

S.no	SDLC Stages	Tools	Duration(50 hours)
1	Configuration Management Tool	Ansible	10 hours
2	Version control/Source Code Management	Git, Code commit	6 hours
3	Deployment Tool	Docker	12 hours
4	Container Orchestration	Docker Swarm	2 hours
5	Monitoring Tool	Nagios, Splunk	8 hours
6	Integration Tool	Jenkins	6 hours
7	Infrastructure as Code	Terraform	6 hours

Introduction to DevOps

- 1) Explain SDLC
- 2) What is DevOps?
- 3) Why is DevOps is Needed?
- 4) How is DevOps different from traditional IT
- 5) DevOps Lifecycle
- 6) DevOps Work Flow
- 7) Who is a DevOps Engineer?
- 8) Roles, Responsibilities, and Skills of a DevOps Engineer
- 9) DevOps Training Certification
- 10) DevOps Automation Tools

Configuration management tool: Ansible

- 1) What is Ansible?
- 2) Ansible architecture
- 3) Important terms used in Ansible
- 4) Ansible Installation in Linux
- 5) Configuring the inventory
- 6) Ansible ad-hoc commands
- 7) Ansible modules
- 8) Ansible Playbooks
- 9) Configure playbook to use ansible modules
- 10) Configure playbook to install tomcat server
- 11) Configure playbook to install Apache web server in Ubuntu host
- 12) Configure playbook to install HTTP web server in centos host
- 13) Configure playbook to install DB server in centos/ubuntu host
- 14) Create playbook to create aws instance
- 15) Managing Hosts group

Version control tools: Git

- 1) Basic Concepts
- 2) Traditional Structure
- 3) What is Github
- 4) Environment Setup
- 5) Life Cycle
- 6) Git installation
- 7) Clone Operation
- 8) Perform Changes
- 9) Review Changes
- 10) Commit Changes
- 11) Push Operation

- 12) Pull Operation
- 13) Stash Operation
- 14) Move Operation
- 15) Rename Operation
- 16) Delete Operation
- 17) Branching
- 18) Tagging
- 19) Online Repositories
- 20) Git operation through Windows OS

Deployment Tools: Docker

- 1) What is Virtualization?
- 2) What is Containerization
- 3) Advantages of Containerization over Virtualization
- 4) Introduction to Docker
- 5) Benefits of Docker
- 6) Docker Installation
- 7) Docker Image
- 8) Docker Container
- 9) What is Docker Hub?
- 10) Docker Architecture
- 11) Docker Compose
- 12) Docker build
- 13) Docker push
- 14) Dockerfile
- 15) Managing storage in container
- 16) What is Docker Swarm
- 17) Docker Networking
- 18) Docker configuration in Windows server

Integration tools: Jenkins

- 1) Overview
- 2) Installation
- 3) Tomcat Setup
- 4) Git Setup
- 5) Configuration
- 6) Management
- 7) Setup Build Jobs
- 8) Unit Testing
- 9) Automated Testing
- 10) Notification
- 11) Reporting
- 12) Code Analysis
- 13) Distributed Builds
- 14) Automated Deployment
- 15) Managing Plugins
- 16) Security
- 17) Backup Plugin
- 18) Remote Testing
- 19) CI CD Pipelining

Monitoring Tool: Nagios

- 1) Architecture
- 2) Create the Nagios user and group
- 3) Install the dependencies
- 4) Install Nagios
- 5) Install the Nagios Plugins
- 6) Install NRPE
- 7) Configure Nagios

- 8) Configure E-mail contacts
- 9) Configure the NRPE command
- 10) Configure Apache
- 11) Login to Nagios
- 12) Monitoring a Windows Host
- 13) Setting up the Windows config file
- 14) Monitoring a Linux Host
- 15) Setting Up the Linux Host config file
- 16) Installing and Configuring Nagvis
- 17) Setting up live maps
- 18) Conclusion

Infrastructure as Code: Terraform

- 1) Why Terraform?
- 2) Core Terraform Components
- 3) Fundamental Concepts
- 4) Terraform syntax, internals, and patterns
- 5) Terraform Coding Examples
- 6) Provisioning resources with Terraform
- 7) Creating and accessing compute instances
- 8) Obtaining variables from Terraform into external scripts
- 9) Using shell script remote executor from Terraform to configure platform on launched VMs
- 10) Deploying Java application on VMs launched through terraform
- 11) Use of elastic ip in Terraform
- 12) Automation through Hosts entry modification
- 13) Using tomcat API to provision application
- 14) Understanding integration points between Jenkins and Terraform
- 15) Understanding alternatives to Terraform
- 16) Where terraform succeeds

Real Time Monitoring: Splunk

- 1. Splunk Overview
- 2. Splunk Environment
- 3. AWS Monitoring Resources
- 4. Splunk Interfaces
- 5. Splunk Data Ingestion
- 6. Splunk Source Types
- 7. Splunk Basic Searching
- 8. Splunk Field Searching
- 9. Splunk Time Range Search
- 10. Splunk Sharing and Exporting
- 11. Splunk Search Language
- 12. Splunk Search Optimization
- 13. Splunk Transforming commands
- 14. Splunk Reports
- 15. Splunk Dashboards
- 16. Splunk Pivot & Datasets
- 17. Splunk Lookups
- 18. Splunk Schedules and Alerts
- 19. Splunk Knowledge Management
- 20. Splunk Sub searching
- 21. Splunk Search Macros
- 22. Splunk Event Types
- 23. Splunk Basic Chart
- 24. Splunk Overlay chart
- 25. Splunk Sparklines
- 26. Splunk Managing Indexes
- 27. Splunk Calculated Fields
- 28. Splunk Tags
- 29. Splunk Apps

30. Splunk - Removing Data	
31. Splunk - Custom Chart	
32. Splunk - Monitoring Files	
33. Splunk - Sort Command	
34. Splunk - Top Command	
35. Splunk - Stats Command	