Advanced features:

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import plotly.express as px
import folium
import datetime
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
In [2]: #Load the data
data = pd.read_csv("data_with_basic_features.csv")
data.drop("Unnamed: 0",axis=1,inplace=True)
```

In [3]: data.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 113105 entries, 0 to 113104
Data columns (total 49 columns):
  # Column
                                                                                                                    Non-Null Count Dtype
 --- -----
                                                                                                                      -----
             order_id 113105 non-null object payment_sequential 113105 non-null int64 payment_type 113105 non-null int64 payment_installments 113105 non-null int64 payment_value 113105 non-null float64 customer_id 113105 non-null object order_status 113105 non-null object order_purchase_timestamp 113105 non-null object order_approved_at 113105 non-null object order_dalivored_carming_date
   0 order id
   1
   5
   6
   7
   8
              order_delivered_carrier_date 113105 non-null object

        10
        order_delivered_customer_date
        113105
        non-null
        object

        11
        order_estimated_delivery_date
        113105
        non-null
        object

        12
        review_score
        113105
        non-null
        int64

        13
        customer_unique_id
        113105
        non-null
        object

        14
        zip_code_prefix_customer
        113105
        non-null
        float64

        15
        lat_customer
        113105
        non-null
        float64

        16
        lng_customer
        113105
        non-null
        float64

        16
        lng_customer
        113105
        non-null
        float64

        17
        customer_state
        113105
        non-null
        object

        18
        customer_state
        113105
        non-null
        object

        19
        product_id
        113105
        non-null
        object

        20
        product_leght
        113105
        non-null
        float64

        21
        product_weight_g
        113105
        non-null
        float64

        22
        product_lenight_cm
        113105
        non-null

   10 order_delivered_customer_date 113105 non-null object
   11 order_estimated_delivery_date 113105 non-null object
                                                                                113105 non-null int64
113105 non-null int64
113105 non-null int64
   47 late_shipping
   48 high freight
                                                                                                                         113105 non-null int64
 dtypes: float64(21), int64(10), object(18)
memory usage: 42.3+ MB
```

I created seller order_item_id share and customer order_id share features. using this features I want to create similarity between user and seller

This feature is inspired by the research paper https://www.kdd.org/kdd2016/papers/files/adf0160-liuA.pdf https://www.kdd.org/kdd2016/papers/files/adf0160-liuA.pdf

Let NMB be the number of purchases of the brand from the merchant, NM be the total number of purchases from the merchant, and NB be the number of purchases of the brand from all the merchants. Similarly, we define UMB as the number of users buying the brand from the merchant, UM the total number of buyers of the merchant, and UB the number of buyers of the brand from all the merchants. The following four features are then generated:

- 1) merchant's market share on the brand = NMB /NB
- 2) merchant's user share on the brand = UMB/UB

- 3) brand's market share within the merchant = NMB /NM
- 4) brand's user share within the merchant = UMB/UM

```
In [4]: #groupby order item_id
        order_seller = data.groupby("order_item_id")["seller_id"].value_counts().unstack()
        order_seller.fillna(0,inplace=True)
        total_order_id = np.sum(order_seller,axis=1).to_dict()
        total_seller_id = np.sum(order_seller,axis=0).to_dict()
In [5]: #creating feature
        seller_share = []
        bs_share = []
        for i in range(len(data)):
              seller_share.append((order_seller.loc[(data["order_item_id"][i],data["seller_id"][i])]/total_order_id
             bs_share.append((order_seller.loc[(data["order_item_id"][i],data["seller_id"][i])]/total_seller_id[data["order_item_id"][i],data["seller_id"][i])
        data["seller_share"] = seller_share
        data["bs_share"] = bs_share
In [ ]:
        user_order = data.groupby("order_item_id")["customer_unique_id"].value_counts().unstack()
In [6]:
        user_order.fillna(0,inplace=True)
        user total = np.sum(user order,axis=0).to dict()
        order_total = np.sum(user_order,axis=1).to_dict()
In [7]: cust share = []
        bu_share = []
        for i in range(len(data)):
            cust_share.append((user_order.loc[(data["order_item_id"][i],data["customer_unique_id"][i])]/order_tote
            bu share.append((user order.loc[(data["order item id"][i],data["customer unique id"][i])]/user total[d
        data["cust_share"] = cust_share
        data["bu_share"] = bu_share
In [8]: #calculating similarity
        similarity = []
        for i in range(len(data)):
              similarity.append((np.dot([data["seller_share"][i],data["bs_share"][i]] , [data["cust_share"][i],data
        data["similarity"] = similarity
```

