [26]: n = [10,15,25,50,75,100,120,150,175,200]
       test f1 =[]
       train_f1 = []
       for i in n:
           train_pred,test_pred,d2_y = custom_ensemble(train,y_train,test,i,DecisionTreeClassifier(class_weight='
                                        LogisticRegression(class weight="balanced"))
           train_score = f1_score(d2_y,train_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
           test_score = f1_score(y_test,test_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
           train f1.append(train score)
           test_f1.append(test_score)
          print("*"*60)
           print("Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(i,train_score))
           print("Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(i,test_score))
           print("*"*60)
       plt.plot(n,test_f1,label="test")
       plt.plot(n,train f1,label="train")
       plt.legend()
       plt.xlabel("Number of base learners(n)")
       plt.ylabel("Macro F1 score")
       plt.title("no. of Base learners v/s Macro F1 score")
       plt.show()
       best_n = n[np.argmax(test_f1)]
       train_pred,test_pred,d2_y = custom_ensemble(train,y_train,test,best_n,DecisionTreeClassifier(class_weight=
                                        LogisticRegression(class_weight="balanced"))
       train_score = f1_score(d2_y,train_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
       test_score = f1_score(y_test,test_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
       print("*"*60)
       print("Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(best_n,train_score))
       print("Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(best_n,test_score))
       print("*"*60)
       plot_confusion_matrix(y_test,test_pred)
       *********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n estimator=10 is: 0.2328363949463364
       Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator=10 is : 0.22377371019544653
       *********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=15 is : 0.22836614941903877
       Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator=15 is : 0.21982933667450555
       *********************
       *********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n estimator=25 is: 0.22539016149311641
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=25 is : 0.20940018755702305
       *****************
       **********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=50 is : 0.24393772393415414
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=50 is : 0.22538102865271586
       *********************
       *****************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=75 is : 0.24692644049433876
       Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator=75 is : 0.2192767591375876
       *********************
       ********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=100 is : 0.25446914651838204
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=100 is : 0.23226096611764402
       *********************
       *****************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=120 is : 0.25933394620860856
       Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator=120 is : 0.22365362976564235
        ********************
        **********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=150 is : 0.2680157221028927
```

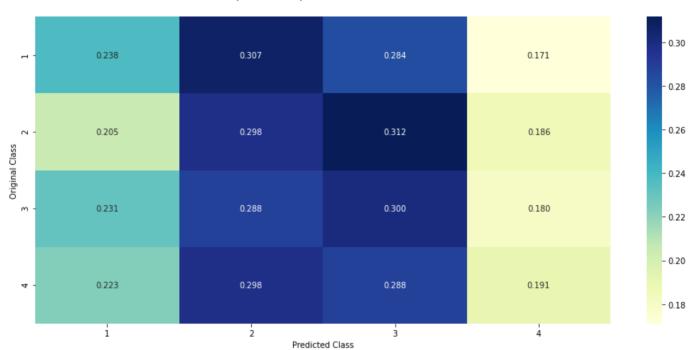




----- Precision matrix (Columm Sum=1) -----

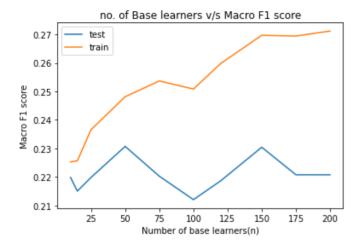


----- Recall matrix (Row sum=1) -----

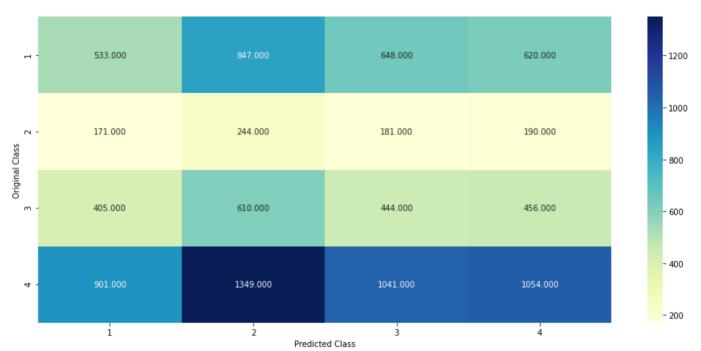


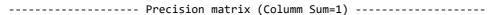
LGBM

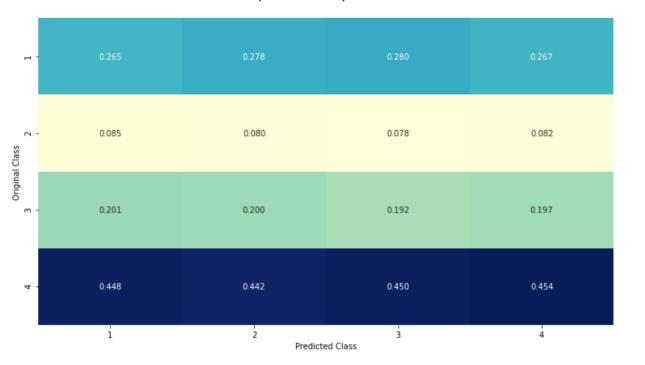
```
In [27]: n = [10,15,25,50,75,100,120,150,175,200]