Using product category name

In []:

```
In [9]: order_seller = data.groupby("product_category_name")["seller_id"].value_counts().unstack()
        order_seller.fillna(0,inplace=True)
        total_order_id = np.sum(order_seller,axis=1).to_dict()
        total_seller_id = np.sum(order_seller,axis=0).to_dict()
        seller_share = []
        bs_share = []
        for i in range(len(data)):
             seller_share.append((order_seller.loc[(data["product_category_name"][i],data["seller_id"][i])]/total_
             bs_share.append((order_seller.loc[(data["product_category_name"][i],data["seller_id"][i])]/total_sell
        data["seller_category_share"] = seller_share
        data["cat_seller_share"] = bs_share
        user_order = data.groupby("product_category_name")["customer_unique_id"].value_counts().unstack()
        user_order.fillna(0,inplace=True)
        user_total = np.sum(user_order,axis=0).to_dict()
        order_total = np.sum(user_order,axis=1).to_dict()
        cust_share = []
        bu_share = []
        for i in range(len(data)):
            cust_share.append((user_order.loc[(data["product_category_name"][i],data["customer_unique_id"][i])]/or
            bu_share.append((user_order.loc[(data["product_category_name"][i],data["customer_unique_id"][i])]/user
        data["cust_category_share"] = cust_share
        data["cat_cust_share"] = bu_share
        #calculating similarity
        similarity = []
        for i in range(len(data)):
             similarity.append((np.dot([data["seller_category_share"][i],data["cat_seller_share"][i]] , [data["cus
        data["similarity_using_cat"] = similarity
```

Analysis of new features:

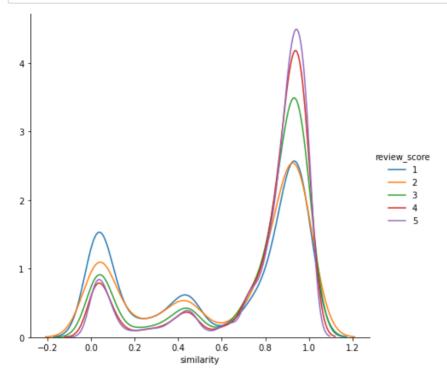
In []:

In [11]: data.corr()[["similarity_using_cat","similarity"]]

Out[11]:

	similarity_using_cat	similarity
payment_sequential	-0.005006	-0.015276
payment_installments	0.025927	-0.086158
payment_value	0.041945	-0.195735
review_score	0.001009	0.185706
zip_code_prefix_customer	0.016477	0.014063
lat_customer	0.012423	0.040204
Ing_customer	0.005352	0.025916
product_name_lenght	-0.024414	0.015939
product_description_lenght	-0.012010	0.051073
product_photos_qty	-0.149814	0.104617
product_weight_g	0.029666	-0.007632
product_length_cm	0.053158	-0.030486
product_height_cm	-0.000675	-0.041785
product_width_cm	0.003577	-0.017591
order_item_id	0.028239	-0.633682
price	0.031639	0.128410
freight_value	0.033814	0.047077
zip_code_prefix_seller	0.060413	0.036971
lat_seller	0.070375	0.002797
Ing_seller	-0.065087	0.031118
estimated_time	0.028796	-0.021506
actual_time	0.053080	0.024462
diff_actual_estimated	0.024288	0.041439
diff_purchased_approved	0.007281	-0.039264
diff_purchased_courrier	0.054406	-0.065888
distance	0.043977	0.042091
speed	0.012425	0.009733
same_state	-0.034635	-0.024945
same_city	-0.021512	-0.011947
late_shipping	0.040229	-0.040275
high_freight	-0.010508	-0.066841
seller_share	-0.003175	-0.162745
bs_share	-0.037874	0.915310
cust_share	0.004706	-0.070455
bu_share	-0.026346	0.937759
similarity	-0.034206	1.000000
seller_category_share	0.126259	-0.050253
cat_seller_share	0.967572	-0.064842
cust_category_share	-0.072668	-0.087874
cat_cust_share	0.257722	0.137571
similarity_using_cat	1.000000	-0.034206

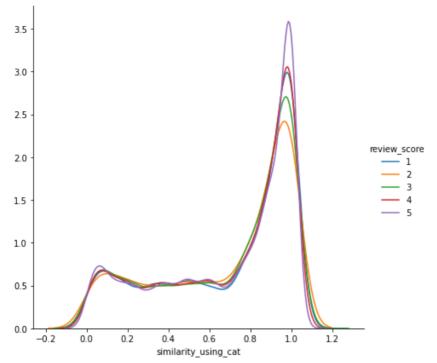
```
In [12]: #similarity
    sns.FacetGrid(data,hue="review_score",height=6)\
        .map(sns.kdeplot,"similarity")\
        .add_legend()
    plt.show()
```



- This looks good. At low similarity values that is near zero, density of review_score 1 is high.
- At high similarity density of review_score 5 and 4 is high.

```
In [ ]:
```

```
In [13]: #similarity_using_cat
sns.FacetGrid(data,hue="review_score",height=6)\
    .map(sns.kdeplot,"similarity_using_cat")\
    .add_legend()
plt.show()
```



• Although review_scores are not clearly separable, At higher similarity values, review_score 5 has high density and review_score 2 has less density.

In []:	
In [10]:	<pre>#saving all the created features with data. data.to_csv("data_with_advanced_features.csv")</pre>
In []:	
In []:	
In []:	