       test f1 =[]
       train_f1 = []
       for i in n:
           train_pred,test_pred,d2_y = custom_ensemble(train,y_train,test,i,lgb.LGBMClassifier(class_weight="bala
                                        LogisticRegression(class weight="balanced"))
           train_score = f1_score(d2_y,train_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
           test_score = f1_score(y_test,test_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
           train f1.append(train score)
           test_f1.append(test_score)
           print("*"*60)
           print("Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(i,train_score))
           print("Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(i,test_score))
           print("*"*60)
       plt.plot(n,test_f1,label="test")
       plt.plot(n,train f1,label="train")
       plt.legend()
       plt.xlabel("Number of base learners(n)")
       plt.ylabel("Macro F1 score")
       plt.title("no. of Base learners v/s Macro F1 score")
       plt.show()
       best_n = n[np.argmax(test_f1)]
       train_pred,test_pred,d2_y = custom_ensemble(train,y_train,test,best_n,lgb.LGBMClassifier(class_weight="bal
                                        LogisticRegression(class_weight="balanced"))
       train_score = f1_score(d2_y,train_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
       test_score = f1_score(y_test,test_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
       print("*"*60)
       print("Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(best_n,train_score))
       print("Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(best_n,test_score))
       print("*"*60)
       plot_confusion_matrix(y_test,test_pred)
        ******************
       Train Macro F1 score for n estimator=10 is : 0.2253071521835535
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=10 is : 0.21984390320169342
       *********************
       **********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=15 is : 0.22567625867543098
       Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator=15 is : 0.2150542529232191
        **********************
       *********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n estimator=25 is : 0.23658027748161664
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=25 is : 0.21985662409630674
       *********************
       **********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=50 is : 0.24813776379619443
       Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator=50 is : 0.2307245002902875
       *********************
       **********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=75 is : 0.2536725085586656
       Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator=75 is : 0.22028088612374408
       *********************
       ****************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=100 is : 0.25082928925882575
       Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator=100 is : 0.21206333620912082
        *********************
       ***********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n estimator=120 is : 0.25981120564929827
       Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator=120 is : 0.21868384391392087
       *******************
       *********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n estimator=150 is : 0.2696702037030754
```



----- Confusion matrix -----







- 0.45

- 0.40

- 0.35

- 0.30

- 0.25

- 0.20

- 0.15

- 0.10

0.30

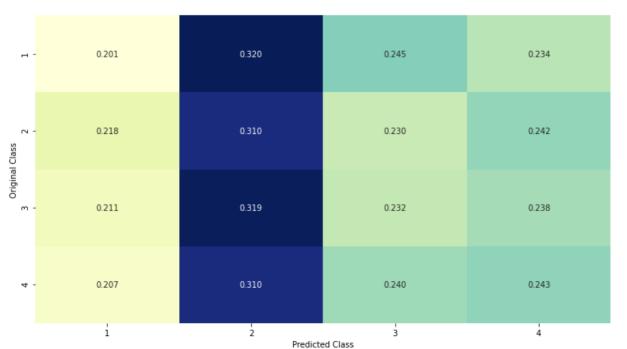
- 0.28

- 0.26

- 0.24

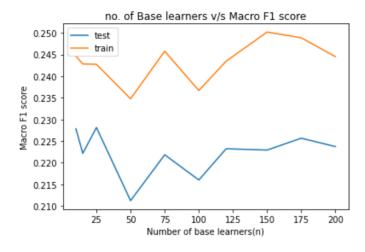
- 0.22

----- Recall matrix (Row sum=1) ------

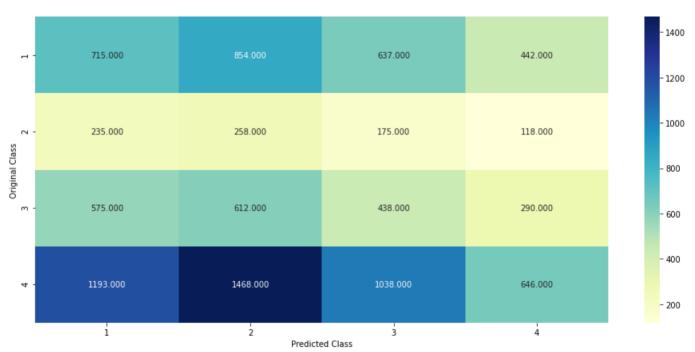


LGBM with GOSS

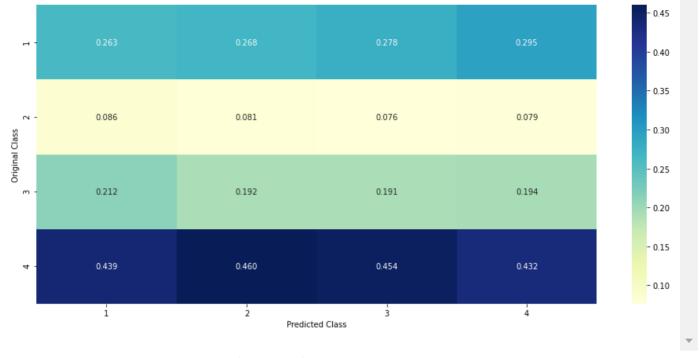
```
In [28]: n = [10,15,25,50,75,100,120,150,175,200]
       test f1 =[]
       train_f1 = []
       for i in n:
           train_pred,test_pred,d2_y = custom_ensemble(train,y_train,test,best_n,lgb.LGBMClassifier(class_weight=
                                        LogisticRegression(class weight="balanced"))
           train_score = f1_score(d2_y,train_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
           test_score = f1_score(y_test,test_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
           train f1.append(train score)
           test_f1.append(test_score)
           print("*"*60)
           print("Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(i,train_score))
           print("Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(i,test_score))
           print("*"*60)
       plt.plot(n,test_f1,label="test")
       plt.plot(n,train f1,label="train")
       plt.legend()
       plt.xlabel("Number of base learners(n)")
       plt.ylabel("Macro F1 score")
       plt.title("no. of Base learners v/s Macro F1 score")
       plt.show()
       best_n = n[np.argmax(test_f1)]
       train_pred,test_pred,d2_y = custom_ensemble(train,y_train,test,best_n,lgb.LGBMClassifier(class_weight="bal
                                        LogisticRegression(class_weight="balanced"))
       train_score = f1_score(d2_y,train_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
       test_score = f1_score(y_test,test_pred,average="macro",labels=[1,2,3,4])
       print("*"*60)
       print("Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(best_n,train_score))
       print("Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator={} is : {}".format(best_n,test_score))
       print("*"*60)
       plot_confusion_matrix(y_test,test_pred)
       *****************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=10 is : 0.24461584646500356
       Test Macro F1 score for n_estimator=10 is : 0.2278391511731786
       *********************
       ******************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=15 is : 0.24281473288274646
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=15 is : 0.22217340756765924
       *********************
       **********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n estimator=25 is : 0.24274010125380896
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=25 is : 0.22814660800642522
        *******************
       ************************
       Train Macro F1 score for n estimator=50 is : 0.23477486049385524
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=50 is : 0.21124697972358808
       *********************
       **********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n estimator=75 is : 0.24576844762714012
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=75 is: 0.22184567970574198
        ********************
       *********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n estimator=100 is: 0.23667949537471752
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=100 is : 0.2160207798623763
       *********************
       ********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n_estimator=120 is : 0.24346680688151065
       Test Macro F1 score for n estimator=120 is : 0.22323490493667109
        **********************
       ***********************
       Train Macro F1 score for n estimator=150 is: 0.25018457137237404
```



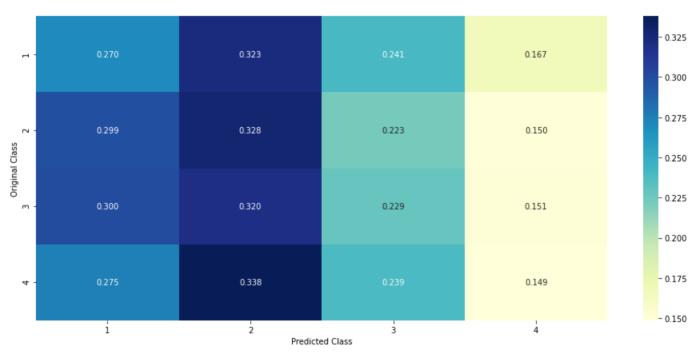
----- Confusion matrix -----



----- Precision matrix (Columm Sum=1) -----



----- Recall matrix (Row sum=1) ------



Here from these models we got LogisticRegression as best model with base estimator 150.

In []: